"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, cold wave tonight; Sunday fair, cold; diminishing west gales.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

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FEDERAL EFFORT FAILS TO STOP HARBOR TIEUP

Men Reject Railroad Administration's Proposal for a Settlement of Differences.

DELAY SHIPS FOR FRANCE

Lack of Tugboats Interferes with Shipment of Army Supplies.

CITY EMPLOYES SUSPENDED

Charges Filed Against Ferry Workers Who Deserted Posts—Hylan Calls for Prosecutions.

The Federal Government yesterday began an inquiry through three members of President Wilson's Cabinet into the causes of the marine workers' strike, which for two days has almost completely demoralized all passenger and commercial traffic by water in New York harbor, including the traffic necessary for the shipment of supplies of food to the American armies in France. A joint investigation was begun by Secretary Baker of the War Department and Secretary Daniels of the Navy Department, through Stanley King, confidential secretary to Mr. Baker, and Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor was kept informed of the progress of the strike by Benjamin M. Squires of the New York Harbor Wage and Adjustment Board.

An expected break in the strike by a three-day armistice affecting only the 4,400 marine workers on the tugs and ferries of the Railroad Administration did not come because the strike committee of the six unions in the Marine Affiliation refused to deal with the railroads separately. They said they would deal with the Railroad Administration and the private boat owners jointly, but would consider no separate agreement or armistice so that working conditions and wages could be discussed in the interval.

The offer of the Railroad Administration for an armistice was renewed last night by A. H. Smith, Regional Director of Railroads, and although no notice of action was received by Mr. Smith, it was said by Thomas L. Delahunty, President of the Marine Workers' Affiliation, that the first decision to reject the armistice would not be changed. President Delahunty said the 16,000 marine workers would favor settlement by any Government agency with power to enforce its demands.

Officers of the New York Boat Owners' Association previously had expressed a favorable opinion upon Government action, although they protested that they would not accept any award made by the National War Labor Board with Basil M. Manly, Joint Chairman, representing labor, as a member. It was proposed yesterday by the Boat Owners' Association that the New York Harbor Conciliation Council, a permanent board of ten boat owners and ten workers, should be constituted to settle the strike without the aid of the present union officials. A tentative wage scale, founded in part upon the demands of the workers for increased pay, was put forward by the Boat Owners' Association, but no proposal was made to meet the demand for an eight-hour day.

Hylan Demands Prosecutions.

After the Strike Committee of the Marine Workers' Affiliation, comprising the six unions, had withdrawn their men from all the municipal boats carrying milk, food, and other supplies to the islands where city hospitals and other institutions are situated, Mayor Hylan wrote a letter to District Attorney Swann demanding that the workers who deserted the boats and the men who induced them to leave be prosecuted under the penal laws. District Attorney Swann said last night that the Mayor's suggestion would be referred to the Grand Jury immediately.

In his letter Mayor Hylan said that the sole source of the food and milk supply for the city institutions was the municipal boats and concluded:

"It seems to me that when labor leaders go as far as to jeopardize the lives of children and inmates of institutions it is time criminal authorities took some action."

President Delahunty of the Marine Affiliation said that the agreement to keep the boats carrying milk and food to the city institutions was abrogated because "police had been used as strike breakers on the Staten Island Ferry." He said he saw no reason why the police should not try to run the other boats if they were able to run the municipal ferry to Staten Island.

Ships for France Held Back.

While the inconvenience to civilian passenger traffic and the threatened difficulty of getting food and milk into the city were relieved yesterday, the needs of the overseas army, the export trade, and the demands of traffic for the Navy Department were affected more seriously. Six navy tugs were at work in the harbor, but several ships ready to sail for France with grain and other supplies were held at their berths because there were no tugs to take them out of the harbor.

The United States cruiser Albany remained in drydock in Brooklyn because there were no tugs to take her out, and other ships in urgent need of repairs were left useless in the yards. Supplies in the United States naval base at the foot of Twenty-third Street, Brooklyn, began to run below normal because no

Continued on Page Four.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacture and recommend
CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

Luxemburg Mob Demands That Grand Duchess Abdicate

METZ, Jan. 10, (Havas.)—A large crowd paraded before the Grand Ducal palace in Luxemburg today, requesting the abdication of the Grand Duchess and the proclamation of a republic.

A Committee on Public Safety has been appointed and quiet is being maintained everywhere in Luxemburg.

The Paris Matin on Monday reported that Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide of Luxemburg had decided to leave her country owing to the political situation, which was said to have become unfavorable to her. She is 24 years old and has ruled Luxemburg since June, 1912.

CALL ON WILSON TO END STRIKE

Secretary of Labor Asks President to Intervene in Harbor Tieup.

WASHINGTON READY TO ACT

Will Commandeer Needed Craft or Take Other Action as Soon as Orders Are Received.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—President Wilson has been asked by Secretary of Labor William E. Wilson to bring about a settlement of the strike which has tied up New York Harbor. A cable dispatch was sent to the President at Paris yesterday morning, briefly describing conditions as necessitating action on his part. As far as could be learned, no word has yet been received from the President, although several code messages from abroad reached the White House tonight.

In the meantime officials of the War and Navy Departments, the Shipping Board, and the Railroad Administration prepared to take immediate action, should the President deem the commandeering of any of the harbor vessels a wise step. It is the hope of most of the officials that this course can be avoided and that the dispute will be arbitrated. There is no inclination, however, to delay if Mr. Wilson gives his approval and the more drastic action is considered vital to the welfare of the nation.

There were several reports today concerning the message which Secretary of Labor Wilson sent to the President. One was to the effect that he had asked the President to request all parties to the dispute to submit the issues to arbitration. Another was that two or more plans for arriving at a setlement had been suggested. Some announcement as to the attitude of the President is expected by noon tomorrow at the latest.

Senators Calder of New York and Frelinghuysen of New Jersey visited the Railroad Administration and the Department of Labor today and submitted a telegram from Governor Edge of New Jersey, addressed to the War Labor Board, requesting that immediate steps be taken to relieve the situation. The telegram read:

> Cannot too forcibly urge immediate action by your board toward mediation in the strike of affiliated marine workers in and about New York Harbor. Chaotic conditions are now existing, grievously affecting all shipping and passenger traffic between New Jersey and New York. I am informed that boat owners have thus far disregarded and refused to comply with orders of the board and the spirit of the proclamation issued by the President.
>
> The people of New Jersey are as much interested as the boat owners and affiliated marine workers, and I confidently expect your board to protect their rights by an immediate demand that both parties submit their claims to your board for arbitration, and that in the meantime traffic be resumed pending final decision. The State authorities of New Jersey stand ready to cooperate in every way.

The Railroad Administration is awaiting the decision which is expected from President Wilson. It was said that, pending this development, every possible effort was being made to handle passenger traffic through the tunnels and to keep the people of New York City supplied with food.

Manly Assails the Boat Owners.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1, (by Associated Press.)—Blame for the present crisis in water transportation in New York Harbor was placed on the boat owners by the War Labor Board tonight in a telegram to Governor Edge of New Jersey. Basil M. Manly, joint Chairman of the board, asserted that the marine workers had offered to arbitrate, but that the boat owners consistently refused, and had abrogated their agreement, thus placing themselves in an "untenable position." The telegram follows:

"Greatly regret that the National War Labor Board cannot under existing powers proceed further in adjustment of New York Harbor situation without submission of both parties to controversy. The marine workers offer to submit the case to the National War Labor Board or to other equitable form of arbitration. The boat owners consistently refused to submit the question at issue to any form of arbitration. In my opinion the boat owners by their abrogation of agreement solemnly entered into and by their continued deffance not only of this board, but of all other governmental agencies which have attempted to intervene, have placed themselves in an untenable position.

"I am doing everything within my power to secure action of the Federal Government which will bring about a just settlement of the controversy and relieve the terrible conditions which the actions of the boat owners in this case have produced."

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

GENERAL ASSUMES POWER AS DICTATOR OVER ARGENTINA

Dellepaine Takes Over Government Forces After Another Day's Rioting in Capital.

BATTLES RAGING AT NIGHT

All Over the City Fierce Combats Go On Between Troops and Strikers.

BOLSHEVIST AGENTS BUSY

Foreign Agitators Ride About in Taxicabs Bearing Red Flags—100 Killed in Thursday's Affrays.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 10, (Associated Press.)—General Dellepaine, commander of the forces opposing the strikers in Argentina, has assumed a military dictatorship, and has taken over all the forces of the Government.

This action, it was explained, in nowise constitutes a measure unfriendly to President Irigoyen.

General Dellepaine's assumption of dictatorial powers followed two serious attempts by strikers to capture Police Headquarters. He has assumed the functions of the Ministers of War, the Navy, and the Interior, making himself supreme commander. His supporters say that he is exerting all the forces at his disposal for, and not against, the Government.

According to General Dellepaine's aids, he took action because of the Government's reluctance to use force sufficient to end the trouble. It is understood that General Dellepaine has taken the place of former Minister of War Consales, designated yesterday by President Irigoyen to act as Chief of Police.

At 11 o'clock tonight battles between strikers and police were raging in all parts of the city. There was a particularly sharp conflict in front of the Post Office. If the fighting spreads in this district it will probably be necessary to close the cable offices.

Several attempts were made tonight to capture the First District Police Station, one block from the American consulate. It is impossible at this time to estimate the number of casualties.

The cooks and waiters in all the hotels struck at dinner time tonight, and the guests, mostly Americans and Englishmen, were compelled to carry in their own food and to eat it in darkened dining rooms. Whenever a light appeared in a window the strikers did not hesitate to throw stones through it or to shoot.

The 10th Cavalry and the 1st Artillery and several machine gun battalions were brought in from Campo Mayo during the day. In the outlying districts several cavalry regiments are being held ready to come into Buenos Aires if necessity arises.

Several persons were killed in clashes between strikers and Government forces during the day. The Government declared it would adopt most severe measures to bring about normal conditions and instructed the soldiers and police to shoot whenever necessary to put down outbreaks of violence regardless of the cost in blood.

The Regional Federation ordered a general strike throughout the republic at midnight and instructed its members to oppose all acts of aggression by the Government forces.

To supplement the troops and police, the leaders of the Radical Party today organized a White Guard of 10,000, and tonight marines and sailors from the cruiser Garibaldi disembarked to aid in patroling the city.

The newspapers say the strike is the outcome of a Bolshevist revolutionary movement by foreign agitators, who rush through the streets in taxicabs bearing red flags. These agitators bear no resemblance to the Spaniards, Italians, or Argentineans, who compose the bulk of the laboring class.

The strikers began the day by shooting into every business house which attempted to open, and after the shops closed devoted their energies to burning privately owned automobiles. A cavalry patrol this afternoon had a pitched battle with a group of Russians who had sacked a gun shop. Cavalry has taken over the municipal slaughter house, to insure a proper distribution of meat. This the strikers had tried to prevent.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the railways announced that not a train was running in the republic. The only newspaper permitted to circulate today was La Vanguardia, the Socialist organ, other newspapers being burned by the strikers as fast as they appeared.

Police reports indicate that more than 100 persons were killed in the affrays of yesterday and last night. The most serious fighting of the day took place at the Vasena Iron Works, where troops and strikers clashed.

Four members of the Directorate of the Vasena company went to the works to attempt to arbitrate the trouble, but were surrounded by the strikers, who tried to capture them. They were all British subjects, and when they realized their danger they telephoned to the British Minister, who appealed to President Irigoyen.

The strikers then began shooting, and the Government rushed 300 infantrymen, with machine guns and two cannon, to the scene. The battle raged for several hours and ended when Government reinforcements arrived and cleared the streets.

The Chief of Police this afternoon placarded the city asking the citizens to remain calm, and declaring that the forces, now in the capital, would be able to bring about normal conditions within a short time. He also issued a decree ordering women to remain off the streets, as the police were unable to guarantee them protection.

The streets are littered with vehicles, garbage, and paper. Great expanses of corrugated steel shutters cover the windows of the business houses, all of which are closed.

Sentinels with rifles over their shoulders stand at the street crossings, and the national mounted police ride through the streets with their rifles slung on their saddle pommels and with full cartridge belts.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Invited to Visit Verdun, President Will Try to Do So

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Among the localities in the war zone it is hoped the President will visit none is more interesting than the Verdun—not only to France and the world as the scene of the long battle at that real turning point of the war, but because it was held by American troops during the concluding months.

The municipal authorities of Verdun who are at present in Paris say that the German reply to the aggressive tactics of the American gunners and the knowledge on the part of the enemy that the fortress was used as a base and depot for the great drive along the Meuse, resulted in a greater proportion of damage in ten weeks than was inflicted during any period of the 1916 battle. Nevertheless, the Council Room, on the first floor of the City Hall, escaped injury, and they have requested the President to grant them the honor of receiving him there, in this tragic setting of devastation.

The President replied to the Deputy Mayor as follows:

"My Dear Mr. Robin:

"Your message of Dec. 15 gives me the greatest gratification, and I beg you to believe that it will be a great pleasure for me to show my interest in the tragic events which have centred about Verdun by visiting that city if it should be possible for me to do so.

"Cordially and sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

The municipal authorities estimate that fully $10,000,000 will be required to restore the city. Though the greater part of the furniture was removed before the bombardment only three of the 2,200 houses are actually habitable, and it will be necessary to build practically a new city.

AMERICANS DRAFT LEAGUE FORMULA

Peace Mission Will Avoid Introducing Provisions Impairing National Sovereignty.

NO "WORLD PRESIDENT"

Our Delegates Also Declare for Open Sessions of the Conferences Next Week.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The most important development today is that the American peace delegation has begun the actual preparation of a formula for the organization of a League of Nations. In general, the American plan follows the suggestions advanced by Lord Robert Cecil, who conferred with President Wilson on Tuesday.

The formula takes into account the sensibilities of popular opinion in the United States as well as in allied countries, and necessarily involves the modification of the proposals of the most advanced advocates of this method of preventing war.

The American delegation has been careful to include nothing that will conflict with the Constitution or afford ground for the assertion that an amendment to the Constitution will be required to carry out its plan. Nor will the formula propose a league which even inferentially impairs the sovereignty of any nation. In one aspect this relieves the league from pledging itself to resort to force to discipline a recalcitrant Government should the majority of the league determine that force was necessary.

Another pitfall that the American delegation avoids is found in the proposal that the league constitute a world Government, with administrative powers vested in "President of the World," or in an interallied council of supreme authority. One criticism directed at President Wilson when he came to Europe was that he desired to further his ambition to become the chief of a world Government; but his part in arranging the American formula deprives this charge of its force.

It is expected that the formula will soon receive publicity, as the American delegation has decided to propose open sessions of the Interallied Conferences when the first meeting is held next week. It cannot be too strongly emphasized that Mr. Wilson is determined to stay here until more definite progress has been made toward the adjustment of the most important questions that will come before the conference.

There are signs of irritation over the delays, but it is expected that a considerable advance will be made when the allied representatives get together. While it is certain that the President will start for America in time to attend to the business of the closing days of Congress, it is quite likely that he will stay in Paris until the last posible moment. That he will return to France in the Spring seems equally certain.

He conferred again this afternoon with the American delegates and in every way is showing his desire to make headway.

Winter is best for the "Cure" at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia. Through sleepers from New York and return.—Advt.

WILSON TO BACK CLAIMS OF ITALY TO LARGE EXTENT

Believed to Favor Giving Her Territory Held by Those of Italian Blood.

BUT NOT ADRIATIC CONTROL

Apparently for Recognition of Jugoslav Ambitions That Do Not Menace Rome.

BRITISH DELEGATES COMING

Lloyd George Expected in Paris Tonight—Conferences Begin Next Week.

PARIS, Jan. 10, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson, it is said, has virtually made up his mind how far he will support Italy's claims at the peace table, and has informed Premier Orlando of his decision; but it is probable his ideas will not be made known publicly until the other peace delegates have been advised of them.

It is asserted by persons close to the President that he favors only partial indorsement of Italy's ambitions. The expectation has been expressed that he would be agreeable to meeting the principal features of Italy's claim to territory undeniably Italian and essential to safeguard her sovereignty, and at the same time to recognize the territorial aspirations of the Jugoslavs.

It is thought likely that the President's leanings in favor of Italy do not go so far as to warrant the suggestion that he is in favor of giving Italy control of the Adriatic, but that by a project of internationalization he is willing to satisfy the Italians that there will be no military threat to the east of them.

The President is said to realize that the Italians are depending almost solely on the United States for support; but, although he entertains the warmest sympathy for Italy, it is believed that he has felt from the first that he could not indorse her claims in full.

Premier Lloyd George will reach Paris Saturday night from London, it was announced today. Mr. Balfour will follow the Premier closely, arriving in Paris Sunday morning.

General conferences among the allied statesmen assembled here will be held next week, and there may be a meeting of the Peace Conference itself before the end of the week.

President Wilson was in conference today with the other members of the American mission in the offices of General Tasker H. Bliss, the military member of the American delegation.

Special attention is being given the Russian situation in Peace Conference circles here, and a commission to go to Russia is being considered. It would examine into the entire political, economic, and military situation.

Conference May Have Eighty Delegates.

It is probable that there will be eighty delegates at the Peace Congress, if the program presented to the delegates yesterday by the French Government is approved by the Supreme Council. There will, in addition, be extra delegates from most of the nations represented. These will be called into the Congress when special subjects on which they are experts are under consideration.

It seems likely that Lord Hardinge, former Viceroy of India; Sir Louis Mallet, British Ambassador to Turkey, and Sir Esme W. Howard, British Minister to Switzerland, will appear for Great Britain as extra delegates. Bernard Baruch, Vance McCormick, and other specialists will be called upon by the United States Peace Commission.

Changes in the plans hitherto considered were suggested yesterday. They concerned principally the number of delegates to be given the smaller powers. Most of those which declared war on the Central Empires will have three. These nations are Greece, Serbia, Portugal, Rumania, Brazil, and China. Poland and Czechoslovakia will have two each. Countries which simply broke relations with either of the Central Powers will have one delegate.

Neutrals will be represented when their special interests are taken up. The number of delegates to be apportioned to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria, and Turkey will be decided upon later.

"It is understood," says the Paris edition of The London Daily Mail today, in an article dealing with the preparations for the Peace Conference, "that each of the great Allies has prepared the draft of a program for the proceedings of the conference, and that of these the French and American alone show any divergence, so that in the end we may have a program which will amalgamate the best features of each.

"The security officers attached to the British commission," continues

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

BERLIN REVOLUTIONISTS DRIVEN BACK; HUNDREDS MORE FALL IN THE FIGHTING; CITY'S FOOD SUPPLY IS NOW ENDANGERED

Sparticides Carry Terror to Smaller Cities; Urge the Hamburg Miners to Renew Strike

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Evidently believing it to be a fight to a finish now that the three leading factions have broken off relations, the Spartacus group in Berlin are attempting to institute terrorism in the smaller cities of Germany, which heretofore have been reported unwilling to take an active interest in favor of any of the contending parties.

In Dortmund the raidicals attempted to raid the arsenal, but it apparently was successfully defended by the Public Safety Police.

Spellbinders from Berlin are attempting to incite the Hamburg miners to renew their strike and overthrow the Ebert-Scheidemann Government.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The latest news received here from Berlin indicates that the Government forces have widened the barred zones inside the city and succeeded in effecting a junction between the troops coming from the provinces and those already in the city.

The Ebert government has won a victory over the Spartacides owing to the sudden impetus given to the Government's cause by the support of the loyal elements, whose numbers increased with the prospects of the Government's success.

ALL PARTIES IN BRITISH CABINET

Premier Lloyd George Selects Conservatives for Majority of the High Places.

AN INDIAN A MEMBER

Two Laborites Also Get Posts—C. B. Harmsworth Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The new Cabinet of Premier Lloyd George was announced tonight. It presents few surprises. The question the British newspapers are asking is whether Mr. Lloyd George will rule his Cabinet or whether his Conservative advisers will dominate him.

The majority of the members of the Cabinet in high places are Conservatives, notably Andrew Bonar Law, Earl Curzon, Arthur J. Balfour, and Viscount Milner. Only four years ago their party regarded Mr. Lloyd George as the Conservatives today regard the Bolsheviki.

The Premier is pledged by his campaigning speeches to a sweeping program of liberal reforms, particularly the giving of land and houses to workingmen and discharged soldiers. His principal advisers are regarded as representatives of the land owning interests, who, following tradition, would place barriers in the way of such reforms.

The Ministers without portfolios, George Nicoll Barnes and Sir Eric Geddes, have important duties for which there are no Cabinet places. Mr. Barnes will represent labor at the Paris Peace Conference, while Sir Eric has undertaken the management of demobilization.

One innovation is the selection for the first time of an Indian as a member of the Government, Sir S. H. Sinha having the place of Under Secretary for India. Another is the appointment of Cecil Bisshop Harmsworth, brother of Lord Northcliffe, to succeed Lord Robert Cecil as Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

In addition to David Lloyd George as Premier and First Lord of the Treasury, the member of the Government will be:

Lord Privy Seal and Leader in the House of Common—ANDREW BONAR LAW.
President of the Council and Leader in the House of Lords—Earl CURZON of Kedleston.
Ministers Without Portfolio — GEORGE NICOLL BARNES and Sir ERIC GEDDES.
Lord Chancellor—Sir F. E. SMITH.
Secretary for Home Affairs—EDWARD SHORTT.
Under Secretary—HAMAR GREENWOOD.
Foreign Secretary—ARTHUR J. BALFOUR.
Under Secretary — CECIL BISSHOPP HARMSWORTH.
Secretary for the Colonies—Viscount MILNER.
Secretary of War and the Air Ministry—WINSTON SPENCER CHURCHILL.
Under Secretary—Viscount PEEL.
Financial Secretary to the War Office—HENRY W. FORSTER.
Secretary for India—EDWIN S. MONTAGU.
Under Secretary—Sir S. H. SINHA.
First Lord of the Admiralty—WALTER HUME LONG.
Parliamentary Secretary — THOMAS J. MacNAMARA.
President of the Board of Trade—Sir ALBERT STANLEY.
Under Secretary—W. E. BRIDGEMAN.
Department of Overseas Trade Development and Intelligence—Sir ARTHUR STEEL-MAITLAND. (Also additional Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs and additional Parliamentary Secretary to Board of Trade.)
President of the Local Government Board—Dr. CHRISTOPHER ADDISON.
Parliamentary Secretary — STEPHEN WALSH, Laborite.
Secretary of Agriculture—R. E. PROTHERO.
Minister of Education—H. A. L. FISHER.
Secretary of the Ministry of Munitions, (Later Ministry of Supply)—ANDREW WEIR.
Food Controller—GEORGE H. ROBERTS.
Minister of Shipping—Sir J. P. MACLAY.
Minister of Labor—Sir ROBERT STEVENSON.
Home Minister for Pensions—Sir LAMING WORTHINGTON-EVANS.
Minister for National Service and Reconstruction—Sir AUCKLAND GEDDES.

Continued on Page Three.

"INDOOR SPORT!—Can you imagine any greater fun these days——" See top of page 4.—Advt.

PRUSSIA'S BREAKUP SEEN BY HERTLING

Would Disappear from the Map, He Said Three Days Before His Death.

HATED BY OTHER GERMANS

Ex-Chancellor Was Convinced on July 1 That the Allies Would Soon Sue for Peace.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—"The animosity of a great majority of the Germans toward Prussia will have a decisive influence on the future configuration of Central Europe," said Count von Hertling, the former Imperial German Chancellor, in an interview with the correspondent of the Matin three days before his death.

"At Munich, as at Stuttgart and Cologne," the ex-Chancellor said, "there is resentment against Prussia for having so badly steered the common ship, and let it be understood that by Prussia not the country, but the caste and the political system, is meant.

"Existing Prussia is incomparably stronger than all the other confederated States, but it does not represent a homogeneous ethnical bloc, but an agglomeration of widely different provinces. If the present ideas follow their course, momentous historical events soon will occur, and the name of Prussia will disappear from the map of Europe.

"In the new federal Germany there will be no place for the disproportionate Prussia, surrounded by feeble satellites. The new Germany will comprise six or seven States approximately equal in importance.

"Instead of Prussia we shall see the State of Brandenburg and Pomerania, the State of Hanover and the Lower Elbe, and the State of Westphalia, bound by federal ties to Bavaria, to Saxony, and to Württemberg, and itself united to the old Grand Duchy of Baden."

Questioned by the correspondent as to his hatred for Prussia, which the correspondent said appeared to him to be of recent date, Count von Hertling replied:

"Evidently one reasons very differently when deafened by the clamors of victory, and everybody believed in victory. At the beginning of July, 1918, I was convinced, I confess it, that before the first of September our adversaries would send us peace proposals. Certainly, our situation was most dangerous, in the sense that we had played our last card. But what did that matter, since we were sure we were winning?

"We were all the more sure of that because of certain information of the most favorable nature which reached us from the Entente, notably from France. It was on account of this information that the high command, notwithstanding the opposition of the Government, was able to continue bombarding Paris. It was obviously hoped to hasten thus the process of demoralization, about which well-meaning agents furnished daily fantastic reports.

"We expected grave events in Paris for the end of July. That was on the 15th. On the 18th even the most optimistic among us understood that all was lost. The history of the world was played out in three days."

The Germans on July 15 resumed their offensive on a fifty-mile front between Château-Thierry and Massiges. Three days later the French and the Americans launched their counteroffensive between the Aisne and the Marne. This counteroffensive marked the beginning of the downfall of the German military power.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Golf—Shooting—Racing—and other sporting Tournaments in full swing.—Advt.

CLEARING BERLIN STREETS

Armed Spartacide Bands Are Prevented from Marching.

RIFLE FIRE IS INCESSANT

Revolutionists Retain Control of Police Headquarters and Newspaper Offices.

FIRE ENGINES DRENCH MOBS

Rebels Hold Freight Stations in Effort to Control the Food and Fuel Supply.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 9, (via Copenhagen.)—To all appearances the Government's chances of mastering the situation have improved very much since yesterday. The Spartacides' bands no longer dare to march in the streets with rifles ready to shoot, and the Spartacide agitator has become very discreet, reserving his skilled arguments for occasions when only sympathizers are gathered around him, which is very seldom, because the average citizen with common sense has at last found courage and asserts himself in a way the Spartacide doesn't like at all.

Despite the Government's declaration of a state of siege or martial law, which threatens any gathering of people with forceful dispersion, there are impromptu meetings, so characteristic of revolutionary Germany, at some prominent street corners where events are discussed with a fervor generally attributed to less phlegmatic nations than Germany. You seldom hear Spartacide agitators at those meetings in the mornings; but as afternoon wears on, they appear again, though very cautiously.

There are still immense throngs in some streets, which is due to the fact that all business places in the central districts are closed for fear of attacks. Promiscuous shootings continue incessantly everywhere. Suddenly there is the report of one or more rifle shots. They no longer shock pedestrians, who have become accustomed to this, and behave very sensibly.

But suddenly soldiers, guarding the streets corners, shout to the people: "Clear the street for action!"

Then there is a wild rush hither and thither, because nobody knows which way the bullets will fly. The soldiers fire a few shots at some window where they have, or believe they have, discovered villainous Spartacides aiming their guns on the Government's defenders. Sometimes the soldiers merely point their guns at suspected windows and shoot to frighten the inhabitants into closing them.

Newspaper Offices Now Forts.

In the newspaper district, however, matters have assumed a much more serious aspect. The buildings of the Vorwärts, Tageblatt, Vossische Zeitung, Lokal-Anzeiger, and Wolff's Agency still form formidable forts which have been held for the last three days and nights against Government troops, the fighting continuing night and day. The Dönhofplatz is now the principal base for attack on the Tageblatt's building, while the Bellallianceplatz serves as a base for operations against the Vorwärts.

It may seem extraordinary that these forts can hold so long, but the difficulties of attack are very great. It will be remembered that years ago two criminals, barricaded in buildings in Whitechapel in London, held Home Secretary Churchill and a force of infantry and artillery away for days.

In the case of the Berlin newspapers the attacking parties are handicapped by the desirability of preserving the valuable machinery, which could not be replaced at present. For this reason no artillery was used by the Government troops, but they used a new gun, with a detonation like a weapon of large calibre, which resounded all night and day throughout the whole district, giving the impression that artillery was actually employed.

Immense crowds watch the progress of operations from all safe street corners.

There have been quite a number of casualties among the Government troops today, though they are very much more cautious.

The Wilhelmplatz is almost dead today, nobody being permitted to enter from the Leipzigerstrasse or Unter den Linden. Now and then desperate Spartacides manage to get on the roof of some building overlooking the Wilhelmplatz and start firing at the soldiers below. Then parties of the latter enter the houses, and woe to the Spartacide who is caught red-handed.

Still, the Government is not rigorous enough yet. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent observed some soldiers today chasing four of Eichhorn's men armed with rifles. Two were caught, the other two escaped. Instead of taking them prisoners, the under officer on duty simply disarmed them and permitted them to walk away.

"Our instructions permit us to go no further," he replied to indignant onlookers, who argued that this was no good, because the Spartacides had plenty of rifles, and would certainly arm these men again.

The sensation of the Wilhelmplatz today was the shooting at an airplane from which Spartacide handbills were being thrown. The Government's machine guns seemed not without effect, because the flier quickly disappeared.

There have been hundreds of casualties since last night. Now and then swift-moving electric fire engines sound a shrill tone of warning. They are not only employed in extinguishing fires, but also very often handle desperate unruly crowds with never-failing cold douches.

The Government has at last given up the idea of forming a living wall around the Chancellor's Palace by unarmed partisans, men, women, and children, because they find the Spartacus group respects not even harmless proletarians.

Front Line Troops Posted.

Today real soldiers, just back from the front, are in charge of the defense of the seat of Government, and they have gone to work in a very business-like way and cleared all the squares and adjacent streets as far as Unter den Linden on the north, Leipzigerstrasse on the south, Wilhelmstrasse on the west, and Kanonierstrasse on the east.

The tremendous masses who have crowded these streets and squares night and day for the last fortnight have disappeared completely. But the shootings are as fierce as ever because the Spartacides infest some of the neighboring buildings, from which they now and then sally forth, hoping to overpower their opponents by a sudden rush.

There was a particularly fierce encounter about noon, when a large number of Spartacides, carrying rifles, machine guns, and hand grenades, gathered behind the Trinidad Church, managed to break the thin line of Government soldiers around the Kaiserhof and suddenly swarmed across the square toward the Chancellor's Palace.

In a trice machine guns, placed in the courtyard, rained bullets on the Spartacides, who tried vainly to place their own machine guns in position.

These Government soldiers were splendid gunners. They mowed down the Spartacides carrying the machine guns so quickly that the rest of them fled, leaving ten wounded or dead and four machine guns which could not be removed for nearly an hour until a short truce was arranged for that purpose.

There are now about 2,000 trustworthy troops, arrived during the night from a neighboring garrison, in charge of the Chancellor's Palace, the Foreign Office, and other public buildings in Wilhelmstrasse. They are all men who served in the front lines and will stand no nonsense from the Spartacides, but they have a very hard task.

This morning several parties of Spartacides managed, by going through back streets, lanes, and courtyards, to reach the roofs of buildings diagonally across from the Chancellor's Palace, and suddenly opened fire on the Foreign Office, which was hastily evacuated through the gardens which front on Budapesterstrasse.

There was desperate fighting, man against man, on the roofs before the Government troops overpowered the treacherous enemy.

Rebels Driven from Subway.

Suddenly, about half past 1 o'clock, a large party of Spartacides, heavily armed and with their pockets bulging with hand grenades, appeared in Friedrichstrasse moving north. THE TIMES correspondent, who happened to be near by, followed as far as Mohrenstrasse, where the Reds entered the subway as ordinary men. A few minutes after, however, passengers came rushing up from below.

"The Spartacides are in possession of the subway!" they cried.

All passengers on waiting trains were driven out by them and trains en route were sent past Friedrichstrasse to Spittelmarkt, no passengers being permitted to get off. THE TIMES correspondent afterward learned that a similar manoeuvre was carried out at the Potsdamer Platz. Here all trains were stopped and the passengers rudely commanded to get out of the station.

Thus they made the tunnel both west and east of the Kaiserhof station safe, and were evidently preparing a strategic coup against the Chancellor's Palace, meaning to gather sufficient forces and then emerge upon the Government troops from the Kaiserhof station.

But the Government's troops succeeded after a hard fight in ejecting the Spartacides from the subway. At last accounts the Kaiserhof and the Friedrichstrasse stations were still closed.

Sailors Help the Government.

Vorwärts, in an extra edition, printed in another establishment than its own, announces that the Spartacides have not yet given up hope of dislodging the Government and inaugurating anarchy, and it predicts more sanguinary encounters after nightfall. Judging from all appearances, however, Herr Noske, the newly appointed Military Governor, has the situation well in hand, and is incessantly gathering more troops, among them a large number of sailors from Kiel, of which town Noske was Governor until recently.

These sailors were to arrive at the Lehrter Railway Station, and the Spartacides made a fierce attempt to take possession and persuade the sailors to join them.

The Spartacides placed their machine guns in a position from which they could cover the arriving trains. The first train, filled with sailors, was badly damaged, and several persons were killed or wounded. The sailors, maddened by the treacherous attack, immediately joined the defenders of the station and drove the Spartacides off for the time. The Spartacides, however, still hold the Schlesischer Bahnhof or railway station, despite an all-night battle.

Nevertheless, they lost the Government Printing Office about midnight, after an obstinate defense, much to the disgust of their leaders, who had counted on 18,000,000 marks in notes which were in the Treasury vaults. Consequently the Spartacides made a furious attempt to recapture the Printing Office, but failed and were compelled to fly.

Eichhorn's Men Deserting.

The Police Headquarters are also the headquarters of the conspiracy against the Government, though the thousands of soldiers and sailors holding it are rapidly dwindling away. One of the deserters told THE TIMES correspondent that more than two-thirds of the men originally pledged to Eichhorn had already deserted his cause.

Naturally the organization at Police Headquarters has been absolutely paralyzed by the rebellious attitude of the men. Consequently the Government has made the chief police station at Charlottenburg its Police Headquarters for Greater Berlin.

There has been some looting of the Kurfürstendamm and adjacent streets, but the Government's armored cars drove off the looters with machine guns. Still it should be stated that there is much less crime against private property and personal safety than might be expected.

Strikes in the water works and gas works are causing much inconvenience, some districts being without running water and with no gas whatever.

Trying to Starve the City.

Jan. 8.—Among the many fortresses of the Spartacides are several railway stations, the Schlesischer Bahnhof, Anhalter Bahnhof and Lehrter Bahnhof being the most important. The former two were occupied yesterday by the Spartacides, who retained the personnel but stopped all outgoing trains.

Fierce fights were reported to be raging around the Lehrter and Schlesischer Bahnhof today, but at this hour it is impossible to say what is the result.

The Spartacides also hold many important freight stations from which Berlin is supplied with its daily needs. Great distress would result if the Spartacus band remained in possession of these stations a day or two longer, acute famine being certain to follow. But this is just what they desire, believing that terror will strengthen their hand against the Government.

For the same reason they are now trying to stop all fuel supplies. As there is only enough coal for two weeks in Berlin, the situation that would follow can be pictured.

To add to the general discomfort, the street railway employes struck for higher wages today; and as the subway is in the hands of the Spartacides, there is only one line in operation, the so-called Stadtbahn, an elevated road resting on stone arches. Yesterday this line was in the hands of the Spartacides, but during the night were ejected after sanguinary fighting.

It is rumored, however, that the Spartacides are planning to seize some stations which are not so well guarded, and thus again to interrupt traffic this evening.

Suburban Traffic Crippled.

The Spartacides have also terrorized the employes of the suburban roads to such a degree that many refuse to continue work. Some lines have had to stop running.

During the night the Spartacides, after much fighting, were driven from the Anhalter Railway Station near which are situated the offices of the Rote Fahne. During the attack on the railway station some Government soldiers entered the offices and editorial rooms of the Rote Fahne and drove the editors and clerks from the place, thus preventing the paper's appearance.

When the Government heard this, it had the offices restored at once; and about noon the Rote Fahne, cut to a single sheet printed on only one side, appeared on the streets again. It contained no mention, however, of the Government's generous action, but simply stated that disorder, caused by the bombardment of the Anhalter Bahnhof by Government troops, had prevented its proper appearance.

MORE THAN 200 KILLED IN BERLIN FIGHTING

Government Controls Inner City, Clears Streets, and Forbids Processions.

BERLIN, Jan. 9, (Associated Press.)—The Government is in complete control of that section of the inner city between the Brandenburg Gate and Friederichstrasse. It has issued an order prohibiting all processions.

In issuing this order the Government gave warning that its troops have orders to fire without waiting for the Spartacides to begin, and to shoot to kill.

It is estimated that more than 200 persons have been killed in the fighting here since Monday. The Charité and other outlying hospitals cared for 300 wounded yesterday. Twelve dead were carried into the Chancellor's palace in Wilhelmstrasse during Wednesday.

It was given out from official sources here this afternoon that the Governments forces had recaptured Police Headquarters from the Spartacides. This evening it was learned, however, that the statement was not true and that the headquarters is still in the hands of the Spartacide forces.

Troops Prevent Gatherings.

Apparently the Spartacides are losing hope. They failed to summon a mass meeting of their supporters today and the streets were almost deserted in most parts of the city.

The presence of strong and numerous detachments of Government troops who are patrolling the downtown streets and eliminating all needless pedestrian and vehicle traffic has had a reassuring effect. Occasional shots fired as a warning have resulted in the dispersal of crowds of curious.

The Spartacides have been driven from the barracks of the pioneer guards in Köpenickerstrasse, which was the scene of heavy fighting on Tuesday.

The Chancellor's palace in Wilhelmstrasse, where the five members of the Government have their headquarters, has been converted into an armed camp. The spacious reception hall is filled with men armed with rifles, hand grenades and flame throwers. Several rooms have been fitted up as temporary hospitals for the wounded picked up in Wilhelmstrasse and Unter den Linden.

Battles at Newspaper Offices.

Determined attacks by the Government forces on the plants of the Tageblatt and the Vossische-Zeitung, which are still in the hands of the Spartacides, have been going on with short intervals of inaction since noon today. The machine-gun firing in the newspaper quarter is almost continuous. Bullets can be occasionally heard singing over the Friedrichstrasse, the Leipzigerstrasse, and other parts of the section involved.

The Government has a large number of troops in readiness, and the attacks seems likely to continue to a decision.

The Wolff Bureau offices were not the object of an attack during the day, but they were the scene of a short combat last night. The plant of the Vorwärts is being carefully guarded by the extremists. Scattered shots have fallen about the building during the day, but no attack has as yet been made on it.

The employes of the Tageblatt, the Vossische-Zeitung, and the Lokal-Anzeiger adopted a resolution stating that they would not report for work while the Spartacides were in possession of the plants. The Spartacides offered to permit the employes to work provided that the names of the newspapers were changed and the editorial policies were made to conform to Spartacide theories.

The followers of Dr. Karl Liebknecht has issued their Red Flag from a private plant. The edition contains the following, addressed to the readers of the sheet:

"The bourgeois and Majority Socialist newspapers in a number of places have been closed or changed into organs of the revolutionary proletariat, which realizes that the powerful agitation and propaganda agency which the bourgeois has possessed in its press must be paralyzed or taken from it."

The Liebknecht followers are now carrying on a violent propaganda against "civil warfare." They announce emphatically their detestation of bloodletting, and declare that upon the Government will rest the responsibility for all future casualties. Their newspapers denounce the members of the Government as "assassins," and say naively that bloodshed could be prevented if the Government would cease assembling troops and distributing arms.

Troops Strongly Back Cabinet.

There has been a visible improvement in the quality of the troops posted in the main streets by the Government. Scores of them with whom the correspondent conversed were found to be firmly determined to uphold the Government, and full of contempt for the methods of the Spartacides and the fighting capacity of the revolutionary forces.

The Spartacides are reported to be endeavoring to replace the corps of Republican Guards who went over to the Government by armed laborers, but their efforts are hampered by the fact that the Government has cut the wires to police headquarters.

The correspondent is informed that the Berlin regiment of mounted sharpshooters is supporting the Government enthusiastically and that other troops in the city also are loyal.

Charlottenburg, one of the largest communities of Greater Berlin, was without gas and water on Wednesday on account of a strike of city employes. The surface street car lines are not operating and the subway is badly overcrowded.

The rumor that the Spartacides had occupied the Imperial Bank is declared to be untrue.

Promise to Suppress Revolt.

Premier Ebert, Philipp Scheidemann, Gustave Noske, and Herr Landberg, members of the German Cabinet, have just issued a proclamation, calling on the people to support their efforts to down the Spartacides. The proclamation reads:

"Citizens:—The Spartacus element is battling for complete power. The Government, which will in two days bring about a free decision of the people, is to be overthrown. The people shall not be permitted to make a free decision.

"You have seen the results where the Spartacus adherents rule. All personal freedom and safety are abolished, the press is suppressed, and traffic interrupted. Portions of Berlin have been the scenes of bloody battles. Others are without light, water, and provisions. Depots are being stormed and the provisioning of soldiers and civilians has been prevented.

"The Government is taking all necessary measures to destroy this domination of frightfulness and prevent its return. You will not have to wait long for these decisive measures. Have patience for yet a little while. Be confident as we are confident. Take your places with firmness beside those who bring you freedom and order.

"Force can only be fought with force. The organized might of the people will make an end of suppression and anarchy. The isolated successes of the enemies of freedom, which are being exaggerated by them in a ridiculous manner, are of passing importance. The hour of reckoning nears."

It may be significant that the Government's latest proclamation is addressed to "Citizens," whereas former proclamations were headed "Comrades," the name by which the Socialists address one another. The Boersen Courier says that "the Government has found the language which the situation demands."

The following statement was also made in behalf of the Government: "This whole Bolshevist uprising will be put down within the next three days. We are absolutely sure of our position. The entire bourgeoesie and three-fourths of the Berlin workmen are with us."

Cabinet Denounces Independents.

The Government today issued a proclamation attacking Die Freiheit for its continued denunciations of the Ebert-Scheidemann Cabinet, while at the same time attempting to act as negotiating agent for the Radicals who are plotting to overthrow the Government. The proclamation accuses the newspaper not only of publishing a vicious and distorted account of the street fighting and of charging the Government troops with needless brutality, but also of engaging in double-dealing and treachery in sending its henchmen, including Haase, Dittmann, Barth, and Breitscheid, to act as emissaries for the Spartacides.

The rôle of Haase and his friends in the present conflict is still a matter of conjecture. The fact that the former Cabinet member and leader of the Independents has been unable to prevent his party's organ from publishing the Spartacide appeals and otherwise giving the insurgents active journalistic aid is now generally interpreted as proving that the Haase cohorts are determined upon a campaign of ruin.

When Gustav Noske, in charge of the Government's measures of defense, proclaimed martial law, there was a break in the negotiations between the two parties, and the Government is reported to have declared that there was no chance whatever of effecting a compromise. Despite this, Haase and Breitscheid decided to make another attempt at a settlement. A nominal truce existed between the Government and the Independent Socialists during the negotiations, although the Spartacides would not agree to observe one. Now the latest attempt to effect a compromise seems definitely to have ended in failure.

Students Uphold Order.

In addition to the students of the University of Berlin who are supporting the Government, the students of the Technical College have responded to an appeal from Noske to place themselves under his command "for active co-operation."

German army officers in Berlin have taken an oath to support Noske, and are forming their own fighting battalion. The sailors, whose attitude has always been doubtful, announce that they are neutral.

Apparently the bourgeoisie are support the Ebert Cabinet more or less solidly, if their newspapers are any criterion. The latest Government proclamations have been greeted with satisfaction by even such an ultra-conservative and monarchist paper as the Tageszeitung, which declares that, while it refusses to support any Socialist Government politically, it considers the present Government to be the protector of law and order and the bearer of the authority of the State. The other bourgeois newspapers comment in a similar strain.

COUNT ON HINDENBURG ARMY.

Believed in Rhineland That It Can Crush Revolt Easily.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 10.—A report has been received here that Hindenburg stands ready to use the German Army to restrain the Spartacides. The Ebert Government claims to have available in and about Berlin 70,000 to 80,000 soldiers on whom it can depend. It is believed in the Rhineland that if Hindenburg sees fit he can crush the Spartacus revolutionists in twenty-four hours.

Ebert's appeal yesterday for order is believed to have been the last step before resorting to full military force to quell the disturbances in Berlin, which are provoking rising anger throughout the rest of Germany.

Hindenburg has the officers' corps absolutely behind him and can unquestionably mass a considerable army.

WANTED TO TAKE HINDENBURG

Spartacides Met Decisive Check in Attacking Anhalt Station.

BERLIN, Jan. 9, (Associated Press.)—The heaviest fighting last night was at the Anhalt Station and at the corner of Charlotten and Zimmer Streets, where the Wolff Bureau was situated.

The Spartacides attacked the Anhalt Station three times, and it is reported that they said they believed Field Marshal von Hindenburg was there. There was desperate fighting in each attack, but the Spartacides were definitely defeated, losing fifty killed and forty wounded, according to the Vorwärts. The Government forces lost one killed and two wounded.

The Government troops made a series of attacks to capture the Wolff Bureau, but all were unsuccessful. They lost five killed and twenty wounded.

A score of Spartacide guards entered the editorial rooms of the Täglische Rundschau on Tuesday night and threatened to stop the publication of that journal. The invaders were later driven off by Government troops, and the newspaper appeared today.

Reports from outside show that the Rheinische Westfälische Zeitung of Essen, the Dortmund Nachrichten, the Düsseldorf Nachrichten, and the Zwickau Volksblat have been forcibly seized by the Spartacides. In addition to the Brunswick Nachrichten, the Spartacides have taken possession of the Landes Zeitung and the General Anzeiger, these three being the only bourgeois papers in that city.

HEAR EICHHORN FLEES, DESERTED BY GUARDS

Tide Turned Against Spartacides When They Lost a Battle for the Foreign Office.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The elimination of Eichhorn, the Spartacide police chief, whose refusal to resign led to the present revolution in Berlin, may be an accomplished fact. A Zurich report received here says that he has fled from Berlin, while a report from Frankfort says that Herr Richler, a municipal councillor and a majority Socialist, has been appointed temporary head of the Berlin police.

At a critical moment in the fighting on Thursday, according to Berlin advices received by way of Frankfort, the corps of Republican Guards which had been supporting Eichhorn deserted him. Fourteen companies numbering 3,600 men placed themselves at the disposal of the Government, whose troops were then pouring into the city to the number of between 70,000 and 80,000, each carrying fifty rounds of ball cartridges.

The decisive fighting in Berlin, which the Berlin correspondent of the Berlingske Tidende of Copenhagen describes as a victory for the Government, began Wednesday afternoon when the Spartacides were defeated in an attack against the Foreign Office. At midnight a battle was raging in southwestern and central Berlin.

The Government troops attacked the Spartacides at the Silesian railway station with bombs and sixty-five persons were killed. The Government forces were aided by aviators. Later the Government troops attacked the Lehrter railway station, on the north bank of the Spree, opposite the Tiergarten.

The Spartacides have occupied one of the waterworks in Berlin and are now attempting to seize the cattle market with the object of cutting off their adversaries' supplies of meat. The Government forces, anticipating the scheme, have reinforced the positions with many machine guns.

The Government has been able to operate a few trains on the main railroad lines. The Germania of Berlin says it has learned that 1,000 Russian Bolsheviki, disguised as German soldiers, have arrived in Berlin.

A demonstration of the unemployed in Munich on Thursday was taken in charge by ultra-radicals favorable to the Berlin Spartacides, who led them to an attack on the Foreign Office. The effort was repulsed. Two persons were killed and six wounded.

The immediate removal of the Ebert Government is demanded of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils of Germany in a resolution adopted at Leipsic by the Great Soldiers' and Workmen's Council.

Results of the elections to the National Assembly in Baden have been disappointing, according to an admission made by Die Freiheit of Berlin. Out of a total of nearly 1,000,000 votes the Independent Socialists' polled less than 15,000 and failed to elect a single representative. The bourgeois parties elected seventy-two representatives against thirty-nine for the Majority Socialists.

The formation of a separate Thuringian Republic with Erfurt as the capital was demanded in resolutions passed at a meeting of all the Thuringian Chambers of Commerce, Handicraft, and Agriculture and of the Thuringian Industrialists' Union. The Socialist demand for a united Germany was voted down.

Jean Sigg, a Swiss Deputy who has just returned to Geneva from a visit to Berlin, where he had conferences with Premier Ebert, Philip Scheidemann, Georg Ledebour, Hugo Haase, and Dr. Karl Liebknecht, informed a correspondent that the present German troubles, in his opinion, were only transitory and had been stirred up by the Spartacides to influence the coming elections to the National Assembly. The Deputy said that Germany only had food enough to last to the end of March and that unless food supplies reached Germany by that time a real Bolshevist régime might ensue.

"I took the trouble," added the Deputy, "to discover how the various parties were represented in Berlin. Of the male population there are from 20,000 to 25,000 Spartacides, 40,000 to 45,000 Independent Socialists, and from 350,000 to 400,000 supporters of the present majority Government."

SMUTS HAS PLAN FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Should Be Basis of a New International System, Warrior-Statesman Says.

AND ALSO MAINTAIN ORDER

Council of Great Powers Should Direct It and Peace Conference Be League's First Meeting.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—In a pamphlet published today, entitled "A League of Nations: A Program for the Peace Conference," General Jan Christian Smuts, former member of the British War Cabinet, says it is necessary to view a League of Nations not only as a possible means to prevent future wars, but as a great organ for the orderly and peaceful life of civilization and as the foundation of a new international system.

The war, he declares, has wrought a fundemental change in the political map of Europe. The Russian, Austrian, and Turkish Empires already have disappeared, while Germany, "even if she survives the storms of the coming days, will lose her subject races of non-German blood."

"The only statesmanlike course," General Smuts continues, "is to make the League of Nations reversionary, in the broader sense, of the three empires, Russia, Austria, and Turkey, whose people now are deficient in self-government. The Peace Conference, therefore, should look upon the formation of a League of Nations as its primary task, and should look upon itself as the first meeting of the league.

"Regarding the settlement of affairs in Russia, Austria, and Turkey, there should be no annexation of any of these territories, and in the future the principle of government with the consent of the governed should be followed. Finland, Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Jugoslavia will probably be capable of statehood, and should be recognized as independent States from the beginning.

"The Trans-Caucasian or Trans-Caspian provinces of Russia probably will require some external authority to steady their administration. Probably this will be the case also with Upper and Lower Mesopotamia, Lebanon, and Syria, while other cases, such as Palestine and the Armenian Vilayet, will require administration to a very large extent by external authority."

General Smuts proposes that all new States shall conform to the new order of ideas and agree to raise no military forces and collect no armaments beyond what the league declares to be reasonable. The conference must lay down the general principles of a peace settlement and leave the details to the League of Nations, thus marking a continuity between the conference and the league.

Describing the working of the league, General Smuts says that the European Empires will all disappear and that Germany will become a truly federal, democractic State. New sovereign States, such as Finland, Poland, and Bohemia, will arise under the league, and a large number of autonomous States will arise and will be befriended by the great States. A smaller number of areas will be administered directly by some or other of the powers. Over all will be the league as the controlling authority.

General Smuts goes on to compare the functions he ascribes to the league with the working of the British Empire, and says:

"In the League of Nations all States should be considered equal and should vote as States whatever the number of their representatives delegated to the general conference of constituted States. Besides the conference there must be a small council composed of these five great powers: the British Empire, the United States, France, Italy, and Japan. Each of these would nominate permanent members to the council, Germany being added when she has a stable democratic government.

"In addition to the permanent members there should be four additional members added in rotation from two panels. One panel would comprise the powers below the rank of the great powers, such as Spain, Hungary, Turkey, Central Russia, Poland, and Greater Serbia. The other panel would comprise all minor States. Each panel would provide two members to be selected in rotation.

"The council should submit its recommendations to the conference of the league. The Powers should not grudge a strong representation in the conference to smaller States, as in any case its resolutions will only be recommendations to the international parliament."

Regarding future prevention of war, after expressing himself strongly against conscription, General Smuts makes the following definite proposal:

"The peace treaty shall provide that members of the league bind themselves not to go to war with another, first, without previously submitting the matter in dispute to the council of the league, second, until there has been an award by the council, and, third, not even then against a member which complies with the award or recommendation made by the council."

ALFONSO FOR PEACE LEAGUE.

Says Spain Is "Disposed to Live Within the Concert of Nations."

MADRID, Jan. 10, (Associated Press.)—Concerning the entry of Spain into a League of Nations, King Alfonso, in the course of a long interview with the editor of The Madrid Review, said today:

"Spain is a progressive nation, and is disposed to live within the concert of nations. She must, by her commercial relations and her treaties, maintain close union with her neighbors.

"The trip to Paris of Count Romanones, our Premier, was of enormous importance. It resulted in a demonstration of the fact that Spain is in a position to be useful, and that in a situation such as this we can be considered seriously. Count Romanones is one Spanish statesman who has shown the greatest courage during the war by his convictions and the manner of setting them forth. His loyalty has been proved, and the patriotism he has shown has been of enormous service to Spain."

FOCH SUMMONS GERMAN ENVOYS

Tells Berlin Entente Has Not Agreed to Prolong Armistice and Calls Conference.

BASLE, Jan. 10.—The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, says that it is announced that Marshal Foch, Commander in Chief of the allied armies, has telegraphed the German Armistice Commission that the Entente Governments have not acceded to the request for a prolongation of the armistice, which ends Jan. 17.

Accordingly, General Foch said he would meet the German plenipotentiaries Jan. 14 or Jan. 15 at Treves.

Freedom of Cork for Wilson.

CORK, Jan. 10.—The Corporation of the City of Cork has voted the freedom of the city to President Wilson "as a mark of appreciation of the high principles enunciated for a settlement of the world peace."

WILSON TO BACK CLAIMS OF ITALY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

the newspaper, "are enforcing the most stringent rules. No caller is allowed to pass the lobby of the hotel, not even an official guest, however exalted. It is even stated that a special representative of the great British lockmakers was sent to Paris for the sole purpose of testing the locks of the attachés' cases and the handbags of the officials, so that there may be no tampering with them."

President Wilson, before he returns to the United States, will reach an agreement with Entente representatives as to certain fundamental questions, according to the Gaulois. These questions concern the new boundary between France and Germany, indemnities and reparations, and Balkan and Near Eastern matters.

Wilson's Care for Small Nations.

The President is giving considerable attention to the problem of safeguarding the rights of minority nationalities in the peace treaty. The territories in question are occupied by mixed races. The race having an evident majority will, in principle, determine the future of the regions; but when that is done the peace settlement, it is held, must also include complete guarantees for the protection of minority races.

Thus, if Greece should receive additional territory in Thrace, the rights of the Turks, according to this principle, would be protected by international covenant. Should Italy or Greater Serbia have the ultimate possession of Dalmatia, the rights of both races as well as of the Mohammedans would be equally safeguarded.

Some of the methods by which this can be done, it is pointed out, are proportional representation in legislative bodies, by communal governments of the minority race where it has a local majority, and by constitutional guarantees for equal religious and civil rights.

This subject is considered one of the most intricate of those concerning race distribution and will affect especially the territorial aspirations of Italy, Serbia, Greece, Rumania, and Poland in so far as they concern other nationalities settled within the borders to be outlined.

Although it was cold today and the sky was overcast, President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson went out unaccompanied to St. Cloud this forenoon. The President played nine holes of golf on a soggy course.

The President has accepted an invitation to attend a luncheon to be given by the French Senate between Jan. 15 and Jan. 20.

The Matin says that the President, who desires to visit the devastated regions of France before the opening of the Peace Conference, will make the journey Saturday.

LONDON, Jan. 10, (Associated Press.)—Premier Lloyd George, Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer; A. J. Balfour, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and George Nicoll Barnes, Privy Councillor, have been appointed plenipotentiaries to the Peace Congress by the British Cabinet, according to The Daily Express and The Daily Mail.

William Morris Hughes, Premier of Australia; Sir Robert L. Borden, Premier of Canada, and General Louis Botha, Premier of the Union of South Africa, will be colonial representatives who will have seats when the congress takes up business of interest to the dominions they represent, it is said. According to The Express, an important decision was reached by the Cabinet in providing that the dominions shall appear at the Peace Congress as small nations.

AN ANGLO-FRENCH SUCCESS?

Reuter Predicts Sidetracking of Freedom of the Seas at Congress.

LONDON, Jan. 10, (Reuter Dispatch to Canadian Press.)—Messages from Paris indicate that Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George have scored a great success on the question of the freedom of the seas and that very little is likely to be said on this subject when the actual Peace Conference assembles.

The Spanish-Moroccan question has also been settled to the satisfaction of England and France.

PLAN WELCOME TO WILSON.

Washington Expects Him Back on Feb. 18 or 19.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—President Wilson will be given an official welcome by the city upon his return from Europe.

Plans were made today by a committee appointed by District of Columbia Commissioners to have the President upon reaching the capital lead a parade of returned soldiers down Pennsylvania Avenue. Members of the committee said that they had been informed that President and Mrs. Wilson would reach home Feb. 18 or 19.

ASKS PRAYERS FOR PEACE.

Cardinal O'Connell Urges Coming Congress on Catholics' Attention.

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—In a letter to Catholic clergymen or the diocese today Cardinal O'Connell asked that the attention of all church congregations be directed to the Peace Conference about to open in France, and that they be asked to pray daily that the deliberations of the congress may be fair to all nations and peoples concerned.

The Cardinal's letter says in part:

"Our Holy Father, Benedict XV., anxious that a real and enduring peace should succeed the horrors and disasters of the four years of conflict and turmoil just ended, reminds his children all over the world that true peace is God's gift, and therefore to be sought and found only in Him.

"Doubtless there will be in the gathering of representatives at the Peace Conference men of superior mold, of catholic sentiment, men who, like our own President, seek not momentary triumph but lasting results.

"But they will be few and their opponents will be powerful. To God, therefore, in this great affair the world's peace-distracted humanity must turn that principles, not interest alone, prevail for the common welfare of all the suffering earth.

"Unless now those who control the destinies of the various national interests are moved by sentiments and principles, which have man rather than groups of individuals as their objective consideration, we shall have not peace, but the beginning of a longer and a fiercer war.

"All this is in the hands of those now assembling at Paris and Versailles. It is one of the most momentous assemblies in all history. Unless its decrees and decisions are in consonance with the true rights of humanity at large and based upon eternal equity, infinitely more harm than good will of a certainty issue."

NOTED MEN UPHOLD NATION LEAGUE IDEA

Message to Wilson Urges Him to Insist Upon It as One of First Principles.

MEETING IN CARNEGIE HALL

"Foundation Laid," Says Oscar Straus—President Lowell of Harvard Also Speaks.

At a mass meeting which filled Carnegie Hall last night, not only was the idea of the League of Nations overwhelmingly indorsed by those present and a message sent to President Wilson, urging him to insist upon the principle of the league as a preliminary to every other consideration, but the speakers brought out the fact that two public men, who had been supposedly unalterably opposed to the idea, had expressed themselves as heartily in favor of it.

Oscar Straus, former Ambassador to Turkey, revealed the innermost conviction of ex-President Roosevelt as having been a belief in the necessity of a league. This view was expressed to Mr. Straus two days before Christmas, when he visited Mr. Roosevelt in the hospital. At the mention of this every one in the audience rose spontaneously in appreciation and memory of the departed statesman. Norman Hapgood, in his address, quoted from a speech of Senator Lodge, delivered in 1915, in which he said: "This league certainly has the highest of all aims for the benefit of humanity, and because the pathway is sown with difficulties is no reason why we should turn from it."

The meeting was under the auspices of the Civic Forum, with the co-operation of the League to Enforce Peace, the League of Free Nations Association, and the Association of Neighborhood Workers. The other speakers were President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard University, Frank P. Walsh, former Joint Chairman of the War Labor Board, and Professor Samuel McCune Lindsay of Columbia University, who presided.

Mr. Straus said in part:

"The foundations of a League of Nations are already laid, cemented by the blood and sufferings of our sons, fighting shoulder to shoulder in the Argonne Forest and in the trenches of victory. The tide of war which ran so strong against the allied nations, was only turned, after the Balkan and Gallipoli collapse, the Italian disaster, and the Russian breakdown, by the creation of a General Staff and a Supreme War Council. Lloyd George himself bears testimony to this, as he appeared before the council and made an all but threatening appeal to merge 'their individual idiosyncracies for a common end.'

"He said there were inherent difficulties to be overcome; the Kaiser counted upon these difficulties, and in the heyday of his glorification, when he was brandishing 'the mailed fist and the shining sword,' said to King Constantine that he had the Allies beaten, because they were not consolidated and could not unite. Unless we learn the lesson of this merger and make it the world policy for peace there will be no lasting peace; we will have succeeded in defeating an enemy, but not in laying the firm foundation for world peace.

"The nations that are about to come together at the Peace Conference, and who will shape its councils, for the first time in the world's history, are democratically governed nations, and this distinguishes it from all previous post-war congresses, such as the Congresses of Westphalia, Vienna, Berlin, and London. Clemenceau in his recent speech in the Chamber of Deputies appealed for the re-establishment of 'a balance of power.' The report says at this point great disorder broke out in the Chamber and a Socialist Deputy exclaimed: 'This is a system which has gone into bankruptcy.'"

Mr. Straus then took up the objections that had been offered against the league.

"The relationship of nations, especially in the launching of war between them, should be put on the basis of criminal law as distinguished from civil or municipal," he continued. "In the civil law when two parties have a controversy in regard to their rights they go to the court for adjustment or adjust it in their own way. On the other hand, if a person commits a criminal offense, the crime is considered by all civilized States as a crime against the State, and the people of the State in their collective capacity try the criminal and inflict the punishment, and the theory upon which the League of Nations will be placed is the same.

"The policy that will control the world under a league of nations will rest on the basis of the criminal law, and the State that refuses to seek peaceful methods for the adjustment of its grievances and begins war will be regarded as a criminal against the peace of the world, to be dealt with by the League of Nations under the provisions of their mutual agreement.

"No plan can be humanly devised which will under all circumstances prevent war. The power of any nation to make war can no more be taken away from a free nation than the power to commit murder can be taken away from a free man, but the opportunities to make war and the occasions that bring about war can be immeasurably lessened, by enlarging the instrumentalities for the peaceful adjustment of international differences, by restraining the spirit of aggression, by protecting the smaller nations in their national rights, and preventing them from being absorbed through the covetousness of their stronger neighbors.

"As Lloyd George pointed out, this will become the more imperative after this war because of the ten or twelve new nations in mid-Europe and in the Ottoman Empire formerly under the yoke of the autocratic powers, to whom must be given their independent rights as free nations.

The reasons for the opposition of some of the prominent men in this country were analyzed by Mr. Hapgood. Hearst's, he said, was due to his inability to understand the power of the soft answer, that the only instrument of progress which he could use was the axe. In Senator Lodge he could see no other motive than that of partisan politics, and in proof of this, showed that he spoke in favor of a League of Nations in 1915 when he undertook to be the leader of the opposition to the President.

President Lowell emphasized the necessity of paying a price in order to get anything worth while, and then proceeded to measure the price of the League of Nations in terms of the objections that had been brought against it. "If the house is on fire," he said, "and we have the alternative of throwing the baby out of the window or letting it burn, we do not ask the cost of the fire-escape.

"It is a poor compliment to Washington to say that he would not have been in favor of something new. He and his co-workers were the greatest innovators of the day. They established thirteen nations and welded them into one. To argue that because Washington never said anything about the League of Nations and therefore would have opposed it, is the same as holding that since he said nothing about the regulation of the traffic in New York, it is a bad thing. John Quincy Adams said that the constitution was rung out of the grinding necessities of the people. If there had been no dangers to be met, there would have been no necessity for the constitution and there would have been no constitution. Thus it is with the League of Nations.

"Senator Reed's argument against the league is to construct an absurd League of Nations, and then prove that it is absurd. I thought that he had one serious argument, and it is serious until you look at it. It is with reference to the possible action in case the Japanese should buy Magdalena Bay for a naval port threatening the Panama Canal and the possibility of the League of Nations upholding that act on the ground that it was none of our business.

"Well, the answer is that no one has proposed to refer to a court a question that is not justiciable. Such a question as that of Magdalena Bay would be referred to a Council of Conciliation, for it is not a legal question, but one of unfriendliness. But we should be obliged to place the question of our going to war before a court, and to that extent we should perhaps be surrendering something. But that would be worth doing, especially in consideration of the fact that the other nations would have to do the same thing.

"Modern life depends upon the making of and the imposition of limitations. For what we gain we pay the price. If a League of Nations had existed in 1914, Germany would never have dared to enter the war. We should have gained peace, and for that blessing, we should have paid the price of what we give up to the league."

TO HOLD PEACE MEETINGS.

Announce Congresses in Nine Cities to Push League of Nations.

The League to Enforce Peace yesterday announced plans for "A National Congress for a League of Nations," to be held in nine of the largest cities of the country in the month of February. In order that the largest possible audience may be reached, nine centres have been decided upon for the conventions, each group under the local management of a committee representing its State branches in that territory.

Ex-President William H. Taft, the President of the league, will preside and speak at all nine meetings, and will be accompanied on his tour by James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany; Dr. Henry Van Dyke, former Minister to the Netherlands; President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard; Frank P. Walsh, former Joint Chairman of the War Labor Board; Mrs. Philip North Moore, President of the National Council of Women, and Dr. Stephen S. Wise, rabbi of the Free Synagogue. At each convention it is the plan to introduce a resolution calling for the formation of a practical League of Nations.

The following are the places and dates of the meetings: Atlantic Congress, New York City, Feb. 5-6; New England Congress, Boston, Feb. 7-8; Great Lakes Congress, Chicago, Feb. 10-11; Northern Congress, Minneapolis, Feb. 12-13; Northwestern Congress, Portland, Ore., Feb. 16-17; Pacific Coast Congress, San Francisco, Feb. 19-20; Far West Congress, Salt Lake City, Feb. 21-22; Mid-Continent Congress, Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 24-25; Southern Congress, Atlanta, Feb. 27-28.

WANTS TO REFORM TURKEY.

Prince Sabah Eddine Says Young Turks Forced Her Into War.

GENEVA, Jan. 10, (Associated Press.)—German intrigue and the political machinations of the Young Turk Party put Turkey by the side of the Central Powers in the war, according to Prince Sabah Eddine, nephew of the present Sultan and leader of the Turkish Liberal Opposition Party, who is here on his way to Constantinople.

"Turkey was forced into the war by German intrigue and the mendacious politics of the despotic Young Turks against the interests and traditions of our people," the Prince said today. "I was exiled from Turkey for many years because I wished to establish a liberal, honest, and just Government for all of my countrymen without distinction as to race or religion. I have never ceased my endeavors to realize this ideal, to be attained in harmony with the Anglo-Saxon nations.

"When German troops neared Paris in 1914 I telegraphed from Paris several appeals to the Turkish Government and also to the late Sultan, asking that Turkey join in the conflict on the side of England and France. I and my friends desire to assume power solely to realize the social, moral, and spiritual elevation of the Turkish people through sound economic and educational measures. We confidently appeal to the spirit of fairness and the good-will of the Allies to aid us in order that we may become useful and worthy members of the body of civilized nations."

BOMB CAPTURED AIRDROME.

Germans Also Retake Kolmar—Poles Recapture Nakel.

BERLIN, Jan. 8, (Associated Press.)—It is reported that Polish forces have recaptured the Village of Nakel, northeast of Posen, and that the City of Bromberg, just to the east of Nakel, is threatened. German troops have recaptured the Village of Kolmar, further west.

German aviators from Frankfort-on-the Oder have bombed a flying station near Posen which was captured by the Poles on Sunday. The Polish authorities have issued a warning that they will not be responsible for the lives of German citizens if the attack is repeated.

The inhabitants of Tilsit have issued a protest against Polish occupation of German territory.

SCANDINAVIAN SHIP LOSSES.

Norway's Total Cut by War 27.6 Per Cent., Sweden's 14.9, Denmark's 17.1.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 10.—According to the Norwegian Veritas, the tonnage of the merchant fleet of Norway is now 1,822,000; that of Sweden 953,000, and that of Denmark 680,000.

In the course of the war Norway lost 27.6 per cent. of her tonnage, Sweden 14.9, and Denmark 17.1 per cent.

Seine's Waters Are Receding.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The danger point in the flood condition caused by the rising of the River Seine has been passed. The water is now receding.

The Many-Sided Roosevelt

THEODORE ROOSEVELT in 292 attitudes, his striking countenance varying in expression according to the inspiration of the moment, shown in one picture in a double rotogravure reproduction in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow. This unique group will be treasured as a remarkable souvenir of a most remarkable man.

In The New York Times Tomorrow (Sunday)
292 Roosevelt Portraits in One Group

JEWS OF RUSSIA EAGER FOR ZIONISM

Councilor Rosoff Says That Their Misery Is Greater Now Than Under the Czar.

PREPARING FOR PALESTINE

Organizations Are Already Financed for Developing a National Existence There.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—In the settlement of the Near Eastern question, which is one of the most complex before the Peace Conference, it is difficult to exaggerate the importance of reconstituted Palestine, both as a "ferment of civilization" among the semi-barbarous Arab tribes and as a medium for the cultivation and development needed to restore the whole region from the sea to Mesopotamia to its ancient prosperity.

In a previous dispatch the Zionist representative, Dr. Sokoloff, outlined for THE NEW YORK TIMES the general program of the new Jewish Commonwealth and emphasized the eagerness of the Jewish population in Russia and Central Europe to find a peaceful home in their ancient Fatherland.

Today Mr. Rosoff, one of the most prominent Jewish Nationalists in Russia, explained to me why the great mass of his co-religionists in the former Empire of the Czars were more than ever desirous of a return to Palestine and detailed the plans and organizations they had already formed with that object.

"When I left Russia," he said, "in the Autumn of last year, the position of the Jews was already worse than under the Czarist régime, and every report I have since received announces greater suffering and persecution. In Russia proper, of which I can speak with certain knowledge as a City Councilor of Petrograd and member of the principal Jewish committees, our unhappy people are exposed without protection to the attacks both of the Bolsheviki, who regard us as bourgeois, and of their opponents, who suppose that our ill-treatment by the former régime has necessarily made us revolutionaries.

"To my surprise, the latter opinion seems to be shared by the outer world, which has gained an impression from the prominence of certain Jews in Bolshevist activities that we have rallied in a great majority to the cause of terrorism. The figures of the Jewish vote in the four elections in which we have taken part since the overthrow of the Czar show the utter falsity of this view more effectively than a thousand arguments.

"Since last August the Bolsheviki have forbidden any Jewish organ to appear. Do you wonder that the Jewish population is almost unanimous in support of Zionism? Already all classes of our people have gone far along the path of organization and are preparing for a new life that will be different. There is in Russia one association of young men called 'The Pioneers,' whose 15,000 members have been training on the land for the past eighteen months to fit themselves for agriculture. There is a syndicate of contractors for construction work called 'The Builders,' with a capital of 10,000,000 rubles, and another for the improvement of land, drainage, irrigation, &c., with a capital of 15,000,000 rubles. Other syndicates have been formed to handle transportation and to erect supply depots and warehouses, and the most important group of all will undertake the development of such railroad and port concessions as may be granted us.

"It is worth emphasizing that the leaders of the Zionist movement have taken all precautions against a flood of semi-pauper immigration. That brings me to the reception the Zionists are likely to receive from the present inhabitants of Palestine. The great majority of the latter are Arabs. In the past they have made no objection to the purchase of land by Jewish colonists, of whom over 15,000 are already established in some fifty settlements. The time may not be far distant when there may be a rich, happy, prosperous Jewish community of 5,000,000 or 6,000,000."

BRITISH STEAMER HITS MINE

The Northumbria Lost Off Coast, with Probably Most of Crew.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The British steamer Northumbria struck a mine off Middlesbrough Thursday and it is believed that most of the crew were lost. A boat with two survivors and eight dead has been washed ashore at Newton Abbot. Four boats which left the ship with survivors are missing. It is believed that the boats were swamped while attempting to make shore.

The steamship Northumbria was of 4,215 tons and was owned in Glasgow. She was 360 feet long and was built in 1906.

D. R. FRANCIS RECOVERING.

Ambassador Is to be Discharged from Hospital Soon.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—That David R. Francis, the American Ambassador to Russia, who was operated upon here recently, was progressing exceedingly well was reported today by Colonel Hugh H. Young of the American Army, who performed the operation.

The Ambassador was able to leave his bed two days ago, and it is expected that he will be discharged from the hospital within a few days. There was no reason, it was stated, why he should not return to duty shortly.

German Envoy Leaves Madrid.

MADRID, Jan. 10.—Prince Max von Ratibor and Corvey, German Ambassador to Spain during the war, has left Madrid with his family. He is returning to Germany.

Church Notices on Page 18.

REPORT ON EX-KAISER ADVISES PROSECUTION

Several Committees Framing Action on War Violations—Offenders to be Arrested.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Progress has been made during the past two months by the Committee of Inquiry Into Breaches of the Laws of War, and interim reports have already been presented. The sub-committee, which discussed the position of the ex-Kaiser, of which Professor Morgan is Chairman, having called into consultation Sir John MacDonnell, Justice Peterson, and C. F. Gill, has presented a special report to the Attorney General, giving as their unanimous conclusion that it is desirable to take proceedings against the ex-Kaiser.

Another sub-committee investigated some 100,000 cases of ill-treatment of prisoners of war. It is estimated that at least 150,000 cases still remain to be dealt with. This sub-committee is also investigating the use of poison gas, liquid fire, abuse of Red Cross flags, bombardment of hospitals, and the illegal executions of Edith Cavell and Captain Fryatt.

Other sub-committees are investigating the U-boat atrocities and murders from the air. Although the final conclusions in the majority of cases may not be reached for some months, it must not be assumed that practical steps to secure the arrest of the offenders have not been taken.

ITALIAN "WHITE EAGLE" FOR OCEAN FLIGHT

Caproni's 3,000 HorsePower Airplane Near Completion—Named in Allusion to "Prophecy."

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at Milan reports that Signor Caproni has nearly finished the gigantic machine in which it is intended to fly from Italy to America. The machine is a huge triplane with engines of 3,000 horse power and ample accommodation for a certain number of passengers, for whom cabins and sleeping berths will be available.

The Caproni transatlantic flier is to be named the White Eagle, in allusion to a curious prophecy printed here in 1916 and attributed to an English friar of the seventeenth century. The prophecy announced that there would be a great world war in the twentieth century, which would be started by the evil genius of an Emperor in Luther's country in league with another Emperor, both of whom had black eagles on their coats of arms, but that civilization would eventually crush the barbarians, whose empires would be divided up into twenty-two States.

The white eagle in prophecy is interpreted to be the American eagle. Verses on the subject, written by a local poet, W. Lewis, and set to music, were presented, with a beautiful design drawn by two Italian artists in gold and colors, to President Wilson when he was in Milan. It was on seeing this design and poem that Caproni decided on the name for his machine.

It is proposed that the aviators take the same route as Columbus did, flying from Italy to Cadiz and the Azores and thence to the American coast and landing near Washington.

SINN FEIN PRISONERS RIOT IN DUBLIN

Agitators Are Planning to Convene a Constituent Assembly for the Island.

DUBLIN, Jan. 10.—Serious disturbances have taken place at Mountjoy Prison, where a number of Sinn Feiners have been imprisoned as ordinary prisoners, while claiming treatment as political offenders. The prisoners are reported to have broken the windows and damaged the cells.

A Constituent Assembly, the date of which has not yet been fixed, will determine the terms of a Constitution for Ireland. Sinn Fein plans for the Assembly are delayed because thirty-four of those recently elected to the British Parliament are in jail.

The Sinn Feiners are confining their activities at present to obtaining the release of these members, and many meetings are being held throughout Ireland demanding that the prisoners be set free. It is rumored that the Government will soon release them.

Nationality, the leading Sinn Fein organ, says that diplomatic considerations may prove effective, "but if the demand is ignored, the Irish people must act in a way the British Government cannot ignore."

"The Peace Conference," it continues, "assembles Monday. There is no time to be lost. The National Assembly must act at once."

The paper urges that the British institutions in Ireland be taken over by the Irish, and that those which cannot be prevented from carrying on their work be captured. It says that the present members of the County Councils should be persuaded to retire, adding:

"The people can in a hundred ways upset the operations of the British Government in Ireland. We already have dealt with the way in which 'laying down tools' can be done. It is a good way and will be adopted in good course. The National Assembly will issue orders as to other means as circumstances arise."

MONTREAL PLEA FOR IRISH.

Resolutions Call for Their Treatment as a Nation in Peace Parleys.

MONTREAL, Jan. 10.—Resolutions asking that the Peace Congress, in carrying out the readjustment of European affairs, take cognizance of Ireland's claims to liberty were passed at a meeting held last night at the Monument Nationale. The resolutions asked that Ireland be secured in the same rights, guarantees, and liberties that are accorded the smaller European nations.

Copies will be sent to Premier Borden, C. J. Doherty, Canadian Minister of Justice, and Lord Shaughnessy, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who is reported to have been chosen by the British Government to arrange a settlement of the Irish question. President Wilson will also receive a copy, with a request that it be laid before the Peace Congress.

Sweden Lets Ludendorff Stay.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 10.—A special dispatch to the National Tidende says that the Government at Stockholm, at the request of General Ludendorff, has granted him permission to make one month's stay in Sweden. The German Legation in Stockholm has issued a passport.

RELIEF COUNCIL HAS WIDE POWERS

London Paper Suggests It Is an Economic Foundation for League of Nation's Plan.

HOOVER EXECUTIVE HEAD

America to Send Bulk of Food for Distressed Regions, but Allies Will Share Cost.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—In reference to the official announcement that Lord Reading and Sir John Beale will represent Great Britain on the new joint council of the associated powers for the relief of the necessitous European populations, The Daily Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent says:

"The powers of the council are very extensive, covering not only the distribution of food to the Allies and neutral and enemy bodies, but also the allocation of available tonnage and the granting of loans for food supplies and other purposes. The council will be large enough in its membership to call for the appointment of an executive body of which Hoover will act as Chairman.

"It has been announced that the United States has been making a substantial contribution in money and in kind for the relief of the devastated areas in the liberated countries, but the contribution of Britain has been proportionately great and will be greater in the future. The provision of this relief will be a growing responsibility of the Allies, and will not fall upon any particular country or countries. America will have to provide the bulk of the food, of course, but the cost will be borne by the Allies in certain proportions to be agreed upon.

"This joint council will act in co-operation with the Peace Conference, and it will ultimately have to deal with the organization of the supply and distribution of raw materials of industry in all territories for which it is responsible. It seems likely that it will provide the economic foundation of the scheme for a League of Nations."

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The urgent demands of the Czechoslovaks and Poles for food, which involve a mitigation of the naval blockade, after consideration by the American peace delegates, have been referred to officials of the American Food Administration. The food authorities will take up the matter with the British and other naval officers charged with the enforcement of the blockade with a view to procuring such a modification of the original order as will permit the entry of supplies forwarded by Government agents without opening the door to indiscriminate private traffic in foodstuffs.

The situation in Poland and Czechoslovakia does not permit the forwarding of relief except across German territory. The most direct route probably will be from the eastern ports of the Baltic, which give close connection with the interior of Poland by way of the Vistula River and the railroads toward Warsaw. This, it is said, would not involve any general raising of the blockade of the Western Baltic ports, but only of those giving ready access to the needy Polish and Czechoslovak regions.

The desire of the Food Administration is that relief shall reach the needy sections without impairing the efficiency of the blockade in its effect on general conditions.

FOOD AS AID TO PEACE.

Conviction Grows in Paris That Our Relief Plans Will Assure It.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The convicion grows here that the best approach to permanent peace is through America, the power that will relieve the suffering and distress of Europe. On this foundation can be laid the League of Nations. There is a widespread discussion of practical plans, not only to supply the present help which is urgently needed, but to bring the countries of Europe together in future co-operation. Mere charity will not bring permanent relief. Ways and means must be provided for nations to help themselves.

Precisely the same idea of co-operation is fundamental in the scheme of the League of Nations, so that if economic help is promptly, carefully, and adequately organized, it will prepare the way for political unification.

Not alone by the use of her huge material resources, but also by organized measures to promote the recovery and well-being of the pepoles now prostrate, America can blaze the way to the new order.

It is natural that nations, even the smallest, should entertain particularist views and should reckon in terms of power. History has taught them to seek protection in strength, and too often professed co-operation has been a disguise for selfishness. Through the supreme effort of America for relief, with some great central and permanent organization to sustain that effort and to inspire the spirit of self-help as the immediate emergency becomes less severe, the European peoples may be brought to a new point of view in which the call of territorial expansion and race solidarity will lose its potency.

It is argued by those who see in these economic and social plans the solid framework upon which to construct a League of Nations that, whatever difference may exist in the United States on the political side, measures for helping humanity up from its after-war wretchedness will command universal approval. And it is believed, furthermore, that whether the League of Nations comes out of the Peace Conference as a completed scheme or not, the ideal will be practicalized by social and economic effort on the big lines suggested, containing the true germ of peace on earth.

TO PRESS FOR RELIEF BILL.

Democrats Will Try Again to Get Rule for Consideration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Administration leaders, after a canvass today of the House Rules Committee, decided to make another attempt tomorrow to obtain a rule for the immediate consideration of the $100,000,000 famine relief appropriation bill. They said that they had sufficient votes to overturn the action of the rules committee yesterday in refusing a favorable report.

"It would be a deplorable thing if this Government were to stand by and permit thousands of people to starve in Europe," said Secretary of the Treasury Glass today, commenting upon what he declared to be the urgent necessity for Congress to appropriate the fund asked by President Wilson.

If the appropriation is delayed until the passage of a general emergency appropriation bill, Mr. Glass said, it would be too late to serve the immediate purpose of the President's request.

JOHN W. DAVIS GUEST OF LONDON PILGRIMS

Ambassador Confident of Anglo-American Harmony on Peace Settlement.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The British branch of the Pilgrims which, according to tradition, is the first public organization in England to entertain new American Ambassadors, today had John W. Davis, the new American Ambassador, as their guest at a luncheon. A distinguished gathering of British and American public men was present.

Mr. Davis, in replying to a toast to his health, after thanking the Pilgrims for their welcome, said he could not "let slip this opportunity to voice for the people of the United States their deep appreciation of the splendid reception Great Britain had just given to their Chief Magistrate, and the gracious hospitality of their majesties, the King and Queen."

"The marked friendliness of your citizens and the manifold courtesies extended to President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson everywhere," he added, "has gone home to the heart of America and forged another and lasting link in the chain which has united us."

After paying tribute to the late Walter H. Page, his predecessor, and to Great Britain's part in the war, Mr. Davis continued:

"It is a happy augury that already we are agreed on the terms and the broad outlines that a settlement must take and have proclaimed this agreement before the whole world. Surely, the wish is not merely father to the thought when I express the conviction that in the matter of detail we will be in equal harmony."

The Duke of Connaught presided at the luncheon. Sir Harry Brittain, the Secretary, read letters of greeting from Chauncey Depew and George Wilson and a letter of regret from the Earl of Reading.

Earl Curzon, who is in charge of the British Foreign Office during the absence of Secretary Balfour, in proposing the health of Mr. Davis, said:

"Peace is the greatest constructive task ever placed upon the shoulders of any constructive statesman. That task can only be successfully confronted if the American and British nations stand side by side to shoulder the burden. It is our strongest aspiration that from the discussion at Paris will emerge a League of Nations. But even supposing that the dream fails of fulfillment, there is another league which must emerge—a league of English-speaking nations. It is to that league that the world will have to "look in the future as the guardian and trustee of the peoples and frontiers of the new nationalities now struggling into existence."

Lord Curzon paid warm tribute to Colonel Roosevelt. Among those present were Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada; Sir George Perley, Canadian High Commissioner in London; Andrew Fisher, Lord Chancellor Finlay, Austen Chamberlain, Sir Albert Stanley, Dr. Christopher Addison, George N. Barnes, John Hodge, Walter Hume Long, Viscount Jellicoe, General Sir William Robertson, Admiral Sims, Major Gen. Biddle, Consul General Skinner, the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Burnham, the Marquis of Crewe, Lord Desborough, Lord Fairfax, Baron Wimborne, and George W. Wickersham.

MEDAL GIVEN STEFANSSON.

National Geographic Society Awards the Hubbard Honor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The National Geographic Society tonight awarded the Hubbard Gold Medal to Vilhjalmur Stefansson, whose explorations during the last five and a half years in the Arctic regions have resulted in the reduction of the unknown Polar regions of the Western Hemisphere by approximately 100,000 square miles. This is the largest contribution to the geography of hitherto unknown areas made in many years.

BRITISH TROOPS REASSURED

Seem Satisfied with Premier's Demobilization Explanation.

LONDON, Jan. 10, (via Montreal.)—The plain statement of Premier Lloyd George to the soldiers on the progress of demobilization and the sympathetic hearing given them by General Robertson, commanding the home forces, had an excellent effect on the soldiers, who appear to have been reassured.

There were no demonstrations yesterday, while today has been marked by a constant flow of men taking advantage of the offers to speed up their release.

POWERS CONTROL RUBLE TRANSFERS

Prevent the Bolsheviki from Accumulating Propaganda Funds in Various Countries.

LENINE ABOLISHES MONEY

He Substitutes Work Coupons, Probably Because Forced by the Outside Boycott.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—The Entente Powers and the United States have taken no steps thus far to prevent exchange transactions in Russian rubles, although individually they are in control by censorship of doubtful transactions, thus preventing the Bolsheviki from accumulating propaganda funds in various countries.

Scandinavian countries have forbidden dealings in ruble exchange since the withdrawal of their legations from Petrograd. This action was taken because of the disorders caused in neutral countries by M. Litvinoff, Ambassador in London, and other agents of Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier.

As a result of regulations now in force, extensive commercial activities between the Russian Soviet Government and outside powers have been made impossible. While the rate of exchange for rubles is generally quoted on the bourses, actual transfers are few and unimportant.

The British Government has issued special rubles for use in the Archangel country. Japan has also issued rubles for circulation in Siberia, the purpose being to provide a medium of exchange in that country, where the Russian ruble is not available, owing to the cutting of communication with Moscow.

Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, who is now in Paris, is urging that the United States issue money for use in the Archangel region, this to be backed by American gold, and sent to Northern Russia and Siberia to facilitate American trade in those regions.

The co-ordination of Russian currency has been urged by financiers, and the subject is under consideration by delegations to the Peace Congress.

A surprising development in the Russian currency situation is the announcement from Moscow that the Central Soviet has suppressed the circulation of money and substituted work coupons for it. Even by the issuance of unlimited paper rubles, without any guarantee behind them, the Bolsheviki have been unable to provide sufficient money for their country. Fearing to bank their money, the people have hoarded it, and the printing presses have been unable to meet the demands to finance ordinary purchases.

Bolshevist leaders have argued that money is unnecessary and that the world will eventually turn back to barter based upon labor. Financial experts believe, however, that foreign pressure in limiting ruble exchange has hastened the suppression of ruble circulation by the Bolsheviki.

Lenine was preparing to issue new money in May, but the plan was abandoned for some reason. Lenine then stated that those individuals who held large amounts of rubles would have to give them to the Government, while individuals with small holdings could exchange them for new money, thus protecting the proletariat and impoverishing the bourgeoisie in accordance with the general Bolshevist plan. Work coupons, it is believed, were used in the furtherance of this plan.

KREMLIN IS LENINE'S PRISON.

Trotzky, Red Dictator, Holds Deposed Premier in Moscow.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Swedish press advices forwarded to the State Department today, recounting the arrest of Lenine by Trotzky and the establishment of a dictatorship at Petrograd by Trotzky, say Lenine was reported to be confined at the Kremlin in Moscow.

Reports from Helsingfors today say that the 3d Finnish Red Regiment participated in Monday's fighting on the side of the Bolsheviki. It also is said that General Mannerheim has assumed supreme command of the Finnish Army.

ALL PARTIES IN BRITISH CABINET

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster—The Earl of CRAWFORD.

First Commissioner of Works—Sir ALFRED MOND.

Attorney General—Sir GORDON HEWART.

Solicitor General Sir EARNEST POLLOCK.

Postmaster General—ALBERT HOLDEN ILLINGWORTH.

Paymaster General—Sir JOSEPH COMPTON-RICKETT.

Chancellor of the Exchequer—AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN.

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland—General Viscount FRENCH.

Chief Secretary for Ireland—Sir JAMES IAN MACPHERSON.

Secretary for Scotland—ROBERT MUNRO.

Both Mr. Prothero and Andrew Weir were raised to the peerage on accepting their new offices.

It is announced that until there has been more time to make permanent peace arrangements the existing war Cabinet will be continued.

The Government intends to submit to Parliament proposals for the establishment of a Ministry of Ways and Communications. If these are accepted Sir Eric Geddes will be invited to head the new department.

NEW MINISTRY STRONG.

Credited with Plenty of Expert Knowledge and Driving Force.

By FRANK DILNOT.

Mr. Lloyd George's new Cabinet is an amazing amalgam to one who has been in touch with public affairs in Britain in the last ten years. This it must be remembered is a ministry for peace not for war, for reconstruction and social development at home, and it provides an indication of the new state of affairs. Socialists are included with members of the Tory aristocracy; hard-headed business men with idealists.

Taken as a whole, however, it is a very powerful team that Lloyd George has got together, with plenty of expert knowledge, driving force, and courage. Here and there is an element of compromise—which is to be expected in a coalition—but the Prime Minister has made no mistake about the big offices.

Prothero for Agriculture and Fisher for Education are the two men above all others who would have been selected by informed nonpartisan opinion and by nonbigoted leaders on both sides in politics. Comparatively new to politics, they each know their jobs from A to Z.

F. E. Smith, the brilliant Tory lawyer, who becomes Lord Chancellor and presiding officer of the House of Lords, is only 48. He entered the House of Commons and made his first speech there a dozen years ago. Fluent, sarcastic, witty, with the innocent face of the stripling, he is the infant prodigy of British politics. Since his Oxford days he has been a star turn as an orator. He is not a great lawyer, but is of fascinating personality.

Cecil Harmsworth, a younger brother of Lord Northcliffe, is a stalwart but moderate Liberal, never influenced by family opinions, extremely able, who previously had minor office. His new position as colleague of Mr. Balfour as Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs is remarkably important in view of the present state of world affairs. On him will undoubtedly fall much of the work in connection with new international arrangements. He is a journalist and an author and at the same time the capable head of a successful publishing business. His modesty and ability have made him a great favorite in the House of Commons. John Burns once described him as "the gentleman of the family."

Another journalist who has become a Cabinet Minister is Sir Gordon Hewart, who, a comparatively few years ago, was a working newspaper man employed on The Manchester Guardian. He studied law, practiced at the bar, and within the last eight years has sprung into fame for his ability in winning cases. He has recently shared with Sir John Simon the biggest and most lucrative case in the English courts of justice. He is a Liberal. Apparently to balance him his colleague, the Solicitor General, rather lower in position, is Sir Earnest Pollock, an amiable Conservative lawyer.

Food Controller Roberts is a Laborite, whose sternly enthusiastic patriotism from the day war was declared helped to steady the whole labor movement in that first trying period. But when war was imminent the labor movement, strongly opposed to war in theory, was much disturbed. At a private gathering where were many theorists and pacifists, his friends and colleagues, George Roberts showed his colors. "If there's war," he said, "I'm down the streets of Norwich, my constituency, with the Union Jack over my shoulder."

Stephen Walsh, another labor man in the Ministry, was working as a boy in a coal mine when 10 years old. He is the idol of his Lancashire constituency. He has touched the extremist side in labor, but is a very well read man, particularly well versed in Shakespeare, and of courageously independent views. I once witnessed him make a stand in Parliament against his party. "I am a citizen before I am a trade unionist," he exclaimed, amid loud cheers from both sides of the House of Commons.

Lord Crawford, descendant of a famous Scots family, has already done very well in a minor office in a Conservative minority, but is better known as a student of art and belles lettres. He is the twenty-seventh Earl of his line.

An Indian in the Ministry is a novelty. Sir S. H. Sinha as Under Secretary for India, will have sympathetic appreciation from all sides of the House of Commons. The forceful Winston Churchill as War Minister, and the capable and painstaking Austen Chamberlain as Chancellor of the Exchequer, fit harmoniously into the picture. It is a Cabinet of interesting personalities, many of them strong men. Only a strong Prime Minister would have selected them or will be able to guide them.

THREE TRANSPORTS COMING

6,000 Troops from France on the Huron, Belgic, and Atenas.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Departure from France of three transports, the Huron, Belgic, and Atenas, with about 6,000 troops, including many sick and wounded, was announced today by the War Department.

The Huron is due at Newport News on Jan. 15 with 100 officers and 3,000 men from the following units: Third Provisional Battalion, 56th Engineers, comprising Companies I, F, and K and medical detachment; casual companies 121, (Georgia,) 122, (New York,) 123, (Kansas,) 124, (Arkansas,) 125, (Ohio,) 412 and 413, (Maryland,) 414, (Kansas,) Field Hospital No. 304 of the 301st Sanitary Train, Second Heavy Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop, 429 sick and wounded and 29 casual officers. Each casual company consists of about two officers and 150 men and is composed of men drawn from the State indicated.

The Belgic is due at New York on Jan. 13 with the 1st and 2d Battalions, 49th Infantry, field and staff medical detachments, in all 36 officers and 2,436 men from this organization. This regular regiment had been assigned to the 83d Division to replace the 332d Infantry, which was detached for service in Italy. The returning troops of the 49th are to be scattered among seventeen camps. Also on the Belgic are Casual Companies 428, (New York,) 429, (Virginia,) 433, (Kansas,) 435, (New York;) Chemical Warfare Service Casual Company 3, (Camp Dix,) and 37 casual officers.

The transport Atenas is due at New York on Jan. 19 with a detachment of headquarters troops from the 92d Division, (negro,) a detachment of Casual Company 11, (Camp Dix,) and 95 casual officers.

The following organizations have been assigned by General Pershing for early convoy home: 12th Balloon Company, 420th and 423d Telegraph Battalions, Ordnance Casual Company 21, and Transportation Corps Company 53.

The War Department announced that the 108th Trench Mortar Battery of the 33d Division had been designated for early convoy instead of the 8th Trench Mortar Battery of the 8th Division, as announced yesterday.

DIVIDE IN BRIGGS CASE.

Court Differs Over Law Affecting Stolen Property.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court divided four to one yesterday on the question of whether under the existing law relating to receiving stolen property Mrs. Elizabeth A. Briggs, wife of a Brooklyn lawyer, should stand trial in General Sessions on a chaage of receiving $21,000 of the money obtained from the proceeds of stock certificates forged by James E. Foye, a $75 a month clerk employed by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, who signed bogus signatures to twenty-six blank certificates of stock of the General Electric Company.

Foye was convicted and served his term, after which he confessed that he gave $21,000 of the money received by hypothecating the forged certificates to Mrs. Briggs, who had married while he was in prison. Her attorneys contended after she had been arrested that she was guilty of no crime under existing law, and she was discharged in habeas corpus proceedings. The District Attorney appealed, and in an opinion written yesterday by Justice Dowling and concurred in by Presiding Justice Clarke and Justices Smith and Page, the ruling was upheld. Justice Shearn dissented.

Justice Shearn in his dissenting opinion held that in the ruling by the majority of the court "substance has been subordinated to form," and said that the real question was whether the money received by Mrs. Briggs from Foye was "stolen money." As the result of Justice Shearn's dissent the case will now go to the Court of Appeals for a ruling.

DISCUSS LAWS FOR WOMEN.

Women's Democratic Club to Support Bills at Albany.

Miss Mary Dreier, in a talk before the Women's Democratic Club of which Mrs. George H. Childs is President, in the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon, asked the club's support for different bills affecting the employment of women—the Eight Hour, Minimum Wage, Office Workers, Health Insurance, Elevator and Transportation—to come before the Legislature this Winter, in the interest of which several women's organizations of the city have banded together. This is called the woman's joint legislative program.

The club indorsed the work unanimously and turned it over to the head of its Legislative Committee for action. Club members asking if there was work for individuals, were told by Miss Dreier that letters and telegrams to Senators and Assemblymen would be welcome later. She urged the women in the meantime to call upon their representatives to ask how they stood on the bills.

There was a discussion concerning municipal markets, and Mrs. Charles D. Hirst said she was speaking wherever it was possible in the different Assembly districts and hoped that soon each would have its own neighborhood market. "It will not affect the corner grocery store," she said, "for the women who are too lazy to go shopping and who wish charge accounts, will still patronize them. The thrifty woman who makes every cent count will take her basket or bag and go to the market."

"It will not only be the poor woman," said Mrs. Childs. "I have a friend on Long Island who has a large house and seven servants, and she takes her automobile now and comes up to the market under the Queensboro Bridge to lay in her stock of provisions."

ADVISES OUR EXPORTERS.

Buenos Aires Paper Says They Must Change Their Methods.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 9.—Commenting on North American activities in South American markets, the newspaper La Prenza today, after alluding to tariff conditions which have prevailed, says:

"North America has been exporting less than a tenth of her products, because they were needed internally and because her tariff policy prevented exports which in turn would have made American goods known in other lands. Thus, though having grown astonishingly prosperous at home, her commercial ties have been so relaxed that only an unforeseen event, like a terrific war, could make her appreciate the value of the South American markets.

"During the war, and entirely because of it, the United States attained a commercial position here which can be maintained only by a considerable change of her methods, as the dawn of peace permits Europe to renew the competition."

The newspaper concludes by expressing the hope that some arrangement can be made through which will be built up a lasting system of reciprocal trade between the United States and Argentina.

Wilson Signs First Bill Abroad.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Notice of the signing by President Wilson in France of the first bill sent to the White House by Congress after the President sailed last month was cabled today to Secretary Tumulty. It was the measure authorizing the payment of transportation home for war workers leaving the Government service.

REPUBLICANS URGE WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE

National Committee Assails the Wilson Administration as Tending to Socialism.

PAY TRIBUTE TO ROOSEVELT

Memorial by Popular Subscription Planned—Chairman Hays Gets a Vote of Confidence.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Declaring for universal female suffrage by constitutional amendment and applauding speeches condemning Socialism, Bolshevism, and Government ownership, the Republican National Committee today conferred on Chairman Will H. Hays, who opened the meeting with prayer, what was taken to be full power to conduct affairs of the party in its efforts to defeat the Democrats at the next national election.

Resolutions laudatory of Theodore Roosevelt were adopted as introduced by John T. King of Connecticut, and plans were made at the suggestion of Chairman Hays to erect a permanent monument by popular subscription.

The Democratic National Administration was denounced by Committeemen for what was termed its tendency to socialism and for placing control of the Government departments in the hands of the minority of the South, while the majority of the North paid 90 per cent. of the taxes.

It was declared by Chairman Hays and others that it was too early to consider a candidate for President, but many names were mentioned in the informal talk of Committeemen, while a separate meeting of Illinois Republicans made arrangements to persuade Governor Frank O. Lowden to announce himself as a candidate.

Two Women Hold Proxies.

Two women took part in the deliberations as holders of proxies, and their assistance was sought in all the doings of the meeting.

Mrs. Medill McCormick of Illinois, Chairman of the Woman's Executive Committee, read a long report outlining plans for women's organizations in every State and for the active participation of women in the national affairs of the party.

Governor Beeckman of Rhode Island referred to the recent victory of the Republicans in the Congressional elections, and said that the people of the North were tired of paying 90 per cent. of the taxes and having it expended by the minority of the South which dominated the Democratic National Administration.

Governor Burnquist of Minnesota denounced Bolshevism, anarchy, and socialism, and said the hope of the country for the future was in the election of a Republican President. He spoke of the activity of the Non-Partisan League in the Northwest, and said the sympathy of the Democratic Party had been with that organization.

Governor Harding of Iowa criticised the Democratic National Administration for extravagance and inefficiency, and referred to W. G. McAdoo, Federal Director of Railroads, as "the Crown Prince."

"This is too big and too great a country to be ruled by one corner of it," said Governor Harding. "I hope the Republican Congress will see that the railroads are returned to their owners without delay."

Congressman Royal Johnson of South Dakota, who appeared in the uniform of an army officer, and others made similar addresses.

Vote Confidence in Hays.

The committee gave Chairman Hays a vote of confidence and authorized him to name an executive and other committees at his discretion.

The committee settled a contest over the National Committee membership in Louisiana which has been pending since the last Republican National Convention in 1916 by seating Emil Kuntz, a negro. F. C. Labit was the unsuccessful contestant. Both factions agreed to abide by the decisions of the committee.

The character of the memorial to be erected to Colonel Roosevelt will be decided by a special committee of which W. B. Thompson of Yonkers, N. Y., is Chairman. The other members of the committee will be named by Chairman Hays later.

"We have no idea at present just what the memorial will be or how much it will cost," said Mr. Hays.

In presenting the idea to the committee, Mr. Hays said:

"I suggest for your consideration the idea that this committee sponsor a movement for the development of a permanent memorial to the memory of Theodore Roosevelt. Just what the nature of this might be or the extent to which it might be carried is a matter for careful consideration, but it cannot be too substantial or of an extent too great adequately to measure the merit of the deceased."

After representatives from every State had delivered addresses on the death of Colonel Roosevelt, the committee adopted by a rising vote the following resolutions presented by National Committeeman King:

The Republican Party mourns the passing of Theodore Roosevelt. In an hour of difficulty and danger, he has fallen like a warrior in battle, leaving a place in national and international leadership which cannot be filled.

The truest tribute it is possible to pay his memory is in the pledge that his party, the Republican Party, shall remain true to the ideals of Americanism and of special advancement with which his name will forever be linked, and for which throughout his useful career he struggled with such heroic and inspiring ardor and devotion.

Roosevelt's Place in History.

History will write his name high on the roll of those who, not only of this nation but of all the modern world, wrought greatly in humanity's behalf.

Under the leadership of Abraham Lincoln, the Republican Party proved its loyalty to the nation when charged with the full responsibility of Government in a supreme crisis in the life of the Republic.

Under the leadership of Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican Party in a world crisis, proved that as a party out of power it could rise to the same high level of devoted service and by its patriotic course insure complete national unity in support of the country's cause.

Above all others, as the European war came on, his virile voice was heard arousing Americans to a sense of their duty and their peril, and to the imperative necessity of subordinating every other consideration in both public and private life to the one purpose of achieving by victory a just and enduring peace.

With all his limitless energy and dauntless courage, his far-reaching vision, his genius for organization and leadership, his tremendous force of thought and gifts of expression, with his breadth of human interest and human sympathies, and his remarkable range of personal attainments, the quality in Theodore Roosevelt which most ennobles a life crowded with high achievement is that, like his great prototypes in the Presidency, Washington and Lincoln, he was ready to lay his all, his own life and the lives of those dearer to him, upon the altar of self-sacrifice.

All he had to give he gave to his country. His gospel of Americanism is today the heritage of his countrymen. His message to all patriots, could he but speak, would be, regardless of the new made gap in the ranks, "Carry on, carry on."

Therefore, in the spirit of Washington and Lincoln and Roosevelt, the Republican Party will go forward, ever forward, that the cause of liberty, fraternity, and American nationality may be advanced that "government by the people, of the people, for the people may not perish from the earth."

The two women who occupied seats at the meeting were Mrs. Josephine Corliss Preston of Washington, who held the proxy of S. A. Perkins, National Committeeman from that State, and Miss Mary Garrett Hay of New York, who held the proxy of Herbert Parsons, National Committeeman from the Empire State.

HELD FOR $30,000 THEFTS.

Baker, Hero in British Army, Accused of Flatbush Robberies.

George Baker, known also as Samuel Jackson, who has been twice honorably discharged from the British Army as a partial cripple because of wounds, and who carries many medals for bravery, was arrested yesterday by detectives under Police Captain Coughlin in Brooklyn, where he was charged with numerous burglaries in the Flatbush section. The police said his arrest was due to the confession of an accomplice, after which Baker made an explanation on his own account.

After getting the first confession the police went out to look for Baker. They found a well-dressed man of 30, with soldierly bearing and easy manners, and able to speak several languages. His face had a deep scar from a trench knife, and he had a bayonet wound in the chest. His left leg had almost been shot off by machine gun bullets and was paralyzed, so that he could walk only with the aid of a brace.

His papers showed that he enlisted from Bridgeport, Conn., on Aug. 11, 1914, in the British Army, and was discharged on account of wounds on Dec. 2, 1915. He came back to this country, and worked for a while with moving picture companies, but was arrested in January, 1917, in Brookline, Mass., the police said, and sent to jail for an indeterminate period.

Released in April, 1918, because of his record as a soldier and his desire to rejoin the British Army, he was wounded in October while fighting with the 42d Royal Highlanders. He arrived in this country on Nov. 22 of last year.

The robberies started about three weeks before Christmas, and lasted until a few days ago, when the supposed accomplice was arrested. The police charged Baker with having been implicated in thirty burglaries, which yielded booty worth a total of $30,000.

WOMAN SLAIN IN OPEN LOT.

Mrs. Southland Found Murdered on Scene of Other Attacks.

In a lonely lot bounded by Ninth and Tenth Avenues and Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, Brooklyn, a painter going to his work early yesterday discovered the body of Mrs. Helma Southland of 672 Forty-sixth Street. She had been attacked while taking a short cut to the home of her sister-in-law, and her body lay within sight of the windows of the house, which is 962 Forty-second Street. Mrs. Southland's skull had been fractured and near the body was found a bloodstained stone with which the crime had evidently been committed.

When attacked Mrs. Southland had put up a stiff fight, as the scene showed. Her hat had been knocked off and her clothing badly ripped and torn. The police were of the opinion that she was left by her assailants unconscious and that she died from exposure.

Mrs. Southland left her home about 7 o'clock in the evening to get medicine for her husband, Arthur Southland, a carpenter, and apparently she walked through the lot to "drop in" at the home of Mrs. Olga Hendrickson, her sister-in-law. When, after an hour, she did not return, her husband set out to look for her. He found that she had not been to the drug store or to the Hendricksons' home.

The police had slender clews upon which to work. The lot where the murder was committed has been the scene of other assaults upon women. Recently Sigurd Hendrickson and other neighbors rescued a young woman who had been set upon as she was crossing the lot. A week later Hendrickson said he was leaving the subway when a soldier asked him to assist in rescuing a young woman who had been attacked by two men in the same lot. On this occasion they gave two men a bad beating.

Hendrickson believes that these two were the same who attacked the young girl previously, and that they waylaid and murdered his sister-in-law. The police obtained a full description of the men.

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FEDERAL AID FAILS TO STOP TIEUP

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

tugs were available to bring in floats of cars with food and other supplies.

This base supplies ships of the Atlantic fleet with food. Army transports arriving with wounded also were delayed in reaching the army piers at Hoboken, and officers of the Army Transport Service began to consider emergency steps to avoid delay as well as possible collisions due to congestion in the harbor.

The representatives of the Government would give no information upon the probable steps to be taken if the workers failed to come to terms with the Railroad Administration, but it was hinted that if conditions affecting the army and navy did not become relieved through the efforts of the navy to man additional navy tugs it might be necessary to commandeer private tugs and other craft and put them under the control of officers and men from the United States Navy.

A report upon the entire situation was made to Secretary Baker yesterday afternoon when he arrived in this city on his way to fill a speaking engagement in Ottawa, but no definite steps to end the inconvenience to the army and the navy were announced.

A survey of the food supplies by the Health Department, the Commissioner of Markets and other official agencies, as well as by private firms with facilities for handling great quantities of food, showed that the city was in no immediate danger of a food shortage. Supplies of all kinds are coming in in quantities at stations of the New York Central Road on the west side, and there is a sufficient supply of most foods to feed the city for more than two weeks, with the daily shipments arriving on the New York Central and New Haven Roads.

Wholesale coal dealers reported that they had sufficient supplies in their pits and storage places to last the city more than two weeks, even with the most stringent weather, so that all the facilities of the only railroad lines coming into the city can be used in bringing in perishable foods and other commodities more seriously needed. Although all shipments of outgoing freight are being accepted by the New York Central, in the case of incoming freight food trains receive preference, as do also shipments of newsprint paper.

A contrary view of the coal situation to that of the dealers was taken by Public Service Commissioner Whitney, who said last night that in five days the rapid transit lines would be without coal if the strike continued or unless some method was found of renewing the supply of the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Companies. The Interborough consumes 2,500 tons of coal a day, and the B. R. T. about 1,300 tons. Each of the companies, Mr. Whitney said, had plenty of coal on barges near the city which were now tied up.

Seven Lackawanna Boats Running.

Seven ferryboats of the Lackawanna Railroad, or almost half of their fleet plying between Manhattan and the Hoboken terminals, were put into service yesterday by Captain J. M. Emery, the marine director for the railroad. They aided greatly in relieving the congestion of commercial and passenger traffic through the Hudson tunnels, and a great part of the milk supply for the city that was to have been diverted from the Erie, Jersey Central, and other terminals on the Jersey shore for transportation into the city over the Hudson River bridges at Poughkeepsie and Albany was carried over on the Lacakawanna boats. Full loads of trucks, with food, mail, and milk, were carried by the boats on every trip. It was said last night by Captain Emery that all these boats and probably more would be running today.

With this increase in the Lackawanna Ferry service over the two boats in operation on the first day of the strike, a larger amount of milk was brought into the city yesterday than on any other day since the city was placed in danger of a milk shortage, more than two weeks ago, by the differences of the producers and distributers. The total was just short of 1,500,000 quarts. Some milk was brought to the city from the West over the Poughkeepsie Bridge through Beacon, and more was brought in on the regular New Haven trains.

Livestock Shipments Hastened.

In handling other needed food supplies for the city the four freight terminals of the New York Central along the west side line were working at capacity yesterday. Among the shipments hurried to the city, past 500 cars of commodities not so urgently needed, were several trains of livestock to fill the requirements of orthodox Jews, who eat only freshly killed meat. Twenty pens at the Sixtieth Street yards were filled with cattle last night and early this morning they were driven in herds through the cross streets to the abattoirs on the East River. Herds of sheep also were handled in this way.

Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Public Markets, said that normally this city required 1,500 cars of food daily to fill its needs, and that the supply was always two days ahead of the demand. Probable shortage might be closer than two weeks, he said, if the Government did not intervene in the strike, and especially shortage of butter, eggs, cheese, and other perishable foods.

The Food Inspection Division of the Health Department and other official boards expressed little fear of shortage, and many wholesale dealers reported that supplies were ample to carry the city over the strike, because large stores destined for export shipment are available for the use of the city. All asserted that there was no reason for retail dealers to raise the prices of food.

The inconvenience to commuters from Staten Island and New Jersey was less yesterday than on the first day of the strike, because the facilities were expanded to take care of the crowds. Difficulty of travel and congestion, however, extended to every transit line in the city, but, with additional crews and cars all were able to transport all passengers who bought tickets.

In addition to shipments of milk and food sent to Long Island through the Pennsylvania tunnels under the Hudson River passenger trains from the Jersey Central, Erie, and other railroads were brought to the Pennsylvania through the tunnel, relieving the great congestion in the tunnels of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company.

All available equipment for the Hudson tunnels was put into use yesterday by the Federal manager, and during the rush hours at morning and evening both day and night crews, comprising practically every available employe of the system, were at work to transport the immense crowds which besieged every station in Manhattan and New Jersey. Additional police guards and uniformed employes were placed in all the stations, and although there was much inconvenience no serious accidents or injuries to any person were reported.

Police Run Staten Island Ferry.

Manned by licensed engineers and pilots of the Police Department the municipal ferryboat Manhattan made ten round trips to Staten Island yesterday. The boat transported all the milk and food needed by the citizens of Richmond, and carried from 25,000 to 30,000 passengers, with 500 vehicles of all kinds, although one of the boilers was out of commission. There was some congestion at the ferry houses, but police reserves prevented accidents. Every group of passengers carried by the police cheered Captain James Hallock and his men.

Efforts of Timothy Healy and other officials of the Marine Firemen's Union to cause two civilian oilers on the ferryboat to leave their work were unsuccessful. Some of the officials then criticised the action of Mayor Hylan in ordering the municipal ferries under police control, saying that they thought he was "too good a union man to do that."

After making several unsuccessful attempts throughout the day to induce the employes of the municipal ferries to return to their work, John H. Delaney, the Commissioner of Plant and Structure, announced the suspension of ninety-one men who quit the municipal ferries. All these men are under the civil service rules and are charged with desertion from duty and absence without leave. They were ordered to report for trial before Commissioner Delaney in his office in the Municipal Building on Monday morning. An order was posted in the ferry house prohibiting the strikers from entering the ferry terminals. This action was taken after conference with Mayor Hylan and Corporation Counsel Burr.

Commissioner Delaney said last night that he had determined to recruit a new service for the municipal ferries if the men did not return, and he designated Major Francis W. Perry, who has just returned from France, to advertise in the newspapers and make other efforts to find licensed mates, pilots, and engineers for the boats.

Director Smith Continues Efforts.

A. H. Smith, Regional Director of Railroads, yesterday wrote a letter to the representatives of the six unions now on strike, renewing his proposal to them for an armistice of three or four days, during which time all the grievances and demands of the men would be adjudicated by him and members of the Board of Railroad Wages and Working Conditions, an agency established by the Director General of Railroads. This letter was sent after the conference with W. D. Pollock, the Marine Director for the Railroad Administration here, and Stanley King, the representative of Secretary of War Baker.

Paul Bonynge, counsel for the New York Boat Owners' Association, and the New York Towboat Exchange, yesterday issued a statement in which he gave a tentative wage scale as basis for discussion for the boat owners and the employes who might accept the proposal that the New York Harbor Conciliation Board be established. He said that the average wage increases proposed were about 20 per cent. His statement added that working conditions until further notice "were to remain as fixed by award of July 12, 1918, by the Department of Labor, the Department of Commerce, and the United States Shipping Board."

On tugs of ten to fifteen-inch cylinders it was proposed that the new rate of pay for Captains should be $165 a month, $150 for engineers, $110 for licensed mates, $150 for second engineers; for tugs with cylinders between fifteen and eighteen inches the rate for Captains was suggested as $15 above the rate in the smaller boats, with $10 increase for the other officers, and for boats with cylinders larger than eighteen inches the rate was to be $10 higher for all officers than the rate on the next smaller boats. The proposed pay for firemen working alone on boats was $85, while two or more firemen would receive $80 each, as would deckhands and cooks. Subsistence at the rate of 75 cents a day also was proposed.

Circulars setting forth the proposal for the Conciliation Board were distributed among marine workers yesterday by the boat owners and handed out in the regular pay envelopes.

In telling of the opposition of the boat owners to the demand for a shorter working day, Mr. Bonynge said that such a change would increase lighterage and tug tolls to such an extent that commerce would be diverted from the port.

"The fact that a man may be on duty for more than eight hours does not mean that he actually works all of that time," added Mr. Bonynge. "A city fireman is on duty twenty-four hours every day, but his actual working time is relatively small. Equipment cannot be operated at over 60 per cent. efficiency because time is lost in waiting for tows, change of tides, and other conditions. In addition to this it has become increasingly apparent that if the present demands were granted it would put our port charges so ridiculously high that commerce would be diverted elsewhere."

LANE TELLS CONGRESS PLAN TO AID SOLDIERS

Secretary Urges the Vote of $100,000,000 for Reclamation Work Without Delay.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Immediate consideration of the Interior Department's request for $100,000,000 for the reclamation and occupation of 215,000,000 acres of tillable soil in this country by returned soldiers was asked today by Secretary Lane at an informal meeting of members of Congress held in the House Chamber.

The plan of the department not only would provide labor for thousands of men discharged from the service, Secretary Lane said, but also increase the resources of the nation.

Briefly, the program contemplates that discharged soldiers housed in comfortable barracks and provided with good meals shall be employed at current wages on vast reclamation schemes in many States, and that they be permitted later to select a section of the reclaimed land for farming purposes, the Government furnishing money to pay for the cost of development. This money, together with the full cost of the land and interest, would be returned to the Government in time.

"The project will not cost the Government a penny," Secretary Lane said. "Full payment for the land will be made within forty years. If this country appropriated an amount in proportion to that contributed by Australia it would give $4,000,000,000 for the work. However, $100,000,000 will provide for the employment of 100,000 men and will result in the development of 25,000 farms, and that will serve well as a beginning. It is absurdly small, but it will help. I wish that an amount equal to the war cost for a week could be given, about $300,000,000, but I suppose that is too much to hope for."

That soldiers are anxious to become farmers was attested, the Secretary said, by the fact that hundreds of letters were being received daily by the department asking if farms could be obtained. No answers to these letters could be made, because money for the project had not been appropriated by Congress.

SEE GRAVE DANGER IN UNEMPLOYMENT HERE

Official Tells Senators Workers Are Idle While Industries Wait Price Changes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The possibility of a dangerous situation resulting from unemployment was emphasized by Department of Labor officials, testifying today before the Senate Educational and Labor Committee in its study of labor problems.

William M. Leiserson, Chief of the Department's Labor Administration Bureau, and other witnesses said unemployment in American industrial centres had steadily increased during the last four or five weeks because of the actual cessation of industry.

"We are likely to have unemployment on the part of the men who will not stand for conditions," Mr. Leiserson said.

"All industries apparently are holding off to await the trend of prices," L. K. Frank of the department stated. "Employers think labor costs should be reduced, but are afraid, on account of unrest and strikes, to cut wages. On the other hand, buyers are holding off purchasing, expecting price reductions. The effect is cumulative."

Senator Kenyon of Iowa, Chairman of the committee, asked if delay in the peace negotiations were partially responsible for holding up industry. Mr. Frank said it possibly was a factor with large interests, but that all branches of trade generally were "holding off" to await the trend of future prices.

Establishment of the United States Employment Service upon a permanent peace basis was urged by Charles B. Barnes, Assistant Manager of New York's Employment Service, and others.

EXPLAINS INSURANCE SALE.

Alien Custodian Reveals Details of International Case.

A. M. Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, in a statement yesterday explained why 2,000 shares of the International Insurance Company were sold to Crum & Forster, the low bidder at a public sale, and not to the Chase Securities Corporation, the high bidder. These two were the only bidders and the sale closed at $576,500.

Mr. Palmer pointed out that all sales of insurance properties are passed upon by the special advisory committee. Before the sale Crum & Forster submitted to this committee a statement of their purposes in bidding which was satisfactory. After the sale the committee heard voluntary statements of purpose from representatives of the Chase Securities Corporation. Although it was not stated by the corporation at the hearing, the Vice President of the organization declared that the stock was bought solely for the purpose of liquidating the insurance company, with the hope of making a profit out of the liquidation.

After consideration the committee rejected the Chase Corporation bid on the ground that it would appear that the ultimate disposition of the stock, if acquired by the Chase Corporation, would be to persons some of whom had not been disclosed, and others of whom have been representatives of the German interests which formerly controlled the International Insurance Company.

In view of this action of the Advisory Committee it became necessary to secure an executive order, because the Trading With the Enemy act provides that "when sold at public sale the Alien Property Custodian, upon the order of the President stating the reasons therefor, shall have the right to reject all bids and resell such property at public sale or otherwise as the President may direct." Before sailing for Europe the President delegated this power to Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State.

Mr. Polk signed the order authorizing the rejection of all bids and the shares were sold at private sale to Crum & Forster for $576,500, which was the amount of the high bid at the previous sale.

When later Crum & Forster reorganized the International Insurance Company with Sumner Ballard, President and General Manager of that company, continued in office, the good faith of the purchasers was questioned. The Advisory Committee, however, decided that the sale was in good faith, and has accomplished the Americanization of the company.

Mr. Palmer adds that he can see no reason why this action by the Advisory Committee should not be considered final.

UPHOLDS FACTORY LAW.

Cockroft Estate Loses Appeal as to Fire-Exit Order.

The constitutionality of the so-called factory exit law passed by the Legislature after the Triangle fire in 1911, under which every factory building over two stories high must be provided on each floor with at least two means of exit or escape from fire, remote from each other, and all interior staircases must be inclosed by fire-resisting partitions, was upheld yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. The question was decided in a suit of the estate of John V. Cockroft, owner of the Cockroft Building, at 71 Maiden Lane, against the State Industrial Commission, because structural changes in the building ordered by the commission would mean a loss of $215,928 to the estate.

The building is occupied almost solely by manufacturing jewelers, diamond setters, lapidaries, and opticians. The Appellate Division affirmed the ruling of the lower court on the opinion of Justice Gavegan, who tried the case.

Justice Gavegan's decision set forth the circumstances under which the law was passed, and stated that the plaintiff had failed to convince him that the building was safe for manufacturing purposes. In considering the constitutionality of the law, Justice Gavegan ruled that it is necessary for the safety of workers in factory buildings, and that the orders involving the Cockroft Building are necessary to carry out the spirit of the law.

St. Paul Road Chairman Resigns.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—The resignation of Albert J. Earling, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, was announced today. He built the St. Paul line to the Pacific Coast and made it the first line to use electricity in operating over the Continental Divide. Mr. Earling is nearly 71 years old and entered the service of the road when he was 17 as a telegrapher. It was announced that he would be succeeded by Ransom M. Calkins, former Traffic Manager of the St. Paul.

UPHOLDS HEAT ORDINANCE.

Court Fines Realty Agent $250 for Violation of New Law.

The new city law requiring owners of dwelling houses to supply their tenants with heat of at least 68 degrees of temperature, which was adopted by the Aldermen as an amendment to the Sanitary Code in the first days of the influenza epidemic in October, reached the courts for the first time when a Manhattan apartment agent and a Brooklyn landlord were charged yesterday with failure to maintain the proper temperature. The penalty for a violation of this section of the code is a $250 fine or thirty days in jail or both. The new law was passed at the request of the Department of Health, and inspectors of that department acted as complainants in both cases, supported by tenants as witnesses.

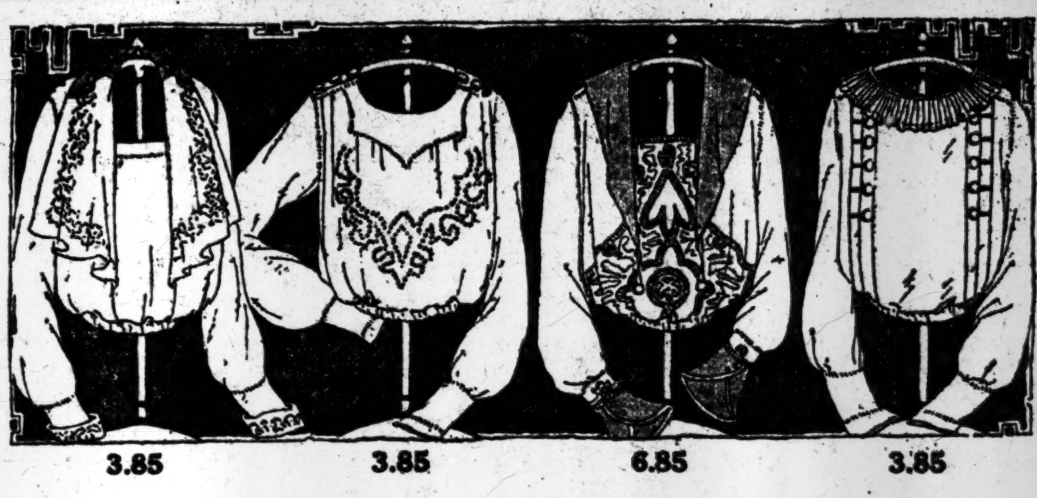
In Special Sessions, Manhattan, Isaac Altman, a realty dealer and agent for his wife, the owner of the apartment building at 586-590 West 178th Street, was charged with violation of the heating law. His case had been appealed by his attorney, B. S. Strum, when he was summoned to the court of City Magistrate Appleton, on Nov. 26, and the appeal was granted on his contention that this section of the code was unconstitutional. Justices Salmon, Kernochan, and O'Keefe decided yesterday that the legal provision was constitutional. After Health Inspector Partegas had called Alice Murray, a tenant in the Altman house, as his principal witness, the court fined Altman $250, which he paid. He announced that he would provide the furnace man with a new thermometer.

George Doondif, an insurance broker, living at 1,986 Douglas Street, Brooklyn, had his landlord, Benjamin Metz, summoned to the New Jersey Avenue Court for alleged failure to provide sufficient heat in the apartment.

"I tried every means to induce the landlord to provide heat," Doondif told the court. "I even went into the cellar myself and shoveled coal into the furnace."

Metz had made a counter charge of assault against Doondif, alleging that when he attempted to interfere with his tenant's feeding the furnace Doondif had knocked him down and sat upon him. A Health Inspector said he had found only one room in Doondif's apartment heated at the required temperature. Both men were paroled in the custody of their counsel for a hearing Jan. 15.

Church Notices on Page 19.



Beginning on the Third Floor at Saks' This Morning

A Wonderful Sale of

2000 Beautiful Blouses

in Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine

—the entire surplus stocks of three of New York's best known Blouse makers.

At the Lowest Prices—Ever!

We have never in our history had the privilege of offering such charming Blouses at such low prices. In their exquisite needlework and wonderful styling, they reflect the creative genius of America's best known Blouse makers. At these low prices, New York women have never before had such a genuine Blouse Treat.

At $3.85
Values $5.95 and $6.50

Stunning Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine Blouses in handsome Beaded, Soutache Embroidered, Bib and Round Collar, Hand Embroidered and Fluted Frill models. So wonderful and individual that you must see them to fully realize their extraordinary value.

Four styles pictured.

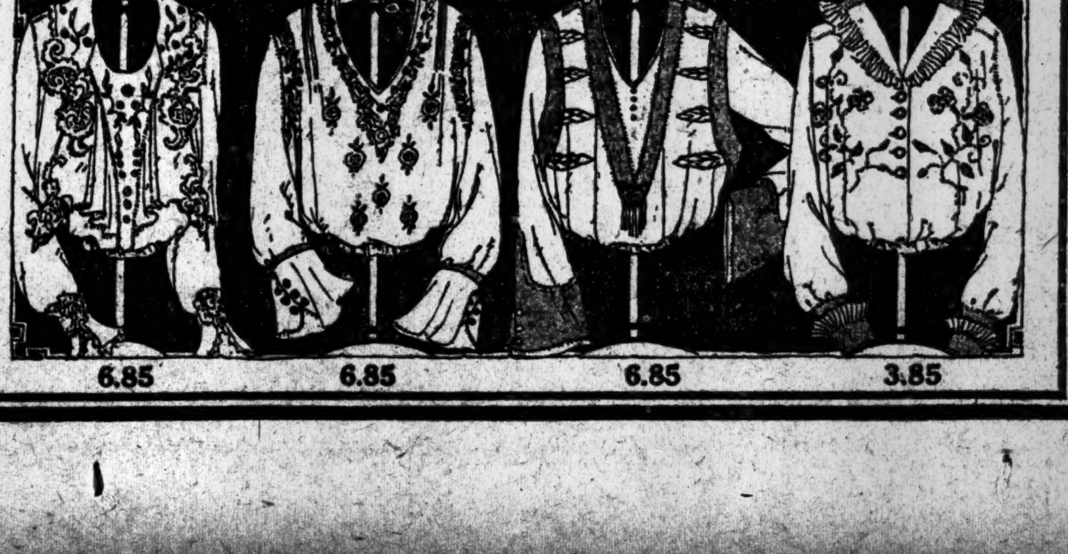
At $6.85
Values up to $19.50

A wonderful collection of most exquisite Georgette Crepe Dress Blouses—Hand-made Filet Lace trimmed styles, bead-embroidered, Venice lace trimmed and elaborate frilled models, such as individualize superb collections of Blouses assembled in leading Paris ateliers.

Four styles pictured.

Colors: Henna, League Blue, French Blue, Bisque, Coral, Sunset, Victory Blue, Peach, Silver, Soldier Blue, Victory Red, Flame, Navy, Taupe, Orchid, White and Flesh Color.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.



R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

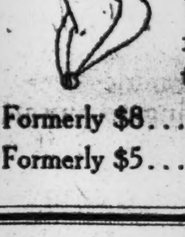
Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT

Himself a prolific writer, the late Col. Roosevelt's myriad activities inspired others to write of him. Jacob Riis and Julian Street, newspaper men, wrote interestingly of the great American, each from his own point of view, while Hermann Hagedorn and James Morgan prepared life stories which thrill as well as instruct. Then, too, Col. Roosevelt wrote an autobiography which should be in the home of every red-blooded American.

The Most Interesting American— *By Julian Street,*	44c
The Boy's Life of Theodore Roosevelt— *By Hermann Hagedorn,*	$1.12
Theodore Roosevelt: The Boy and the Man— *By James Morgan,*	$1.34
Theodore Roosevelt, the Citizen— *By Jacob Riis,*	54c
An Autobiography— *By Theodore Roosevelt,*	$2.24
The Great Adventure— *By Theodore Roosevelt,*	89c
A Book-Lover's Holiday in the Open— *By Theodore Roosevelt,*	$1.79
Through the Brazilian Wilderness— *By Theodore Roosevelt,*	$3.59

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street Rear.



Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Announce for Saturday, an Important

Sale of Fine
Switches & Transformations
Greatly Reduced

After inventory we find on hand a number of odd lots of fine switches and transformations. We have decided to close them out to-day at these reduced prices:

Formerly $8 .... Reduced to $6.00
Formerly $5 .... Reduced to $3.75

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC

Final Clearance

Infants' & Children's Coats

Sizes 1 to 12 years

50 Infants' and Children's Coats of Broadcloth, Velour, Velvet, and Peau de Gant, plain or Fur Trimmed.

Arranged in four groups

12.50, 18.50, 23.50, 30.00

FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

The Best Bank Account for Women

Business men say that the most profitable bank account as well as the most useful is the one upon which they may check at will and at the same time receive a liberal rate of interest. Such an interest return merely adds PROFIT and SATISFACTION to CONVENIENCE, which makes an ideal woman's bank account. It increases by so much your household budget.

If such an account has the approval of business men, it ought to be just as good for women.

FIFTH AVENUE OFFICE of the

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York

Capital $2,000,000 *Surplus* $4,000,000
60 Wall Street **716 Fifth Avenue**

The Public Forum
CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION
5th Ave. & 10th St.
Subject:
The Truth About the Milk Situation
Speakers:
MR. E. R. EASTMAN, General Manager of the Dairymen's League, and Editor of "The League News."
MR. H. J. KERSHAW, of the Executive Committee of the Dairymen's League.
Sunday, January 12th, at 8 P. M.
The Public Is Invited.

AGAIN ACCUSE HYLAN OF HEALTH POLITICS

Central Federated Union Denounces Secret Transfer of Industrial Hygiene Bureau.

RECALL COPELAND PROMISE

Health Commissioner Charged with Surreptitious Meddling with Work of Dr. L. J. Harris.

Mayor Hylan was accused of "renewing his attempt to throw the Department of Health into politics" by speakers last night at the meeting of the Central Federated Union, where a resolution was adopted protesting to Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland against what was termed his "secret and surreptitious" removal of the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, of which Dr. Louis I. Harris is Director. Rybicki, delegate of the Typographical Union; Fred Gaa, delegate of the Painters' Union, and Abraham Lefkowitz of the Teachers' Union, revealed that the recent action of Health Commissioner Copeland became known accidentally several days ago when, in the usual course of procedure, James J. Bagley, President of Franklin Union No. 23, addressed a complaint to Dr. Harris, who replied that he was unable to take care of the matter as he no longer had charge of the Division of Industrial Hygiene.

"Dr. Harris wrote to me that he would be glad to comply with my request, but he informed me that on Jan. 2, 1919, he received an order from Dr. Copeland removing the Division of Industrial Hygiene to his own office," said Mr. Bagley yesterday. "Dr. Harris also said he would transmit my letter to Dr. S. Dana Hubbard, who, in the future, in accordance with the order of Jan. 2, will assume the leadership in this work."

Mr. Ribicki notified the delegate of the Central Federated Union last night that the following letter had been delivered yesterday to Health Commissioner Copeland:

New York, Jan. 10, 1919.

Hon. R. S. Copeland, Commissioner of Health, New York City.

Dear Sir: Through official correspondence of President J. J. Bagley of Franklin Union No. 23, with the Director of the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, the undersigned learned with astonishment today that the Division of Industrial Hygiene has been withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, of which Dr. Louis I. Harris is the Director. As you probably know there is no activity of the government of the City of New York in which labor is so vitally interested as the competent conduct of the work of industrial hygiene. The efficient conduct of that work and its future development have held the promise of continually improving conditions of labor for the great mass of workers of this city.

For the past four years the city has enjoyed the great advantage of having the work of industrial hygiene carried on under the direction of Dr. Harris, who is recognized as one of America's foremost authorities in this field. We are totally unable, therefore, to conceive of any reason in the public interest which would justify the sudden withdrawal of this work from Dr. Harris's direction. Accordingly we respectfully protest against such withdrawal, and request that you give this matter further consideration and restore the Division of Industrial Hygiene to the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, where it may continue to have the experienced and qualified direction of Dr. Louis I. Harris.

Respectfully yours,

ROSE SCHNEIDERMAN, President Women's Trade Union League;
EDWARD C. RYBICKI, Delegate, Central Federated Union;
WILLIAM KOHN, Business Agent, Upholsterers' Union No. 44;
MAUD SWARTZ, Secretary Women's Trade Union League;
JAMES J. BAGLEY, President Franklin Union No. 23.

Mr. Rybicki, after recalling the efforts of organized labor in obtaining an appropriation for work in industrial hygiene and the things accomplished in labor sanitation, prevention of occupational diseases, and other accomplishments of the division under Dr. Harris, declared that "to tamper with the division would be a crime irreparable to the workers and the citizens of the city."

Charging Commissioner Copeland with inconsistency, Mr. Rybicki quoted promises made by the Health Commissioner in a public communication under date of Sept. 17, 1918.

"He said it was both unnecessary and reactionary to do away with the specialized service of the bureau directors and he proposed to enlarge their usefulness, influence, and real power," said Mr. Rybicki. The Health Commissioner also, according to Mr. Rybicki, said: "It is considered inadvisable to upset the specialized activities of the bureaus as constituted under the present organization of the department. The functional activities of the Department of Health are, generally speaking, well conducted and must not be disturbed. It would be most unfortunate to lose the expert oversight now exercised by the bureau directors."

"And this is the man who pretends to give you efficiency in health administration," declared Mr. Rybicki. "He says he recognizes the work of Dr. Harris and yet he takes from under his able supervision the most important function of his bureau."

"This is not an attack on Dr. Harris, but an attack on organized labor," was the declaration of Mr. Gaa. "They want to assassinate the division created for the benefit of organized labor. This protest is not against the removal of a man, but against the destruction of an organization in which labor is vitally interested. Not so long ago Dr. Copeland patted Dr. Harris on the shoulder and complimented him on his work, and said the citizens were indebted to him, and now he attempts to assassinate him in this underhand way, secretly and surreptitiously.

"This administration is hostile to organized labor, which helped to elect it. Mayor Hylan's first attack on the Board of Health was on the Bureau of Public Health Education, then on the Bureau of Child Hygiene, and now on the Bureau of Prevertable Diseases."

"There was no reason given for this surreptitious action," said Mr. Lefkowitz. "The man at the head of the city says he is a labor man, but if he had the interests of labor at heart he would never have permitted this action to take place without consulting those most affected by it, organized labor. Labor will suffer if this goes through. This is the second attack of Mayor Hylan on the integrity of the Health Department. We want the Mayor to understand that he cannot tamper with the health of the citizens of this city with impunity and for political advantage."

The resolution adopted last night read:

Resolved, That the Central Federated Union in meeting assembled respectfully and earnestly protests to the Commissioner of Health against the disturbance of the conduct of this branch of the work of the Department of Health as constituting a danger, not only to workers, but to the community as a whole, and that a committee of five be appointed to take such action as may be necessary jointly with other central bodies to exert every possible effort to prevent this unfortunate interference with an official who has won the confidence and respect of all those interested in the health protection of the public.

Dr. Harris was made head of the Division on Industrial Hygiene by former Health Commissioner S. S. Goldwater in March, 1915.

Asks Bill to Deport Teutons.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Legislation to authorize the deportation of Germans and other aliens, interned during the war, was asked today by Attorney General Gregory, who sent the draft of a bill to Representative Burnett, Chairman of the Immigration Committee. The latter at once introduced it in the House. Deportations would be on the warrant of the Secretary of Labor that the aliens were "undesirable residents because they had been ordered interned."

Church Notices on Page 19.

NO PAY FOR SOME TEACHERS

Education Department Short $500,000 for December Salary Checks.

A majority of the public school teachers of this city received checks yesterday for their salaries for December, but there was not enough money in the Education Department to meet all requirements, and so the Controller decided not to pay the teachers in fifty-seven of the schools.

The shortage is $500,000. It arises from the diverting from that purpose of $2,821,000 given to the New York schools by the State Commissioner of Education to the reduction of taxation. The school authorities brought the matter before the State Commissioner of Education for decision as to the right of the schools to this money, but before he could render the decision the case was taken out of his hands and carried into the courts, where it still is.

The Board of Education counted on this State appropriation in making up its pay rolls. With it there would be plenty to meet all the demands for December. When it was learned that the teachers of fifty-seven schools were not to be paid, the school authorities got busy and after an animated talk the Controller agreed to pay the salaries of the teachers on Monday, the $500,000 being obtained from some source.

SQUIER, AIR CHIEF, REPLIES TO CRITICS

Addressing Engineers' Institute, General Says America's Record Is World Marvel.

SPOKE BY BAKER'S ORDERS

200,000 Workers, Men and Women, He Says, Made Possible Achievements "Like a Fairy Tale."

Major General George O. Squier, Chief Signal Officer of the Army, in an address last night before the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, at the direction of Secretary Baker, summed up the work of the American army in aviation during the war as follows:

"It is believed that the major decisions which had to be made by those in authority were accurately made, and promptly executed, and that as a consequence the record of the United States Air Service during the war shows a creditable performance."

Elsewhere in his address General Squier said that, in looking back on the accomplishments in aviation in the United States during the war, it seemed to those who were in close contact with it "more like a fairy tale than the statement of hard facts, which it is in reality."

"On the face of things," he continued, "it certainly would seem to be the height of presumption to assume that this country, following its almost total neglect of aviation development in previous years, could hope to design, develop, and produce in unprecedented quantities an acceptable aircraft engine of greater power than had yet been evolved by any of the European nations, even under their spurs of governmental encouragement and tremendous war demands. Yet just that and nothing else was the only thing to do, and the story of its doing is one of the most brilliant chapters in the history of our country's part in the great war."

No direct reference was made by General Squier in his address to the aircraft report of Charles E. Hughes, submitted to the President and made public on Nov. 1, 1918. It was, however, considered by some of those who listened to him that the address of General Squier, in which he praised so highly the accomplishments in the field of aviation of the United States Army during the war, was the reply of Secretary of War Baker to the Hughes report. This impression was strengthened by the announcement that the address was delivered at the direction of Secretary Baker.

Fewest Fatalities in Training.

On the question of training fatalities General Squier said statistics showed that the United States has a lower percentage of fatalities than any other of the allied countries. During 1918, he added, more than 16,000 Liberty engines were produced, and when the armistice was signed the army had adopted four airplane types on which production was to have started in the calendar year.

One of the striking accomplishments of the United States, according to General Squier, was the development by the navy of the naval seaplane or flying boat NC-1. This plane has a wing span of 2,400 square feet, is equipped with three Liberty engines with tractor screws, and when fully loaded weighs 22,000 pounds. It is the largest seaplane in the world and on a recent test made a trip from Hampton, Va., to Rockaway Beach, N. Y., carrying fifty-one passengers.

After telling how the problems of obtaining spruce, linen, and castor beans were met, General Squier declared that behind the production figures of Nov. 11 there was mobilized in the United States an industrial army of about 300 concerns and corporations employing more than 200,000 men and women.

"One of the greatest scientific achievements of the present war from a technical standpoint is the production of helium gas in balloon quantities," he declared. "This gas is non-inflammable, and has about 92 per cent. of the buoyant effect of oxygen. Its pre-war scarcity may be appreciated from the fact that up to two years ago not more than 100 cubic feet ever had been obtained, and the usual selling price was about $1,700 a cubic foot."

Such success was achieved after experimenting with the production of helium, continued General Squier, that "at the cessation of hostilities there was compressed and on the dock and ready for floating 147,000 cubic feet of nearly pure helium, and plants were under construction to give at least 50,000 cubic feet a day at an estimated cost of not more than 10 cents a cubic foot."

He said that the production of a balloon gas that assures safety from fire opens up a new era for the dirigible balloon.

American Inventions Aid Flying.

The Science and Research Division of the Signal Corps at the time of the signing of the armistice had in progress sixty-four problems, he said. Among the work completed was the designing and development of a new and improved Venturi-Pilot tube for use in the determination of air speed.

There was also developed a new and improved compass, a new film camera, capable of taking 100 pictures without refilling; a new plate camera carrying fifty plates, to handle photographs to be made from airplanes showing enemy terrain; a leak-proof tank, which played an important part in the saving of the lives of aviators; a trench signaling lamp, a light signal capable of use in broad daylight from a distance of eighteen miles; a secret daylight signaling lamp, with a range of five miles, and a lamp which, with the aid of ultra-violet light, permitted secret signaling at night.

General Squier's address was followed by a presentation for the first time of a moving picture film entitled "The Wings of Victory." The film was a picture story of the development of aviation and the manufacture of aircraft.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

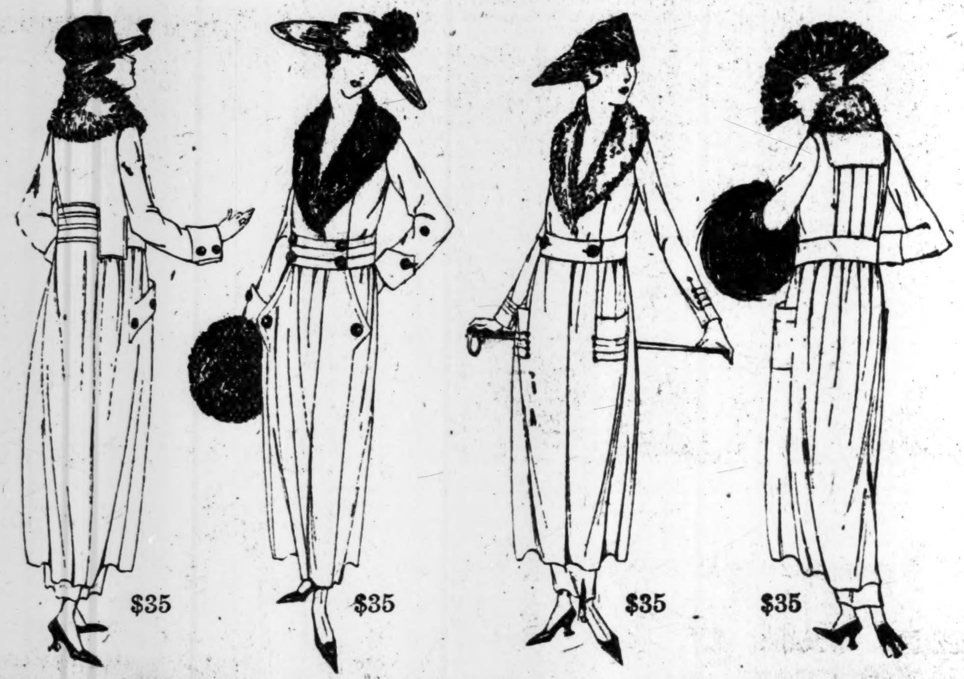
"In the Heart of New York"—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

The Smartest and Most Distinctive Styles in

Women's Fashionable Winter Coats

are offered today on the Fourth Floor, in a Very Special

Sale at $35



Stunning Loose Fitting and Distinctive Belted Coats, tailored according to our usual most exacting standard, in the materials of the hour—Soft Wool Velour, Beautifully Woven Bolivia Cloth, and Normandy. Four of a large collection of styles included are pictured above, with shawl collars of Natural Raccoon, Nutria or Sealine. Each coat beautifully lined with Peau de Cygne and warmly interlined.

At $35 they are entirely without competition

Beginning To-day!

The Important Mid-Winter

SALE Women's Pile Fabric Coats

They have all the beauty of the most expensive fur garments. Fashioned of Arcadian Lamb, Fur Moss, Baffin Seal, Sealskinette, Plush and Silk Velour de Nord.

Remarkably Priced

From $29.50 to $95

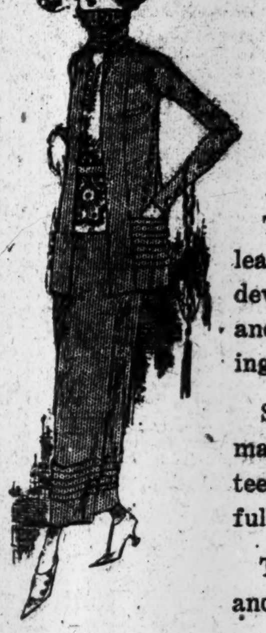
MEN'S

Warm Blanket Robes Saturday at $5.95

Considering the present scarcity of Blanket Cloths, these robes are unusually low priced. Tailored in coat model, with convertible collar and corded edges. *Fifth Floor.*

For Smart Debutantes—

Box Coat Tailleur Suits at $39.50, $45 and $59.50



One Style Pictured

The choicest models introduced by leading Paris and American couturiers, developed in fine quality Wool Velour and Duvet de Laine, with Cable Cording, and the new Chinese Braiding.

Some have dainty vestees of Self material or Moon Glow Silk. All just teem with originality and are beautifully tailored.

To be had in Taupe, Algerian, Navy and Black, Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Exceptional Value—

Misses' New Satin Frocks at $25

A decidedly youthful model, very suitable for Street and Afternoon wear, showing the new silhouette skirt shirred in at ankle, and demure, simple bodice with contrasting color Georgette Crepe at neck and cuffs. Sizes 14 to 18.

Illustrated

Misses' Winter Coats Greatly Reduced!

—the styles are among the most successful for immediate wear

Coats	Formerly $25.00	Now $15.75
Coats	Formerly $29.50	Now $19.75
Coats	Formerly $39.50	Now $25.00
Coats	Formerly $45.00	Now $29.50
Coats	Formerly $49.50	Now $35.00

Today Only!

Women's New Braid Trimmed Serge Frocks

Most Exceptional

at $15

Two distinct and very charming styles, tailored in Wool Serge of excellent quality.

One is in semi-tunic effect trimmed with Silk Braiding, showing the newest collar line. Sizes are 36 to 44.

The other model has the very modish narrow skirt, and is ideally suited to slight figures. Obtainable in sizes 34 to 38.

Navy Blue and Black only.

Women's Tailored Satin Frocks

Formerly $25

Reduced to $18.50

Becoming tailored Satin Frocks in Surplice Waist style with White Satin collar and tunic skirt. To be had in Black, Taupe, Navy Blue, and Wistaria. Sizes 34 to 44.

Priced for Immediate Disposal

Women's Wool Plaid Skirts

Regularly $19.75 to $22.75

Saturday at $14.75

Exclusive Box and Side Plaited models—none newer—tailored in All Wool Plaids, with wide straight belt. Splendid assortment of colorings.

Waistbands 25 to 36 inches. *Fourth Floor.*

Women's Smart Suits

Formerly $39.50 to $50

Reduced Saturday to $26

An opportunity to secure suits of this character at a substantial saving rarely occurs. The styles are in the new Straight Line, Dressy and Sports effects, fashioned of those materials now very much in favor for Mid-Winter wear.

Good selection of colors and sizes

None More Individual!

Ultra-Smart Box Coat Suits, Fur Trimmed, at $37.50

Tailored according to the very latest dictates of Fashion, as shown in advance Spring models. Developed in Superior quality Wool Velour, with large shawl or convertible collar of French Seal.

To-day, an Important Sale of

Fashionable Velvet Bags

Regularly $6.50

Special $3.50

Special $3.50

The newest shell frame Velvet Bags to be had, in full pouch style with tassel, as *pictured*. Fitted with purse and mirror. Frames are in Smoke color, Amber, Shell and Ivory. The bag itself may be had in colors to match the new wraps.

Today—A Remarkable

Sale of Boys' Winter Overcoats at $16.75

Which Is Much Below Their Actual Worth

Snappy, boyish models, tailored as only the finest ready-for-service coats are made, in overcoatings of dependable wearing quality. Well lined, assuring plenty of warmth on the coldest Winter day. Sizes 10 to 18 years. *Illustrated.*

Boys' Smart Overcoats at $11.75

Sizes 5 to 10 years. Cleverly styled in a variety of Novelty Overcoatings and warmly lined. Careful comparison will prove them to be without a worthy competitor.

Boys' Serviceable Overcoats at $9.75

For dress or school wear, in several highly individual models. Tailored in colorful overcoatings of excellent quality. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Boys' Fine Overcoats at $6.75

None Like Them Anywhere!

Smart Fancy Mixture Overcoats in spirited boyish models, very carefully tailored and warmly lined. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

A Man and a Maid

Maybe it's a matinee, perhaps it's a week-end shopping tour, but the luncheon plays a most important part in your day's program.

Our Restaurant serves many seasonable delicacies among its a la carte specialties and the Table d'Hote Luncheons at 49c and 62c are already attractive features of New York's Metropolitan life.

The following menu is typical of the high quality, well served food essential to our exacting standards.

Luncheon 62c
Served from 11:30 to 2 P.M.

Chicken Soup Creole or Cream of Corn

(Your choice of one dish)
Baked Sea Trout Biscayenne
Boiled Fresh Haddock, Parsley Sauce
Beef Pot Roast Parisienne
Fricasse of Lamb with Rice
Roast Fresh Ham Florentine
Assorted Cold Cuts
Chiffonade Salad
Vegetable Dinner

American Vanilla or Pistache ice cream with cake
Macy Cheese Cake

Tea, Coffee with milk, Buttermilk or Milk

A few of our A la Carte Specialties Served from 11:30 till closing:

Fried Lemon Sole, Tartar Sauce	44c
Chicken Patty with Fresh Mushrooms	56c
Roast Prime Ribs of Beef, Mashed Potatoes	52c
Frozen Parfait, Creme de Menthe	24c

An added attraction is the spacious dining room as light and airy as a sun parlor.

Macy's—Eighth Floor.

Unnecessary—

to be uncertain of train time when our Public Service Bureau can give you correct information regarding your trip. We arrange reservations, send telegrams by Western Union and transmit money by telegraph or cable.

A complete Post Office service is part of this department so convenient for our patrons.

War Savings Stamps sold and payment received on Liberty Bonds.

Theatre Seats at Box Office rates.

Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 34th Street.

Why Wait for Change?

Why carry your parcels from counter to counter? Why not use a Blue Card and pay for your purchases at one time when you receive them in one compact package at the Main Floor Desk?

Any salesperson will give you a Blue Card. Take this to each counter where you desire to purchase. You need not wait for the packing of your merchandise or for change. When through shopping present the Blue Card at the Superintendent's Desk on the main floor, centre. Pay the total of your purchases and receive your parcel.

Truly this is a time saving modern method of shopping.

DENY 8-CENT FARE TO TRANSIT LINES

If Interborough Cannot Fulfill Contract City Will Operate Roads, Says Report.

RISE IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Estimate Board So Decides Unanimously—Road Will Protect Rights in Court.

The Board of Estimate, sitting as a Committee of the Whole, reported unanimously yesterday to the Board of Estimate, sitting as itself, against the application of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for permission to charge an 8-cent fare on the subway and elevated lines and against the application of the New York Railways Company for permission to charge an 8-cent fare on the surface lines, with an extra 3-cent charge for a transfer. All the members were present, except Borough President Van Name of Richmond, who could not get across from Staten Island on account of the harbor strike.

The substance of the report is that, so far as the Interborough is concerned, if it cannot or will not carry out its contract with the city, operating at a 5-cent fare, the city will take over the lines and run them as a municipal organization. But, while the board will not grant 8-cent fares to the Interborough, the report stated that the city would be obliged to charge whatever fare might be necessary to pay expenses.

When operating expenses, wages, equipment, and material were low, one fare would be charged. When these items of expense were high, another fare, large enough to meet the expenses, would be charged. In other words, if the city takes over the properties, and operates them, the Board of Estimate would establish a sliding scale system of fares, such as they have in Boston and Cleveland, in neither of which cities has a 7-cent fare been sufficient to pay the running expenses.

In one paragraph near the end of the report some consideration is given to the stockholders—the owners of the property. To them the none too assuring assurance is made that, if the Interborough wishes to get out from under its contract, "terms doubtless can be agreed upon that will take into consideration the actual cash investment of the Interborough in the property and avoid the necessity of the complete wiping out of the equities of its security holders, which, otherwise, must inevitably result if the present claims of the Interborough are true."

Some of the stockholders who were present—it is known that there were at least three—seemed to think it was very good of the board to insert this crumb of comfort in the report.

The report, after quoting a clause of the Interborough's contract with the city to the effect that, during the life of the contract the lessee shall be entitled to charge only a 5-cent fare "upon the railroad and the existing railroads," states that there is a mistaken notion that the city under the contract, must guarantee a return to the Interborough which, in the case of deficiency of earnings, must be made good by the city. The report states that there is absolutely no foundation for any such statement or notion, any more than there is of another statement that, the report avers, has frequently appeared in the newspapers, to the effect that "the Interborough has something akin to a mortgage on the subway system."

On the contrary, the report states, the city, under the contract, makes no guarantee concerning the total amount of fares collected. Out of those fares, according to the report, the Interborough is entitled to make reductions to pay rentals, operating expenses, maintenance, depreciation, the so-called preferential of $6,335,000, and 6 per cent. on the Interborough's contribution to construction and equipment.

Out of these deductions from income, according to the report, the Interborough must take care of its outstanding securities. The holders of these securities bought no pig in a poke, according to the report, for they knew perfectly well that there was nothing back of the Interborough's securities except the income of the company produced from the collection of a 5-cent fare.

Then the report calls attention to the fact that, after the Interborough has made all the deductions to which it is entitled, the city may have a share in the 5-cent fares received to such an amount as will pay the sinking fund and interest requirements on its investment in the enterprise. What is left of the net revenue is divided equally between the city and the company. Under this arrangement, the report declares, the city's investment will be a total loss, presumably because the Board of Estimate cannot see any way by which the city, out of its equal division of net revenue, can ever realize enough to reimburse itself for the $100,000,000 or so which it has put into the enterprise. That must be taken care of, the report states, by each year's tax budget during the forty-nine years the contract has to run from the date it was executed. But in addition to that taxation, in the language of the report, "the public cannot be taxed to make good any losses that the Interborough may suffer now or hereafter."

State Constitution Quoted.

All the Interborough is sure of, under its contract with the city, according to the report, is what it can get from the five-cent fares. The lines and their equipment belong to the city, free and clear. The city, under the contract, so the report states, is entitled to have the company run the lines for the entire forty-nine years at a five-cent fare and no more.

"The whole investment of the Interborough secures this obligation," the report continues, and indeed the State Constitution prohibits the city authorities from granting to the company any increased compensation. The section referred to is Section 28 of Article III., which is quoted as follows:

"The Legislature shall not, nor shall the Common Council of any city, nor a Board of Supervisors grant any extra compensation to any public officer, servant, agent, or contractor."

After reciting that, although the contract with the city is the very foundation on which the Interborough's securities rest, the report says it is proposed "that the compensation of the Interborough be increased 60 per cent.—that is, that it be permitted to receive an eight-cent fare instead of a five-cent fare as provided in the contract. In other words, the municipal authorities are asked to sanction an arrangement whereby every farepayer is taxed 3 cents to prevent any loss whatever falling upon the Interborough security holders by reason of deficiency of income due to the war or other causes.

"There appears to be no reason why the burdens caused by the war or otherwise should thus be shifted from the holders of Interborough securities to the traveling public. There is no pretense that the income from a five-cent fare is not sufficient to meet all operating or other current expenses. It is merely the question of whether the Interborough's security holders shall receive income not earned, or whether they shall wait for it, according to the terms of their investment. Against such a proposition stand the contract obligations and the strongest principles of justice and equity.

"The terms of the present contract were exacted from the municipal authorities as a condition of obtaining any relief from the disgraceful and intolerable congestion under which the original subway lines were operated. Every page of the contract testifies to the grip in which the city was held by a power which would relinquish nothing except for further gain. The decency and self-respect of its citizens demanded relief and the municipal authorities agreed to pay the price exacted. They have paid the price, but the public has not obtained the relief. It may be that it is not within the power of a private operator to render the service which the self-respect of the community imperatively requires.

New Arrangement Suggested.

"If the contract is as unprofitable as claimed by the Interborough, it is to the interest of the public that it be terminated and a new arrangement made whereby adequate and proper service may be assured to the public and the cost of that service borne by those who enjoy its benefits.

"The operating companies have lost public confidence. Apparently they have lost the confidence of their security holders. The public is willing to pay for the service it receives, but it is unwilling to pay for that which is promised but never rendered. There is no reason to expect that the public would receive any benefit whatever from the payment of an 8-cent fare to the present operator, or to any private operator. If the Interborough abandons its contract obligations, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment is ready to undertake municipal operation and management. Under municipal operation fares would have to be adjusted to meet costs and raised or lowered from time to time as conditions require.

"The city's investment would become self-supporting. Heavy deficiencies for interest and sinking fund requirements would no longer have to be included in the annual tax rate. The tax rate would be reduced about twenty points. It is quite manifest that this cannot be done under existing contracts. All such talk is vain. The whole of any increased fare under the present contract would inure to the benefit of the operating company.

"If the Interborough is sincere in its claim that a five-cent fare is a losing venture, and that the existing contract is no longer profitable, a way can doubtless be found to terminate the contract. If the Interborough is unwilling to do this, nothing further should be said upon the subject of increased fares.

"If the Interborough desires to cancel the present contract terms can doubtless be agreed upon that will take into consideration the actual cash investment of the Interborough in the property, and avoid the necessity of the complete wiping out of the equities of its security holders, which otherwise must inevitably result, if the present claims of the Interborough are true.

"When the City of New York made the contract with the Interborough it was upon the assumption that the Interborough was of sufficient financial responsibility to perform its obligations, and would do so in good faith, giving to the public the benefit of the five-cent fare for the forty-nine-year period of the contract. It would be a matter of very serious concern to the members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment if the Interborough, either from unwillingness to perform its contract obligations or lack of financial responsibility, should, as has been threatened by its representatives, seek the advantages of a receivership."

Nobody at the Interborough offices had any comment to make after the report had been made public. President Shonts left for the day early, and so did James L. Quackenbush, the company's general counsel. It was said, though, that the company does not by any means consider the case disposed of by this report. It was said by a person usually well informed on Interborough matters that the company has equities in the case which nobody could take away and that these would be protected by legal means.

Slight Fall in Stocks.

The report made little impression on the Stock Exchange. During the day 2,900 shares of Interborough Consolidated common (the holding company) were traded in and 1,600 of the preferred. The common showed a net loss on the day of ⅜ and the preferred of ½.

Robert P. Dowling, one of the big real estate operators of the city, sent a request to the Mayor, before the meeting of the Board of Estimate, asking that he be given an opportunity to be heard on the traction question; but said that another engagement with the Milk Arbitration Board made it impossible to be at the City Hall when the board met. He asked, therefore, that the making of the report be deferred.

The board received a communication from the Public Service Commission referring to the laying off of 323 of the commission's employes, because there was no money to pay them, and asking that the board give immediate consideration to an appropriation supplemental to that already asked for. The communication stated that the commission had affirmative duties imposed upon it by law, but it could not discharge those duties without the needed money. The communication and one from the discharged employes were referred to the Committee on Finance and Budget.

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, was not at the B. R. T. Building, Clinton and Remsen Streets, Brooklyn, at all yesterday. He had to practice law for his own account here in the morning and in the afternoon he was called to Washington on private legal business. He will be at the receiver's office on Monday morning.

DR. McLEOD SEEKS SON.

Offers $1,000 Reward for News of Soldier Missing Since June 27.

The Rev. Dr. Malcolm J. MacLeod, pastor of the Church of St. Nicholas, at Central Park West and Eighty-fourth Street, has offered a reward of $1,000 for information leading to the finding of his son, Private Henry Blakeley MacLeod of Co. M, 49th Infantry, who disappeared on June 27 from Camp Merritt, N. J. A search by the military authorities and the Secret Service here and by General Pershing in France has developed no clue to the fate of the young soldier. He had received a certain sum of money from his parents the day previous to his disappearance, and they fear he may have been the victim of a robbery.

Private MacLeod was a Princeton freshman, 19 years old, when he enlisted on March 6. He was anxious to get in the fighting in France, and had expressed his disappointment because his unit was ordered to Camp Upton instead for service overseas. His friends think there is a possibility that he may have carried out his determination to reach the battle zone by enlisting in some other unit under an assumed name.

WAR RISK BUREAU INQUIRY IS HALTED

New Chief Asks House Committee for Chance to Show What He Can Do.

BAKER EXPLAINS PAY DELAY

Tells of tthe Circumstances That Caused It and the Remedial Measures Taken.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Colonel Henry D. Lindsley, Chairman of the War Risk Bureau, who appeared before the House Rules Committee today, made such a satisfactory explanation of the conditions existing in his bureau that the committee declined to act upon the resolution offered by Representative L. T. McFadden of Pennsylvania calling for an investigation into the bureau, which has been severely criticised in Congress for many weeks.

Representative McFadden reviewed the flagrant defects, the delays in making allotments, and the failure to provide the promised insurance for the returned soldiers. His speech was a strong indictment of the bureau.

Colonel Lindsley, who has recently assumed direction of the bureau, frankly admitted that conditions were as described an dpromised co-operation if an investigation was ordered. He said, however, that an investigation would tend to delay him in the reforms that he had started and asked that a reasonable opportunity be given to him to satisfy Congress.

While the committee took no action as a result of his plea, it is understood that the inquiry will be ordered within the next month if the reforms are not forthcoming.

Representative E. W. Pou, Chairman of the committee, acting for his colleagues, issued a statement after the hearing. This said in part:

"Colonel Henry D. Lindsley appeared before the Rules Committee of the House this morning. It appears that he has gone vigorously to work to remedy admitted defects in administration. Soldiers and sailors who have been insured by the Government under no circumstance should drop this insurance.

"Colonel Lindsley stated that probably within the next thirty days announcement would be made of six different forms of policies soldiers and sailors could collect from. Among these will be continuous life, twenty-year payment life, and other forms of old-line insurance. Full publicity will be given to the different kinds of insurance soldiers and sailors will be permitted to take out. The rate will be lower considerably than the rate required by old-line companies.

"A great many inquiries have been made by beneficiaries concerning the policy itself. Even soldiers and sailors have been uncertain just what sort of a paper they would have showing that they were insured by the Government. This was another matter cleared up by Colonel Lindsley. He informed the committee that certificates were being sent out as rapidly as possible. Later on these certificates can be surrendered and a policy substituted therefor.

"Therefore, I would like to emphasize the suggestion that the men in the service under no circumstances should become discouraged and allow any part of their insurance to lapse.

Biggest Insurance Company.

"The United States Government is now the biggest insurance company in the world. Colonel Lindsley stated that the Government had agreed to carry $37,000,000,000 of insurance. All of the insurance companies in the United States at the present time are carrying only $21,000,000,000. The insurance law passed by Congress is believed to be the most beneficent measure for the protection of soldiers and sailors ever adopted by any country. There will be no risk whatever concerning the investment. It will be the best investment of the kind any one could possibly make, and will, of course, grow in value as time passes."

While the hearing was in progress, Representative James R. Mann, Republican leader, read a letter in the House from Secretary of War Baker which, in effect, denied that there had been any unnecessary delays in the payment of allotments. In this letter, which was in reply to one sent him by Mr. Mann, the Secretary said, in part:

"With respect to the matter of allotments, I wish to state that the War Department has jurisdiction only in cases where the allotments do not carry family allowances, and that those which do carry family allowances come within the jurisdiction of and are paid by the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, Treasury Department.

"With reference to the men who remained in the United States I wish to state that during the last year the troops at the large camps and cantonments have been paid their monthly pay in full at an average on the fifth day of the month. In many instances payment at these camps, each containing from 40,000 to 60,000 men, has been completed on the last day of the month in which the pay accrued, and in a great many cases payment has been fully made on the first day of the succeeding month.

"With respect to the troops overseas, payment has not been made as promptly as has been the case of men who remained in the United States, and it is known that a great many of the sick and wounded who are being returned from overseas, and of whom I shall speak later in this letter, are several months in arrears in their pay.

"It is to be borne in mind that from July to November of last year the overseas troops were actually in the fighting line, and I think that any delay in their payment can properly be attributed to the conditions of their service rather than to any lack of effort on the part of the authorities of the American Expeditionary Forces.

"It requires no stretch of imagination to realize the vast difference between paying troops which are in camps or cantonments and paying troops which are in actual action along a wide battlefront and operating under conditions of an intensive offensive campaign.

In Aid of Crippled Italian Soldiers.

A meeting of the American Committee in aid of the Italian soldiers crippled in the war will be held in the ballroom of the Colony Club tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, through the courtesy of Mrs. Jonathan Buckley, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. George L. Nichols, and Mrs. Arthur L. Scribner. Addresses will be given by Captain Piero Tozzi of the Royal Italian Military Mission and other officers. Professor Alessandro Oldrini is to preside.

Church Notices on Page 19.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 11TH 34th Street

Phenomenal Sale

WINTER OVERCOATS

Priced for Immediate Disposal

—For Men —For Young Men
—For Youths —For Boys

Overcoats

For Men and Young Men

$24.50
formerly
$30.00, 35.00, 38.00, 40.00

$35.00
formerly
$45.00, 48.00, 50.00, 55.00

The assortment embraces every desirable model, including **Storm Ulsters, Town Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Chesterfields, Slip-ons, Single and Double Breasted Form-Fitting Dress Overcoats**; tailored of finest Imported and Domestic Fabrics; an enormous variety of handsome patterns; mostly quarter-silk or satin-trimmed; size 33 to 50.

Youths' Overcoats

$14.50
formerly
$18.75, 22.75, 25.00 and 28.50

Smart Overcoats, taken from regular stock and marked for immediate clearance; tailored of unusually warm Fabrics; a large variety of attractive patterns; convertible collar model with belt in back; size 11 to 18 years.

Boys' Overcoats

$10.00
formerly
$15.00, 18.00 and 20.00

Entire stock of Boys' Winter Overcoats at a price that offers unusual savings; tailored of extra warm Materials; button-to-the-neck or convertible collar models; many woollined; some with belt in back, others plain; size 2½ to 10 years.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue 34th Street

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 11TH

MEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS

At Decided Price Savings

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats,—lined with Black Dogskin; suitable for automobile wear. 55.00 formerly 75.00

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats of Gray Cloth; lined with Northern Muskrat; collar of Hudson Seal. 75.00 formerly 110.00

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats of Brown, Black or Oxford Cloth; lined with Northern Muskrat skins; collar of Otter, Beaver or Hudson Seal. 110.00 formerly 135.00

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats of Brown, Oxford or Black Cloth, lined with natural dark Muskrat or Marmot; choice of Beaver, Hudson Seal or Otter collar. 125.00 formerly 165.00

Special Purchase and Sale

FUR FOOT MUFFS

12.50

regularly 25.00 to 50.00

Including Bearskin, Deerskin, Tiger and Ponyskin lined with sheepskin.

FUR DEPARTMENT—FOURTH FLOOR

Gidding

PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE

Evening Gowns
Day Dresses---Luxurious Wraps
Suits---Coats
AND
Millinery

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Entire Stock of Luxurious Furs
Reduced to Clearance Prices

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

January Sale of Books

Special 35c Each
3 for $1.00

An After Holiday Clearance of a Publisher's Overstock of Fiction by popular authors. Volumes new and fresh give everyone a splendid chance to provide, at little cost, Long Winter Nights' Entertainment, not only for himself, but for Soldiers Overseas or in Hospital.

A Few of Many Tempting Titles:

Hollow of Her Hand — *Geo. Barr McCutcheon*
Hoosier Chronicle — *Meredith Nicholson*
Kick-In — *Willard Mack*
V. V.'s Eyes — *Henry S. Harrison*
White Prophet — *Hall Caine*
Moccasins of Gold — *Norman Way*
Sinners — *Owen Davis*
Strange Case of Mary Page — *Frederick Lewis*
Affair of Dishonor — *William de Morgan*
The Bachelors — *William Dana Orcutt*
Clay and Rainbows — *D. Clayton Calthrop*
Diamond Cut Diamond — *Jane Bunker*
The Grey Cloak — *Harold MacGrath*
Hagar — *Mary Johnston*
Harbor of Doubt — *Frank Williams*
How It Happened — *Kate Langley Bosher*
Into the Night — *Francis Nimmo Greene*
It Never Can Happen Again — *Wm. de Morgan*
Joan Thursday — *Louis Joseph Vance*
Love Insurance — *Earle Derr Biggers*
Man of Iron — *Richard Dehan*
Mary Midthorne — *George Barr McCutcheon*
On Trial — *Reizenstein-Torbett*
Perfect Lady — *Joseph Boardman*
Ragged Messenger — *W. B. Maxwell*
Salomy Jane's Kiss — *Bret Harte*
Silver Sandals — *Clinton H. Stagg*
The Witch — *Mary Johnston*
One Way Out — *William Carleton*
Bruvver Jim's Baby — *P. V. Mighels*
Rose of Old St. Louis — *Mary Dillon*
Under the Crescent — *Nell Shipman*
Emily Fox-Seaton — *Frances H. Burnett*
Half a Chance — *Frederick Isham*
High Hand — *Jacques Futrelle*

Important

Only a few of each title!
No Mail or Telephone orders filled!
The Sale also includes a quantity of Soiled or Hurt Books at Special Prices.

GIMBELS BOOK STORE—Main Floor

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

GERHARD & HEY, INC.
NEW YORK CITY,

Freight Forwarders.

1000 Shares (being the entire issue) of the Capital Stock of Gerhard & Hey, Inc., together with all the property, real and personal, owned by the copartnership formerly doing business in New York City under the name of Gerhard & Hey

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale in one parcel to the highest bidder, at public sale, in the main office of Gerhard & Hey, Inc., 21 State Street, New York City, at eleven o'clock A. M. on Monday, the 27th day of January, 1919, 1,000 shares (being the entire issue) of the capital stock of Gerhard & Hey, Inc., a corporation organized and exsisting under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, together with every right, title and claim to the property, real and personal, owned by the copartnership heretofore doing business in said City of New York, at said office, under the firm name of Gerhard & Hey.

Full description of and information concerning the above property, and the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, may be obtained by application to

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES,
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A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.

REED AND BECKER CLASH ON HEARST

Senator Shows New York Official Had Reformed Convict as One Investigator.

BAFF AND BOLO CASES UP

Witness Withholds Letters at Jusserand's Request—Von Mach Is Rebuked on Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Senator Reed of Missouri resumed his cross-examination today of Alfred L. Becker, Deputy Attorney General of New York, and for about five hours sought to prove that William Randolph Hearst had been unjustly accused of pro-German activities, particularly in the case of Bolo Pacha, the French adventurer, who was executed for treason.

The Senator succeeded in getting into the record that Philip M. Musica, who is employed by the Attorney General of New York as an investigator, pleaded guilty to grand larceny several years ago and was liberated under a suspended sentence. Mr. Becker countered by proving that before entering the employ of the State Mr. Musica was employed by District Attorneys Whitman, James A. Perkins, and Edward Swann, and that he entered the State's service as the result of a recommendation from Mr. Swann's office.

"I have watched the conduct of Musica since he came to my office," said Mr. Becker, "and as a result of my acquaintance with him I have been convinced that there is such a thing as reform. I know his past, and I know how hard he had worked to make good, and I stand by him. I am his friend, and I shall continue to be."

The main purpose of bringing Musica's past into the case was to try to prove that it was he who got the affidavits which alleged that the makers, who were chauffeurs, bellmen, &c., had seen Bolo Pacha and Bernstorff enter the home of Mr. Hearst. These affidavits were made public by ex-Attorney General Lewis in the Republican primary campaign last year. The second purpose was to show that Joseph Cohen, now in the death house at Sing Sing, was convicted as the result of a conspiracy which Senator Reed intimated was entered into by Musica, Becker, and other persons.

Prior to the cross-examination of Mr. Becker by Senator Reed, Dr. Edmund von Mach completed his testimony. He was subjected to a heavy cross-fire of questions. At various times he referred to the Constitution of the United States as standing for this and forbidding that course of procedure on the part of the authorities.

Dr. von Mach Rebuked.

"You have a very unfortunate habit," said Senator Sterling, "of citing the Constitution as justification for everything pro-German."

"The trouble is," added Senator Nelson, "that you are one of those who think an appeal should lie from the Supreme Court of the United States to the Kaiser."

Dr. von Mach said that Colonel Roosevelt had approved as fair one of his books on the war. He further referred to a letter which Colonel Roosevelt wrote a month before his death to Rider Haggard, the English author, in which the Colonel said he never wanted to hear from another Englishman except a certain one whose name was deleted when the letter was published. Von Mach suggested that the reason Colonel Roosevelt did not want to hear from any more Englishmen was due to the activities of the British Secret Service.

"I think, Dr. von Mach," said Senator Sterling, "that that is a very fair example of the way you have distorted facts regarding England's attitude and position all through this war. The improper inference you draw from that letter of Colonel Roosevelt is a fair example of the distortions you have made."

"Is it not a fact," asked Senator Nelson, "that it is because the British Secret Service has kept its eye on you that you are objecting, and don't you think it watched you because you are pounding England so much? Are you caught in the tentacles of that Secret Service?"

"They would like nothing better than to squeeze the life out of me," replied the professor.

The Roosevelt letter to H. Rider Haggard was published in The Philadelphia Public Ledger of Jan. 8 in a cable dispatch quoting it from The London Times. The letter follows:

New York, Dec. 6.

My Dear Rider Haggard:

In a moment of pessimism the other day I said I never wished to hear from any Englishman excepting (——,) but that was because I had forgotten you.

I doubt if I ever again will go back into public place. I have had to go into too much and too bitter truth telling. Like you, I am not at all sure of the future. I hope that Germany has suffered a change of heart, but I am anything but certain. I don't put much faith in the League of Nations or any corresponding universal cure-all.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Mr. Haggard, in sending a copy of the letter to The London Times, says:

"I take this responsibility [publication of the letter] because I know that the great good man in whom the world has lost one of its purest and most intrepid spirits would wish his view put on record in this time of crisis."

Dr. von Mach produced a letter written to him in November, 1914, by Garet Garrett, the present managing editor of The New York Tribune, who was then with Everybody's Magazine, in which Mr. Garrett asked Dr. von Mach to write for the magazine an article "which shall be an indictment of England, written out of the deep of German feeling."

Garrett's Offer to von Mach.

The witness read the letter, as follows:

"Everybody's Magazine,
"Spring and Macdougal Streets.
"New York, Nov. 11, 1914.
"Editorial Offices.

"Professor Edmund von Mach, 48 Shepard Street, Cambridge, Mass.

"Dear Dr. von Mach: Everybody's Magazine wishes to undertake an experiment in emotional understanding. It requires an article—a short one, say, 1,500 words—which shall be an indictment of England, written out of the deep of German feeling, and provided only that it is done by some one like yourself who is big enough to assume the moral responsibility. It may be as harsh, as bitter, and as unrestrained by affectations of neutrality as the writer likes to make it.

"That is to say, it shall be not a defense of German policy, nor a discussion of the historical, political, and social causes of the war, but a human indictment of England; for more and more we see, or think we see, that fundamentally this struggle lies between England and Germany. The people in this country are not as much interested as they perhaps ought to be in the facts of historical evidence, but they respond to the facts of human feeling with which they are supplied from the other side by English writers—e. g., Chesterton, Shaw, Begbie, and others. And in our judgment, the sentiment created by their human and emotional indictment of Germany is not effectively counteracted by the scholarly arguments that are coming from the German side. It must be met by the counterindictment. So we think.

"How does the German visualize the Britisher? I think I know. If I were writing the indictment, I should say that to the German the Britisher is the colossal hypocrite of the world; that he affects to disbelieve in militarism, and seeks to impose himself upon the world by his naval supremacy; that, as Cramb says, he goes about saying 'Let us keep the peace for the sake of God and because it pays'; that he has purloined his empire and that he no more entered this war because Germany violated Belgian neutrality than because Prussia may not have played fair with the Empress Maria Theresa, but because every trade report for twenty years had been a cause for war with Germany, and that he is the smuggest creation of God. The accuracy or inaccuracy of this indictment, as Cramb thought, may be determined in the queness of time; the important fact for the present is that the German believes it—if he really does.

Not to Incite Hatred.

"It is furthest from our purpose to stimulate racial hatred. But you cannot understand Germany without knowing the England of its imagination, any more than you can understand England without knowing the Germany of its imagination. The Germany of England's imagination is well known to us. The other is not. And that is what we want to show. Will you do such an article for us? We wish to have it for the number of the magazine that closes at the end of next week. That will require haste. But it is an easy thing to write from feeling. It comes to you at once.

"If you can do it will you be so good as to answer at once? We should leave the remuneration to you. Yours very truly,
GARET GARRETT."

Dr. von Mach answered as follows:

"Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 12, 1914.

"Dear Mr. Garrett:

"I have given your offer serious consideration. Such an article can be valuable only if it expresses the honest convictions of a man, as well in style and form as in thought. I believe too firmly that intemperate speech has been a strong contributory cause of the war to yield to the temptation of putting into catch phrases my very strong feelings. However wrong England is today, some day the Germans and the English will have to face the world again as brethren, and I do not wish to make the task of readjustment more difficult then.

"I believe, on the other hand, that a story can be made out to appeal to the emotions of the readers, and if you care to have me undertake the task in my own way I shall be glad to do it, or, better, to try it.

"I shall spend Saturday forenoon with Mr. Roosevelt in Oyster Bay, and expect to call on Dr. Dernburg at the Ritz-Carlton in the afternoon. If you care to leave word for me there, I shall doubtless get it. But a letter to me here will be quite enough, because I could not begin the article before Monday.

"I greatly appreciate your offer, and am, very sincerely yours,
"EDMUND VON MACH."

The letters in the case of Senator Humbert were not produced by Mr. Becker, who read a cablegram from Ambassador Jusserand, who is in Paris, asking that all matters pertaining to Humbert, whose trial is pending, be kept off the records. Senator Reed tried to get the committee to order the letters in, but did not succeed.

The Senator read an article from the New York Tribune which referred to a visit that Dr. William Bayard Hale made to the Eastern front when in Germany as the representative of the Hearst papers.

Witness Stirred to Anger.

The name Johnson appeared in the Tribune article, and this proved to be the reason for reading the article into the evidence.

"Is the real name of this man Johnson Musica?" Senator Reed demanded.

"I decline to answer that question," Mr. Becker replied hotly.

Reed and Becker glared at each other. Several Hearst representatives were in the room, among them William A. De Ford, Mr. Hearst's New York counsel; John T. Graves of the Washington staff of The American, and Mr. MacFarlan of Boston. A stout man with a black mustache several times carried written messages to Senator Reed.

"If this man Musica, alias Johnson, is a convict and a notorious criminal, it bears on every phase of this question," shouted Senator Reed.

Senator Reed asked what Musica's pay was.

Mr. Becker replied that at first it had been $25 a day, which included expenses; subsequently it was made $20, not including expenses.

"Was it not the theory of this man Musica," asked Senator Reed, "in the Baff case that it was not the defendant Archielo Ferrari, who had confessed, but a man named Joseph Cohen who was the real murderer and Cohen was convicted and is now under sentence of death—is that true?"

"The theory that Cohen was the man was proved, Ferrari still stands convicted as one of the murderers, and Archielo was given a new trial," replied Mr. Becker.

Senator Reed entered upon a long series of questions about the Baff case, and finally said:

"So the interesting situation develops that Musica was the desk mate of Duel. Duel was the attorney for a convicted murderer. Musica was in close touch with Cardinale, the witness who was to put the blame on Cohen. Duel went to Governor Whitman and succeeded in getting the case transferred to you, and you and Musica succeeded in getting Cohen convicted and Mr. Duel's client went scot free."

"That is about 50 per cent. right," Mr. Becker replied.

Senator Reed took up the affidavits published in the Republican primary campaign, which alleged that Bola and Bernstorff had been visitors at Hearst's apartments.

Helped in Humbert Case.

Mr. Becker admitted that Musica had a part in obtaining the affidavits, and had helped in getting certain information for the French Government in the Humbert case, now pending.

"Did you mean in your previous testimony to give the impression that Mr. Hearst had agreed or had been a party to an arrangement for carrying on a defeatist propaganda in France?" the Senator asked.

"I said at that time that the burden of proof as to that theory had never been sustained."

"The only evidence you cited to back that up was an article laudatory of Mr. Hearst, which appeared in the Paris Journal?"

"Not that at all. My opinion was asked by the committee, and my answer was that the burden of proof did not sustain the charge. I was asked the question and tried to answer."

Senator Humbert's Letter.

Mr. Becker translated in part as follows the letter that Senator Humbert is said to have written to Bolo:

"There is one point [wrote Senator Humbert] as to which I want, however, to draw particularly your attention. That is the article on Hearst, concerning which I had the loyalty, perhaps excessive, of writing that it had been published by my responsibility and in agreement with me. If I had held myself to a more scrupulous exactitude I should have said, in effect, that that article was provoked by you upon your return from America, and first drafted by you in an unacceptable form which would have engaged the Paris Journal upon a most dangerous road.

"Events soon proceeded to teach us that, intentionally or not, you had deceived me, and how, when a second time you came again to the charge, for the purpose of associating me with this same Hearst in telegraphic combinations of a suspicious character, I categorically refused, in a letter which you have, and, like me, no doubt preserved the trace."

Mr. Becker was still under cross-examination when the committee adjourned until tomorrow.

ADVERTISEMENT.

National League for Woman's Service

Annual Meeting

Thursday, January 16th,

Music Room, Hotel Biltmore

Morning Session—10:30.

Luncheon — 1:00 o'clock—$2.50 per plate. Speakers of national prominence. Luncheon reservations must be made through League Headquarters, 257 Madison Avenue, by Monday, January 13th.

Afternoon Session—2:30.

All Members of National League for Woman's Service Cordially Invited.

The Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT will speak on THEODORE ROOSEVELT at the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and 10th Street, at tomorrow's (Sunday) morning service, 11 o'clock.

EXPLAINS VON MACH LETTER.

Garrett Says He Sought Article Under Instructions.

At the offices of Everybody's Magazine it was said yesterday afternoon that an article which Dr. von Mach was asked to write was to be part of a symposium which, so far as the editors knew, never appeared.

"I was never editor of Everybody's Magazine," said Garet Garrett of The New York Tribune. "The editor in 1914 was Erman J. Ridgway. It was Mr. Ridgway's idea that we should get both sides of the case stated in the most radical manner possible, and that we should get the highest available authority on each side to do it.

"Mr. Ridgway asked me to do this. My recollection is that we asked Dernburg to do the German side because he was recognized as the Kaiser's spokesman in this country. He wrote an article which was unavailable, as it turned out to be a kind of heavy German propaganda; and then we asked Dr. von Mach.

"Nothing came of it, because, as I remember, we could not get the English side stated in a way to balance the German. I do not know what Mr. Ridgway's personal feelings were toward either England or Germany. My recollection is that Everybody's Magazine at that time had no policy. My own feelings—if that is of interest—were then, and now are ardently friendly to Great Britain."

Engagements.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Bishop of Brooklyn announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Evelyn Bishop, to Percival D. Nash of Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Glover of Massapequa, L. I., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Pearle Grace Glover, to George Howard Ashdown of Amityville, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis G. Lauber of Englewood, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gladys Elaine Lauber, to Henry George Mauss of New York.

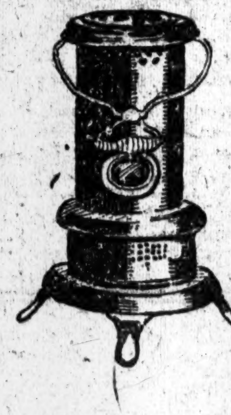
Church Notices on Page 19.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Oil Heaters

For Cold Morninge



We have a fine collection of heating appliances that can be used in any room in the house. They are remarkably low priced.

"New Process" Oil Heater, Japan trimmings, steel tank, bail handle, height 25 inches, special at............$5.25

"Alumino" Oil Heater for heating large rooms. Heats in the coldest weather. Japan trimming, at........$7.50

Same size, nickel trimmings, at..................$8.25

"Hotpoint" Electric Hedlite Heater for warming small rooms, bath rooms, etc., also for drying hair after shampooing; portable design, at........................$10.00

Seventh Floor

Lord & Taylor

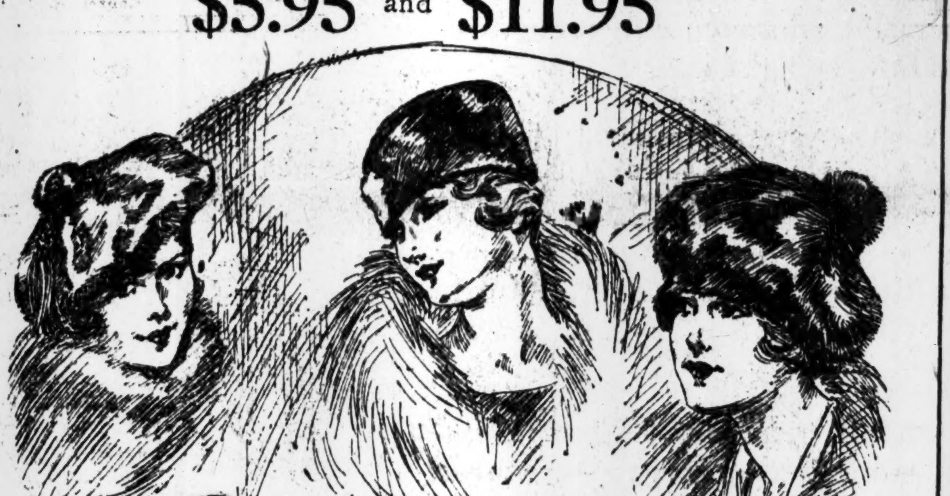
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Second Day of the Great Sale

Women's Smart Fur Hats

Extremely Smart and New Tam o'Shanters—Russian Turbans—Tricornes—Rolling Sailors—divided into two groups as follows:

$5.95 and **$11.95**



Real Siberian Squirrel—real Sable Squirrel—real Moleskin—real Nutria—genuine Hudson Seal (dyed Muskrat) with Squirrel, Kolinsky or Nutria—French Seal (dyed Coney)—Moline (dyed Coney).

None C. O. D. No Approvals. No Exchanges.

Fourth Floor

For Special Selling—Today

Women's Winter Coats

Handsome Fur Collared Models

$22.75 and **$29.50**

Coats made to sell at much higher prices, but secured at concessions that enable us to feature them at about actual cost of material and making.

Models on extremely smart new lines, developed in choice shades, are in Velour Cloths, Wool Burella, Cambridge Silvertone Mixtures.

Deep muffler and large shawl collars of such furs as—

Taupe Nutria
French Seal (dyed coney)

Every garment warmly interlined and lined.

Third Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Interest In Fine Suits Stirred Among Men of All Ages By Semi-Annual Reduction

Brisk, busy, but different from ordinary Clothing Sales, is the big semi-annual event now in progress.

We do not buy cheap clothes for sale purposes, but twice a year--in January and July--we do radically reduce prices on all our Men's Suits, except evening dress.

This Time We Reduced A Splendid $40,000 Stock

Finely tailored, correctly cut suits, made of all-wool fabrics, medium and heavier weights. A model for every type of figure.

Gratifying it is that our customers are men who dress well--not bargain grabbers, but discriminating men who thoroughly appreciate what this opportunity means.

Prices: $23.75—$28.75—$32.75—$36.75—$43.75

Men's Shop—Fourth Floor

Men's Winter Boots

of the Finest Makes and Leathers. Boots that fit comfortably and that will give absolute satisfaction in their wearing qualities.

At Especially Low Prices

Men's Heavy Winter Shoes of tan grain leather, Blucher style; Damp-proof Soles, **$7.85**

Men's Cordovan Shoes in rich shades of dark Cordovan leather..............**$9.75**

Men's Dark Tan or Black Calfskin Laced Shoes..........................**$6.75**

Fourth Floor

Continuing Today in the

40TH ANNIVERSARY SALES

Men's Overcoats & Suits

Reduced from $32.50 and $34.50 to

28.50

Made in Our Own Shops

THE garments offered you here are the product of Best & Co.'s own organization. They are tailored in the custom way from all-wool fabrics. Their original prices were lower by $5 to $7.50 than similar garments are sold for in other good stores. The assortments are excellent, every suit and overcoat fresh from our shops—many of them within the fortnight. Included are models for men, young men and students, *in sizes 33 to 44 and ages 13 to 20 years.* It will pay to buy now.

Special Men's Shoes

7.00

Regular 9.00 and 10.00 Grades

Solid leather, tan, brown and black calf

1879 **Best & Co.** 1919

Men's Shop—Fifth Floor **Entrance—1 West 35th St.**

RICKENBACKER WON 26 AIR VICTORIES

Was the Premier "Ace" in the American Army When the Fighting Stopped.

LIEUT. FRANK LUKE SECOND

And Lufbery Third, with 17 Enemy Machines to His Credit—63 "Aces" in Our Army Abroad.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Captain Edward V. Rickenbacker of Columbus, Ohio, famous as an automobile driver, was the premier "Ace" of the American air force in France, having twenty-six enemy planes to his credit. An official report received today at the War Department showed that there were sixty-three "Aces"—men who had downed five or more enemy machines—in the American Army when hostilities ceased.

First Lieutenant Frank Luke, Jr., of Phoenix, Ariz., who was killed in action, was second on the list of "Aces," with eighteen victories to his credit, and Major Victor Raoul Lufbery of Wallingford, Conn., also killed in action, was third with seventeen victories. Before joining the American Army Major Lufbery was a member of the Lafayette Escadrille.

Captain Reed G. Landis of Chicago and First Lieutenant David E. Putnam of Brookline, Mass., who was killed in action, had twelve victories each. The other "Aces," with the number of victories credited to each, follow:

KINLEY, First Lieut. FIELDS, Gravette, Ark., 10.
VAUGHN, First Lieut. G. A., Jr., 441 Washington Av., Brooklyn, 10.
SWAAB, First Lieut. J. M., Philadelphia, 10.
CASSADY, First Lieut. T. G., 9.
WRIGHT, First Lieut. C. E., Cambridge, Mass., 9.
ERWIN, First Lieut. W P., Chicago, 9.
SPRINGS, Capt. E. W., Lancaster, Penn., 9.
CLAY, First Lieut. H. R., Jr., Fort Worth, Texas, 8.
MEISSNER, Major J. A., 45 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, N. Y., 8.
COOLIDGE, Capt. HAMILTON, (deceased,) Boston, Mass., 8.
LARNER, Capt. G. De F., Washington, D. C., 8.
BAER, First Lieut. P. F., Fort Wayne, Ind., 8.
HUNTER, First Lieut. F. O. D., Savannah, Ga., 8.
WHITE, First Lieut. W. W., 541 Lexington Av., New York City, 8.
JONES, Second Lieut. CLINTON, San Francisco, Cal., 8.
CHAMBERS, Capt. R. M., Memphis, Tenn., 7.
COOK, First Lieut. HARVEY, Toledo, Ohio, 7.
HOLDEN, First Lieut. L. C., 103 Park Av., New York, 7.
SCHOEN, First Lieut. K. H., (deceased,) Indianapolis, Ind., 7.
ROBERTSON, First Lieut. W. A., Fort Smith, Ark., 7.
RUMMELL, First Lieut. L. J., 798 South 11th St., Newark, N. J., 7.
HAMILTON, First Lieut. L. A., (deceased,) Burlington, Vt., or Pittsfield, Mass., 7.
CREECH, First Lieut. J. O., Washington, D. C., 6.
BURDICK, Second Lieut. HOWARD, 175 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y., 6.
BISSEL, First Lieut. C. L., Kane, Penn., 6.
HARTNEY, Major H. E., Saskatoon, Canada, 6.
CAMPBELL, Capt. DOUGLAS, Mount Hamilton, Cal., 6
VASCONCELLES, Capt. J. C., Denver, Col., 6.
TOBIN, Capt. E. G., San Antonio, Texas, 6.
CURTIS, First Lieut. E. P., Rochester, N. Y., 6.
SEWELL, First Lieut. SUMNER, no address, 6.
O'NEILL, First Lieut. R. A., Nogales, Ariz., 6.
HUDSON, First Lieut DONALD, Kansas City, Mo., 6.
GUTHRIE, First Lieut. M. K., Mobile, Ala., 6.
STOVALL, First Lieut. W. H., Stovall, Miss., 6.
BEANE, First Lieut. J. D., (missing in action.)
BROOKS, First Lieut. A. R., Framingham, Mass., 6.
LINDSAY, First Lieut. R. O., Madison, N. C., 6.
STENSETH, First Lieut. MARTINUS, Twin Valley, Minn., 6.
HAYS, Second Lieut. F. K., Chicago, Ill., 6.
KLOTTS, First Lieut. H. C., no address, 5.
THAW, Lieut. Col. WILLIAM, Pittsburgh, Penn., 5.
PETERSON, Major D. McK., Honesdale, Penn., 5.
BUCKLEY, Capt. H. R., Agawam, Mass., 5.
BIDDLE, Major C. J., Philadelphia, Penn., 5.
KNOWLES, First Lieut. JAMES, Cambridge, Mass., 5.
HEALEY, First Lieut. J. A., Jersey City, N. J., 5.
POTTER, First Lieut. INNIS, no address, 5.
SYMONDS, First Lieut. F. M., 20 West 8th St., New York City, 5.
WEHNER, First Lieut. J. F., (deceased,) 124 East 28th St., New York, 5.
SEERLEY, First Lieut. J. J., Chicago, 5.
HAIGHT, First Lieut. E. M., Astoria, N. Y., 5.
GEORGE, First Lieut. H. H., Niagara Falls, N. Y., 5.
FURLOW, First Lieut. G. W., Rochester, Minn., 5.
EASTERBROOK, First Lieut. A. E., Fort Flagler, Wash., 5.
BAUCOM, First Lieut. B. V., Milford, Texas, 5.
McARTHUR, Second Lieut. HAROLD, no address, 5.
OWENS, Second Lieut. J. S., Baltimore, 5.

AVIATOR HONORED THRICE FOR BRAVERY

Lieut. Guthrie of Mobile Wins War Cross and Two Bars for Gallant Action in Air.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The War Department issued today two more lists of soldiers who have received the Distinguished Service War Cross from General Pershing for extraordinary heroism in action. The list includes men fom widely scattered sections of the country, and among them are:

Lieut. A. W. Shanklin of Crozet, Va.; Sergt. E. F. Reed of Kokomo, Ind.; Corporal Robert Hill of Buffalo, Minn.; Sergt. Earl Billingsley of Bauxite, Ark.; Sergt. E. G. Davis of Louisburg, Tenn.; Sergt. H. E. Bradshaw of Cochranton, Penn.; Lieut. J. D. Ranson of Charlotte, N. C.; Lieut. B. I. Perry of Carizozo, N. M.; Private E. E. Hovatter of Thornton, W. Va.; Corporal Louis Mazkawz of Philadelphia, Penn.; Capt. I. C. Ogden of Alpine, Texas; Sergt. Sam Dreben of El Paso, Texas; Sergt. A. E. Lipscomb of Brenham, Texas; Sergt. Jack Peacock of Menger, Texas; Corporal R. A. Gaston of Houston, Texas; Private C. G. Montgomery of Goodlett, Texas; Lieut. A. H. Carrigan of Wichita Falls, Texas; Sergt. B. X. Waldrop of Duffin, Texas; Sergt. Charles Lewis of Toledo, Ohio; Sergt. P. C. Rowan of Elizabethtown, Ill.; Lieut. O. L. Parkhill of Abbottsford, Wis.; Private Dominco Spataro of Italy; Private L. A. Castleman of Stonington, Conn.; Private John Maslosky of Williamsburg, Mass., and Lieut. R. P. Bagby of New Haven, Mo.

The other men, who live in this State or New Jersey and whose specific acts of bravery are described below, are:

Private Frank J. Hample, Co. L., 310th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroicm in action near Grand Pré on Nov. 1. Under heavy machine-gun fire, Private Hample, a battalion runner, volunteered to carry an important message to a detachment on the extreme flank, after seeing two runners killed by machine-gun fire while endeavoring to deliver the same message. He was successful in his mission. Home address, Mrs. Lottie Hample, mother, 400 Caroline Street, Rochester, N. Y.

First Lieut. Murray K. Guthrie, 13th Aero Squadron.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Andsvanne, on Oct. 1. He was a member of an offensive patrol of four planes, which was attacked far behind the enemy's lines by six German machines. One of our pilots was forced to withdraw by the failure of his machine guns, and two others were surrounded and overpowered. He fought the six enemy planes alone for ten minutes and destroyed one of them. For the following act of extraordinary heroism in action near Montefaucon on Oct. 4 he is awarded one bar: When the leader of his patrol was blown to pieces by a shell, Lieutenant Guthrie took command and attacked the formation of six enemy planes. Although he became separated from his companions, he succeeded in destroying one of his opponents. For the following act of extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaine, on Nov. 4, he is awarded one bar; as flight commander, Lieutenant Guthrie led his formation of six planes to the attack of seven enemy planes, (type Fokker.) Six of the enemy were destroyed, one of which was sent down by this officer. Immediately following this combat he attacked and drove off four hostile machines, (type Fokker,) which were about to attack one of our balloons. Home address, K. R. Guthrie, father, care of A. T. & N. Railway, Mobile, Ala.

Sergt. James S. Cain, Co. C, 5th Machine Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Meadah Farm, between Oct. 4 and 6. Accompanied by another soldier, he left the shelter of his trench under heavy shell fire to render assistance to soldiers buried by the explosion of a shell. Shortly after he left cover again to go to the assistance of other members of his section wounded by shell fire. On Oct. 6 he was wounded by machine gun fire in the performance of his duty. Home address, Mrs. Elizabeth F. Ryan, sister, 126 Oakwood Avenue, Troy, N. Y.

Corporal Clayton F. Swanson, Co. A, 5th Machine Gun Battalion.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Mont Blanc, on Oct. 4. On learning that a member of his squad was in front of the lines in a heavily shelled position, he obtained permission to make a search to find that the man was dead. Home address, Mrs. J. E. Bergquist, mother, 28 Clyde Street, Jamestown, N. Y.

Private Charles Mass, Co. A, 60th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel, between Sept. 15 and 16. After all the other company runners had been evacuated because of wounds Private Mass, although himself wounded, refused to go to the rear and remained on duty, carrying messages through heavy shell fire and maintaining liaison with all four platoons, until his company was relieved. Home address, Mrs. Sophie Mass, mother, Jersey City, N. J.

First Lieut. John F. Weber, Medical Corps, 311th Infantry.—For extraordiary heroism in action near Vieville-en-Hang, on Sept. 29, 1918; Chevieres, on Oct. 15, and Grandpre, on Oct. 25. On Sept. 29 and the following days he remained at his aid station under shell and machine-gun fire, giving medical aid and directing the evacuation of the wounded. On Oct. 15 he established an unprotected aid station and, though slightly gassed, he continued to give first aid to the wounded and direct their evacuation. On Oct. 25 he left his battalion in support and continued to the town of Grandpre, where he established an aid station, keeping on with his work through heavy bombardment of the town. Home address, Reba S. Weber, wife, Florence, N. J.

Sergt. Peter Deloto, Co. K, 311th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Grandpre, Oct. 25. During the attack he single-handed captured eight prisoners, and later aided materially in the capture of sixteen more. When his company had been held up by the fire of a machine gun, he set out, unassisted, and succeeded in capturing it, during which exploit he was wounded in the leg. Home address, Emma Deloto, 323 West Broadway, Fulton, N. Y.

Sergt. Clarence E. Kantz, (deceased,) Co. K, 311th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Grandpre, on Oct. 26. During an enemy counter-attack, Sergeant Kantz by his foresight saved the company on the right of his platoon by reinforcing that company's flank. This action stopped the advance of several machine gunners, who were advancing through our lines at that point, but cost Sergeant Kantz his life. Next of kin, Mrs. Minnie Kantz, mother, 420 South Second Street, Camden, N. J.

IRON CROSS FOR A MARK.

Coblenz Souvenir Dealers Disposing of Wares to Americans.

COBLENZ, Germany, Jan. 2.—German shopkeepers of the Rhineland, who gathered helmets, iron crosses and other souvenirs of military rule, became overstocked and were uncertain about the safety of their investments and then the Americans came.

Soldiers who were not fortunate enough to obtain souvenirs from whipped Germans on the field of battle solved the souvenir dealers' problems.

A correspondent of The Associated Press bought an iron cross for one mark (about 20 cents) and similar bargains were obtainable on every side.

AMERICA'S NEW NAVY.

By permission of Secretary of the Navy Daniels, details of America's new navy appear in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WILL BOLSHEVISM COME WITH NATIONAL PROHIBITION?

IS BOLSHEVISM ON THE WAY TO AMERICA? Its agents are already here. The Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce has just called a meeting to raise $75,000 to fight this damnable curse that is surging across Europe. It can't be fought with money. The only human forces that can stop it and keep America safe are toleration and intelligence.

Petrograd is chaos. Berlin—recently one of the best governed cities in the world—is now a political mad-house. Intolerance and indifference to the wishes of the people have brought about these conditions. The Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce only recognizes the danger. They don't know where or how to fight it.

National Prohibition will compel a spy system similar to that of the overthrown Czar and the Kaiser. A business now regulated by license and in the hands of law-abiding citizens will be turned over to an army of law-defying bootleggers and owners of kitchen barrooms. The National Prohibition leaders admit this to be so, and are already organizing a **spy bureau** to aid the Government's Secret Service officials.

Bolshevism means confiscation of all property—licensed immorality—the elevation of ignorance—reduction of wages—unstable laws. The **Bolshevist** has no respect for laws. He uses every restraining law as an argument against **all law.** National Prohibition—unfortunately the most drastic assault upon personal freedom ever contemplated under a republican form of government—will be the best excuse that can be offered to stir up strife among the people.

If you will give it one moment's serious thought, you will realize this is so.

You don't have to be a drinking man to be against National Prohibition. **Former President Taft—a total abstainer—but a man of deep moral conviction and a sterling American patriot, is irrevocably opposed to National Prohibition.** We will mail you a copy of his full opinion—recently expressed—if you will send for it.

We ask every citizen, whether a Prohibitionist or not—total abstainers or men who indulge temperately in ales, wines, beers or distilled products—every mother and father who is sick of strife, terror, war and compulsory restraining orders on personal habits, every patriotic man who owns a Liberty bond or a piece of real estate or personal property, to write, telegraph, telephone, or personally interview his or her state Legislator—Senator, Representative or Assemblyman—and say that **you want him to work and vote against the ratification of the National Prohibition Amendment.**

In this way you will be doing your highest duty to your Country. **Do it today! Tomorrow may be too late!**

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ISSUED BY THE

ASSOCIATION OPPOSED TO NATIONAL PROHIBITION

334 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY

P. S.—Send us your name if you are opposed to National Prohibition. No fee. All we want is your moral support as a citizen.

ADVERTISEMENT.

International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union makes an effort to avert strike of the 35,000 Women Workers in the Dress and Waist Industry of New York

Union Notifies Manufacturers' Association of Its Readiness to Submit the Questions at Issue to a Board of Arbitration and Sets January 16th as Time Limit for Reply.

Letter to Manufacturers' Association Reads as Follows:

INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION,
31 Union Square.
Affiliated with American Federation of Labor.

New York, January 9, 1919.

Dress & Waist Manufacturers' Ass'n,
200 Fifth Avenue,
New York City.

Attention of Mr. M. Weiss, Pres.

Gentlemen:

On December 19th, 1918, Locals Nos. 10, 25 and 58 of our International Union, presented to your Association a number of requests, the most important of which were:

1. A reduction in the hours of work to 44 hours per week, so as to make employment in our industry more regular and continuous.
2. An increase of 15 per cent. in wages to enable the workers to meet the present high cost of living.
3. Permission to a representative of the Union to visit your shops once a month, in order to ascertain whether the standards established by the protocol are observed.

Instead of considering our requests, as we had a right to expect from an organization of employers with which we have been working under a protocol for almost six years, your Association notified us that unless the Union will agree to surrender standards which have been in practice in the industry for the past six years, and will concede to the manufacturers the right to discharge workers at their discretion, they would not renew the agreement with the Union.

In taking this position your Association has created a very grave situation, and unless our respective organizations come to an understanding immediately, our industry will find itself involved in an embittered labor struggle which may spell ruin for many manufacturers and suffering and privation for tens of thousands of workers and many more thousands of persons directly or indirectly dependent upon our industry.

In the interest of all parties concerned this unhealthy tension must be cleared up before the opening of this Spring season, and in order to secure a complete and speedy adjustment we propose that our contentions be forthwith submitted to a Board of Arbitration under the chairmanship of any person of recognized standing in the community, under the express understanding, however, that such board render its decision within no longer than two weeks from the date of its selection.

As to the question of the employers' right to discharge workers, we do not consider the difficulties involved in the issue as grave as they have been made to appear. The Board of Arbitration, formerly under the chairmanship of Justice Louis D. Brandeis and lately under the chairmanship of Judge Julian W. Mack, has on previous occasions decided that the employer has the right to discharge any worker for fair, just and reasonable cause; but the Board has held that in view of the fact that the workers under the protocol had surrendered their legal right to strike as a remedy against abuses of the employers' prerogatives they are entitled to a substitute for such remedy in the form of a machinery for the speedy adjustment of their complaints against unreasonable and unjust discharges. We are prepared to meet you on either side of the proposition; you may claim absolute freedom to discharge your workers justly or unjustly, fairly or unfairly, and in that case we must reserve our right to secure redress against abuses of unfair employers by such means as we have at our command; or you may limit your right of discharge and in that event we shall be quite ready to surrender our rights to strike against discharges.

We trust you will give our proposition your serious and immediate consideration and that you will favor us with a definite answer within one week from date. Should we fail to receive an answer within the time mentioned, we shall be constrained to interpret it as a refusal on your part to accept our offer and shall fashion our course of action accordingly. Very truly yours,

Benj. Schlesinger, *President.*

Abraham Baroff, *General Secretary-Treasurer.*

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Milk Conference Board of Retailers HAS TAKEN the RESPONSIBILITY

The big milk retailers of New York have the RESPONSIBILITY of delivering to your door every morning all the pure, fresh milk you need. This they are not doing at present.

They can buy milk of your own up-state dairy farmer at cost of production. This they refuse to do.

They have taken the responsibility for the present shortage of milk and for the stale far Western milk which many now have to drink—or GO WITHOUT.

Their Policy Is RULE or RUIN

Our Dairymen's League farmers ask only the COST OF PRODUCTION—yet they will not buy.

We offer **FREE MILK** to those who cannot afford to pay for it and a number of citizens are endeavoring to co-operate with us by furnishing cans and transportation charges.

We are selling at cost of production to over a hundred Independent Dealers who are now selling fresh, local milk in the metropolitan district.

The Milk Conference Board is trying to drive our cows off our farms.

It advertised recently that "Six men, officers of the Dairymen's League, sitting in offices on Fifth Avenue, stand between the people of New York and the farmers who have milk to sell."

This unjust charge was refuted last Thursday at a general meeting of over three thousand dairy farmers representing New York, Vermont, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Connecticut.

These dairy farmers unanimously reaffirmed their instructions, voted full approval of their officers and passed the following resolution: "We will never again sell any milk to a milk distributor at less than the cost of production."

Shall the dairy farmers receive cost of production for milk from dealers in New York, or will they have to kill or sell their cows? (Some are forced to do this now).

Do you want fresh local milk or stale Western milk?

These are ECONOMIC questions, not POLITICAL ones.

We are submitting our case to the People and to the Governor of the State. We ask that it be taken out of local politics and trust that soon the public will be able to buy all the pure, fresh milk it wants.

The Dairymen's League

303 Fifth Avenue, New York

Fifth Avenue, The World's Greatest Thoroughfare and the New York Fur Auction Sales

Fifth Avenue, during war days, has been called "the avenue of the nations." It might well be called "the avenue of the fur-bearing nations" for on Fifth Avenue the most beautiful fur offerings of all the world are daily displayed.

Nowhere else on earth will you see, in actual use, such a profusion of handsome furs, as on Fifth Avenue. And nowhere else are there such retail fur shops as on Fifth Avenue, for New York is the world's greatest fur consuming city and Fifth Avenue is New York translated into style and beauty.

BEHIND this ever recurring fur pageant, there is a gigantic industry — the manufacture of furs. Hundreds of separate manufacturing and dyeing establishments contribute to its greatness. Thousands of employees, plying their trade with skill and productivity, assure its tremendous output. Almost two hundred million dollars, invested in New York's fur industry, indicates its importance. New York manufactures 85% of America's total finished fur product. New York dresses and dyes 95% of the American Fur Collection. A big industry, this!

Time was when America shipped her furs to foreign raw fur auctions, and then brought them back again for manufacture and sale. The World War forced America to institute her own fur auctions and now at the return of peace she intends to hold them — Hold them at New York, the Great Gateway to Europe.

A CITY whose fur consumption and fur wealth exceeds all others',— whose harbor stands as the great gateway to the world,— whose fur merchants have the eyes of the world's fur trappers focussed on them,— such a city is New York, the home of the New York Fur Auction Sales.

A city so vast in its fur wealth is economically and geographically important to the nation's fur leadership. The New York Fur Auction Sales are a vast clearing house where the largest number of fur buyers in the world, both American and Foreign, compete for the world's raw fur catch.

As long as New York retains her position as the Fur Market of the World, just so long will America keep her fur leadership. Attend the New York Fur Auction Sales and keep the fur leadership in America.

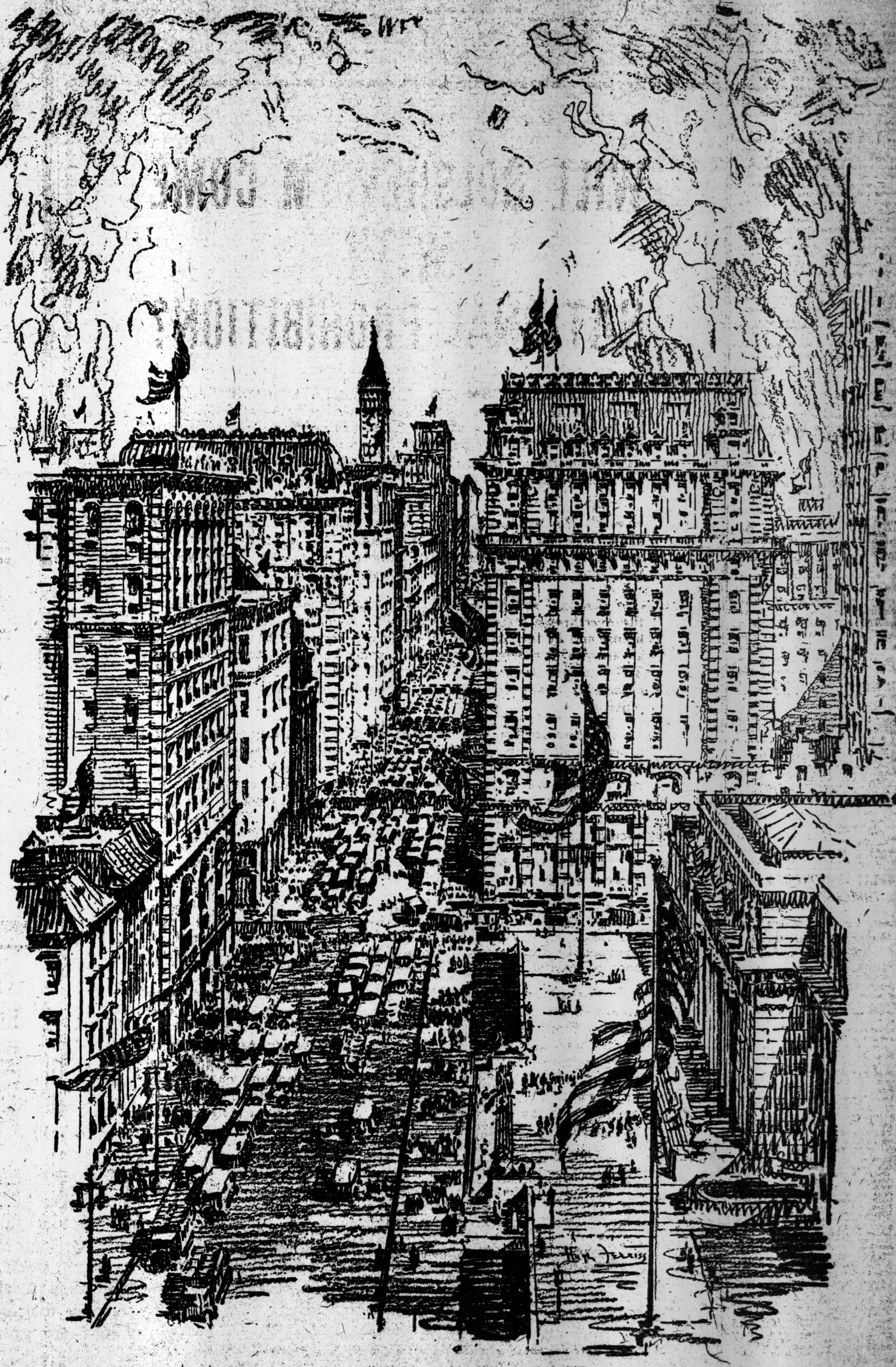
New York is America's fur champion. Support New York.

Next Sale February 3rd

Shipments close January 20th

Catalogues will be issued and the warehouse, at 48-50-52 Great Jones Street, opened for inspection of merchandise January 29th.

Support New York!



NEW YORK FUR AUCTION SALES CORPORATION · NEW YORK · U.S.A.

402 MORE CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED

Reported Total Now Up to 218,174; 233 Dead in Latest Army Lists

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists, which contained 402 names, bringing the total for the army up to 212,552. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm of the service was 5,622. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 218,174.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 76 killed in action, 127 died of wounds, 8 died of accident, 22 died of disease, 148 severely wounded, and 21 missing.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 10.	Total.
Killed in action	28,791	76	28,867
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,113	127	12,240
Died of accident	2,329	8	2,337
Died of disease	17,770	22	17,792
Total	61,735	233	61,968
Wounded	130,578	148	130,726
Missing	19,837	21	19,858
Total	212,150	402	212,552

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

BIEBER, JOSEPH, Norman Av., Bklyn.—Sgt.....(DW)
BETTMAN, JOSEPH, 440 E. 147th St.—Corp.....(WL)
BIANCO, MATTHEW, 456 Hicks St., Brooklyn.....(WL)
BREITMAN, HARRY, 487 Cleveland St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(DW)
BROWN, ROBERT, 407 Rogers Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(KA)
CAPASSO, JOSEPH, 304 E. 20th St.....(DW)
CARL, DAVID, 25 S. Prince St., Flushing—Sgt.....(WS)
DICKSTEIN, MORRIS, 304 E. B'way.....(DW)
DIETRICH, C. F., 70 Camelia St., Long Island City.....(KA)
DUFFY, E. F., 241 Emerson St., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WS)
EICHMAN, MAX, 415 Claremont Parkway.....(DW)
GADRY, A. L., 553 Walton Av.—Sgt.....(MA)
GANTT, CHARLES, 1,972 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.....(KA)
GENSBAUER, CHARLES, 309 9th Av., Astoria.....(DW)
GHIGLIONE, VICTOR, 316 W. 60th St.....(KA)
KRAEMER, EDWARD, 485 7th Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(KA)
LAWRENCE, WM., 14 W. 136th St.....(DW)
McCORMICK, J. A., 106 Avenue A.....(DW)
McNIFF, E. A., 554 55th St., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WL)
MELEKY, GEO., 431 E. 17th St.....(DW)
MEYER, R. H., 101 Chauncy St, Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WS)
MONGUSO, A., 85 Withers St., Brooklyn.....(DW)
MORGESE, G., 336 E. 114th St.....(DW)
PERKENS, W., 1,290 5th Av.....(KA)
ROMSKY, J. C., 17 Orchard Place, Jamaica.....(DW)
ROSENBERG, S., 259 Thatford Av., Brooklyn.....(DW)
RUSSO, M., 617 Union St., B'klyn.....(WL)
TORNETTA, C. S., 2,402 Amsterdam Av.—Corp.....(MA)
WAGNER, M. M., 764 Park Av., Brooklyn.....(DW)
WARD, G., 1,018 Madison Av—Sgt.....(DD)
WEBER, B. M., 290 Union Av., B'klyn.....(DW)
WOARMS, E. H., 1 W. 92d St—Lt.....(WS)
ZUCCHERO, S., 69 Carroll St.....(DW)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

ANTHONY, LOUIS, Troy.....(WL)
BENZ, LORENZ A., Buffalo.....(WL)
BERGMAN, AXEL H., Elmira.....(DW)
BINGHAM, JOHN P., Douglaston—Sgt.....(WS)
BURDICK, GLEN L., Akron—Sgt.....(DW)
GOWGEL, JOSEPH, Buffalo.....(WL)
HAVENS, RALPH D., Wantagh—Corp.....(DW)
HICKEY, GEORGE L., Watertown.....(DW)
KEEFE, THOMAS J., Cohoes.....(MA)
KLUEH, HAROLD J., Rochester—Corp.....(DD)
LEDERTHIEL, P. E., Rochester—Corp.....(WS)
MALLERY, GEO. S., Smithboro—Sgt.....(KA)
MILLER, HERBERT, Yonkers.....(KA)
MORRISON, HENRY, Freeport.....(KA)
MORSE, HERBERT, Rochester—Bgl.....(WS)
O'CONNELL, D., Randall's Island.....(DW)
POWERS, PAUL J., Elmira.....(DW)
RITTNER, A. P., Buffalo—Corp.....(WS)
SAN FILLIPE, G., Buffalo.....(WL)
SCHRYBER, EARL H., Glen Castle.....(WL)
SIMMONS, W., White Plains—Sgt.....(WL)
SLATER, JESSE E., Glenham.....(DW)
SMITH, WM. A., Lynbrook.....(DW)
VAN VORIS, E. M., Middleburgh—Hrs.....(WS)
WEBB, C. I., Great Bend—Sgt.....(WL)
WEIDE, EARL C., Buffalo.....(KA)
WEIDEMAN, EMIL, Bellmore.....(DD)
WILLIAMS, J., Ellenburg Depot—Mch.....(WS)
WISHART, RAYMOND, Setauket.....(DW)

ALABAMA.

CHRISTIANBERRY, C., Landersville.....(KA)
HANCOCK, JACK P., Birmingham.....(DW)
MOORER, MINTER M., Bay Minette—Corp.....(DW)
PHILLIPS, WILLIE S., Ralph.....(DW)

ARKANSAS.

ETHRIDGE, W., Barling.....(DD)
SHOULDERS, ANDREW, Dirks—Sgt.....(DW)

CALIFORNIA.

CARLSON, OTTO J., Oakland.....(DW)
DAL PORTO, P. P., San Francisco.....(DW)
FOSTER, MORTEN E., Dunlap.....(KA)
GILLIGAN, P., San Francisco—Mch.....(KA)
HEFFERNAN, W. P., San Francisco.....(DW)
ROGERS, W. C., San Francisco.....(KA)
TULAN, JAMES A., Stockton.....(DW)

COLORADO.

BOYD, JOHN N., Greeley.....(DW)
CUCHA, PHILIP, Sopris.....(DW)
GADDY, S. W., Pueblo.....(DW)

CONNECTICUT.

AMUNDSEN, F. W., East Norwalk—Wagn.....(DW)
BEEHLER, C. H., Stamford—Lt.....(DA)
BERNABEO, JOSEPH, Shelton.....(KA)
BRESNAN, W. F., Ansonia.....(MA)
PIEN, JULIUS, Hartford.....(KA)
KANOWIK, JOSEPH, Meriden.....(MA)
McGUIRE, P. J., Manchester.....(WL)
MALLETTE, F., Torrington—Corp.....(WS)

GEORGIA.

DOZIER, R. C., Hillman—Corp.....(KA)
GARRETT, G. T., Eastman.....(DW)
TYE, J. P., Georgetown.....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

ATWATER, A. H., Chicago.....(DW)
BALTIMORE, HERMAN A., Chicago.....(KA)
BERNARD, WILLIAM P., Chicago.....(KA)
CRAWFORD, COY, Marion.....(KA)
ESHELMAN, JAMES E., Hoopole.....(DW)
FEIMER, JOHN, Chicago.....(DW)
GRESENS, GEORGE A., Kankakee.....(KA)
KLOSTERMAN, ALBERT, Chicago.....(DW)
MARTHEL, DELLIA, Chicago.....(KA)
MIDDLETON, P., Chicago—Corp.....(KA)
MOENS, EDWARD F., Chicago.....(DW)
MONKOWSKI, JOS., Forest Park.....(DW)
RUSCH, ERNEST W., Chicago.....(KA)
SAATHOFF, WILLIAM O., Princeton.....(DD)
SIMPSON, WM. S., Dalzell—Sgt.....(DW)
SMITH, CEDRIC A., Wilmette—Lt.....(DA)
YOUNG, ORIAN, Walnut Hill.....(KA)

INDIANA.

MONTGOMERY, GEO. H., Fontanet.....(DD)
SCHRAUB, HENRY E., Versailles.....(DW)

IOWA.

BENION, ERNEST E., Centre Point.....(DW)
JENSEN, KRISTIAN, Newell.....(KA)
LOCK, ROBERT T., Hartley.....(DW)
MIDDENDORFF, JOE, Breda.....(DD)
SCANNELL, FRANCIS P., Des Moines.....(DW)
SCHMIDT, C. W., Muscatine.....(DW)

KANSAS.

CAMPBELL, ROBERT F., Wichita.....(KA)
CARMEL, LOUIS, Pittsburgh.....(DW)
EVERSON, L. L., Crestline—Lt.....(DW)
GILL, GLENN E., Lyndon—Sgt.....(KA)
GUY, FRED, Wichita.....(DW)
MATHES, WALTER L., Fellsburg.....(KA)

KENTUCKY.

BAUGHN, ROBERT O., Calhoun—Sgt.....(KA)
CASANI, LUIGI, Louisville.....(DW)
LYNCH, M. M., Dawson Springs—Lt.....(KA)
PADGETT, E. U., Stithton.....(KA)

LOUISIANA.

CONNOR, ANDREW B., Eros.....(KA)
GARRARD, FINNIS A., Greenwood.....(KA)
HILL, MATT, Archibald.....(KA)
JONES, JOSEPH, New Orleans.....(KA)

MARYLAND.

BENESCH, MILTON, Baltimore.....(KA)
BUCKINGHAM, J. A., Mount Airy.....(DW)
HARTMAN, ALLEN S., Cavetown.....(DW)
ITNYRE, ABNER W., Hagerstown.....(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

CAMPBELL, T. H., Jr., South Boston.....(DW)
GAGNE, FRED'K O., North Ridge.....(DW)
MACKAY, R. A., Dorchester—Lt.....(KA)
RITCHIE, JOSEPH L., Attleboro.....(KA)
RITCHIE, RICHARD T., Allston.....(DW)
WOOLIS, J. C., Lawrence—Corp.....(DW)

MICHIGAN.

JEFFERSON, JOHN C., Detroit—Lt.....(DD)
WELTY, RUSSELL W., Colon.....(DD)

MINNESOTA.

ANDERSON, A. A., Findlayson.....(KA)
DEBOLT, CHESTER O., Clarissa.....(DW)
GOLDSTEIN, NATHAN, St. Paul.....(KA)
KAHN, LEON L., Bald Eagle Lake.....(DW)
SMITH, FRANCIS C., Minneapolis.....(DW)
THOREN, ARTHUR C., Solway.....(DW)
WILSON, JOHN L., Minneapolis.....(DW)
WOCHNICK, FRANK X., Burtrum.....(DD)

MISSISSIPPI.

COLEMAN, NEAL, Leland.....(DD)
GOODMAN, W. C., Increase—Wagn.....(DD)
MAGEE, OSCAR, Collins.....(KA)
RANKIN, HORATIO W., Columbus.....(KA)
SMITH, ALBERT, Laurel.....(DW)

MISSOURI.

AINSWORTH, F. H., Kansas City—Sgt.....(KA)
BOONE, RICHARD B., Portland.....(KA)
LA HUE, W. W., St. Joseph—Corp.....(DD)
MESCHEDE, T. J., St. Louis.....(DW)
PELTER, W. L., Kansas City—Sgt.....(KA)
PORTER, CARL E., Truxton—Sgt.....(KA)
RUWELER, EDWIN A., St. Louis.....(DA)
SNYDER, HARRY N., Memphis.....(KA)

MONTANA.

FAHEY, EARL E., Angola.....(KA)
FELIX, BASIL C., Forsyth.....(DW)
THOMPSON, OLE M., Logan—Corp.....(DA)

NEBRASKA.

BRODINE, EDWARD, Elm Creek.....(DW)
WALTHER, WILLIAM, Glenville.....(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

BUCK, C. C., Dover—Lt.....(KA)
BURNEYKO, JOSEPH, Rochelle Park.....(WL)
EAGAN, J. F., Jersey City—Corp.....(WS)
EVERETT, LEROY, Trenton—Lt.....(WS)
GODLARSKI, FRANK, Chrome.....(KA)
HRBEK, JOSEPH, Union Hill.....(WL)
LIECHTY, JOSEPH, Clifton—Corp.....(DW)
McDONNELL, T.P., Jersey City—Corp.....(DW)
MATHES, J. J., Newark.....(DW)
MOLLER, J. H., Jersey City.....(DW)
NAHN, EDWARD, Newark.....(DW)
POLICASTRO, F. J., Newark.....(DW)
WEBER, CHARLES, Newark—Corp.....(WS)

NORTH CAROLINA.

SHEPARD, WILLIAM, Durham—Sgt.....(KA)
SPEIGHT, A. T., Stantonsburg.....(DA)
WEAVER, D., Durham.....(DW)
WILSON, J. B., Vineland—Sgt.....(DW)

NORTH DAKOTA.

BEHM, HERMAN, Fingal.....(KA)
BILLING, LEO J., Lisbon.....(DW)
STUBSTAD, EMIL O., Daisy.....(DW)

OHIO.

CHARWATT, JOSEPH, Cleveland.....(DW)
CRUNKILTON, J. T., Bellville.....(DD)
DAVIS, HARRY, Bethel—Corp.....(DW)
GIRARD, ALBERT H., Deerfield.....(KA)
HANRAHAN, E. J., Steubenville.....(DW)
KURTH, ERNEST O., Toledo.....(DW)
LAUGHLIN, R. W., Columbus—Lt.....(KA)
PENGUITE, R. S., Mason.....(DW)
WILLARD, RAY O., Cleveland.....(KA)

OKLAHOMA.

MYERS, ROY J., Lane.....(KA)
ROBISON, GEORGE F., Brakenbau.....(DW)

OREGON.

BEERY, JAMES M., Jacksonville.....(DW)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BURKE, ENOS W., Shelton.....(DW)
COCHRAN, CARL C., Rankin.....(DW)
DOERR, WILLIAM, Pittsburgh.....(DW)
DOMBROWSKI, JOSEPH, Dunmore.....(KA)
DOYLE, JAMES J., Pittsburgh.....(DW)
ELMQUIST, EMIL H., Wilcox.....(DW)
FLEMING, WM., Jr., Philadelphia.....(DD)
FRANCIS, R., Philadelphia—Corp.....(DW)
FRYER, HARRY, Pottstown.....(DW)
GLASHOFER, PHILIP, Philadelphia.....(KA)
GOTZ, LOUIS, Coalridge.....(DW)
HUSTIS, JAMES H., Nelsonville.....(DW)
JONES, OWEN F., East Brady.....(DW)
LEBARON, LYNN L., Union City.....(DW)
LUKISH, M. S., Kingston.....(DW)
McCARRIBER, V., Glen Willard.....(DW)
MILLER, H. M., Chambersburg.....(DW)
MILOVICH, S. N., Springdale—Sgt.....(DA)
NOWAK, ANTONI, Carnegie.....(DW)
POWERS, ED. C., Phoenixville—Corp.....(KA)
RIGOTTI, L., Covaopolis.....(DW)
ROGERS, R. C., Forksville.....(DW)
ROTHERMEL, L. A., Womelsdorf.....(KA)
SCHNEIDER, P. G., Pottsville.....(DW)
SPAIDE, RALPH C., Beavertown.....(KA)
STEWART, CHAS., Duquesne.....(DD)
THOMAN, GEORGE F., York—Corp.....(KA)
WARD, JAMES A., Philadelphia.....(KA)
WEAVER, EDGAR A., Malvern—Corp.....(KA)
WITMER, MONROE K., Lititz.....(DW)

RHODE ISLAND.

SIDKOWSKY, ABRAHAM, Providence.....(DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

BAILES, JAMES E., Fort Hill—Sgt.....(DW)
CRAWLEY, WILLIAM B., Woodruff.....(DW)
GALBRAITH, J. G., Georgetown—Sgt.....(DD)
HINSON, COMADORE, Coxburg.....(DW)
McCOY, WILLIE, Clinton.....(KA)
McEACHIN, GEORGE D., Society Hill.....(KA)

TENNESSEE.

HOPSON, CLAUD, Roan Mountain.....(DW)
MEDLEY, CHARLIE, Cummingsville.....(DA)
PHELPS, WALLACE C., Greenbrier.....(KA)
ROBERTS, W. I., Athens—Sgt.....(DW)

TEXAS.

JOHNSON, WILLIAM H., Clifton.....(KA)
LEONARD, JOHN R., Goldthwaite.....(KA)
McADAMS, JESSE B., Huntsville.....(DD)
SELLIS, ZELLIS, Sealey.....(KA)

UTAH.

LAKE, BAZEL G., Castle Dale—Sgt.....(DW)

VERMONT.

JENSEN, CHRISTIAN P., Barre.....(DD)

VIRGINIA.

ARNOLD, A. W., Richmond—Corp.....(KA)
HALE, HERBERT, Dodson.....(DW)
KIRKPATRICK, J., Lynchburg—Lt.....(DW)
MOORE, EARNEST L., Portsmouth.....(KA)
SPIVEY, OCIO C., Windsor.....(DW)
TOLLEY, WALTER B., Lexington.....(DW)
TYLER, ABRAHAM, Tano.....(DW)

WASHINGTON.

HANSEN, BURNETT F., Selah.....(KA)
McKENNEY, G. C., Walla Walla.....(DW)

WEST VIRGINIA.

McCANN, M., Clarksburg—Corp.....(DW)
TOWNSEN, O. C., Oxford.....(DW)

WISCONSIN.

ANDERSON, EDW., Marengo—Corp.....(DD)
CUNNINGHAM, F. L., Minong—Lt.....(DW)
MANKE, E. L., La Crosse.....(DW)
OLSON, E. O., Beloit.....(KA)
PETERSON, A. L., Hudson.....(DW)

WYOMING.

HAND, E. F., Laramie.....(DW)

CANADA.

BELLIVEAU, D. A., St. Joseph, West County, New Brunswick.....(DW)

ITALY.

MASCADRI, ANGELO, Provincia Brescia, Presegile.....(DW)

NORWAY.

LINGE, G. Q., Christiania.....(DW)

Revised Report of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

Now Rep'd. Prev. Rep'd.

ANTICO, JACK, 149 Columbia St., Brooklyn.....(KA) (MA)
BORAK, MOE, 52 W. 29th St.....(KA) (MA)
BRENNAN, HAROLD, 1,223 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
BUCK, FREDERICK, 408 Van Brunt St., Brooklyn.....(KA) (MA)
BURKHARDT, EDWARD, Grand St., Elmhurst, L. I.....(WU) (MA)
COFFIN, ARTHUR E., 466 Benedict St., Woodhaven.....(DW) (MA)
COSENZA, R., 415 E. 52d St.....(WU) (MA)
GRASSER, W. H., 251 Spring St.....(WU) (MA)
GRAZIANI, V., 2,105 2d Av.....(WU) (KA)
HARRIS, L. G., 283 6th Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(RD) (MA)
HERMAN, A., 184 S. 2d St., Bkln.....(KA) (MA)
JOERG, A. N., 376 Lewis Av., Brooklyn—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
KEYS, HARRY, 862 E. 164th St.....(WU) (MA)
LEGGETT, J. F., 1,252 56th St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(RD) (MA)
LEIBEL, ANDREW, 1,352 Boone Av., Bronx.....(RD) (MA)
McANDREWS, J. W., 400 E. 24th St.....(KA) (MA)
McGUIRE, J. J., 309 14th St., Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
MEEHAN, LESLIE, 13 Cornelia St., Brooklyn.....(KA) (MA)
MERRIGAN, J. F., 215 E. 25th St.....(RD) (Dead)
MILGRAM, LOUIS, 137 Bristol St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(RD) (KA)
MINTZ, WM., 396 Jerome St., Brooklyn.....(RD) (MA)
MURPHY, D. J., 35 Box St., Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
NANNARONE, A., 338 Leonard St., Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
OLIAN, ISIDOR, 80 Delancey St.....(KA) (MA)
OLSON, A. W., 7 St. Marks Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
OPPENHEIM, MORRIS, 107 Monroe St.—Lt.....(RD) (MA)
ROZA, WM., 132 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
RUSSELL, R. H., 45 Joralemon St., Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
SCARDING, STEPHEN, 172 McKibbin St., Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
SCHEELER, WM., 106 Roosevelt Av., Corona.....(WU) (MA)
SFORZA, C., 311 East 111th St.....(RD) (MA)
SIEKLUCKI, JOHN, 749 East 223d St.....(KA) (MA)
SIEMERS, C., 152 13th Av., Long Island City.....(WU) (MA)
SMITH, E. J., 32 Sutton St., Brooklyn.....(DW) (MA)
SPIEGEL, MAX, 612 East 6th St.....(RD) (MA)
SPONY, EMIL, 1,006 Gates Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(RD) (MA)
SQUIER, F. B., 2,648 Kennock Place, Sheepshead Bay.....(WS) (MA)
STEINHAUSER, ALBERT, 26th St. and St. Nicholas Av., Bklyn.....(RD) (MA)
STERNICK, ISAAC, 225 East 4th St.....(RD) (MA)
STOLER, ABE, 356 South 2d St., Brooklyn.....(WU) (MA)
TYNAN, LESTER J., 25 Woodbine St., Brooklyn.....(Sick) (MA)
VILENISKI, J., Maspeth.....(RD) (MA)
WEBER, JERRY, 357 East 72d St.....(WU) (MA)

NEW YORK STATE.

Now Reptd. Prev. Reptd.

ANACKER, D., Utica.....(KA) (MA)
ASHWORTH, G., Cohoes—Corp.....(RD) (MA)
BERRY, F., Gloversville.....(Sick) (MA)
BONALLO, A., Bedford Hills.....(RD) (MA)
BOWERS, L. J., Rome—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
BRACISZEWSKI, J. A., Dunkirk.....(WU) (MA)
PETITO, G., Lyons.....(WL) (MA)
BRADFORTH, A., Walden.....(KA) (MA)
BRAGG, S. J., Rochester.....(DW) (MA)
CAREY, W. M., Waverly.....(RD) (MA)
CERRATO, N. A., Yonkers.....(RD) (MA)
CRENNAN, W. A., New Rochelle.....(RD) (MA)
KINGDON, E. R., Stafford.....(RD) (MA)
LODS, B. W., Buffalo.....(WU) (MA)
McCRAY, T., Potsdam.....(RD) (MA)
PARDY, P. A., Utica—Sgt.....(WS) (KA)
PERNICK, J. C., Buffalo.....(WL) (MA)
PLUCINSKI, A., Bay Side.....(KA) (MA)
ROE, O., South Worcester.....(RD) (MA)
SIKORA, J., Buffalo.....(KA) (MA)
SISCO, J., East Kingston.....(KA) (MA)
STRAUT, C. E., Yonkers.....(WU) (MA)
VOLL, W., Utica.....(WU) (MA)
WICKER, W., Hyde Park—Corp.....(WS) (MA)
WICKS, G. D., Sauquoit—Lt.....(DP) (MA)
WILLIS, G. M., Angelica—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

Now Rptd. Prev. Rptd.

ABDALLA, G., St. Paul, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
ALFANO, F., Fort Smith, Ark.....(KA) (MA)
AKIN, E. W., La Vergne, Tenn.....(KA) (MA)
AMUNDSON, H. I., Akron, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
ANDERSON, C. O., Dale, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
ANDERSON, J. B., Scottsville, Va.....(KA) (MA)
ANDERSON, J. P., Hackensack, N. J.....(RD) (MA)
ANDERSON, N., Hamilton, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
ARCHER, J., Dorchester, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
ARNOLD, HERBERT, Owensboro, Ky.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
ARTENOFF, H. S., Chicago, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
AUSTIN, ROY I., Salt Lake City, Utah.....(WU) (KA)
BABCOCK, L. E., Tunkhannock, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
BALCER, A., E. Cedar Rapids, Iowa.....(KA) (MA)
BANGERT, EMIL H., Long Prairie, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
BAUSCH, WILLIAM A., Jamaica Plain, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
BEACK, ALBERT, Hector, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
BEARDEN, W. L., Auburn, Ill.....(WS) (DW)
BEGLEY, J. C., Cle Elum, Wash.....(KA) (MA)
BENSON, L., Evanston, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
BLAND, T. C., Gatesville, Texas.....(WU) (MA)
BLOOR, SPENCER, Trenton, N. J.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
BOWSER, R. W., Fort Wayne, Ind.....(KA) (MA)
BRODERICK, J. J., Jersey City, N. J.....(KA) (MA)
BROPHY, A. G., Los Angeles, Cal.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
BROOKS, B. F., Logan, Va.....(KA) (MA)
BROWN, A., Jr., New London, Conn.....(KA) (MA)
BROWN, H., Johnsonburg, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
BROZINCKOS, F., New Britain, Conn.....(WU) (MA)
BUDROW, J., Elizabeth, N. J.....(KA) (MA)
BUTZIER, C., Fostoria, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
CAMPANELLA, P., Jersey City, N. J.....(RD) (MA)
CARABILLO, N., Hartford, Conn.....(KA) (MA)
CARTER, A. B., Hattiesburg, Miss.....(KA) (MA)
CARTER, M. L., Cannonsburg, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
CHANDLER, G. C., Burlington, Col.....(KA) (MA)
CHRISTIAN, S. E., Pittsfield, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
CHRISTIANSEN, S. M., Woburn, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
CHRISTENSEN, W. C., Union Hill, N. J.....(WL) (MA)
CLARK, B. F., Monticello, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
CLARK, O., Hamilton, Mo.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
CLEMMONS, L., ——, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
CLIMO, T. N., Keeler, Cal.....(KA) (MA)
COATES, D. E., Denver, Col.—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
COHEN, A., Jr., Memphis, Tenn.....(KA) (MA)
COLEMAN, M. F., Kane, Ill.....(DW) (MA)
COLEMAN, T. T., Houston, Ill.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
COLGROVE, E., Crandall, Texas—Corp.....(WU) (KA)
COMCOWICH, M. J., Ansonia, Conn.....(KA) (MA)
COOLEY, W. Lansing, Mich.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
CORDOVA, N., Paterson, N. J.....(WU) (KA)
CUNNINGHAM, P. W., Cleveland, Ohio—Mch.....(KA) (MA)
CUSIC, J. F., Broughton, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
DAVIDSON, L. E., Zearing, Iowa.....(WS) (DW)
DAVIS, B. H., Fortville, Ind.....(KA) (MA)
DEGREGORIO, A., East Boston, Mas.....(WU) (KA)
DONALDSON, H. B., Gallitzin, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
DUPREY, N., Duluth, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
DURAND, E., Jr., Chicago, Ill.—Lt.....(DP) (MA)
ESCOVER, C. W., Cleveland, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
EVERS, C. R., Lumberton, N. C.....(KA) (MA)
EYRES, J. W., Paterson, N. J.—Corp.....(WU) (MA)
FIORILLO, AMADEO, New Haven, Conn.....(KA) (MA)
FIXLER, J. E., Sayville, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
FLIGG, R. W., Jacksonville, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
FOLKMER, H.P., New Salem, Pa.....(KA) (MA)
FRITH, J., Sydnorsville, Va.....(KA) (MA)
FULLER, R., W. New York, N.J.....(WL) (MA)
GALLAGHER, P. J., Chicago, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
GAMBOUNIS, E., Elberta, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
GARDNER, L.M., Northport, Ala.....(KA) (MA)
GARNER, W. L., Seward, Neb.....(KA) (WS)
GILBERT, W. J., Pittsburgh, Pa.....(KA) (MA)
GREEN, D. E., Grand Rapids, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
GRINDSTAFF, J.E., Butler, Tenn.....(KA) (MA)
GUMERLOCK, S. F., Alpha, N.J.....(RD) (MA)
GWINNER, W. J., Elkhorn, Mon.....(KA) (MA)
HAMMER, T. T., Odin, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
HANSON, A.H., Escanaba, Mich.....(RD) (MA)
HART, R. C., Urbanna, Va.....(KA) (MA)
HERGITON, P. A., Detroit, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
HIBBARD, A. J., Beloit, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
HOLEWINSKI, L., Robbins, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
HOOD, D. I., Mount Selman, Texas.....(DD) (DW)
HOOPER, R. E., Readfield, Ma.....(KA) (MA)
HUDSON, C. C., Salisbury, Md.....(WU) (MA)
INDIHAR, F. F., Gilbert, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
IRWIN, A. L., Alliance, Ohio—Mch.....(KA) (MA)
IVERSON, O., Jasper, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
JACKSON, G. L., Marion, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
JACKSON, H. H., Chicago, Ill.—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
JENKINS, L. K., Speers Ferry, Va.....(KA) (MA)
JEFFORDS, F. E., Kansas City, Kan.....(KD) (KA)
JOHNSON, A. S., New Haven, Conn.....(WU) (KA)
JORGENSON, K., Thompson, N. D.....(KA) (MA)
JURENOS, J., Bridgeport, Conn.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
KAMINSKY, J. F., Hutchinson, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
KELASCH, F., Foley, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
KELLY, J. F., Newark, N. J.—Corp.....(KA) ([illegible])
KILEN, T., Sharon, N. D.....(KA) (MA)
KINNEY, C. A., Endicott, Wash.—Lt.....(D) (MA)
KREUL, G. F., Fennimore, Wis.....(KA) (WS)
KROPIDLOWSKI, P. W., Amherst Junction, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
KUENZEL, W. W., Chicago, Ill.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
LARRICK, E., Lancaster, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
LEE, S., Coon Valley, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
LINDBERG, G. E., Holden, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
LONEY, A. H., Philadelphia, Penn.—Lt.....(WU) (KA)
McKOWN, R. H., Ripley, W. Va.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
McLAUGHLIN, E. R., Derry, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
McPAUL, B. F., McDonald, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
MACHULKA, A., Everson, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
MAHONEY, S. V., Lawrence, Mass.....(WU) (DW)
MAJCHRZAK, F., Milwaukee, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
MATEJACK, E., Spokane, Wash.....(KA) (MA)
MERRILL, G. B., North East, Penn.—Lt.....(WS) (DP)
MILES, G., Smithfield, Utah.....(KA) (MA)
MILLER, E. C., Hanover, Penn.—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
MILLER, G., Flint, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
MILLER, J., Minneapolis, Minn.....(DW) (MA)
MILLI, L., St. Paul, Minn.....(DW) (MA)
MILLS, H., Greenfield, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
MILLS, P., Pigeonroost, Clay County, Ky.....(KA) (MA)
MILLER, M., Detroit, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
MILLER, S. G., Catasauqua, Pa.....(KA) (MA)
MINOR, N. A., Maplesville, Ala.....(KA) (MA)
MOE, JOHN C., Le Roy, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
MORRIS, F. L., Los Angeles, Cal.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
MORRISON, D., Finleyville, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
MORTENSON, A. E., Erie, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
MOSNY, MARTIN, Chicago, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
NAGLE, JOHN, Aurora, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
NALL, C. N., Searight, Ala.....(KA) (MA)
NAUSS, JACOB A., Harrisburg, Penn.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
NEAGLE, F. W., East Burke, Vt.....(KA) (MA)
NELSON, O. E., Patterson, N. C.....(KA) (MA)
NEUSTEL, J. G., Jr., Robinson, N. D.....(KA) (MA)
NUCKOLS, C. A., Hennessey, Okla.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
OAKLEY, G. M., Idabell, Okla.....(KA) (MA)
O'BRIEN, F., Avoca, Wis.....(D) (MA)
O'CONNOR, R., Bad Axe, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
ODDO, F., East Detroit, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
O'DONNELL, H., Baltimore, Md.....(KA) (MA)
OSTRANDER, G. W., Breckenridge, Mich.—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
OWEN, C. L., Menominee, Wis.—Corp.....(KA) (WS)
PARELL, J. F., New Haven, Conn.....(Sick) (MA)
PARKER, H. M., Cando, N. D.....(KA) (MA)
PARKER, M., Wilson, N. C.....(KA) (MA)
PARKINSON, H. M., Mineral Pt., Wis.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
PAWLICKI, F. P., Cleveland, Ohio—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
PAULCHINAK, J. G., Cleveland, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
PECK, M. M., Westerly, R. I.....(RD) (KA)
PETERS, A. C., Ada, Okla.—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
PETERSON, R. P., Dorchester, Neb.....(KA) (MA)
PETERSON, R., Soperton, Wis.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
PETTY, W. D., Pearl, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
PICIULIS, W., Pittsburgh, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
PICKARD, C. V., Kempton, Ind.....(KA) (MA)
PICKNEY, L. E., Winchester, Tenn.....(KA) (WS)
PIERCE, C. A., Beardstown, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
PIERCE, C. W., Columbus, Ohio.....(D) (MA)
PIERRE, L., Newark, N. J.....(WU) (MA)
PLISKO, W. J., Bridgeport, Conn.....(RD) (MA)
PLUNKETT, T. N., Hartshorn, Okla.....(KA) (MA)
POLAK, M., Milwaukee, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
POLKOSKY, J., Indiana, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
POND, DANIEL L., Athens, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
POOR, G. A., Jackson, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
POWELL, B., McGaha, Ky.....(KA) (MA)
PRENDERGAST, T. J., New Salem, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
PROFFIT, R., Mineral, Va.....(KA) (MA)
PYATT, S. E., Nealsville, N. C.....(KA) (MA)
RADER, V. S., Howard, Kan.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
RAMSDELL, R. L., South Waterboro, Me.—Corp.....(Sick) (MA)
RATHKE, A., Greenleaf, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
REESE, F. H., Nazareth, Penn.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
REED, G. I., Venice, Cal.....(KA) (MA)
RENEKER, J. H., Douds, Iowa.....(KA) (MA)
ROACH, J. J., Jermyn, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
ROBERTSON, G. F., Amarilla, Texas.....(KA) (MA)
ROGAN, E. J., Bridgeport, Conn.....(KA) (MA)
ROMES, S., Jr., Cheboygan, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
RORABACHER, C. W., Hamburg, Mich.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
RUSSELL, H., Layman, Ky.....(KA) (MA)
SANTORO, J., Amazon, N. Y.....(KA) (MA)
SARVER, W. S., Johnstown, Penn.....(WS) (KA)
SCHWARTZ, S. L., Chicago, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
SEARS, A. H., Oakland, Cal.....(DW) (WS)
SEBASTIAN, R. E., Fate, Texas.....(KA) (MA)
SEGUR, J. F., Toledo, Ohio.....(RD) (KA)
SHARPE, S., Chicago, Ill.—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
SHIELDS, A. N., Seattle, Wash.....(KA) (MA)
SIMMONS, C. H., Philadelphia.....(KA) (MA)
SIR, ALBERT, Copper City, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
SISCO, WILLIAM, Thorp, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
SKJERSETH, H. W., Marietta, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
SKRZENTA, P.S., E.Lake, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
SKUTT, SEYMOUR, Holly, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
SLOPPY, I. K., New Millport, Pa.....(DW) (MA)
SMALLYON, E. H., Hartford, Conn.....(WU) (MA)
SMITH, C. E., Milwaukee, Wis.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
SMITH, E. F., Philadelphia, Pa.....(KA) (MA)
SNEE, M., Kittanning, Penn.....(DW) (MA)
STANLEY, F. L., Granger, Texas—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
STANTON, J. E., Wheeling, W. Va.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
STAPLES, H.V., Dumbarton, Va.....(DW) (MA)
STASIAK, W., Chicago, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
STEIFEL, C. R., Freemansburg, Penn.—Corp.....(RD) (KA)
STEWART, THEOPHILUS, Royalton, Ill.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
STINELLA, ANGELO, Pittsburgh, Penn.....(DW) (MA)
STOKY, TOM, Holliston, Mass.....(KA) (MA)
STRICKLAND, CHARLES O., Era, Texas.....(KA) (MA)
SUNDERMANN, PAUL G., Pittsburgh, Penn.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
SWEENEY, PATRICK T., Ansonia, Conn.....(WL) (MA)
SZULCZEWSKI, STANLEY, Milwaukee, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
TEAFORD, CLARENCE, New Paris, Ohio.....(DW) (MA)
TEMPUS, PETER F., Independence, Iowa.....(KA) (MA)
THOMPSON, FLOYD L., Marion, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
THRALL, DEWEY O., Cambridge, Idaho.....(KA) (MA)
THRALL, LOREN R., Bone Gap, Ill.—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
TITUS, WILLIAM McKINLEY, Akron, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
TORDRUP, AUGUST, Hardy, Neb.....(KA) (MA)
TRACY, WALTER P., Saugerville, Me.....(KA) (MA)
TRELLA, ANDREW F., Brisbin, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
TUCKER, BUBER, Ware Shoals, S. C.....(KA) (MA)
TURNER, DAVID D., Wilson, N. C.....(KA) (MA)
TWEEDALE, HERBERT, Providence, R. I.....(KA) (MA)
TYNER, ELLIS W., Bules, N. C.....(DW) (MA)
VANCE, NUEL S., Hurricane, W. Va.....(KA) (MA)
VICKROY, LAWRENCE P., Aurora, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
VETRONA, MICHELE, Philadelphia, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
VETTER, C., Nashua, Iowa.....(KA) (MA)
WAMPLER, ALLAN J., McKeesport, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
WATKINS, L. L., Fulton, Ark.....(KA) (MA)
WATTERSON, W. A., Ada, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
WAYCHOFF, FRANCIS MARION, Waynesburg, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
WEBB, ROY A., Quay, Okla.....(KA) (MA)
WEBER, H.E., Mykawa, Texas.....(KA) (MA)
WEBSTER, J.B., Pontotoc, Miss.....(KA) (MA)
WEIGEL, A. L., Allegheny, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
WELKER, M. E., Harlem, Mont.....(KA) (MA)
WELLNER, E. C., Nauvoo, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
WENNER, L. F., Youngstown, O.....(KA) (MA)
WEST, KARL G., Morristown, N. J.—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
WHEELER, W., Fall River, Mass.....(DW) (MA)
WHITE, WILLIAM A., Memphis, Tenn.—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
WILKERSON, I. A., Macon, Ga.....(KA) (MA)
WILLADSEN, CHRISS S. F., Marquette, Neb.....(KA) (MA)
WILLENBRINK, WILLIAM V., Cincinnati, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
WILLIAMS, A. L., Bailey, N. C.....(KA) (MA)
WILSON, J., Crab Orchard, Ky.....(KA) (MA)
WILSON, WILLIAM L., Coshocton, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
WINKLER, GEORGE C., Germantown, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
WINTER, H., Jr., Norfolk, Neb.....(KA) (MA)
WOOD, D. L., Pawtucket, R. I.—Lt.....(KA) (MA)
WOOD, E. B., Springdale, Mont.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
WOOD, THOS., Oran, Mo.....(KA) (MA)
WOODLEY, URIAH, Cardington, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
WRAY, WM. A., Wirtz, Va.....(KA) (MA)
WYLIE, A. C., Buford, Ga.....(KA) (MA)
WYLIE, O. R., Kenton, Tenn.....(KA) (MA)
WYNNE, G., Lebanon, Tenn.....(KA) (MA)

CASUALTY LIST FOR NAVY.

Six Men Serving with Marine Corps in France Severely Wounded.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Casualties among enlisted men of the navy serving with the Marine Corps in France were announced today by the Navy Department as follows:

DIED OF WOUNDS.

PATTERSON, C. H., hospital apprentice, 216 Hathaway St., Houston, Texas.

SEVERELY WOUNDED IN ACTION.

BRUMBELOE, A. G., pharmacist's mate, Spray, N. C.
FREEMAN, W. P., chief pharmacist's mate, Flat River, Mo.
HILDRETH, G. H., pharmacist's mate, San Jacinto, Cal.
HOLLIS, W. W., pharmacist's mate, Loveland, Col.
JAVINS, R. M., pharmacist's mate, St. Albans, W. Va.
WILSON, M. B., pharmacist's mate, Richfield, Utah.

BLAMES ARMY MAIL CLERKS.

Burleson's Aid Says They Held Up Millions of Letters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Eight to ten carloads of mail for American soldiers are undelivered in France, Otto Praeger, Second Assistant Postmaster General, told the Senate Postoffice Committee today, and "thousands and probably millions" of letters, addressed to men overseas, will soon arrive in New York to be sent to the Dead Letter Office, where an attempt will be made to return them to the writers.

Blame for failure to deliver this mail was put on the War Department by Mr. Praeger, who said that army authorities handled all soldiers' mail in France, the Postoffice Department delivering outgoing mail at Hoboken and receiving returning mail at the French ports.

Mr. Praeger said that one way to improve conditions overseas would be to send experienced mail clerks to France.

Mr. Praeger asserted that one reason for the confusion in delivery of mail to soldiers was the failure of the War Department to keep up its index system. This same cause, he said, was also responsible for the delay in sending out allotments to soldiers' families and in reporting casualties.

Another cause of delay in delivering mail, he added, was the transferring of troops from one point to another, but he said this should cause only a few days' delay, as the mail could be forwarded to the moving troops.

When asked what facilities the War Department had for handling mail, Mr. Praeger said that about fifty experienced mail clerks had been sent overseas, but the rest of the force was made up of inexperienced men.

GERMANS RELEASE MORE AMERICANS

War Department Issues Another List of Freed Prisoners Who Have Reached France.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The War Department today made public the following list of American prisoners of war released from German hospitals and prisons, who are reported to have been returned to France:

POLING, J. H., Van Wert, Ohio.
BOLING, THURMAN, Philpot, Ky.
PIETILA, WAINO, Antonogon, Mich.
ZIELINSKI, JOE, Russia.
HERIGON, A. H., St. Thomas, Mo.
HOTT, JOHN, Pittsboro, Ind.
SNYDER, E. E., Bloomsburg, Penn.
MILLER, F. J., Honesdale, Penn.
FAZIO, SALVATORE, Passaic, N. J.
FRAZIER, E. E., S. Fork, Ark.
NEEL, W. E., Salisbury, N. C.
TRACEY, J. J., 5 Berkeley Pl., B'klyn, N. Y.
STEIN, J. P., Duquesne, Penn.
DENNINGER, JOSEPH, 253 58th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
TETJON, FRED, Washington, D. C.
SKARSTEN, ROBERT, Turner, Mon.
STURNIOLO, DAVID, 4,511 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.
ENGEL, F. J., 46 Romaine Av., Jersey City, N. J.
GALLATTO, ROSARIO, Schenectady, N. Y.
HUSTED, C. J., Philadelphia, Penn.
MUSSELMAN, J. R., Rohrsburg, Penn.
ALBRIGHT, H. R., Philadelphia, Penn.
O'NEILL, JOHN, 1,782 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
McMANUS, B. J., 345 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
CHESTER, A. J., Philadelphia, Penn.
O'NEARN, JAMES, 195 Chestnut Av., Staten Island, N. Y.
VIOLA, MICHAEL, Philadelphia, Penn.
FISHER, C. H., East Glastonbury, Conn.
LIPPERT, F. W., 446 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
LAMAR, A. V., 55 5th Av., Bklyn, N. Y.
HENDERSON, F. G., 565 49th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
GALVIN, M. T., 199 Richard St., Bklyn, N.Y.
BROWNE, E. S., 1,051 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DILLMAN, EUGENE, 8,808 Dairymple Av., Woodhaven, L. I.
PHIPPS, HARVEY, Aurora, Ind.
WOODWARD, E. M., Stovestown, Penn.
EOMAZZO, JOHN, Beckskill, N. Y.
CREMONA, CHRISTOPHER, 407 East 114th St., New York, N. Y.
BRENNER, ABRAHAM, 528 East 120th St., New York, N. Y.
PELLATTIRO, CHARLES, Hooversville, Penn.
FRAZIER, E. P., Connellsville, Penn.
RODGERS, JOHN, Philadelphia, Penn.
SNYDER, ERNEST, Easton, Penn.
FENSTERMAKER, WM., Bowmanstown, Penn.
VOELMLE, EDWARD, Philadelphia, Penn.
ANDREWS, V. L., Piney Creek, N. C.
DEC, TONY, Rusia.
SZAMKUL, KONSTANTY, Russia.
SWITZER, WM. H., Paducah, Ky.
WELLS, C. S., Martha, W. Va.
MESTAYER, EDWARD, Baldwin, La.
JOHNSON, M. A., Chicago, Ill.

A GREAT AMERICAN.

Life-size reproduction of splendid portrait of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

Broadway **Saks & Company** At 34th St.

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At Prices Below Today's Wholesale Cost

¶ Good furs are very scarce, and becoming more so every day. Having secured these fur coats quite some time ago, we are able to present them at less than today's wholesale cost.

The quantities are limited, making early selection most advisable.

Men's Raccoon Fur Coats in big, auto model with large shawl collar and wide cuffs. Lined with warm, All-wool Check lining, as illustrated, Special	$169.50
Men's Australian Wombat Fur Coats Big, roomy models, made of selected perfectly matched pelts, with large shawl collar and cuffs. Lined with All-wool English Checks........Special	$79.50
Men's Kangaroo Fur Coats Only three coats. A most extraordinary value......Special	$49.50
Men's Black Manchurian Dog Coats Double-breasted model, made of dense Black Dog fur. Body warmly lined........Special	$29.50

Motor Apparel Dept., Sixth Floor

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A SALE OF MEN'S FINE CLOTHES

Made by the Kirschbaum Shops

Suits that were $30 to $35 *Overcoats were $30 to $40*	*Suits that were $40 to $47.50* *Overcoats were $42.50 to $55*
At $25	**At $35**

IN the $25 group there are double-breasted Ulsterettes for town and country wear; English Box Overcoats, Chesterfield Overcoats, silk lined; Sack Suits of worsteds, cheviots and serges. These garments have regularly been selling at $30, $35 and $40 and were moderately priced at that. Now offered, in many cases, below to-day's wholesale quotations.

IN the $35 group there are our fine $45 and $50 Ulsters of pure Australian wool fabrics, Duvyteens, Cheshires and Scotch mixtures---Chesterfield Overcoats of fine moulaise with thin stoted edges and lined with high quality satin; Sack Suits of unfinished worsteds, woven from Australian wool; finished worsteds, serges and flannels---some of the suits silk trimmed. All these $45 and $50 values are grouped for this sale at one flat price---$35.

Returning soldiers changing from khaki to mufti will especially appreciate this extraordinary value event!

GET AHEAD OF TIME

Get ahead of time,—buy your stock of Shirts NOW,—the values we are now offering in this CLEARANCE SALE of SHIRTS will make it worth your while buying enough shirts for the balance of the year.

One of the items,—Our Silk Stripe Woven Madras and Russian Cord Shirts, always good value at $3.50 and $4.00, NOW $2.65.

Other Shirt Values in proportion.

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LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

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139 Nassau St.
110 Chambers St.
88 Delancey St.
1407 Broadway
1484 Broadway Near 42d St.
62 E. 14th St.
204 W. 125th St.

BROOKLYN SHOPS
367 Fulton St. 431 Fulton St.
NEWARK SHOP, 170 Market St.
Bridgeport Waterbury Scranton

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AT 45TH STREET
"Specialists in Sporting Goods"

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Calfskin Shoe, fitted with famous Automobile Skate

Other Outfits Ranging up to $27. For Example:

Hand-made leather lined shoe of highest quality in Tan, Black and White, and the famous "International" fancy Skate—$22.

Same Shoe as above, fitted to the Barney and Berry "Arena" Skate—$27.

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Special combinations of selected high grade Shoe and Skate—$9.50.

For those wishing something exceptional we offer a high grade Hockey Shoe and Model D "Automobile" Skate—$14.50

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"Turner for Concrete"

THE MENACE OF BOLSHEVISM.
Charles Edward Russell, Socialist and publicist, describes Bolshevism as "Autocracy's Twin Brother" in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

STILL HEARST VOICES IN PROTEST MEETING

Mrs. McAllister Smith Ejects Woman Who Lauded Editor in German Accents.

REBUKE YOUNG 'G. A. R.' MAN

Head of 'Women War Veterans' Gets Unexpected Bid to Service—Welcoming Plans Furthered.

Efforts of persons speaking in behalf of William Randolph Hearst to break up a meeting of the Citizens' Committee of Welcome, formed by those who object to Mr. Hearst on the Mayor's Committee to greet returning soldiers, resulted in many lively exchanges at the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday afternoon. The affair culminated in a heated colloquy between Robert Underwood Johnson and a man giving his name as J. J. Smith, one of the disturbers, and the ejection from the ballroom by Mrs. McAllister Smith of a woman with a German accent, who insisted on praising Hearst, following adjournment.

The interruptions began soon after the meeting had been called to order by Charles Stewart Davison, who presided, when Alfred S. Henderson declared that a committee of five, to be composed of men of the type of the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, who, he said, believed Hearst was the greatest menace of the present time, should be appointed to prepare plans. He expressed what he termed his contempt for Hearst, and wound up by saying he had had the honor of being present at a meeting held in Mount Vernon to demand the exclusion of the Hearst papers from that city. No sooner had he finished than a woman at the rear of the ballroom arose, and, in a German manner of speech, said:

"That is a shame. It is against free speech. It should never have been."

Cries of "sit down," "you're out of order," and "put her out" were ignored by the Chairman, but the woman subsided for the time being.

Chairman Davison then recognized a man in the second row of seats who asked permission to speak. He began by saying he was a veteran of the civil war and that he represented the Grand Army of the Republic. This struck a popular chord and he was interrupted with generous applause, but his next few words threw the 300 present into an uproar.

"I do not think any committee should align itself against any men," he said in a loud voice. "Mayor Hylan was elected to office by the largest majority ever given a Mayoralty candidate. We want fair play—"

He got no further, for his voice was drowned in an angry murmur. Dr. William T. Manning was recognized by the Chairman under a point of order.

"The man who made fair play impossible was Mayor Hylan himself," Dr. Manning said. "I protest that the gentleman who just spoke is out of order."

Before Mr. Davison could rule on the point of order, the speaker continued his remarks. "I believe the whole city is willing and anxious for the Mayor's Committee to welcome the soldiers who are coming home," he said. "We should join with Mayor Hylan and stand by him."

The mention of Mayor Hylan's name at this point was greeted with hisses and boos. When quiet had been restored the Chairman asked the speaker his name and whom he represented. He said he was J. J. Smith and that he represented the Grand Army of the Republic.

After the meeting when questioned by reporters Smith denied that he had said he represented the G. A. R. Asked where he lived, he hesitated for a moment and then said, "Flushing." When one of the reporters for The American disclosed his identity, Smith took him aside and talked earnestly for a few minutes. He was heard to tell the reporter that he would find some new material in the American office. According to several bystanders, Smith left the meeting with this reporter.

On motion of Rabbi Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanu-El, who declared that the Citizens' Committee was already an established fact, Smith was called to order, and, despite his attempt to supplement his remarks, was compelled to resume his seat. Before proceeding further with the meeting, Chairman Davison sent for a gavel.

Richard M. Hurd then spoke of the arrangements that had been made for the mass meeting to be held in Madison Square Garden on Jan. 17. He declared that many believed Hearst would try to "pack" the Garden with sympathizers, and for that reason it had been deemed advisable to issue tickets of admission. He said that more than half the boxes had been sold and hundreds of applications had been received for reserved seats. The speakers, he said, would be James M. Beck, the Rev. William T. Manning, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, Charles S. Fairchild, ex-Ambassador Henry Morgenthau, Father Clifford, and the Rev. S. Parkes Cadman.

The name of Hearst was brought in once more by the Rev. Howard Duffield, pastor emeritus of the First Presbyterian Church, and Chaplain of the 9th Coast Artilery, who declared that the citizens were not rebelling against the Mayor because of Hearst personally as much as for what Hearst himself had said.

"The loyal citizens are not inclined to fall in line with one who said the things he did or was recognized by the German Government as he was," Dr. Duffield said. "It is no wonder that the citizens rise up in their indignation when the Mayor tries to use us to rehabilitate the fortunes of Hearst."

Smith, who had been quiet during Mr. Hurd's talk, started an uproar when he interrupted Rabbi Silverman, who spoke on the advisability of advertising the mass meeting by placards and circulars.

"Is Mr. Hearst going to be invited to this meeting?" Smith broke in. He received his answer in an unanimous "No" which filled the ballroom.

A young woman, wearing a bunch of orchids, who sat next to Smith and who had been talking to him, obtained the floor. She gave her name as Dorothy Frooks, and said she was head of the Woman War Veterans of America, composed of 5,000 women who took the places of soldiers and sailors in business.

"I don't like to feel that this is a political meeting aimed against a personality," she said. "It should be an outburst of the heart and not the expression of disapproval against a personality."

Chairman Davison cut short her further attempts to talk by offering her a place on the committee. He told her to leave with the Secretary a memorandum of the sub-committees of which she would like to become a member. Her attitude indicated that she had not expected Mr. Davison's offer, and she sat down.

Following the appointment of a Publicity Committee, composed of prominent writers, the meeting was adjourned.

Smith, bent on having his final say, started to praise Hearst and the Mayor's Committee to any who would listen. When he made the statement that he had read the Hearst papers for many years and had never read a disloyal article in them, Robert Underwood Johnson took issue with him.

"I was down at City Hall recently with twelve G. A. R. men, and there was not one of them but was willing to give three cheers for William Randolph Hearst," Smith next asserted.

"I'm ashamed of you," said Johnson, shaking his finger at Smith.

"Did you fight in the civil war?" asked Smith, who does not look a day over forty, and many years younger than Mr. Johnson.

"No, I was eight years old at the time," was the retort. "There are other ways of serving one's country, anyway, besides going to war and then coming back to betray it."

"Do you think any one has tried to betray this country?" asked Smith, his face flushed with anger.

"Yes, I do," replied Johnson, stepping close to Smith.

It seemed that the two would come to blows, but Chairman Davison stepped between them, remarking that he would have to act as Sergeant at Arms. Smith was escorted from the spot and left the ballroom.

While the Smith-Johnson colloquy was in progress the woman with the German accent who had disturbed the meeting before broke out afresh. When Mr. Johnson replied to a question put to him by Smith that he did not read the Hearst papers she cried excitedly: "The Hearst papers are all right. They tell the truth."

Before she could say more Mrs. McAllister Smith, who was standing near, seized her by the arm and ejected her from the ballroom. She went out crying that the Hearst papers represented the people.

"Get out of here, you Bolshevik," was Mrs. Smith's final word as she led the disturber through the door.

Announcement was made at the headquarters of the committee, 415 Madison Avenue, that it now numbered more than 300 and represents seventy civic and patriotic organizations in the city.

The Colonial Dames of America yesterday protested to Mayor Hylan against the presence of Mr. Hearst on the official committee. In a letter sent to the Mayor by Effie Beckman Borrowe, the Secretary, the members express the hope that he will "yield to the accumulated remonstrances voiced by citizens of undoubted loyalty and request the resignation of Mr. Hearst."

CLEARS COMPANY LAWYERS.

Brooklyn Appellate Division Drops Guarantee Company Case.

An application by the Brooklyn Bar Association to discipline Clarence H. Kelsey, President of the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company, and Harry H. Hesse and Harry L. Thompson, attorneys for the corporation, for violating the section of the penal law relating to the practice of law by corporations, was denied yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn.

The Bar Association cited the case of Evelyn G. Post against Amelia E. Lewis, a mortgage foreclosure proceeding, in which Thompson acted as attorney for the plaintiff and also represented his corporation. The association also named 336 other cases, in most of which, it was alleged, Hesse or Thompson acted for the plaintiffs.

The Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company in its defense contended that, since it has guaranteed 38,000 mortgages representing $250,000,000, it is necessary to have associated attorneys for the protection of all persons interested.

Justice Kelly, in his opinion in the case, remarked that the same complaint was dismissed by the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association on Nov. 11 last.

"The action of these men does not offend the law," Justice Kelly said. "The statute provides that a corporation shall not be prohibited from employing an attorney or attorneys in and about its own immediate affairs, or in litigation to which it is or may become a party. As long as the business is lawful and they are conducting their business pursuant to the statute, it seems idle to urge that Section 280 of the penal law prohibits the company from doing that very thing."

Joseph W. Phair, Treasurer of the Lawyers' Mortgage Company, of 59 Liberty Street, was held in $100 bail by Magistrate Healy in the Municipal Term Court yesterday for trial in Special Sessions on a charge of violating Section 280 of the penal law. Phair was accused by an attorney of drawing a satisfaction piece for a client of his, for which $2.50 was charged.

Concert at Art Museum Tonight.

The Symphony Orchestral concert under the conductorship of David Mannes, the second of a series of four, a gift to the public from a friend of the museum and entirely free, will be given in the Metropolitan Museum of Art this evening at 8 o'clock. Miss Edith R. Abbott will give a talk upon the "Paintings of the Barbizon School" at 4 P. M. today. Tomorrow at 3 P. M., Miss Anna C. Chandler will talk to children upon "King Lear and His Daughters," and at 4 P. M. C. Lewis Hind will give a talk on "Painting" to grown-ups.

Mascagni's "Lodoletta" Repeated.

Mascagni's "Lodoletta," after Ouida's story of "Two Little Wooden Shoes," was repeated to a house sold out at the Metropolitan last evening. Caruso, Easton, and Chalmers sang, with Didur, De Segurola, Egener, Arden, Mattfeld, and Audisio in Dutch or Parisian character rôles, and Moranzoni conducted.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Atta Boy" will end its engagement at the Lexington Theatre tonight, instead of a week later, as originally announced.

"Sleepless Nights," a farce by Jack Larrie and Gustav Blum, has been put into rehearsal by the Shuberts. In the cast are Irene Fenwick, Ernest Glendinning, Donald Gallaher, William Morris, Lucille Watson, Carlotta Monterey, and others.

Ruth Shepley, Courtney Foote, and Ferdinand Gottschalk have been engaged for "Adam and Eva," a comedy by Guy Bolton and George Middleton, which F. Ray Comstock will soon place in rehearsal.

A. H. Woods has acquired the London rights to "Tea For Three," and will produce the play in that city this season.

Al Jolson last night returned to the Winter Garden after a week's absence, due to voice trouble. His role was played in his absence by Ernest Hare.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

Shattuck Plays Tschaikovsky.

The most important number on the program of Arthur Shattuck's piano recital at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon was the seldom played Sonata by Peter Ilyitsch Tschaikovsky. We dimly recall having heard the work given by Professor Karl Klindworth—to whom it was dedicated by the composer—about thirty years ago at old Steinway Hall; and the indefatigable Franz Rummel had it at his finger ends, but whether he offered it in public we cannot say. He introduced the second piano Concerto here. Godowsky also played it, but we confess to not hearing it from him. The Sonata opus 37 is in the key of G. Possibly its great length, fifty pages, has kept it under lock and key. Its opening is rudely vigorous, while the countertheme in G minor is a blending of Chopin.

Lack of cohesiveness is the gravest fault throughout. The ideas are often orchestral, but diffuse. There is more simplicity in the E minor Andante, and in this movement the piano idiom is in evidence. The Scherzo is Tschaikovsky in a waggish mood. He plays jokes and roars over them. The Finale is all hammer and tongs, and it is the most Russian of the four sections. In a footnote to the composition the composer suggests the correct use of the pedal, knowing well that atmosphere, color, perspective, are essentials of his music. As a whole this Sonata is writ large for orchestra and piano. It may have been, notwithstanding its unheavenly lengths, a truncated piano concerto, as was, for example, the F minor piano Sonata of Robert Schumann, known as "Concert sans Orchestre."

Mr. Shattauck possesses more than mere technical proficiency. Of his mechanism you think last because he is very musical, also intellectual. He is of the true North American cerebral type, the sort that does not allow his emotions to blur his conception of a work. The linear design comes first in his scheme; then dynamic mass; last, though not least, tone-color. We heard him play in Philadelphia during the previous season, and, with the sympathetic accompaniment of Leopold Stokowski, a concerto by Palmgren, a Scandinavian, and the result was a musical aurora borealis. He omitted the Scherzo of the Sonata yesterday because of the persistent G major tonality. But how well he brought out the insistent rhythms of the first movement, which, to be frank, suggest a theme from a chorus in "Faust"—the Kermesse. But Tschaikovsky was always fond of Gounod and Berlioz.

Mr. Shattuck played a Brahms slow waltz (in A flat) with so much charm that he had to repeat it. It is one of a set of two dozen masterpieces in miniature, yet hardly ever in the repertory of a concert pianist; which is a pity. Gericke orchestrated these tiny dances and the Boston Symphony Orchestra played them, but they are piano pieces and do not suffer a rich sea change in instrumental garb; rather the reverse. An Intermezzo, Op. 117, No. 2, by Brahms, preceded them, in which the deep musical feeling of Shattuck was admirable.

The second theme sounds like "Carmen, je t'aime," from Act III.; though Bizet probably found the lovely phrase in the same place that Brahms did—namely, the "O Jesu" in a sacred song by Joseph Haydn. A concert etude by Poldini, often played by Moriz Rosenthal—truly Viennese in character; "Ruin," by Emerson Whithorne, redolent of Debussy, yet individual and effective, and Liszt's Twelfth Rhapsody, closed an enjoyable afternoon. As encores the young virtuoso offered a Chopin Prelude in E and a delightful trifle by the Russian, Rebikoff. The prelude was neat, but not plastic.

Arthur Shattuck is a brilliant pianist, and was a pupil of Fannie Bloomfield Zeisler and Leschetizky. His color gamut is still rather restricted and a mannerism that might be discarded is his occasional lack of unanimity of attack in chord playing; the left hand sounds before the right. He has so many excellent qualities as a thoughtful artist that a mention of this trait need not minimize them.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Philharmonic Society's orchestra gave a second popular concert last night at the Brooklyn Commercial High School.

Walter Damrosch will conduct another of the Symphony Concerts for Children this morning at 11 o'clock in Aeolian Hall.

Gilbert & Sullivan revivals at the Park are soon to add "Patience," "Iolanthe," and "Yeoman of the Guard," making seven operas in all.

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NEW FICTION

The BOOK SECTION on the Main Floor, will have on sale, beginning TO-DAY, these first new books of the year by popular authors.

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The Roll Call—By Arnold Bennett, . . .	1.50
Who Cares?—By Cosmo Hamilton, . . .	1.50
The Doughboys—By Patrick McGill, . . .	1.50
The Human Touch—By Sapper, ...	1.50
Java Head—By Joseph Hergesheimer, . . .	1.50
The World and I—By Ella Wheeler Wilcox	3.50

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OWING TO THE DEATH OF THE RT. REV. SIGOURNEY W. FAY, the lecture by Capt. the Rev. R. J. J. Watt, C. F., will be postponed from January 12 to January 19, 1919.

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CENTURY THEATRE....Jan. 24....1:30
**Advance orders by mail, prior to box office sale, $3.00. No Tax. Address Daniel Frohman, Lyceum Theatre.

OPERA TICKETS
Seats 50c advance for Caruso in Marta and Le Prophete, Jan. 18. Benefit French Hospital. All operas. Subscriptions bought, sold. Phones Bryant 7877-7576.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th
Twice Daily. Pop. Prices
The Beauty Trust

Loew's American Roof
42d St., W. of B'way
Every Evg. at 8:15
RYAN & LEE
8 OTHER ACTS. All Seats Reserved
Douglas Fairbanks, "Arizona." 25, 35, 50

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DELICIOUS Table D'Hote Dinner
BUSINESS MEN'S AND SHOPPERS' LUNCHEONS ALL DAY
Also Southern Chicken Dinner
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
Exhibition Dancers
SYMPHONY Concerts 6 to 9 P. M.—From 9 Until Close, DANCING.

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—BUT—
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Newly Furnished Suites
Of Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six Rooms
FROM $75 TO $180 A MONTH
With or without kitchens. Maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included.
In the heart of the best residential section of New York City.
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Merrick Road, Lynbrook, Long Island
Superior Cuisine and Service.
DANCING—SPECIAL MUSIC.
Under direction of Harry & Joseph Susskind.

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2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

INTERVENTION IN RUSSIA.
Plans for overcoming the crisis in Russia discussed in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN Evenings 8. Matinee Today 2.
AL JOLSON in "SINBAD"
Sunday Night Concert
UNUSUAL BILL OF FAVORITES.

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre
NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL
—AT 11:30—
A SENSATION!
Phone Col. 8800

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Thurs., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD
in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

ELTINGE West 42d Street. Evenings, 8:30. Last Mat. Today, 2:30.
LAST TWO TIMES.
UNDER ORDERS

PRINCESS Matinees Today and Wednesday. Evenings 8:20.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes.
OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

Comedy 41st, E. of B'way. Beg's Thur., Jan. 16 Seats Mon.
Edward Locke's Comedy
THE CLIMAX
With ELEANOR PAINTER

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Today, Thur. 2:15
THIS WEEK. L'AVARE
Seats 50c to $2. Tonight Pop. Prices.

SHUBERT West 44th St. Tel. Bryant 8439. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, author of "The Blue Bird."

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers.
5th Month | Not a War Play
THE UNKNOWN PURPLE
The Season's Hit. With RICHARD BENNETT

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:35. Last Matinee Today, 2:30.
BE CALM, CAMILLA
Clare Kummer's New Comedy.
with Lola Fisher and Walter Hampden.

TUES. EVE., JAN. 14—SEATS NOW.
A. H. WOODS Presents
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13
A New Play by Samuel Shipman & Max Marcin

NORA BAYES Theatre., 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15. Evs. 8:15.
NORA BAYES
IN HER JOYOUS PLAY
LADIES FIRST
Nora Bayes' Nifty Sunday Night Concert

Selwyn Theatre 42nd. W. of B'way.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Jane Cowl
IN
The Crowded Hour

Maxine Elliott's 39th St., nr. B'way.
THE COMEDY HIT
Tea for 3
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners
with IRENE BORDONI

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Today 2:15.
Highest Price Orch. Seats, Evenings, $1.00
BUSINESS Before PLEASURE
Next Week MAYTIME
PEGGY WOOD, WILLIAM NORRIS, Melvin Stokes.
SUNDAY CONCERT—1:30 to 11:30 P. M.

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30 Sharp. Matinees Today & Wed., at 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Comedy,
A LITTLE JOURNEY
with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley.

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15.
"ADORABLE."—Mail.
EAST IS WEST
A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

44th ST. Thea., nr. Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15.
LITTLE SIMPLICITY
SMARTEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits
New Musical Play—The 100% Show
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
Sun. Eve. Concert | Wm. & Gordon Dooley | Ted. Lewis & His Own Jazz Band | Big Bill
A Merry Musical Romance.
'SOME TIME' 4th MONTH
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.

WILLIAM COLLIER
LONGACRE West 48th St.
in "NOTHING BUT LIES"
Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. at 2:30.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Last Matinee Today, 2:30.
LAST 3 TIMES
LAST MAT. TODAY.
FLORENCE NASH
in "REMNANT"
With ORRIN JOHNSON and GREAT CAST.

MOROSCO Next Monday SEATS NOW
OLIVER MOROSCO WILL PRESENT
WILLIAM COURTENAY
—AND—
TOM WISE
IN E. E. ROSE'S NEW COMEDY
CAPPY RICKS
FROM PETER B. KYNE'S POPULAR SATURDAY EVENING POST STORIES

KALICH
FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
RIDDLE: WOMAN
A. E. Anson and others.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:15.
Musical Comedy Melting of Molly with Charles Purcell.
OODLES OF LAUGHTER.—Alan Dale.

39TH ST. Thea., nr. Bry. 413. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
The Laugh Play Keep It To Yourself
Snappy and daring enough to make the audience gasp.—Eve. Mail.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
WHITESIDE
"Intensely Dramatic."—World.
in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

PLYMOUTH West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE
in Tolstoi's "REDEMPTION"

PLYMOUTH THEATRE—SPECIAL
THIS MORNING AT 10:30.
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"Chorus of approval from New York newspaper writers."—Literary Digest.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST.
SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS
Gilbert & Sullivan's Gayest Comic Operas.
Mat. Today at 2:30 The GONDOLIERS
TONIGHT at 8:30 MIKADO
NEXT MONDAY—FRA DIAVOLO.
With Orville Harrold and Bianca Saroya

Loew's 7th Av. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1.
Mat. Today, 25c to 75c. 7 Days Leave
Next Week | Shelly Hull in "Under Orders" with Effie Shannon.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times
WILLIAM GILLETTE | BARRIE'S BEST COMEDY | DEAR BRUTUS

GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre, B'way, 43d St. Bryant 392.
Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20.
COHAN MAT. TODAY
"A Prince There Was"
GEO. M. COHAN'S Sensational Success!

If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love
PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE
Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:15.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15.

LIGHTNIN Eves at 8:30. Mats. Today Wed. and Fri., 2:30.
GAIETY, B'way 46 St.
AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT
3 Wise Fools Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20
CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:30
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written.
THREE FACES EAST
Hundreds turned away at every performance.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Thurs. 2:20.
FRANCES STARR
in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St.
Evs. 8:15. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!
"The Best, Brightest and Liveliest Performance on Broadway."—Eve. Journal.

GLOBE. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
JULIA Sanderson | JOSEPH Cawthorn | IN "THE Canary"
Sam Hardy and Doyle & Dixon.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, W. 42d St.
Eves. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
THE REAL LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON
KLAW & ERLANGER'S TIMELY GEM OF JOY AND MELODY
THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE.
AIN'T IT A GREAT & GLORIOUS FEELING
NO MORE TICKET PROFITEERING
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
Only Perfect Roof Theatre in America.

VANDERBILT THEATRE, 48th St. East of Broadway.
Eves. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
EMILY STEVENS in THE GENTILE WIFE

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20
"'ULLO, 'ERE'S A 'IT!" The Better 'Ole
WITH MR. and MRS. COBURN

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:15.
The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies
GLORIANNA

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:20
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS
DADDIES

HARRIS West 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:30.
It has struck the town—a new sensation! Follow the crowd to THE INVISIBLE FOE—Thrills, Love, Laughter and Spine-Chilling mystery!
Not "a war play."

STANDARD B'y, 90 St. MAT. TODAY, 25c to $1.00.
DAVID WARFIELD in "The Auctioneer"
Next Week—"SEVEN DAYS LEAVE"

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan. 12, at 3
ZIMBALIST
VIOLIN RECITAL—TICKETS AT HALL

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Jan. 13, at 3
YOLANDA MERO
PIANO RECITAL—(Steinway.) Seats now.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Ev., Jan. 14, at 8:15
BERKSHIRE STRING QUARTET
Quartets by Haydn, Jarnecke (new) Borodin.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 18, 2:30
ALMA GLUCK
ONLY SONG RECITAL IN N. Y.
EFREM ZIMBALIST will play
Mme. Gluck's accompaniments. (Knabe Piano)

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today 2:15 Evgs. at 8:15.

Carnegie Hall, THIS AFT'N. at 2:30.
Boston Symphony Orchestra
HENRI RABAUD Conductor.
Tickets at Box Office.

LEXINGTON THEATRE 51st St. and Lex. Ave.
Positively Only One Week
to see
The Best Musical Comedy in New York
ATTA BOY
WITH
Capt. Frank Tinney
Must Return to Camp After Jan. 18th
Prices 50c to $2.00—No War Tax.
Wed. Mat., Best Seats $1.00.

Burton Holmes
CARNEGIE HALL, 57th St., 7th Ave.
NEXT SUNDAY EVE., 8:30
MON. MAT., 3
WITH THE "YANKS" IN ENGLAND
Popular Prices, 50c to $1.50.

Manhattan O. H., 34th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
Last 10 Times
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in GEO. M. COHAN'S Newest Comedy
THE VOICE OF McCONNELL
25c to $1.50. A few front Orch. Seats at $1.50.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Today, Mat. at 2, Tosca. Farrar; Lazaro, Scotti, Malatesta, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
Tonight, 8, (75c to $3). Marouf. Alda, Howard; De Luca, Rothier, Bada, Segurola. Cond., Monteux.
Sun. Eve. Concert 50c to $2. Rudolph Ganz, Pianist. Hempel, Braslau. Orch. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon., at 8, Aida. Muzio, Matzenauer; Martinelli, Couzinou, Mardones. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed., at 8:15, Marta. Hempel, Perini; Caruso, Didur, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs., at 8, "Il Tabarro," "Suor Angelica," "Gianni Schicchi." Farrar, Muzio, Easton; Crimi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri., at 8:15, Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sat., at 2, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Con., Papi.
Sat. at 8. Special performance Le Prophete. Muzio, Matzenauer; Caruso, Rothier, Diaz, Schlegel, Mardones. Cond., Bodanzky.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues. Eve., Jan. 14, at 8. Thais. Farrar, Braslau; Diaz, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Aeolian Hall, This Morning, at 11
SECOND SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR CHILDREN.
Mr. DAMROSCH will explain the STRINGED INSTRUMENTS
Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.
AEOLIAN HALL
Second Series of
Eight Sunday Afts.
Beginning Tomorrow (Sun.) Aft., at 3
Soloist, SERGEI
RACHMANINOFF
Schubert, Rachmaninoff, Saint-Saens.
Other soloists for the series are:
Raoul Vidas Hulda Lashanska
Harold Bauer Emilio de Gogorza
Subscription Tickets at Room 1202 Aeolian Bldg.

Metropolitan Museum of Art
FREE CONCERTS
on consecutive Saturday evenings, Jan. 11, 18 and 25, at 8
A Symphony Orchestra directed by
DAVID MANNES
NO TICKETS REQUIRED.
Museum open continuously 10 A. M. to 10:45 P. M.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY..........Conductor
Carnegie Hall, Tonight at 8:30.
SOLOIST LEVITZKI
HAYDN, MOZART.
BEETHOVEN Concerto No. 3.
TCHAIKOVSKY—4th Symphony.
As a tribute to the late Theodore Roosevelt tonight's concert will be preceded by the Dirge from MacDowell's "Indian Suite" and the hymn "America."
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Wednesday Eve., Jan. 15
SCHOLA CANTORUM
KURT SCHINDLER, Conductor
SPANISH FOLK SONGS
Elizabethan Madrigals and Roundelays
Music of the Italian Renaissance
Part Songs by Leo Ornstein
Percy Grainger and Balfour Gardiner
Tickets $2 to 50c., on Sale at Box Office Now

Friends of Music
Tomorrow (Sun.) Aft., at 3—at Ritz
BEETHOVEN CHOR FANTASIE
MOZART-SCHUBERT
ARTUR BODANZKY..........Conductor
OLGA SAMAROFF..........Pianist
Tickets $2.50 of Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.

HIPPODROME, Tomorrow (Sun.) Evening at 8:15. CONCERT BY JOHN
McCORMACK
SEATS $1, $1.50, $2. NOW AT BOX OFFICE.

MOTION PICTURES.

TODAY GO SEE
The Picture That All New York Is Talking About.
"THE HEART of HUMANITY"
THE PICTURE THAT WILL LIVE FOREVER
BROADWAY
THEATRE, B'WAY AT 41ST ST.
10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 60. Lgs. $1
NORMA TALMADGE
The Heart of Wetona
A Prizma Color Prelude
RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square 20—30—60.
DOROTHY GISH in "The Hope Chest"
New Drew Comedy
RIALTO ORCHESTRA

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3990
Maurice Tourneur's Masterpiece. "WOMAN"
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.
BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY & TOM'W, 20c & 30c, including Tax.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
Carlyle Blackwell, "Love in a Hurry."

STRAND B'way & 47th St.
FRED STONE "Under the Top"
Strand Orchestra.

Plaza Madison Ave., at 59th St.
'LITTLE ORPHANT ANNIE'
Dramatized from the poem by JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY

Tea Rooms.

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200 Madison Ave., at 35th Street.
Luncheon Tea Dinner
THE VERY BEST OF HOME COOKING.
New England and Dixie join hands.

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Established 1912. Closed Sundays.
Breakfast, 40-50c; Lunch, 60-75c; Dinner, $1-1.25.
Under Same Management as the ROSE GARDEN.

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A la carte from 8:30 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Everything home cooked. Only fresh materials used.
Smoking downstairs.

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Club Breakfast.
Open Sundays from 1 to 7 P. M.
Luncheon 50c; Afternoon Tea; Dinner 75c.
Chicken Dinner Sunday, Wednesday and Friday.

OLD CHELSEA 51 WEST 16TH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
Well-Balanced Food, Deliciously Cooked.
Lunch 40-50c; Dinner 85c; Sunday Dinner 1 P. M.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET.
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The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at
SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St.
SPECIAL
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE PICCADILLY, 170 West 72d Street, near Broadway.
Special Chicken and Waffle Dinner every Monday & Thursday. Delicious home cooking.

DELICIOUS HOME COOKING DOWNTOWN.
THE BROWN BETTY 72 WALL STREET 147 FULTON ST.
SOUTHERN WAFFLES EVERY SATURDAY.

THE MARY FANT 26 West 43d Street Just off 5th Ave.
LUNCHEON, 70c; AFTERNOON TEA; DINNER, $1
SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHT DINNER, $1.25

HEATHERDELL 15 East 43d Street Open Sundays.
LUNCHEON 40c : TEA : DINNER 60c

THE GREEN WITCH 40 East 10th street. An artists' rendezvous
LUNCH, 50c. (Closed Sundays.) DINNER, 65c.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's.
Luncheon; Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner $1.25

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."
PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JAN. 11, 1919.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]

Times Building	Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway	
Downtown	7 Beekman Street
Wall Street	2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.	

Bronx	2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights	3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn	401 Fulton Street
Staten Island	93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens	317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth	250 Morris Av.
Hoboken	61 Second Street
Jersey City	89 Montgomery Street
Paterson	13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON	Riggs Building
CHICAGO	1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS	1008 Fullerton Building
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DAILY & SUNDAY	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only	3.00	1.75	.30
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FOREIGN RATES.			
DAILY & SUNDAY	$26.00	$12.30	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only	9.75	5.12	.86

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Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
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TAXPAYERS SHOULD TAKE HEED.

The Mayor formally states that the city is prepared to take over and operate the Interborough portion of the dual subway if the Interborough does not care to fulfill its contract with the city. The Board of Estimate also formally states that it never will consent to an increase of fare, the nickel rate being of the essence of the Interborough's contract. If conditions unforeseen at the time of the contract make the five-cent fare insufficient for the support of the property, that is the concern of the Interborough, and it must wait for its profits until the fare makes them up.

That is a threat to the taxpayers. The Interborough has a preference for its share of the fares which must be satisfied before the city gets any. The city thus gets a preference for its deficit to match the Interborough's preference for the income up to its satisfaction under the contract. If there are fares enough there will be no deficit for either, and the statement of neither the Mayor nor the Board of Estimate alters the number of fares by one nickel. That there is a deficit just now can surprise nobody who remembers that there has been a war, and costs to match, and who remembers, too, that the Interborough is carrying large construction costs which are not represented in the fares collected, but which will yield returns upon the opening of routes which must be opened whoever controls the city's policy.

The Mayor and the Board of Estimate can only burden the Interborough for a time at the cost of throwing greater burdens on the taxpayers, for the deficits, if any, are a cumulative charge against the city at compound interest until satisfied. The city and the Interborough would each get its share sooner if the unforeseen costs imposed by the war could be collected as a temporary war charge from the farepayers who receive the service. But the Mayor and the Board of Estimate think it better that the taxpayers should bear the costs than the farepayers. That will please all who do not pay taxes, or who think they do not, and will put the Interborough facilities at the command of the public below cost. It is not imaginable that the city can get for nothing the Interborough's property by methods which are confiscatory in their nature if successful, and which are unconscionable even for politicians professing civic patriotism whether successful or unsuccessful. There are courts, and there is a public opinion which is just when informed of the merits.

A HUDSON TUNNEL FOR VEHICLES.

New York is served by three railway tunnels under the Hudson, but it now sorely feels the need of a traffic tunnel. During the harbor strike there has been one ferry in operation, that of the Lackawanna, plying between Hoboken and the city, but of course it has been inadequate. It accommodates but a small percentage of the wheeled traffic that makes use of the fleet of ferryboats during normal times. A very considerable amount of foodstuffs, not to speak of fuel and products indispensable to the transaction of business, comes across the river on wheels day and night. A ferryboat seldom moves out of a slip in the daylight hours without being packed to the gates with wagons, drays, and trucks, horse-drawn and motor. The harbor strike has brought this means of transportation almost to a standstill, with heavy cost to consumers and business men. It is natural, therefore, for the New York State Bridge and Tunnel Commission to call attention again to the "importance of prompt action in the construction of a tunnel for vehicular traffic under the Hudson River." The commission says:

> The economic and financial loss which is faced today as a result of the present situation will probably amount to many times the cost of the construction of such a tunnel. This is a loss which can never be made good.

It has been estimated that a traffic tunnel charging ferry rates would pay for itself in from ten to twenty years. If a foot passageway were provided by the side of the vehicle track thousands of pedestrians would use it when ferry service was interrupted. Federal co-operation in building such a tunnel has been asked for, but, according to the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee, the "tube" would be a "local improvement," in spite of its obvious interstate commerce features.

Perhaps the hardships and inconveniences caused by the harbor strike will convince Congress that an appropriation to help the States of New York and New Jersey to build a tunnel for vehicles under the Hudson would be warranted. Certainly precedents for Federal co-operation could be found. The five million people of the city should not be dependent for their food supply in emergencies upon the railways coming in from the north and using the bridges at Albany and Poughkeepsie. A bridge or two thrown across the river in the downtown district would solve the problem, but it has been demonstrated that tunnels cost much less than bridges.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

Something of the true inwardness of Government ownership of railroads may be guessed from some details of the marine workers' strike, which has practically left only two railroads, the New York Central and the Pennsylvania, to bring supplies to New York, to feed the great populations whose convenience, business, existence are so engagingly toyed with.

The Regional Director of the Eastern District proposed that a sort of truce of forty-eight hours be agreed to, so that the Federal authorities might settle the strike. The effort has failed, the harbor workers rejected the proposal. A sub-condition of the truce proposed that, if the truce were accepted, the ferryboats owned by the railroads, operated by the Government, should operate again.

These ferryboats plying across the Hudson are just as much a part of the railroads as the tracks. Take the case of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, which has no tubes. The Government issues timetables for the arrival and departure of these necessary continuations of the railroad. It contracts, in fact, to take every passenger across by means of those boats. For "sympathetic" reasons certain employés, Federal employés, on these boats desert their posts. Does the Railroad Administration make them return? Does it run the boats itself, carry out its contract with and duty to the public? No. At great inconvenience to the passengers, it shifts them, so far as they can so be served, to the Pennsylvania line. It crams the Pennsylvania tubes with them and other victims of a Government that weakly consents to run the Central of New Jersey Railroad only to the water's edge.

For two days already the Government, so eager for Government ownership of the railroads, has given up its right to run and operate that railroad and every other railroad—except the Lackawanna, whose ferryboat employés are less "sympathetic"—served by ferryboats. Why? Palpably because it is not deemed prudent to impress upon railroad employés that, under Government ownership, they can't strike. Dislocation of business, starvation, Bolshevism would be the alternative. So the Railroad Administration plays with the situation. The strikers have votes. Apparently it is the belief in Washington that the mass of the public neither remembers nor votes.

The object lesson in Government ownership given in the last two days is worth more than the trouble it has caused.

URGENT ARMY LEGISLATION.

The Regular Army organization as it now exists presents a problem that Congress must deal with at an early day. When the military establishment was temporarily increased in May, 1917, it was provided that all contracts of enlistment in the Regular Army, as well as in the National Guard and in the national forces, under the legislation then proposed, were to be for the emergency of the war. Of course, it must be understood that this condition did not apply to men who had enlisted in the Regular Army for a term of seven years before the passage of the Selective Service act of 1917. Those men, if surviving and still physically fit, will be with the colors until the expiration of their terms. There was really no excuse in May, 1917, for leaving the future of the Regular Army up in the air, as it were, for Secretary BAKER made this statement to the House Military Affairs Committee:

> I think we ought to face the facts. All the military forces under this bill [the Selective Service act] would be discharged by an official declaration that the emergency was over—that is, the Regular Army, the National Guard, and the additional forces, [National Army.] It would then be up to Congress to reinstate the Regular Army and up to the States to reinstate the National Guard.

By reinstating the Regular Army Mr. BAKER meant providing legislation for continuing that force as an organization, the strength to be determined. On Dec. 27 last Chairman DENT, at the request of Secretary BAKER, introduced a bill in the House to authorize the resumption of voluntary enlistments in the Regular Army: "That so much of Sections 7 and 14 of the act of May 18, 1917, as impose restrictions upon enlistments in the Regular Army are herewith repealed in so far as they apply to enlistments and re-enlistments in the Regular Army after the date of approval of this act." There would still remain the question of the strength and organization of the future Regular Army. Secretary BAKER said on Jan. 6:

> If Congress provides for an army of 500,000, that would take care of all Regular Army officers. An effort would be made to use all the present permanent officers, and then to fill in with those officers best qualified who are now in the temporary army and have signified their desire to stay in the military establishment.

Congress is inclined to mark time on all proposals for army legislation, except as to the Dent measure restoring voluntary enlistments, concerning which the Chief of the General Staff has said: "This bill has no bearing on the raising of a future army." Congress, regarded as a continuing body, wants to hear from the people. The returning soldiers will have a good deal to say, the post-war organization of veterans now forming and corresponding to the Grand Army of the Republic, and the Officers' Protective Association.

Shall America go back to a small Regular Army, which would require the demotion of many veteran officers young and in their prime, or shall the permanent military establishment be increased as befits the leading place which the United States must take in the affairs of the world for the protection of its own interests? The time would seem to be past for a minimum garrison force, unless the decision is made to adopt universal military training in some form. The solution of the dual problem, the size of the Regular Army and the defense of the country by adequate numbers, cannot long be postponed. But first our people will want to hear from the Peace Conference. They will then be able to get their bearings.

WAR AGAINST CIVILIZATION.

In the literary supplement of The London Times is a review of "Betrachtungen eines Unpolitischen," ("Reflections of a Man Who Is No Politician,") by THOMAS MANN, a German novelist of great popularity and not a bad writer for a German. Written while the Germans still expected to win, it is another document in the history of that unparalleled national arrogance and self-delusion to which Nemesis is come.

MANN's theory that Germany is the secular rebel against Rome, that is, the everlasting barbarian, is not new. He develops it in detail. Non-political, creature of instinct, the German has always hated reason, logic, principles, discussion, international law, a Roman idea. He bows before irresponsible power. He has no genius for literature, for legal conceptions. To him the war was a summons of Fate. Against civilization, against democratic ideas, against liberty and justice he fought. To lose, to let international civilization win, was to ruin, to "degermanize," Germany. There couldn't be a franker confession of the barbarism which turned out to be supersavagery.

MANN is frank in all respects. The best races are those who, like the Germans, know that the people can't rule themselves. He sets the German traits against the Latin. The Germans have culture, spiritual life, aristocracy, nationality. The Latin forces are the masses, the individual, civilization, social life, democracy, internationalism. He means international law and respect for it.

Well, the German will and instinct rebelled against civilization. The German nation "desired, as GOD called it, to become also a world-nation, the world-nation of the Real." Substantially all the people so desired. They applauded the invasion of Belgium, "the destruction of that insolent symbol of England's sea-mastery, the giant pleasure-ship Lusitania." They were unmoved by "the hue and cry of humanitarian hypocrisy." They "screamed for the unrestricted prosecution of submarine warfare." In short, the whole German people approved war to the uttermost. "However it may end," writes MANN, "we shall accept the German share of the guilt of it, every man of us—except, perhaps, a handful of pacifists and of the saints of literature—and seek no scapegoats in the functionaries of the moment."

It is to be hoped that copies of Mr. MANN's "Reflections" have been sent to the Kaiser, the German Crown Prince, and the Crown Prince of Bavaria.

THE BATTLE OF BERLIN.

In one of JACK LONDON's less important works there was a description of a pitched battle in Chicago, in the near future, by way of quelling what would now be called a Bolshevist revolt. As the story of a desperate battle in a great city between forces armed with heavy artillery, machine guns, and aircraft it was considerably better than as a sociological document; particularly since no such battle had occurred in modern times when LONDON wrote. Now the battle is going on in Berlin, and the special dispatches to THE TIMES have given a vivid picture of the fray. Paris of 1871, and still more the capitals of 1848, were very far from being modern cities, nor were the forces which fought in them armed with anything like the weapons of today.

Department stores, publishing houses, the subway, seem to be objects of attack as much as palaces and great monuments, such as the Brandenburg Gate. The different reactions of various elements of the population may be seen from the fact that in some parts of the town the populace went to bed at the usual hour, though machine guns were sputtering under their windows and shells dropping on the roofs, while elsewhere a desperate engagement was stopped by rain, and in the newspaper district a delegation of printers asked the opposing commanders to stop the battle, as it was preventing the issuance of papers and thereby keeping honest laboring men from their day's wage.

There is a certain German thriftiness about the whole affair, however; even the Spartacus faction seems to shrink from too much destruction of property, though it might materially help toward its victory. There must be a good many airplanes in the neighborhood of Berlin which could be employed for dropping bombs from low altitudes on buildings occupied by the enemy, but apparently they dropped nothing but propaganda literature; even the use of field artillery has been considerably restricted. It now seems that the Ebert Government has at last employed the force which it had at hand all the time, and is consequently accomplishing, after much bloodshed, the restoration of order, which might have been brought about cheaply by firmness at an earlier stage. This will be for the good of Germany and also of the Allied Powers, which must have a responsible Government to deal with.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Values Are Relative, Not Absolute.

Recalling, in his new paper, the fact that as a war measure several industries had their activities diminished or wholly suppressed on the ground that they were "nonessential," HENRY FORD argues, or at least seems to argue, that these same industries deserve the same treatment in time of peace.

This contention shows an absence or inadequacy of appreciation on his part of the large, and to most people the familiar, truth that "circumstances alter cases"—in other words, that a thing is not always wrong because it is sometimes wrong. We talked about "nonessential industries" while the war was on, but always, at least in reasonable minds, the characterization was qualified by "for war," and it did not imply either any intrinsic or absolute culpability of those industries, or any denial that they were innocent, or even commendable, in ordinary conditions.

Before deciding whether or not an industry is essential, is it necessary to ask "For what?" When the winning of a war is the end to be attained at almost or quite any cost, the number of nonessential industries becomes a large one. After the war is won, the situation changes and industries that are "essential" only to convenience, to comfort, to the increase of culture and refinement, to the gratification of aesthetic taste, to increasing the joys of life and relieving its tediums, all become important in their several degrees, and they then deserve to be called "essential" as well, perhaps, as does the raising of wheat or the making of shoes.

A Difference Not Easy to Define.

Of the industries declared by the Government nonessential to the conduct of war, and of them all, seemingly, Mr. FORD says: "They were wasting good labor and material in producing things we should have been better without," and he adds: "It is a bad thing to 'make business' by making articles that serve no use." But nobody except crazy folk ever does make articles that are of no use.

Some articles, it is true, are made that serve only bad uses, and such manufacture does deserve condemnation at all times—and gets it. Articles of pure luxury, if any such there be, are defensible with some difficulty as consumers of labor and material, but between luxuries and necessaries to draw a clear line is still more difficult, and most difficult of all would it be to keep that line firmly fixed by an approach to unanimous consent.

The wants of a savage are few and he is happy when they are satisfied. The civilized man attains the same state only when he has satisfied many wants, and who shall say when their number becomes excessive?

Seeking to Limit Immigration.

A double object is announced in two bills now before Congress—to restrict immigration and to keep out the Bolshevists. The first effect, of course, can be attained to any desired degree by the passage and enforcement of exclusion laws, but it is hard to see how the entrance of Bolshevists can be prevented otherwise than by an absolute shutting off of arrivals from abroad.

Bolshevism is a state of mind. It is not peculiar to any class or race, as is shown only too plainly by its appearance here among educated men of the old strains supposed to be safest from such stupid and harmful illusions. And certainly Bolshevism cannot be barred by asking each arriving immigrant if he is a Bolshevist or not and letting him in or sending him away according to his answer, negative or affirmative. The Bolshevist conscience recoils from lying no more than from theft or murder.

For attaining this second purpose, therefore, as for many others probably more important, real exclusion, very carefully qualified in favor of comparatively few individuals needed here or especially worthy of admission, seems to be the only means. The situation confronting the country is quite without precedent, and all, or almost all, of the old arguments in favor of the open door to immigrants not criminals or incapable of self-support have been at least much weakened.

The chief problem for solution is that of returning to normal industry something over 2,000,000 men who have been in uniform, and it is not desirable to have that problem complicated by the arrival at our ports in great numbers of men whose chief ambition is to avoid paying their share of the taxes and indemnities that are to be imposed on the Central Empires and their vassal States.

No Wonder They Are Indignant.

There was a queer statement in one of yesterday's dispatches about happenings in Germany. "The workers of Southern Germany," it quoted the President of the Munich police as saying, "were intensely irritated by the recent bourgeois success at the elections in Baden."

If everybody had a fair chance to vote at those elections, "intense irritation" at the result and the implication that the workers see in the result an adequate reason for having no more elections prove that the principles of democracy are still unknown to those who feel the emotion mentioned.

Democracy is submission to the will of majorities as expressed at the ballot box. At any rate, that is one of its fundamental principles, and one without which democracy cannot exist at all. It is not only in Germany that there are people for whom failure to win an election is an excuse for revolution as well as a cause of irritation, but they are people whose democracy nobody ever took very seriously, and the German workers vehemently demand that theirs should be so taken by all the world.

If "the bourgeoisie" of Germany insist on outvoting the workers, apparently everybody except the workers must be disfranchised if the forms of democracy are to be maintained, but what will the workers do when one of their own many factions outvotes another? Abandon the pretense of democracy and trust wholly to machine guns?

FOR A LASTING PEACE.

Unity Among Nations Rather Than a System of Balance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Equilibrium is fragile. Only unity is stable and lasting. What will happen if the old European formula of balance of power brought again to life through M. Clemenceau's last speech triumphs? We shall see the rebirth of the same situation of distrust, treachery, and violence in which nations have existed until the present time and which ended in this sanguinary epoch.

Some institution of union is therefore needed, founded on principles which should be the axis on which rotate the disorderly planets called nations and which should prevent them from falling into the double abyss of wars and revolutions. This organization can only be the League of Nations. This league will be, in fact, the result of that natural law of "unity" toward which all collective bodies gravitate.

Balance of power is the hobby of the old-fashioned diplomacy beyond which it was unable to see anything. So it performed its physical duties, neglecting, however, entirely the moral side, not suspecting that harmony could exist among nations.

As long as this harmony is not established among the nations of Europe, by subordinating the individual action to that of the whole, new wars will break out from their rivalries and America may be involved in them. Such appears the sad condition of the future in case the formula of balance of powers succeeds and annihilates the program of action of President Wilson.

War has proved in the most striking fashion that world conquest can never be accomplished by force of arms nor for personal ambition, but it may be attained for humanity and for an ideal as President Wilson and America, with her associates, have proved; that the object of the happiness in life does not consist of hatred one for the other nor of mutual despoiling and slaughter, but, on the contrary, proceeds from mutual love and the exchange of regular and voluntary relationship, the means of well-being and enjoyment given to each one individually.

Universal good sense proclaims that what is good between man and man is good between nation and nation. Friendship, respect, loyalty, mutual services—everything urges nations to this goal, or, rather, attracts them to it. Such a state of affairs appears to everybody like a promised land in which humanity is to pitch her tent after her long and weary pilgrimage.

SALIH GOURDJI,
President of the Ottoman Official News Agency.
New York, Jan. 2, 1919.

A Friend of the Colored Race.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I can say that no persons have sustained a greater loss in the death of Theodore Roosevelt than have the members of the colored race in America. The strong bond of friendship and confidential relations which existed between him and the late Booker T. Washington will always constitute one of the brightest chapters in the story of the negro's upward climb.

For the spread of benefits and encouragements far and wide upon the life of the negro people nothing was more potent than the warm friendship and the combined influence of these two great Americans. When Mr. Roosevelt was President of the United States he raised the quality of the personnel of negro officeholders. And once he made an appointment to office he unflinchingly stood by it in the face of the bitterest opposition and protest. Witness the case of the colored woman appointed as postmistress at Indianola, Miss., and the appointment of Dr. Crum, Collector of Port at Charleston, S. C.

His mark upon the social structure of the colored race is imperishable. He was a Trustee of Tuskegee Institute. Through his visits to the school, his wise counsel as a Trustee, and his warm and enthusiastic support of all Tuskegee stood for he proved to be one of the best friends and helpers this institution ever had.

At the memorial services in memory of Mr. Washington at Tuskegee, December, 1915, Mr. Roosevelt said: "I owe him much. I know of very many people who owe him much. He was one of the men to whose counsel and guidance I frequently turned when I was President of the United States."

The East St. Louis race riots were a siege of murder, brutality, and arson, involving the slaughter of hundreds of colored men, women, and children. Every colored man's heart was made to bleed by these riots. At the time Mr. Roosevelt was the only man exercising any large influence on public opinion who had the courage to come forward, and in his Carnegie Hall address absolutely condemned these riots, and pointed out to the country that while it was all very well to send our soldiers abroad to blot out "injustice and oppression," it would be well to begin right here at home.

In public and private life, through the press, on the lecture platform, in the North and in the South, again and again Mr. Roosevelt has lifted his voice in behalf of the oppressed and persecuted negroes. Indeed, his whole life was a special benediction to them.

FRANK P. CHISHOLM,
Field Secretary, Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute.
New York, Jan. 9, 1919.

Whence "Spartacides."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Commenting on your yesterday's article dealing with the reason for the German Bolsheviki calling themselves "Spartacus-Leute," (or Spartacides,) permit me to say that Dr. Liebknecht's nom de plume was Dr. Spartacus. What his reasons were for selecting this name I do not know, but it is undoubtedly to honor him that the "Spartacus-Leute" have chosen this name.

A. BODLANDER.
New York, Jan. 10, 1919.

THE Y. M. C. A. IN FRANCE.

Much Praise Goes with the Unfavorable Criticism of Its Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

So much has been printed in the press and in the weekly and monthly magazines in praise of the Y. M. C. A. work abroad that Mr. James's long cable of criticism is amazing.

I left France the last of August, having traversed during the few weeks previous most of the fighting area and the great training and base camps, from the coast to the battleline. I obtained an unusual perspective of the "Y" work in all its ramifications. I talked with hundreds of doughboys and officers and saw thousands of men enjoying themselves in the huts. Where one man criticised fifty praised. I can supply instances such as Mr. James relates, but they would not be typical of what I saw as a whole.

It should be remembered that the association was over there to help win the war, and not make a name for itself. When a regiment was ordered "over the top" it went without hesitation, and thought about it afterward; and in the same way, when the "Y" was asked to take the canteens it did its duty. Afterward it discovered that it had a pretty big proposition on its hands. If the army expected the "Y" canteens to function as an integral part of the service of supply, why didn't it make the necessary arrangements? Don't blame the army, however; why not blame it on the Kaiser?

Mr. James speaks of mistakes in personnel. I can match every one of his stories with instances of secretaries whose ability and willingness to serve seemed to have no limitation. Unaccommodating ones were made so by the fact that they worked beyond the limits of human endurance.

The best part of the cable is under the caption, "Looking After the Men's Morals." It ought to be put into the hands of every mother, wife, and sweetheart in America. Our women wanted our boys to beat the Germans? Yes! But most of all they want them to come home men, and I think there are quite a few men at home who have the same desire. They would willingly give another hundred million to be assured of this. Surely the Y. M. C. A. has made a record here—in its athletics, recreation, its hotels and huts, leave areas, movies, educational and religious work—the value of which will continue to be realized as time goes on.

I am not trying to defend the "Y" mistakes. There have been some mistakes; there has been some inefficiency. But most of these were unavoidable. There has only been one perfect organization in Europe of late and that went to smash Nov. 11 last.

HARRY E. EDMONDS,
Secretary of Intercollegiate Branch of the Y. M. C. A.
New York, Jan. 7, 1919.

Indian Claims on Niagara.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your report of the inaugural of the new Governor of New York he says, urging power development at Niagara, that the State owns the bed of that river. That assertion is as erroneous as could well be.

The State has by scores of grants made to private riparian proprietors deeded away such proprietary rights as it could at the time have possessed in the bed of the river along the frontage above and below the Falls. But the State never had proprietary title in the bed above the Falls for the reason that the Pickering treaty with the Six Nations revested the Senecas with the bank and bed above the Falls, and the Senecas have never since granted away the proprietorship thus assured to them in the bed, although they have since granted the bank to the water's edge and have granted the islands to the State. It is there where all diversions of Falls power must be made. The State could not become repossessed of diversion rights along the reservation frontage by virtue of condemnation proceedings had between white men for establishment of the reservation.

State officials have been given of late, however, to supposing that the State did. All diversions on the New York side above the Falls for power have been made in apparent ignorance of this outstanding Seneca Indian title to the river bed, a title which both State and nation are obligated to safeguard.

The Governor refers to this matter of bed title because, under white men's law as administered in New York, good paper title to the bed of such a stream as the St. Lawrence or the Niagara gives the possessor, though it be a private individual, the power use of the stream subject only to the navigation use. If skin color creates no exception to this law, Niagara Falls power on this side of the international boundary belongs of right to the Seneca Indians.

GEORGE P. DECKER.
Rochester, Jan. 2, 1919.

IF HE COMES NOT BACK!

(Waiting for Final Casualty Reports.)

And if he comes not back!
O, pleading heart,
Reach up to touch the pitying heart of God!

If we must always listen for his feet
And hear their eager, eager hurrying home,
Yet always find it is the falling leaves!

If we must always hear, with famished hearts,
His voice in happy greeting to his child
Whom Life brought while he faced Death overseas,
Yet always know it is the murmuring pines!

If we must watch with straining eyes to see
His face light up with wonder at his son,
Yet always know 'tis but the sunlight there!

If we must always feel on aching lips
Sweet lips that linger, welcoming his first born,
Yet, yearning, know 'tis but the passing wind!

If he must always sleep on that far line
While hearts grown desolate unsleeping lie,
And stars through all the night of blackened years!—

If he comes not—
O, little children's God,
And Father of the Desolate,
Bind up
With bands of steel my woman's heart!
Make strong
The grieving soul!
Make strong the hand!

No easing of the agony I plead.
My spirit still can stretch its bleeding hands
Upon the cross of desert years—and smile
To see them crucified.
This, God, if I
May only live as strongly as he died!—

If I may only fling my life,
As he flung death,
In one unbreaking line across the years;
May only guide my dead man's son to march
With fearless feet beneath the lustrous stars
That light the groping world to liberty;
May only guide his hand to hold aloft
Unwavering, unsullied, that far dream
That gleams upon the flag for which he died.
The flag for which his father, smiling, died,

Not easing pain, but strength, God, strength, I plead,
With which to fill his son,
That hands of steel
May strongly hold the things he died to save!

ELEANOR COCHRAN REED.

TELLS FUND DONORS AT LEAGUE HEARING

Security Organization's Former Head Says He Collected Only $675,000.

$5,900 USED IN CAMPAIGN

Frick, Rockefeller, Choate, and Others in Menken's List—No Aid from Munition Makers.

Continuing its investigations into the activities of the National Security League in the last Congressional campaign, the special Congressional Committee of Inquiry questioned S. Stanwood Menken, former President of the Society, during the entire session yesterday at the Bar Association, 42 West Forty-fourth Street. The witness revealed the names of the principal contributors to the society, but denied that among them were any munition makers.

Basing their questions upon criticism Mr. Menken had leveled at the activities and inactivities of Congress, the various members of the committee drew from the witness his views upon scientific government, social reform, the size and cost of armies and navies, the functions and administrative problems of education, the power of the working class, the virtue of monopoly, and the policies pursued by President Wilson.

The allegations against the National Security League have included the charge that $1,200,000 was expended to defeat all except forty-seven members of Congress in the last election. Mr. Menken said that although $675,000 in all had been collected by the league, none of this money had been used in the campaign, which was conducted through a special fund of $5,900, he explained.

Names Donors to Fund.

Among the contributors to the general fund were, according to the witness: H. C. Frick, $3,500; William K. Vanderbilt, $2,500; Arthur Curtiss James, $4,000; Jacob H. Schiff and Mortimer L. Schiff, $3,500; John D. Rockefeller, $3,500; Emerson McMillin, $2,500; the American Exporters and Importers of New York, $2,000, and H. H. Rogers, $1,000. T. De Witt Cuyler of Philadelphia gave $2,500. Joseph H. Choate contributed to the fund, and also T. Coleman du Pont.

Mr. Menken, upon being questioned as to the last contributor, said that the league had taken especial pains to investigate to see whether Mr. du Pont was connected with the powder manufacturers, but that it had found him to have no such connection. He is a real estate operator in New York. The witness said he knew that T. De Witt Cuyler had appeared before the Senate Committee on behalf of the railroads.

Asked whether J. P. Morgan & Co. had contributed, the witness said that firm had not done so "for fear some foolish people might criticise them," but that Mr. Morgan himself had given $1,000 at one time and $1,500 at another. Bernard Baruch was shown to be on the books for $600. Mr. Menken said that Mr. Baruch was a classmate of his and had taken great interest in the league, financing the first Plattsburg Camp to a greater extent than any other man.

Representative Saunders of Virginia, who opened the session, asked the witness what he had meant by the statement made in his testimony on Thursday, that Congress "worked for the interests of national defense only under dictation."

In reply, Mr. Menken explained that it was the President's pressure on Congress which made possible the enactment of the Army bill, the Navy bill, and other war measures, and that Representative Dent and some of his colleagues had opposed conscription. He said he favored an American navy which, combined with that of Great Britain, would "surpass any other two-power navy in the world," but on the other hand, that he "favored a reduction of armaments."

After Mr. Menken had criticised Champ Clark as being "a great reactionary" on the subject of reconstruction, as being nonconstructive in his methods, and as having opposed conscription, he gave it as his opinion that the Hay Militia bill had not properly provided for the safety of the country, and that in this and other matters connected with the conduct of the war, the Administration "had a great deal to answer for," and that the people would demand an answer.

Gives a Definition of Bolshevism.

Representative Walsh of Massachusetts elicited from the witness a definition of Bolshevism.

"I take it," Mr. Menken said, "that Bolshevism represents the opposition to orderly, constitutional government by radical social tendencies," upon which Mr. Walsh asked whether it would not be pleasing to a man of that cult to read an indictment of a branch of the Government such as Mr. Menken had made on Thursday. "I don't think so," was the answer, "if he understood my faith and optimism in the good sense of the people."

Mr. Walsh questioned the witness for the greater part of the afternoon with regard to the league's use of a chart of the activities of Congressional candidates, upon the educational campaign carried on throughout the country, the value of expert testimony in military matters, and the witness's disagreement with President Wilson's statements.

With reference to the forty-seven candidates to whom the league had given a clean bill of health, Mr. Menken said that he would have been displeased if all of the forty-seven had not been elected, but that he would not have been displeased if some of the others had been successful. He was not willing to state that those who were not in favor had all been disloyal, but he held that they were deficient in ability.

"Would you not have liked to know some of the reasons the Congressmen had for not voting for certain measures which you regard as tests, instead of condemning them outright?" asked Mr. Walsh.

"Yes," was the reply, "except on the fundamental questions, such as conscription."

"Why do you think it was impossible to arouse the American people to such an extent as to make it possible to get enough soldiers without conscription?"

"Because the war was 3,000 miles away," said Mr. Menken.

With regard to the educational campaign of the league, Mr. Menken testified that despite the fact that the Government had a Bureau of Education, and that the City of New York alone spent more in one day than the league could spend in a year, he felt that it had been wise for the league to attempt to teach the teachers how to present civics to the children, because the teachers were underpaid and therefore not of the type who could successfully do this without instruction. Later he spoke of the high quality and service of all teachers. New York, he said, had a system which was as good as any in the world.

Germany's Use of "Science."

What the country needed for its salvation the witness declared to be sense and service, which in the end would bring science along with them. Then Mr. Walsh launched the witness into an exposition of the needs of the Government as to this science, which in Mr. Menken's previous criticisms he had implied Congress had neglected.

"Was the Government of Germany scientific until the time of the late Kaiser?" asked Mr. Walsh.

"Yes," said Mr. Menken.

"Can the Government of the United States be brought up to that standard?"

"Better," was the reply.

Mr. Menken contended that Congress had not acted upon the advice of military experts in the matter of the army and navy, whereupon Mr. Walsh asked him whether the army officers and naval officers were not human like the rest of the people, and whether an officer would not be likely to look toward the enlarging of his own establishment, with a view to greater chances of promotion.

"Not the American officer," Mr. Menken answered, "for I think he has dedicated himself to the priesthood of service, and that he has foregone any personal ambition in the determination to do what is good and right for his country."

"I imagine you are right," said Mr. Walsh.

Mr. Walsh then read from the speech of President Wilson at Milan the statement that the social structure rests upon the workingmen of the world, and asked the witness whether he agreed with that sentiment. Mr. Menken said that he did not, for he believed that the American workingman was different from that of England or France or Italy. When questioned as to the Canadian workingman he said he could not say, but that perhaps the Canadian in many respects was much like the worker in the United States.

The session, to be resumed at 10 o'clock today, was concluded yesterday by a cross-examination on the part of Representative Caraway of Arkansas, in which he tried to show that the witness did not know any of the details involved in the criticism he had made of the handling by Congress of the military and social reform problems.

Mr. Caraway showed that such an army and navy program as Mr. Menken advocated, along with the normal expenditures of the Government, the payment of the interest on the public debt, and the establishment of a sinking fund, would take a revenue of $7,000,000,000 to cover. He also showed that the American Army was the best paid in the world, although Mr. Menken had said it would be necessary to raise the pay.

Finally, Representative Caraway questioned the witness as to his views on specific social problems, such as the mothers' pension, housing problems, and the status of corporations, and pointed out that every one of the productive branches of the army organization had been placed under the control of a civilian, because, he said, the army control had broken down.

SEE PERIL IN BOLSHEVISM.

Fire Marshals and Underwriters Urge a Nation-Wide Inquiry.

Charging that serious fires in this country had resulted from Bolshevist activities, the joint conference of the Fire Marshals' Association of North America and the National Board of Fire Underwriters, held at 76 William Street, yesterday, in a formal resolution, called for a nation-wide inquiry into the activities of this revolutionary organization.

A preamble recited that the safety of American institutions and the welfare of the public were menaced to an increasing degree "by the vicious and destructive I. W. W.-Bolshevist propaganda," and asserted that serious fires had already been associated with this activity. It was accordingly resolved to recommend to the Fire Marshals' Association that a systematic investigation of Bolshevist organizations be made in all States having Fire Marshals.

Sheldon Catlin of Philadelphia, Chairman of the Underwriters' Committee on Fire Prevention and Construction of Buildings, told of the work of the committee and of the National Board's engineers in safeguarding army and navy properties during the war. Mr. Catlin said that the fire prevention work of the board's engineers had resulted in the cantonments of the country having a fire loss during the last year of only 46 cents per capita, as against $2.42 per capita for civilians in the United States in 1917.

Professor Ira H. Woolson, consulting engineer of the National Board, urged greater protection of Federal, State, and municipal buildings on the ground that they housed historical documents and records that never could be replaced. The speaker said that the Army and Navy Building in Washington, housing some of the most valuable records and documents belonging to the Government, was, until recently, a bad fire risk. Changes have now been made to prevent fire, and some of the papers removed to safer quarters.

Fire Chief John Kenlon said that notwithstanding the fact that [illegible],000,000 building inspections were made in recent years by the New York Fire Department, there were nearly as many fires in 1918 in this city as in 1917. The exact figures for 1917 were 14,000, against 13,905 in 1918. Chief Kenlon advocated denying insurance protection to any person who had had several fires resulting from failure to take proper precautions.

WARNS AGAINST REDS.

F. H. Sisson Says Bolshevism Here Must Be Stamped Out.

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—The business and industrial world would be turned upside down, investors' interests would be wiped out, and labor would find its present rights and privileges gone if Bolshevism should prevail in this country, Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, declared today in warning business men to guard against chaos and mob rule.

"Bolshevism must be stamped out," said Mr. Sisson, who spoke at a meeting held under the auspices of the Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce. "It is a far greater menace than most of us have any idea of. Private ownership will have to fight for its very life.

"We business men of America are standing today in the front-line trenches of private ownership of property, of freedom and democracy in business and government. Let us not be deceived into giving ground by the specious propaganda of visionaries or demagogues.

"Labor itself should be on its guard to forestall such possibilities, for labor has as much at stake and is just as jealous of our individual and collective liberties as any other element in our social organization."

After the general meeting officers of the chamber met to discuss plans for raising a fund of $75,000 with which to conduct an anti-Bolshevist campaign in this State.

FIND JOBS FOR HANDICAPPED

State and National Labor Bureaus Report Encouraging Progress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Applications for work have been received from thousands of men and women between the ages of 45 and 95 by the Handicap Bureau of the Department of Labor established to find employment for aged and physically afflicted persons.

The Massachusetts branch of the bureau reported today that 1,367 persons beyond the prime of life had been placed in self-supporting positions, and the Illinois branch reported that jobs had been found for 412 soldiers crippled by wounds received in France. Plans for organizing branches of the bureau in every State of the Union are under way.

Victor T. J. Gannon, formerly manager of the Employers' Association of Chicago, is Director of the bureau. He said today that 95 per cent. of handicapped men and women placed in positions had given satisfaction, some of them receiving pay as high as $7,500 a year.

COMPLAIN OF FOREIGN MAILS

Service to England Worse Than During War, Bankers Say.

Bankers and business men generally are complaining of the slowness and irregularity of the mail service between the United States and England, which they say is worse now than it was during the war. Some firms have not received any mail from London of a later date than Dec. 8.

The mail today will be taken by the British freighter Manhattan, which takes fully fourteen days to get to London. Next week there are no mails to England at all. Steamship agents said yesterday that this was due to the British Ministry of Shipping, which sends all the fast boats, like the Mauretania, Carmania, Olympic, Aquitania, Adriatic, and Baltic, within a few days of each other, and then leaves a gap of two or three weeks to be filled with slow freighters. There is no Cunard, White Star, or French Line steamship advertised to leave New York next week.

UPHOLDS WILSON IN CABLE SEIZURE

Judge Says Interference Would Substitute Government of Courts for One of Laws.

CONGRESS GAVE POWER

Decides Seizure of Lines Was Properly Delegated to President as Commander in Chief.

HOLDS TREATY ENDS WAR

Deegan, for Mackay Companies, Declares an Appeal Will Be Taken at Once.

Suits through which the Commercial Cable Company and the Commercial Pacific Cable Company recently sought to induce the local Federal Court to enjoin the Government from operating the Mackay cable lines and to obtain their restoration to their owners were dismissed by Judge Learned Hand in the United States Court in this city yesterday on the ground that the cause was not justiciable. The court held that Congress had properly delegated power to seize the cables to the President to aid him in his constitutional functions both as Commander in Chief of the military forces and as the initial power in treaty making, and that the question whether the President had acted wisely in using the power of seizure could not be determined by a court without "substituting a government of courts for a Government of laws." The theory that Congress could have expected the President to be compelled at the suit of an individual to justify or explain his acts of seizure is held to be beyond possibility. The court holds that if the President's decision was wrong "relief is not from Judges."

The plaintiff's contention that the question of adequacy of compensation based upon the plaintiff's theory that Postmaster General Burleson is partial is irrelevant since the President can not delegate the final determination to any one, whatever assistance in making the determination he may take. Further the court holds there is adequate resort to the Court of Claims if the plaintiffs are not satisfied.

In a statement issued last night William J. Deegan, Secretary of the Mackay companies, asserted that this declaration that the President himself must fix compensation completely upsets the awards made by Mr. Burleson to the Postal and Western Union companies for the use of their land lines. The statement said:

> We, of course, are disappointed in this decision, but we shall take an appeal at once. We believe we are right. There is one phase of the decision, however, which is exceedingly gratifying. We allege in our bill of complaint that the delegation of authority by the President to Burleson was illegal. The court practically sustains that position, and that applied to our land line system knocks out the award of compensation of $1,680,000 which Burleson gave us, although we earned $4,269,000. It also knocks out the award of compensation that Burleson gave to the Bell Telephone and the Western Union and all the independent telephone companies. It sweeps the whole field, and everything has to be started anew. You may not be aware of it, but all of these awards were made by Burleson alone, and not at all by the President, so this decision by Judge Hand would appear to invalidate all those awards."

Judge Hand devoted himself at length to the plaintiff's argument that the joint resolution authorizing the President to seize any cables whenever he deemed it "necessary for the national security and defense," deputed to the President the duty of ascertaining facts which Congress made precedent to the incidence of the legislative act, and that this making of an intelligible decision would at least be justiciable to the extent of determining whether the President's decision was reasonable. After reviewing the plaintiff's arguments that the case fell under the rule where such justiciability was established, the opinion continued:

> The President is vested by the Constitution with certain duties in whose discharge he is exempt from inquiry by courts. His discharge of these duties as the Constitution imposed them is in the highest sense a public use and the committal to him of means to discharge them falls into the same category. Therefore, if the President had asked of Congress the possession of property for use in his capacity, for example, as Commander in Chief, it would have been as lawful for them to intrust it to him without condition as though they appropriated money for his disbursement.
>
> If so, there was no reason why they should not have suspended the time of possession until in his judgment it became advisable that he should acquire it. Into the occasion of his necessity they need as little inquire as though he had asked for it at once. All that was necessary was that he should ask for it in some capacity which the Constitution recognized. Furthermore, it is not necessary that the capacity should be expressly stated so long as it is apparent that the property condemned was in its nature appropriate to the exercise of some constitutional function. I must assume that when he acquired it, he acquired it by virtue of some constitutional power, so long as that might have been the case.
>
> The question is therefore rather of the power of Congress to condemn property for the President's use within his limited powers, than of his exercise of them. The latter in any event must be exempt from impediment by individual interests before courts. If Congress have not the power obviously it cannot put into the President's hands these instruments which may be essential to the discharge of his duties except upon condition that he submit to a control from which in other respects he is exempt. That the Constitution should prescribe so unworkable a system seems to me unthinkable.
>
> Without the co-operation of Congress the President is substantially without means to exercise his prerogative. If he must justify before courts any occasion he may have to accept their assistance government becomes in the final analysis not one of laws but of courts.
>
> Having such power, did Congress intend to bestow upon the President possession at his mere assertion that he wished it? Without doubt. The language of the resolution is that he may seize the cables "whenever he shall deem it necessary"; his conclusion is the single condition. The occasion lent color to this interpretation. The war was at its height; the nation was using every energy and resource toward its effective prosecution. The President as its executive head was responsible for its success, and the purpose of concentrating in him a power commensurate with that responsibility was obvious in all contemporary legislation. That Congress should have contemplated the possibility that he should be compelled at the suit of an individual to disclose and justify the reasons for his act is beyond possibility. He had to act quickly, certainly, and without the trammels of courts or private interests.

Judge Hand cited many authorities to uphold his contention that a state of war still existed. The Court then turned to the connection between cable seizure and the President's treaty-making initiative. On this point the Court wrote:

> The terms of the final conventions, the success of the nation in achieving the aims with which it set out and which it may have adopted during the progress of war, are the measure of national security and defense. These aims, whatever they are, are deemed essential to some vital national interest, not necessarily confined to freedom from immediate invasion. It may destroy the armed opposition of the enemy and wholly fail in securing its defense of those interests. The President is charged by his function of negotiating, for presentation to the Senate, a treaty of peace, with the duty of reducing to preliminary form the success which the arms of the nation may have made possible. His right to hold the cables for such purposes, if valid at all, certainly was not affected by the armistice.
>
> It is true that if the issues were justiciable, I am not prepared to say that the allegations of the bills would not present a case. * * * It is plain that marine cables cannot be used for anything but the transmission of intelligence, and such allegations seem to me unavoidably to present for determination whether the change in possession could improve the character of the service and so be necessary to the security and defense of the nation in the only respect in which it could assist in that defense. If that question were open to courts at all, I cannot think of any assertions which would better serve to open it. The defendants' argument that a trial might involve political considerations improper for disclosure only goes to the propriety of any trial at all, not to the necessary inference from the allegations, if they be true. If true, there was no public necessity; hence the issue is well framed, if it is justiciable. I hold that it is not.

The Government's case was handled by Harold Harper, Assistant United States District Attorney for the Southern District of New York; United States Attorney Charles G. Caffey, and Edward F. McClennen and Charles M. Bracelen, Special United States Attorneys General. William W. Cook was attorney and Charles Evans Hughes counsel for the plaintiff companies.

BURLESON NOT SURPRISED.

Postmaster General Says Favorable Decision Was Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Commenting tonight on the contention of William J. Deegan of the Mackay Companies that, under Judge Hand's decision, the Postmaster General could not pay the awards to the Postal and to the Western Union for the use of land lines, Mr. Burleson said:

"There's just about as much basis for that statement as there was for the suit brought by the companies. Certainly not. There's absolutely nothing in it. So far as the court's decision is concerned, it was to have been expected. It could not have been otherwise. It was founded on two well settled propositions of law. There was never anything in the suit to begin with. It was brought for purposes of publicity."

HOUSE INSURANCE PLAN STAYS IN REVENUE BILL

Senate Conferees Withdraw Their Amendment Providing for a Single Tax.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Senate conferees this evening receded from the insurance amendments they had proposed to insert in the War Revenue bill. They had presented a single tax as supplanting the premium, excess profits, capital stock and income taxes.

After the action upon the insurance amendments the conferees spent a considerable portion of the day considering those affecting consolidated returns, excess profits, and war profits, but no final steps were taken.

The House bill provides a new tax of 8 cents on each $100 worth of life insurance, except on weekly or monthly insurance, which is taxed 40 per cent. on the first week, or 20 per cent. on the first month; and upon group insurance of not less than twenty-five lives, when the tax would be 4 cents per $100. One cent per dollar is charged on marine, inland, and fire insurance, and the same on casualty insurance, except that the same taxes apply to weekly or monthly insurance as in life insurance. Fraternal insurance is exempt. Monthly returns by insurance men are required.

Strict definition of the term "life insurance company" was made by the Senate conferees, who said it meant "an insurance company engaged in the business of issuing life insurance and annuity contracts, (including contracts of combined life, health, and accident insurance, continuing for the life of the insured and not subject to cancellation by the company,) whose reserve funds held for the fulfillment of such contracts comprise more than 50 per centum of its total reserve funds."

GEN. J. E. STEPHENS DEAD.

Commander of 61st Brigade, Field Artillery, Dies in France.

Word was received in this city yesterday of the death on Jan. 4, in France, of Brig. Gen. John Edmonson Stephens, commanding the 61st Brigade, Field Artillery. He died at Camp de Coetquidan of pneumonia.

General Stephens was a native of Franklin, Tenn., and was graduated No. 5 on the honor roll of the class of 1898 at West Point. For some years he was a West Point instructor. He was an honor graduate of the Artillery School at Fort Monroe and of the School of the Line at Leavenworth, Kan., and of the Staff School and the School of Fire at Fort Sill, Okla. General Stephens served three years in the Philippines and four years on the Texas border. He was Inspector of Artillery on the General Staff at Washington until he went to France with his brigade last July.

General Stephens is survived by his wife, who was Miss Anita de Garmendia of New York, and a daughter and two sons, one of whom is a member of the Naval Academy at Annapolis.

Israel Joseph, Pianist-Composer.

Israel Joseph, pianist and composer, who had accompanied Max Rosen and other noted musicians, died Thursday night at his home, 207 West 110th Street, after an illness of two days of pneumonia. His wife, Mrs. Eva S. Joseph, is seriously ill of pneumonia at Lenox Hill Hospital, and on account of her condition has not been told of her husband's death.

Mr. Joseph was born in Russia thirty-one years ago and came to New York when 3 years old. After attending the public schools here he studied music under some of the leading teachers in this city.

His first appearance as pianist was at the Educational Alliance when he was 9 years old. His compositions included "Japanese Lullaby" and "Hebrew Melodies."

French Senator Killed in Auto.

PARIS, Jan. 10, (Havas.)—Eugene Fagot, member of the French Senate from the Ardennes, was accidentally killed Thursday in an automobile in Chalons-sur-Marne. He was born in 1858.

January
SALE of
BOOKS
at Dutton's
681 Fifth Avenue, near 54th St.

JAN V. CHELMINSKI'S
Latest Portraits of
PERSHING, FOCH,
JOFFRE and HAIG, Etc.
on Exhibition at the
Kleinberger Galleries
725 Fifth Ave.

WIDOW VISITS ROOSEVELT GRAVE

Soldier Guard Stands at Attention at Head of the Flower-Covered Mound.

LEAVES SCENES OF SORROW

Mrs. Roosevelt, with Son and Daughter, Go to Stay with Sister-in-Law, Mrs. Cowles.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Jan. 10.—Accompanied by Captain Archibald Roosevelt and Mrs. Richard Derby, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt left Sagamore Hill this afternoon to go to Farmington, Conn., where she will visit her sister-in-law, Mrs. William Cowles. It is expected that she will remain about two weeks.

Before going Mrs. Roosevelt visited the grave of her husband. Captain Archibald was with her. She remained only a few minutes.

The grave was guarded by a soldier, an Oyster Bay boy, and he stood at salute while the widow and son were there. The grave was covered with flowers, which are still being sent from all parts of the country.

At the Town Hall tomorrow night prominent citizens will meet to formulate plans for the erection of some sort of a memorial for the former President. Andrew Snouder will preside, and it is expected that every one in the village will contribute his mite for the memorial. A statue in Townsend Park, which is the most prominent place in the village, will probably be the decision of the committee.

The local Republican Club, of which the Colonel was a member, and which he often visited, met tonight and adopted resolutions of sympathy. Richard P. McCoun, the President, told incidents of the Colonel's visits and of the interest he took in the club's affairs.

A telegram was received here today for Major Gen. Leonard Wood, who is at Camp Funston, Kan. It was sent by A. T. Sampson of Lynn, Mass., who said he was forwarding $1 toward a volunteer fund to be raised by the country at large for a memorial to the late President.

Messages of sympathy are still being received, among them the following:

"Four thousand members of the American Expeditionary Force, gathered in Palace Degaley Hut, Paris, offer you and family sincere sympathy in your loss. T. GRAHAM, Secretary."

"The American Chamber of Commerce extends its deep sympathy to you in your great loss, which is also an irreparable loss to the whole world.
"WALTER BERRY, President."

"Deeply grieved to learn of the Colonel's demise. Please accept my profound sympathy in your deep bereavement. WELLINGTON KOO,
"Chinese Minister to U. S. A."

"I am commanded by his majesty the Emperor of Japan to convey to you his profund sympathy in your great loss.
"K. ISHII,
"Japanese Minister at Washington."

"Profund sympathy goes out to you.
"THOMAS NELSON PAGE,
"American Ambassador, Rome."

HONORED BY ESTIMATE BOARD

Resolutions Adopted Expressing City's Regret for Colonel's Death.

The Board of Estimate by rising vote yesterday adopted resolutions in honor of the memory of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt. The resolutions, which were drawn by President Frank L. Dowling of the Board of Aldermen, were as follows:

> Resolved, That the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York record this expression of its infinite regret at the death of Theodore Roosevelt, whose sudden and unexpected end has so stunned the country.
>
> This city has the double distinction of being the birthplace of this eminent citizen and the place in which he was able first to display those qualities and natural genius which befitted him for leadership of his fellow men and earned for him the unstinted admiration of all. Mr. Roosevelt's personality, his unique traits, his courageous temperament, and his characteristic vigor and decision vividly portrayed the popular conception of the genuine, unequivocal Americanism and constituted an outstanding example of splendid citizenship and devoted concern for the welfare and interests of the country. His distinguished service as soldier, publicist, and statesman form one of the most memorable careers in our national life, and the history of the country, which history he was so instrumental in enriching during his eventful life, cannot but regard him as one of its most commanding figures, and give assurance that in the flight of time his memory will not be readily dimmed or effaced.

A memorial meeting will be held in honor of Colonel Roosevelt on Monday morning at 11 o'clock at the Methodist Preachers' Conference at 150 Fifth Avenue. Chauncey M. Depew will be the chief speaker. An address will be delivered by Bishop Luther B. Wilson.

George Henry Payne, Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments, formerly a newspaper correspondent "on the Roosevelt assignment," said last night in a talk at the Society for the Welfare of the Jewish Deaf, at 42 West 115th Street, that Colonel Roosevelt had, in a conversation in the Presbyterian Hospital two weeks before he died, expressed the opinion that the inflammatory rheumatism would have no effect on the campaign in 1920. "A week ago," said Commissioner Payne, "when I agreed to come here and discuss the 'satisfactions of being an American,' I felt it was a matter of pride that we should be fellow-citizens of such a man as Roosevelt, but little did we think that that great vital force would so soon be a memory. Only two weeks ago last Saturday I saw him in Roosevelt Hospital, at his own suggestion, for I had called simply to leave a card. He was reading when the nurse showed me to his room, and hardly was I out before he was back at his book.

"In the midst of the greatest political excitement in 1912, when we were stumping from town to town, I have seen Colonel Roosevelt show the same great power of concentration, the same ability to become absorbed in fine literature and great thoughts, sandwiching books in the original Greek among popular novels, nature books, economics, history, and sledge-hammer discourses on what we came to know on the train as 'my policies.'

"Before I left him in the hospital he said he expected to be out before Christmas, and as I stood at the door of the room I expressed my hope that no sickness would interfere with the important work that was ahead, especially for him in 1920. He answered with that whimsical click of the teeth that indicated his enjoyment of his own remark, that he didn't expect that his sickness, meaning the inflammatory rheumatism, would 'have any influence' on 1920.

"Who knows? Perhaps he was right, for his whole life was given to preaching certain fundamental truths, and surely they will go marching on. He was one of America's greatest men, coming after Washington and Lincoln, at least. He was one of the world's great men.

"Theodore Roosevelt's last ambition, his greatest ambition, the culminating thought of his great life, was to give for his country, for civilization, his life on the battlefield.

"That he was not able to die with an American uniform on, as he would have willed, shall ever be a matter of deep and poignant regret to those who knew and loved him. It will be a matter of satisfaction, however, to know that, even defeated as he was in that great ambition, without office, without political power, without any of the trappings that are supposed to be necessary to give men influence in the councils of their country, his was the voice that awoke the American people to their duty and to their historic sense of honor."

BELL FUNERAL TODAY.

Service on Governors Island and Another in Washington Monday.

At post headquarters on Governors Island it was announced yesterday afternoon that the funeral of Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Department of the East, who died on Wednesday in Presbyterian Hospital from heart disease, would be held with full military honors at Washington on Monday, with interment in Arlington National Cemetery.

The body will lie in state in the Chapel of Cornelius the Centurion from 10 o'clock this morning until noon, and at 2:30 o'clock a simple funeral service will be held in the chapel. The Rev. E. B. Smith, Post Chaplain, and Chaplain Thomas Dempsey of the 22d Infantry will officiate, and the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, will deliver the eulogy. Dr. Manning was long a personal friend of General Bell.

From 8 o'clock this morning until the time set for the service in the chapel one gun will be fired at half-hour intervals, and as the body is borne from the chapel the Major General's salute of thirteen guns will be fired. Following the service the body will be taken to Washington.

The honorary pallbearers will be Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, ex-Chief of Staff and now commander at Camp Dix; Major Gen. David L. Shanks, Commander of the Port of Embarkation; Brig. Gen. George H. McManus, Brig. Gen. Theodore Bingham, former Police Commissioner, now attached to the engineer staff of the Department of the East; Major Gen. John E. Wilkins, Commander of the Quartermaster Department, New York City; Brig. Gen. William A. Mann, organizer of the Rainbow Division; Colonel J. F. C. Tillson of the 22d Infantry, at present Acting Commander of the Department of the East; Colonel Willoughby Walke, Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, Commander of the Third Naval District, and Rear Admiral McDonald, in command of the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Roswell M. Field.

Roswell Martin Field, brother of the late Eugene Field, the poet, and well known as an author and newspaper writer, died yesterday at his home in Morristown, N. J. Mr. Field was 67 years old, and for more than forty years was connected in an editorial capacity with various newspapers, including The Kansas City Star, Chicago Post, and New York Sun. For fourteen years he conducted a column in The Chicago Post under the heading "Lights and Shadows." Among his best-known books are "In Sunflower Land," "Echoes from the Sabine Farm," (with his brother,) "The Passing of Mother's Portrait," "The Romance of an Old Fool," "The Bondage of Ballinger," "Little Miss Dee," and "Madeline." Mr. Field retired from newspaper work about six years ago, and had since been acting as guardian of Minot Jones, who died about a month ago at a training camp in the South. It is said that the death of his ward probably hastened his death.

Dr. Wallace C. Sabine.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 10.—Dr. Wallace Clement Sabine, Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy at Harvard University and formerly Dean of the Lawrence Scientific School at Harvard, died at his home in this city today. Dr. Sabine was 50 years old. He received the degree of Master of Arts in 1888, and was made a member of the Harvard Faculty the next year. The degree of Doctor of Science was given him by Brown University in 1907 and by Harvard University in 1914. Dr. Sabine was a member of the National Academy of Sciences and a Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences.

HOSPITAL FUND GIFTS.

Subscriptions Announced by Bankers and Brokers' Auxiliary.

James Speyer, Chairman, and Walter E. Frew, Treasurer, of the Bankers and Brokers' Auxiliary of the United Hospital Fund of New York, report the following subscriptions for this year's collection to date:

J. P. Morgan & Co.	$7,500
Kuhn, Loeb & Co.	3,750
Speyer & Co.	3,750
Lazard Freres	1,500
J. & W. Seligman & Co.	1,500
Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.	1,000
Edwin Gould	1,000
W. R. Grace & Co.	1,000
Harris, Forbes & Co.	750
Hallgarten & Co.	500
S. K.	500
Charles Lanier	375
George F. Baker	350
Mary L. Kirkman	300
W. H. Perkins	300
Blair & Co.	250
Walter E. Frew	250
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	250
Francis L. Hine	250
Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.	250
Maitland, Coppell & Co.	250
William Solomon	250
W. Solomon & Co.	250
Frederick Straus	250
R. Winthrop & Co.	250
Walter P. Bliss	200
P. J. Goodhart & Co.	200
A. J. Hemphill	200
Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co.	150
Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne	150
Lee, Higginson & Co.	150
William A. Nash	150
R. T. Wilson & Co.	150
Otto T. Bannard	100
W. L. Benedict	100
Benedict, Drysdale & Co.	100
Simon Borg & Co.	100
M. N. Buckner	100
Edwin M. Bulkley	100
S. B. Chapin & Co.	100
Moreau Delano	100
H. K. Evans	100
E. H. Ferry	100
J. H. Harding	100
Kountze Brothers	100
Edwin G. Merrill	100
G. W. McGarrah	100
W. Schall & Co.	100
E. W. Sheldon	100
F. S. Smithers & Co.	100
B. Strong, Jr.	100
John C. Tappin	100
Edward Townsend	100
Van Emburgh & Atterbury	100
A. H. Wiggin	100
A Friend	100
E. W. Coggeshall	75
J. E. Reynolds	75
J. S. Alexander	50
Stephen Baker	50
Lewis L. Clarke	50
W. P. Conway	50
Henry de Coppet	50
C. H. Kelsey	50
Hodenpyl Hardy & Co.	50
Mahon & Co.	50
Miller & Co.	50
Newborg & Co.	50
Acosta Nichols	50
R. W. Poor	50
Charles H. Sabin	50
J. L. Wandling	40
S. N. Bond	37.50
R. D. Brown	30
H. F. Bachman & Co.	25
Louis V. Bright	25
Canadian Bank of Commerce	25
S. S. Conover	25
Herbert H. Dean	25
H. Ward Ford	25
R. H. Higgins	25
F. W. La Frentz	25
Frederic G. Lee	25
Luke, Banks & Weeks	25
S. H. Miller	25
John McHugh	25
H. H. Powell	25
J. E. Rovensky	25
E. E. Schaefer	25
E. A. Seasongood	25
Sutro Bros. & Co.	25
H. K. Twitchell	25
W. E. Williams	25
Unknown friend	25
W. J. Gilpin	20
James M. Pratt	20
W. H. Remick	20
Oscar Stiner	20
Charles A. Austin	15
E. T. Martin	15
J. W. Platten	15
W. H. Strawn	15
J. S. Wheelan	15
S. S. Campbell	10
J. H. Case	10
C. T. Corey	10
E. H. Denike	10
W. H. Drayton, 3d	10
A. B. Holden	10
P. H. Johnston	10
James Kneisel	10
H. A. Patten	15
John J. Lewis	10
F. K. Lister	10
E. S. Malmer	10
Jacob Niemann	10
James L. O'Neil	10
D. J. Palmer	10
Ralph Peters	10
Beach Polk	10
C. A. Sackett	10
S. L. Searles	10
D. B. Sheler	10
David Stern	10
G. A. Taylor	10
A. A. Zucker	10
M. E. Ludlam	7.50
A. G. Armstrong	5
D. H. Barrows	5
Arthur D Bright	5
L. B. Franklin	5
James S. Little	5
D. A. Mason	5
J. McAllister	5
E. J. Obermayer	5
C. E. Whyard	5
C. L. Paetzold	8
R. N. McEnany	2
Total	$32,080

RELIGIOUS NOTICE. RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

Free Synagogue
CARNEGIE HALL
57th Street and 7th Avenue
Sunday Morning, January 12th, at 10:45
Dr. ALFRED W. MARTIN
of the Ethical Culture Society
Will Speak On
"The Coming Internationalism"
ALL ARE WELCOME

MGR. SIGOURNEY W. FAY DIES

Former Episcopalian Represented Cardinal Gibbons in Red Cross.

The Rev. Sigourney W. Fay, who in 1908 renounced the Episcopalian faith and was received into the Catholic Church by the Rev. Dr. Norris, pastor of the Catholic Church at Deal Beach, N. J., died yesterday of pneumonia at the rectory of Our Lady of Lourdes, 477 West 142d Street. Since he became a convert Mgr. Fay had been very active in the Catholic Church, and some months ago he went abroad wearing the Red Cross uniform as a representative of Cardinal Gibbons at the invitation of the Red Cross.

It was said soon after his return that, through the good offices of the Papal Secretary of State, the Monsignor had a private audience with the Pope. Mgr. Fay did considerable Red Cross work in this city last year and delivered a number of lectures.

Obituary Notes.

HENRY C. BARTELD, head of the electrical department of the Honolulu Iron Works, is dead at the home of his mother, 177 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, in his thirty-fifth year. He was a graduate of Adelphi Academy and of Columbia University.

WILLIAM J. MITCHELL, 28 years old, broker and manufacturer of artificial ice machinery, died Thursday in the Post-Graduate Hospital. He lived at 295 Parkside Av., Brooklyn.

WILLIAM ANDREW MILLER, head of the Manhattan Motor Supply Company, died yesterday at Roosevelt Hospital. He was 39 years old and lived at 243 West Fiftieth Street.

JOHN M. GILLIES, 62 years old, a theatrical musical director, and director of the famous "Black Crook" at Niblo's Garden, died yesterday at his home, 407 West Fifty-fourth Street.

ELIZABETH SCHUYLER HAMILTON, 11 years old, younger daughter of William Pierson and Juliet Pierpont Hamilton, died Thursday at the family home in this city of pneumonia. She was a granddaughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, and a great-great-granddaughter of Alexander Hamilton.

Police Sergeant EDWARD MILLER of the Miller Avenue Station, Brooklyn, died yesterday in the Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn following an operation for an abscess on the brain. He had been on the police force for twenty-five years.

Mrs. JULIA NORMILE ROSE, wife of Byron H. Rose, former President of the old Commercial Board of Queens Village, died at the Flushing Hospital, Flushing, L. I., Thursday while being operated on for a fractured femur, caused by a fall at her home. She was 49 years old.

HAROLD S. WISDOM, Assistant Town Clerk of Stamford, Conn., is dead at his home there of pneumonia. He was a yeoman in the Naval Reserve.

LEANDRE DU MOUCHEL, for more than forty-six years organist at the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Albany, N. Y., died yesterday at his home in Albany. He was born in Alsace-Lorraine more than eighty years ago, and was the composer of several masses.

BURT O. GAGE, Superintendent of the Warren Steam Pump Company, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in Warren, Mass., at the age of 75 years. Mr. Gage designed the twin pump with which all United States naval vessels are equipped.

ANTHONY DREXEL HOLMES died last night at 9:30 o'clock at St. Luke's Hospital, of pneumonia. Mr. Holmes, who was 69 years old, was head of the firm of H. Bauendahl & Co., commission merchants at 357 Fourth Avenue. His home was at 70 Morningside Drive.

The Rev. THORNTON FLOYD TURNER, rector of St. Peter's Church, Bennington, Vt., died in his apartment at 515 Madison Avenue yesterday morning. He had been living in New York for several weeks. The funeral will be held at Calvary Church, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-first Street, Monday at 3 P. M.

BENJAMIN F. WALLING, who before his retirement was for forty years an importer and wholesale fruit dealer in this city, under the name of Walling & Co., died Thursday at his home, 1,090 William Street, Elizabeth, N. J. He was born in this city seventy-three years ago.

MORRIS C. LICHTEN, for more than forty years a member of the firm of Helman & Lichten of 590 Broadway, wholesale millinery house, died Thursday at his home, 23 West Seventy-sixth Street. He was born in Louisville, Ky., sixty-seven years ago. He was a member of forty Jewish and nonsectarian charitable organizations and the Harmonie Club.

Born.

BELAIS.—Wednesday evening, Jan. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Belais, at their home, a daughter.

Engaged.

THIESE—MEYER.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Meyer of 771 West End Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Carlyn C. Meyer, to Mr. Benjamin R. Thiese of Brooklyn, N. Y. At home Jan. 26 from 3 to 6.

Married.

LEONARD—COOPER.—At Bennington, Vt., on Wednesday, Jan. 8, by Rev. George Sherman Mills, Mabel Ressequie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander James Cooper, to John Nestell Leonard, Lieutenant (junior grade) United States Navy.

Died.

BAKER.—On Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, Frances E., widow of Frederic Baker and daughter of the late James Rich Steers. Funeral service on Monday, Jan. 13, at 10 o'clock, at her late residence, 815 5th Av. Kindly omit flowers.

BEATTY.—Edward, beloved husband of Elizabeth Wadsworth Beatty, Jan. 10, 1919. Funeral services at his late residence, 788 Riverside Drive, Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

BENNETT.—Elias A., son of Benjamin L. and Mary, brother of Charles B., Abraham, Harriet, Leonard, and Sidney, suddenly, Jan. 9, in his 24th year. Funeral Sunday at 1:30 P. M. from his late residence, 866 Southern Boulevard. Members of the Kurlander Young Men, Sioux Lodge, and Claremont Lodge, K. of P., kindly attend.

CAMERON.—Tuesday, Jan. 7, 1919, in the service of his country at Camp Upton, N. Y., Irving F., only son of Grace E. and the late Adam S. Cameron, aged 19 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the residence of Henry J. Wyatt, 825 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, on Saturday afternoon, January 11, at 2 o'clock.

COLE.—Of pneumonia, at her residence, 39 William St., East Orange, N. J., Jan. 9, 1919, Elsie Florence, wife of A. Stanley Cole, and daughter of Kathryne and the late Michael C. Miller, of New York City. Services private.

CORSE.—On Jan. 9, 1919, Margaret, beloved wife of John Corse, after a week's illness. Funeral service at her late residence, 129 West 94th St., Saturday evening, Jan. 11, at 8:30 o'clock.

DAILY.—Entered into rest Jan. 8, 1919, at Hotel Belleclaire, Lizzie Hutchinson, widow of the late Henry Daily, Jr., and daughter of the late William A. and Clara Belden Moore. Funeral services will be held at the Collegiate Church, West End Av. at 77th St., Saturday morning, Jan. 11, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery. Please be kind enough to omit flowers.

DALLON.—On Friday, Jan. 10, 1919, J. Frank. Services at his home, 227 St. James Place, Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 12, at 2:30 P. M.

DAUMAN.—Sadie, beloved wife of Samuel Dauman, devoted mother of William, beloved daughter of Mrs. William Solomon, and sister of Mrs. Kate Steckler, Mrs. Molly Slater, Abraham, Samuel, Benjamin, and Moses Solomon, on Thursday, Jan. 9, after a brief illness, and was interned at Machpelah Cemetery on Jan. 10. Publication of funeral notice was through inadvertence omitted in yesterday's notices.

DISKIN.—Anna, 66 years, Jan. 9. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 12, 2 P. M., from residence of son, Thomas F., 59 Audubon Av. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FALLON.—James F., son of Mary and the late James Fallon, on Thursday, Jan. 9, at his residence, 315 West 104th St. Requiem mass at Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., Monday, 10 A. M. Funeral private.

FAY.—At the rectory of Our Lady of Lourdes, 472 West 142d St., on Jan. 10, 1919, entered into eternal rest the Right Rev. Mgr. Sigourney W. Fay. Notice of funeral hereafter. Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, and Boston papers please copy.

FIELD.—At Morristown, N. J., Jan. 10, influenza-pneumonia, Roswell Field, in his 68th year. Burial at Chicago.

FISCHEL.—At Newark, N. J., on Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, Albert L., beloved son of Jacob Fischel and Florence Schwerin Fischel, aged 8 years and 9 months. Funeral services will be held on Sunday, Jan. 12, at 2 P. M., at the residence of his parents, 129 Littleton Av. Interment B'nai Jeshurun Cemetery, Elizabeth, N. J.

FURSTENFELD.—On Jan. 10, Magdalena, beloved wife of Anthony J. Furstenfeld. Services at her late residence, 222 Calyer St., Brooklyn, Sunday night, 8:30. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery Monday, 9 A. M.

GRAHAM.—On Jan. 10, at his residence, 434 Central Park West, Henry J., beloved husband of Maud Graham and son of Patrick J. and Mary J., (nee Burke.) Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAAS.—On Thursday, Jan. 9, at her home, Forest Hills, L. I., Grace, beloved wife of Louis Haas. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild's Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., at 120th St., Sunday, Jan. 12, at 2 P. M.

HAMILTON.—On Jan. 9, 1919, at 32 East 36th, New York City, in the 12th year of her age, Elizabeth Schuyler, beloved younger daughter of William Pierson and Juliet Pierpont Hamilton. Funeral at St. George's Memorial Chapel, Stuyvesant Square, East 16th St., at 2 P. M. on Saturday, Jan. 11, 1919. Interment private.

HAMMELL.—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, Christine R., beloved daughter of Amelia M. and the late Frederick W. Hammell. Funeral services on Sunday, Jan. 12, at 9 P. M., at her late home, 749 Boyd Av., (88th St.,) Woodhaven. Interment private.

HAMMERSLOUGH.—On Jan. 9, at his residence, Samuel Hammerslough, beloved husband of Emelie Hammerslough, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral private.

HAYNER.—Jan. 9, Caroline, widow of Franklin Hayner, mother of Charles and Edgar Hayner, aged 81 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Saturday evening, 8 o'clock. Troy, N. Y., papers please copy.

HEIDELBERGER.—Joseph, in his 65th year, Friday, Jan. 10, beloved husband of the late Bertha Heidelberger, and devoted father of Millie Bowman, Hattie Heidelberger, Belle H. Mann, Cora H. Jellenik, and Lillian Mitchell, and brother of Nannette Miller and Isaac Heidelberger. Funeral at convenience of family.

HELM.—On Jan. 10, 1919, at her residence, 430 West 119th St., of pneumonia, Laura B., daughter of the late W. Logan and Florence Murray Helm of Elizabethtown, Ky. Services at West End Presbyterian Church, 105th St. and Amsterdam Av., Jan. 13, at 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HOLMES.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at St. Luke's Hospital, Jan. 10, Anthony Drexel, beloved husband of Alice Jackson Holmes. Notice of funeral hereafter. Kindly omit flowers.

HOLSTON.—On Jan. 9, Sarah Matilda, wife of George Holston. Funeral at Mount Vernon. Private.

HOUGHTON.—On Jan. 10, 1919, Anna Elizabeth, wife of Walter W. Houghton. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 899 Coney Island Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 12, 1919, at 2 P. M.

ISAACS.—William, of 203 West 113th St., in his 60th year, beloved brother of Hannah Wronker, Essie Schattman, Harry, Charles, and Joseph Isaacs. Funeral from Temple Mount Zion, 39 West 119th St., on Sunday, Jan. 12, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

ISAACS.—William.—Darcy Lodge, No. 187, F. and A. M.—Members are respectfully invited to attend Masonic funeral services Sunday morning, Jan. 12, at 10 o'clock, at Temple Mount Zion, 39 West 119th St.
SAMUEL J. HYMAN, Master.
MORTON M. SAMUELS, Secretary.

JACKSON.—At his residence, 535 Madison Av., on Jan. 8, 1919, Frank W. Jackson, M. D., son of the late Rev. Charles D. Jackson, D. D. Funeral services will be held from the Church of the Holy Communion, 20th St. and 6th Av., on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

JEWKES.—On Thursday, Jan. 9, Martha E., wife of Richard J. Jewkes. Funeral services at her late residence, 167 Cleveland St., Brooklyn, on Sunday at 4 P. M. Interment at Maple Grove Cemetery on Monday at 10 A. M.

JONES.—On Jan. 8, Seward F., beloved husband of Lillian M. Funeral services at his late residence, 2,390 Amsterdam Av., Saturday evening, Jan. 11, at 8 o'clock.

JOSEPH.—Of pneumonia, Jan. 9, at 8:30 P. M., Israel Joseph, beloved husband of Eva Slote Joseph, father of Louise, Joseph, and brother of Henry, Dr. Barnet, and Joseph. Funeral services to be held Sunday, Jan. 12, at 10:30 A. M., from Funeral Parlors of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,003 7th Av., (cor. 120th St.) Kindly omit flowers.

KAERGER.—On Jan. 9, 1919, after a long illness, in his 51st year, Bruno A. Kaerger, beloved husband of Marie Kaerger (nee Fruch) and father of Caroline M. Kaerger. Funeral services at his late residence, 428 East 85th St., on Sunday, Jan. 12, 1:30 P. M. Relatives, friends, and lodge respectfully invited to attend.

KINSIE.—Minnie, in her 71st year, dearly beloved wife of Abraham H. and devoted mother of Monroe, Irving, Nettie, Paul, Jessie Long, and the late Benjamin Kinsie and Millie Brandman. Funeral from her late residence, 561 West 143d St., on Monday, Jan. 13, at 10 A. M.

KOEHLER.—Gustav, beloved husband of Martha and brother of Henry and Benno Koehler, on Jan. 9. Funeral services Sunday, Jan. 12, 10 A. M., at Martin Pick's Chapel, 239 Lenox Av., near 122d St.

KOEHLER.—Perfect Ashlar Lodge, No. 604, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are hereby summoned to attend funeral and pay our last tribute to our brother, Gustav Koehler, Sunday, 11 A. M., at funeral parlor 239 Lenox Av., corner 122d St. By order of REUBEN GREENBAUM, Master.
NATHAN UNGER, Secretary.

KNAPP.—Suddenly, at New York City, Jan. 8, 1919, Charles Henry Knapp, in his 76th year, husband of Annie I. Knapp of 71 South Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J. Funeral services at 14 East 39th St., Jan. 11, at 2 P. M. Los Angeles and La Jolla, Cal., papers please copy.

KROUPA.—John, Jan. 8, 1919, at his home, 403 East 72d St., after long illness. Funeral service at home, by St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, F. and A. M., Sunday, 1:30 P. M.

KROUPA.—St. Cecile Lodge, 568.—Brethren: You are earnestly requested to attend Masonic funeral services of our deceased brother, John Kroupa, at his late residence, 401 East 72d St., on Sunday, Jan. 12, 1919, at 1 P. M. By order
IRA BREWSTER TERRY, Jr., Master.

LICHTEN.—On Thursday, Jan. 9, Morris C. Lichten, beloved husband of Louise Lichten, in the 68th year of his age. Funeral private.

LIPPMAN.—Louis, aged 60, after a brief illness, at his residence, 17 West 118th St. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 12, at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends kindly attend.

MANDZAU.—Bertha, at the home of her daughter, Rose Auerbach. Funeral Sunday, 10 A. M., 654 West 161st St.

MARTIN.—On Thursday morning, Rose, wife of John C. Martin. Funeral services at her late home, Germania Av., near North St., Jersey City, on Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. Funeral 10 A. M. Sabbath morning.

McPHERSON.—Simon John, headmaster of the Lawrenceville School, on Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, at his residence in Lawrenceville, N. J. Funeral services private. Memorial service later. Please omit flowers.

McWILLIAMS.—Entered into rest on Tuesday, Jan. 7, at his residence, 39 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, Daniel Wilkin McWilliams, beloved husband of Helen Frances Marquand. Funeral service Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, Lafayette Av. and South Oxford St., Brooklyn.

McWILLIAMS.—Daniel W. At the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Underwood Typewriter Company, held on Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, the following action was taken:

Resolved, That, in the death of Mr. McWilliams, which occurred last Tuesday, this company suffers a grievous loss. He had been connected with this organization as a Director continuously for the past fifteen years. No one could have exercised greater enthusiasm or fidelity in the company's interests, which developed to its present growth with his valued assistance. We deplore his loss and shall miss his counsels at our board.

The board desires to extend its profound sympathy to his family, and directs that this minute of his death be entered in the records of the company, and that a copy be sent to his family.
UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., INC.
L. W. GUERNSEY, Secretary.

MILLER.—William. Lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

MILLER.—Miss Ellen C., at Newark, N. J., on Jan. 10, 1919. Funeral service at 12 Chestnut St., on Jan. 12, at 8 P. M., and at interment at Montgomery, N. Y., Jan. 13, at 12:30. Orange County papers please copy.

NEILLIS.—At Ridgefield, N. J., Jan. 10, 1919, Charles, beloved husband of Elizabeth A. Nellis, aged 50. Funeral services from his late residence, Lancaster Road, Ridgefield, N. J., Sunday afternoon, Jan. 12, at 2 o'clock.

OUTERBRIDGE.—Cyril Norton, only and beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph J. Outerbridge (nee Elizabeth Peyton Norton) and grandson of the late Eckstein Norton, formerly President of Louisville & Nashville Railroad. Born June 6, 1892, at "Willowbrook," Richmond County, N. Y. Died Jan. 9, 1919, suddenly, at Cresco, Penn. Notice of funeral later. Washington and Louisville, Ky., papers please copy.

PHILLIPS.—Margaret McMann, wife of Edwin Phillips. Funeral, St. Columba's Church, West 25th St., Saturday, 10 A. M.

PIKE.—On Thursday, Jan. 9, Daniel E., beloved husband of Rebecca J. Pike. Funeral services at his late residence, 585 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, evening, Jan. 11, at 8 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

POUCH.—On Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, Helen, beloved daughter of William H. and Helena Hellwig, in her 18th year. Funeral private, from her late residence, 1 West 84th St., New York City. Please omit flowers.

QUACKENBUSH.—On Jan. 9, Edwin Bayeux, brother of Samuel H. and Colonel G. V. D. Quackenbush. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Campbell Building,) Saturday afternoon, 3 o'clock. Interment at Oakwood Cemetery, Troy, N. Y.

ROBBINS.—On Jan. 10, Floyd Yost, beloved husband of Charlotte Robbins. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," B'way-66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) on Sunday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

RYTER.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, on Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, Daisy Ryter, (nee Roberts,) beloved daughter of Mary and the late James M. Roberts. Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. N. C. Latterner, 3,100 Broadway, New York, Sunday, Jan. 12, at 2 P. M.

RUTAN.—At Newark, N. J., on Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919, Mary Starkweather, wife of David Dodd Rutan. Funeral services will be held at her late home, 59 Ingraham Place, Newark, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 12, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

SCHWAB.—Heinrich, after a short illness, in his 46th year. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild's Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., at 120th St., Sunday, Jan. 12, at 11 A. M.

SMITH.—At Hartford, Conn., on Jan. 8, Eliza H. Smith, daughter of the late Alexander H. Smith, M. D. Interment at Hyde Park.

STAPLES.—On Jan. 9, 1919, Seth S. Staples, husband of Rebecca C. Staples and son of the late Alvah S. and Mary R. Staples of Kingston, N. Y. Funeral service will be held at the late residence, 42 Grove St., Kingston, N. Y., Saturday, the 11th inst., at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family. Nashua (N. H.) papers please copy.

STOKES.—On Friday, Jan. 10, at her residence, 453 Washington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Helen Williams, wife of John Fraser Stokes. Notice of funeral hereafter.

TAGGART.—On Tuesday, Jan. 7, 1919, Vincent J., beloved husband of Helen Taggart, (nee Dunne.) Funeral from Chester L. Gardner's Parlors, 15 Greene Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Jan. 11, at 2:30 P. M.

THOMPSON.—First Lieutenant Hugh Smith, 96th Aero Squadron, killed Sept. 16, 1918, in aerial combat somewhere in France, youngest son of John M. and Sarah G. Thompson and grandson of the late Governor Hugh Smith Thompson of South Carolina. A memorial service will be held on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 12, 4 o'clock, St. Stephen's Church, 69th St., between Broadway and Columbus Av. Friends invited to attend.

TRILLING.—On Thursday, Jan. 9, in his 51st year, Samuel L. Trilling, beloved husband of Rae Helen, (nee Moss,) father of George, Theodore, Mabel, Stephen, Alexander, and Charles. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild's Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., Sunday, Jan. 12, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

TRILLING.—Samuel. SIOUX LODGE, NO. 357, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. With sincere regret we announce the death of Brother Samuel L. Trilling, a charter member of our lodge. Officers and members are requested to attend the funeral on Sunday, Jan. 12, 1919, at Harlem Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., at 9:45 A. M.
JACOB MARKS, Chancellor Commander.
HENRY WOLFF, Keeper of Records and Seal.

TURNER.—On Jan. 10, 1919, at 515 Madison Av., the Rev. Thornton Floyd Turner, beloved husband of Elizabeth McCullough Turner, son of Sarah Floyd and the late Herbert B. Turner, and rector of St. Peter's Church, Bennington, Vt. Funeral services at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., on Monday, Jan. 13, at 3 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

VON DOHLEN.—Henry C., on Jan. 9, 1919, in his 23d year, beloved son of Henry and Lena von Dohlen. Funeral service at residence of his uncle and aunt, John and Gesine von Dohlen, 37 Rush St., Brooklyn, Sunday, Jan. 12, at 2 P. M.

WAKEFIELD.—Suddenly, at his residence, 75 Carnegie Av., East Orange, N. J., William H., husband of Charlotte Freeman, in his 55th year. Services private. Friends may view remains Sunday afternoon at his late residence.

WALKER.—On Jan. 8, suddenly, of pneumonia, Mary A. C., beloved wife of the late Alfred J. Walker, Sr. Funeral Sunday, 2:30 P. M., from residence, 193 Van Duzer St., Tompkinsville, S. I. Interment Moravian Cemetery.

WALLING.—Benjamin F., at Elizabeth, N. J., Jan. 9, 1919. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,090 William St., Saturday, 2 P. M. Evangelist Lodge; Union Chapter, York Commandery; Salaam Temple, Columbia Council, Masonic Veterans, and Masonic Club.

WILLIAMS.—St. Cecile Lodge, 568. Brethren: You are earnestly requested to attend Masonic funeral services of our deceased brother, R. W. Charles Miller Williams, in the Renaissance Room, Masonic Hall, Sunday, Jan. 12, 1919, at 2 P. M. By order
IRA BREWSTER TERRY, Jr., Master.

WHITEHEAD.—Jan. 9, of pneumonia, at the Boothbay Hospital, Boston, Robert L., beloved husband of Frances Lee Whitehead.

WOODMAN.—On Jan. 8, E. Dora, beloved mother of William E. Woodman. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Saturday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment private.

In Memoriam.

NATHANSON.—In memory of my mother, Pauline, died Jan. 11, 1907.
NATHALIE STERNBERG.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

DR. NATHAN KRASS
Lectures Sunday Mornings at 11 Promptly
at CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Lexington Avenue at Fifty-fifth Street
Subject, Jan. 12th:
"As Others See the Jew"
A Feature: Questions submitted in writing will be answered by Dr. Krass.
FINE MUSICAL PROGRAM.

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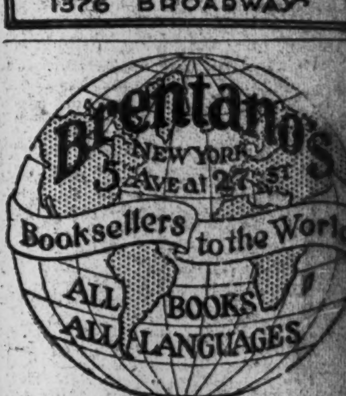

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The Oratorio Society of New York can accept a few more volunteer singers with good voices and ability to read at sight. Examinations by
Walter Damrosch
Conductor, at 7:30 Thursday Eve. at Carnegie Hall (Chamber Music Hall). PROGRAM for balance of Season: Victory and Peace Festival in March; Bach's St. Matthew Passion in April.

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Tuesday, January 14, 6 P. M.
This lecture will mark the opening of the mid-winter 6:05 P. M. classes in Accountancy and Business Administration. Write, or telephone Cortlandt 1465, for descriptive booklets and cards of admission to Mr. Drury's lecture.
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HEYDLER OUTLINES NEW PLAN FOR WORLD SERIES RECEIPTS

NEW DIVISION FOR WORLD SERIES COIN

Heydler Favors Percentage Plan for Players Instead of a Fixed Amount.

TO CUT SHARES OF CLUBS

Method of Distributing Money Will Be Decided Upon at Joint Meeting of Leagues Next Week.

A change in the method of distributing the world's series receipts has been suggested by President John A. Heydler of the National League, who returned yesterday from Cincinnati, where he attended the annual meeting of the National Commission. Mr. Heydler believes that no fixed amount should be named for the players, as was the case last year. He thinks there should be an element of uncertainty about the players' shares and favors naming a percentage of the money instead of a stated amount. Giving the players an amount of money agreed upon in advance robs the series, according to Mr. Heydler, of the element of uncertainty.

The matter of world's series receipts was discussed at the commission meeting, but no action will be taken until after the joint meeting here next week. President Heydler believes that the world's series should be made more of a sporting proposition. The amount of money shared by the competing clubs will be decreased.

President Branch Rickey of the St. Louis Club visited the league offices yesterday and talked with President Heydler over the St. Louis situation. Rickey, who has served in France as a Major in the gas and chemical department, has just been mustered out of service. He will probably represent the St. Louis Club at the conferences here next week.

Mr. Heydler is opposed to the proposal of the minor leagues to lift the draft because it would stifle the ambitions of the young players in the minors who strive to make good to win a place in the major leagues. He said such a state of affairs would tie the players hand and foot and would keep them at a standstill instead of offering an opportunity for advancement.

President Heydler said the program for the baseball gatherings here had been arranged. The National Association of Minor Leagues is scheduled to get together on Tuesday, while on Wednesday the American League will meet at the Biltmore and the National League at the Waldorf. The same day the joint meeting of the leagues will be held at the Biltmore.

At the National League meeting the waiver rule will be changed so that when a club asks for waivers on a player the waiver cannot be recalled. The American League has already adopted this change.

Mr. Heydler stated that he did not anticipate any change in the rules governing the training season. National League clubs are now limited to thirty days' training before the season opens. He also said that there was a strong sentiment among club owners against the sale of players involving large amounts of money. Next week the leagues will take up a proposition offered by Manager Clarke Griffith which would limit the transfer of players to trades and by the regular waiver route. It also includes that players advance and go back to the minors automatically. "Large money deals in baseball," said Mr. Heydler, "are being frowned upon."

Manager McGraw of the Giants believes that the balk rule should be enforced against pitchers. He believes that pitchers in the National League take too many liberties with the rule. Many of the players, especially those who steal many bases during the season, agree with the Giants manager on this question. The National League men say the rule is enforced more rigidly in the American League than it is in the National.

Colonel Jacob Ruppert, President of the Yankees, announced last night that the club had decided to train at Jacksonville, Fla. Secretary Harry Sparrow wired that he had engaged South Side Park in the Florida city, and that Manager Huggins was well pleased with the place. Several major league clubs will probably train in Florida and there will be plenty of opportunity for exhibition games.

TRAPSHOOTERS MEET.

Interstate Association Announces Change in Name of Organization.

After a meeting held here yesterday it was announced that the Interstate Trapshooting Association would be known in future as the American Trapshooting Association, which will have jurisdiction over all trapshooting tournaments in this country and Canada.

For nearly a quarter of a century all the principal shoots at live birds and clay targets, including the Grand American Handicap, were arranged and governed by the Interstate Association. The American Trapshooting Association has established its headquarters at 460 Fourth Avenue.

The Grand American Handicap at clay targets will take place next August at the South Shore Country Club, Chicago, but none of the subsidiary sectional events will be promoted this year.

N. Y. U. MEETS RUTGERS.

Lineup Is Changed for Game with New Brunswick Five Tonight.

New York University will open its basketball season tonight when the Violet quintet clashes with the Rutgers five at the University Heights Gymnasium. In anticipation of the contest, Captain Egan put his charges through a snappy workout yesterday.

Although some changes have been made in the Bronx lineup, Max Marin will be seen in his old position at left forward, while either Kram or Holman, both of last year's Freshman five, will be on the right side of the court. Captain Egan will shift from his usual position at right forward to right guard, to cover Robeson, the giant negro.

INDOOR MEET AT NEWARK.

Interscholastic Championship Will Be Held March 22.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 10.—The second annual indoor interscholastic championship, with the sanction of the A. A. U., will be held in the 1st Regiment Armory here March 22. Many entrants from Eastern and Southern States are expected to participate and trophies will be awarded by the Princeton Club to the two teams scoring the highest number of points.

The program of events, announced today, includes a 70-yard dash, 70-yard high hurdle, 220-yard dash, 440-yard run, 880-yard run, and one-mile run.

ARRANGE TRACK MEET.

High Schools Will Compete for Championship Jan. 25.

The Twenty-third Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, will be the scene of the annual high schools indoor track and field championships, under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League, Jan. 25, it was announced yesterday. A program of eighteen events [illegible] arranged to decide the individual and team championship titles.

HOCKEY GAME ENDS IN TIE.

New Utrecht Rallies and Evens Count with Poly Prep Team.

A rally in the closing minutes of play enabled the hockey team of the New Utrecht High School to tie the score with the Poly Prep team last night in their game at Brooklyn Ice Palace, in the Public Schools Athletic League championship tournament. The contest ended with the teams deadlocked at two goals all. In another game Jamaica H. S. defeated Flushing H. S. by a count of four goals to one. The Poly Prep-New Utrecht contest was easily the closest of the season. The play was hard at all times, but clean, and there were no penalties because of unfairness by either side's players. The Poly Prep sextet was on a rampage for the most part of the game, but encountered stubborn opposition from the New Utrecht lads.

For five minutes in the second period the teams battled fiercely up and down the ice without being able to score. Then suddenly Frank Farah caught the puck at the end of his stick in a hot scrimmage and, with uncanny accuracy, sent the disk spinning into the New Utrecht net past Golding. The goal came in 5 minutes 18 seconds. Returning to the attack, the Poly Prep team puzzled its rivals with a spirited attack for a short spell, when Frank Farah came within striking distance of the New Utrecht goal and sent the puck home for another marker, in six minutes.

The New Utrecht skaters braced and surprised Poly Prep's players. After 8 minutes 42 seconds of play, Hettrick sent the puck into the Poly Prep net for his team's first goal on a straight shot. From a scrimmage after 13 minutes 19 seconds of play Sadler registered the shot which tied the count.

Jamaica H. S.'s team showed surprising form in defeating Flushing by a score of 4 to 1. The first period produced the closest play and ended with the teams tied, with one goal each. In the second period the Jamaica team, led by Oakley, outplayed its rivals and registered three goals. Oakley scored two goals in the second period and Clifford one. The other goal was made by Madden. All tallies came on straight shots.

The line-ups:

Poly Prep, (2.)	Position.	New Utrecht, (2.)
Ruhm	G.	Golding
Jelliffe	P.	Pruslin
Doppie	C. P.	Sadler
F. Farah	C.	Hettrick
H. Farah	L. W.	Williamson
Coller	R. W.	Edwards

Goals—Second period—For Poly Prep: F. Farah from scrimmage in 5:18, F. Farah on a straight shot in 6:00; for New Utrecht: Hettrick on a straight shot in 8:42, Pruslin from scrimmage in 13:19. Referee—Thomas Howard, New York. Goal umpires—John Lott, Poly Prep, and Thomas Howard, Jr., New Utrecht. Timekeepers—Fred Mohle, Erasmus Hall H. S., and Robert Hall, Erasmus Hall H. S. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

Jamaica, (4.)	Position.	Flushing, (1.)
Dwyer	G.	Gleason
Muhs	P.	Rosenfeld
Madden	C. P.	Townsend
Oakley	C.	Shields
Bates	L. W.	Gladding
Clifford	R. W.	Woodward

Goals—First half—For Jamaica: Madden on a straight shot in 4:18; for Flushing: Townsend on a straight shot in 10:03. Second half—For Jamaica: Clifford on a straight shot in 1:42. Oakley on a straight shot in 5:42. Oakley on a straight shot in 6:41. Penalty—Shields, 1:00 in second half for tripping. Referee—Thomas Howard, New York. Goal umpires—John Lott, Poly Prep, and Thomas Howard, Jr., New Utrecht. Timekeepers—Fred Mohle, Erasmus Hall H. S., and Robert Hall, Erasmus Hall H. S. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

MUST MAKE NOTES GOOD.

National Commission Orders Payment for Drafted Ball Players.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 10.—The National Commission in revising its ruling relative to drafted players, made on account of war conditions last Fall, today issued the following notice:

"On Aug. 28 the National Commission gave notice that immediate settlement for the draft price would not be required of major league clubs on account of prevailing war conditions, but that the selecting club should file its promissory note for the amount with the Secretary of the commission. "As professional baseball will be in a normal state in 1919, the commission revised its ruling as to the time for the settlement for 1918 selected players, except as to players actually in the service of the Government on or after Feb. 1, and directs that the promissory notes now held by Secretary Bruce be returned to their respective makers, who are instructed to return in lieu thereof a check for the draft price, on or before Feb. 1."

MEET IN TANK TODAY.

High School Swimming Teams Will Conclude Tournament.

Swimming teams representing the High School of Commerce, Boys' High School, De Witt Clinton High School and Erasmus Hall High School, will clash this morning in dual meets in the pool of City College. These competitions will close the round-robin tournament which has been conducted since the start of the season under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League.

Crescent Five Beats Soldiers.

The Crescent Athletic Club basketball team defeated Company M, 14th Infantry, New York Guard, yesterday at the Crescent Court, in Brooklyn, by a score of 51 to 21. Ashmead and Stewart, for the Crescents, played brilliantly, the former making 17 points and the latter 12. Thail of the infantry, the only man on his team who displayed true form, made 13 points.

Barnard Five Wins, 71 to 0.

Barnard School's basket ball team registered its sixth victory yesterday when it overwhelmed the Massee School five in a one-sided game at Bronxville, N. Y., by the score of 71 to 0. Against the Barnard atttack the defense of Massee quickly crumpled.

De La Salle Team Wins.

De La Salle Institute's third basketball team scored a victory over the Montauk A. C. quintet yesterday in a loosely played game on the De La Salle court. The score was 36 to 14.

Kirby Again Wins at Pool.

Edward Kirby defeated Max Bache last night at Doyl's Billiard Academy in the amateur pocket billiard tournament of the A. A. B. A. by the score of 100 to 40. Kirby made a high run of 15, while his opponent's highest was 9.

Klinger Defeats Schevernel.

Jacob Klinger defeated E. J. Schevernel last night at Daly's in the Class A tournament of the A. A. B. A. by the close score of 300 to 295. Klinger and Schevernel divided the honors in high runs, each making 28, while the former gained the decision with an average of 6 18-47, against 6 19-47 for Schevernel.

Miss Bogart Wins at Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 10.—Miss Caroline Bogart of Pinehurst defeated Miss Marjorie Lake of Hartford today in the women's single of the midwinter tennis tournament finals, 6—0, 6—2. In the finals of the men's singles C. F. Watson, Jr., of the West Chester Country Club won over Nathan Bundy of the Norfolk Country Club, 6—4, 6—4, 2—6, 4—6, 6—1.

STUDY OF ROOSEVELT.
Analysis of Roosevelt's methods as an orator and politician in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

CANADIAN PLAYERS BEAT SQUADRON A

Royal Air Force Polo Trio Outrides Cavalrymen in Hard Match at Durland's.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
White Owls	2	0	1000
Royal A. F.	1	0	1000
Squadron A	1	1	.500
Meadowlarks	0	1	.000
Rovers	0	1	.000
Foxhunters	0	1	.000

The polo team wearing the colors of the Royal Air Force of Canada defeated Squadron A in the Victory Cup series at Durland's Riding Academy last night by a score of 12 to 10. The Squadron A trio had a handicap of 9, and their lone goal of the match was scored by Grimwood in the first half.

The Air Force players, Kinney, Henley, and Baker, outrode their opponents from the start, before the second period was half over had overcome their big handicap and tied the score at 10 to 10. The first half ended with the score 10 to 6 in favor of Squadron A, but the Canadian riders came strong in the last period and in the final minute and a half of play Jack Henley broke the tie by driving in two goals in rapid succession, which gave the R. A. F. the victory.

Henley shot the first three goals for the Canadians in the first period, and then Grimwood smashed one in for Squadron A. Kinney scored the next three goals in the first period. In the first half, time was taken out when Cooke was hit on the head with a mallet. In the last period, Jack Henley was out of the game for a few minutes when a mallet landed squarely on his nose. The blow didn't stop the young player for it was his terrific drive which tied the score.

The cavalrymen tried to ride the Canadians off with the tie deadlocked, but Kinney made a swift run up the side with the ball, and there was a lively scrimmage in front of the Squadron's goals. Henley shot the ball in through the ponies' hoofs. The lineup:

ROYAL A. F., (12.)	SQUADRON A. (10.)
No. 1—J. Henley.	No. 1—V. Grimwood.
No. 2—A. Kinney.	No. 2—E. Clausson.
Back—M. Baker.	Back—R. K Cooke.

Goals—Henley, (6.) Kinney, (6.) Grimwood, (1.) (handicap 9.) Total—10. Time of halves—Ten minutes each. Referee—Dr. Blackwood.

HORACE MANN FIVE WINS.

Opens Season with 39-to-14 Triumph Over Berkeley-Irving.

Horace Mann's School basket ball team opened its season yesterday with a triumph over the Berkeley-Irving School five, on the Horace Mann court. The score was 39 to 14. The victorious team made most of its points in the opening half, which ended with Horace Mann leading by 22 to 6. Berkeley-Irving players failed to recover in the second half.

Eder and Burbridge were the leaders in the successful team's attack, scoring eleven and ten points, respectively. McAleenan and Byrne accounted for the majority of Berkeley-Irving's points.

The lineup:

Horace Mann.	Position.	Berkeley-Irving.
Eder	R. F.	McAleenan
Van Benschoten	L. F.	Mason
Pulleyn	C.	Maurice
Farrell	R. G.	Byrne
Burbridge	L. G.	Riley

Field goals—Eder, (4.) Van Benschoten, (3.) Wightman, Pulleyn, (3.) Landauer, Farrell, Burbridge, (5.) McAleenan, (2.) Mason, Byrne, (2.) Goals from foul—Eder, (3.) McAleenan, (2.) Substitutions—For Horace Mann: Wightman for Van Benschoten, Landauer for Pulleyn, Wilner for Farrell; for Berkeley-Irving: Gish for Mason, Hoeck for Maurice. Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia University. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

COLUMBIA PLANS BIG YEAR.

Tyson Announces Athletics Will Be Put on Pre-War Basis.

Official announcement was made yesterday by Levering Tyson, Graduate Manager of Athletics, of a comprehensive athletic program for Columbia for the coming Winter and Spring months. In so far as possible, competition will be maintained in all branches of sport, and there will be rowing, baseball, and track and field athletics as usual.

The announcement, which was made in a report to the alumni, follows:

"A full program of athletics at the university will be conducted for the balance of the year. A full schedule of basket ball and baseball games will be played. Coach Dawson will have charge of the squads of these two sports.

"Rowing will also be maintained and crew candidates will be called out at the opening of the second term, about Feb. 1. Candidates for the track team will report immediately for indoor work. Carl J. Merner, coach, who left the university to enter the Government service, is back, and will have charge of the squad. Wrestling and swimming will be conducted on a pre-war basis. Gus Peterson will coach the wrestlers and George Holm will have charge of the water men. Minor sport teams, such as fencing, tennis, and golf, will also be organized.

"The institution by the Trustees of the university of the Student Activities Fee, making compulsory on students in Columbia College the payment of a fee of $5 each term for the support of student activities, one-half of which is for the support of athletics, guarantees that there will be a greater interest in sport than ever before, as each student becomes a member of the athletic association. The Student Activities Fee, although it insures more general interest, only takes the place of the former fee derived from student members of the association, who paid $10 annually for the support of athletics alone; and the support of the alumni is just as necessary as it has ever been."

McGillivray Breaks Record.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Perry McGillivray clipped three-fifths of a second from the world's swimming record for the 100-yard back stroke last night in the annual interscholastic events at the Illinois Athletic Club. His time was 1:07 4-5.

COLUMBIA FIVE LOSES GAME

Poly Prep Beats Blue and White at Basket Ball by 30 to 24 Score.

Columbia's basketball team started the season with a defeat last night, the Blue and White going down before Poly Prep, of Brooklyn by a score of 30 to 24 at the Columbia gymnasium. During the first half, Columbia managed to hold the Brooklyn schoolboys even, the score at half time being 14 to 14.

In the second half Specht, Poly Prep.'s left guard shot several baskets in quick succession, and the Brooklyn five took a commanding lead. Columbia's shooting was inaccurate, and the defense wasn't quite up to the mark. Poly Prep. had an advantage in passing and shooting for the baskets.

The line-up and summary:

Poly Prep, (30.)	Position.	Columbia, (24.)
Nelson	L. F.	Johnson
Specht	R. F.	Tynan
Schwartzman	C.	Horowitz
Bachrach	L. G.	Weinstein
Blumenthal	F. G.	Farrell

Goals from field—Specht, (8.) Nelson, (4.) Schwartzman, Weinstein, (3.) Horowitz, (2.) Johnson, (2.) Farrell. Goals from fouls—Farrell, (8.) Nelson, (4.) Referee—Joseph Deering, Manhattan. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

CADETS REVIVE SPORTS.

Basket Ball Team Meets Manhattan College Five Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 10.—The Army will get back on the sporting map tomorrow, when the Cadets meet Manhattan College of New York on the basket ball court. Since last October, when the Army lads managed to line up in one football game, sports have been dormant. Now events are shaping themselves so that a boom in all branches of sport is looked for. Hockey, baseball and football schedules are in course of preparation. The basket ball schedule was announced today by Lieutenant J. M. Johnson.

The schedule follows:

Jan. 11, Manhattan College; Jan. 18, College of City of New York; Jan. 25, Lehigh; Feb. 1, Crescent A. C.; Feb. 8, Swarthmore; Feb. 15, Brooklyn Poly; Feb. 22, Union; March 1, open.

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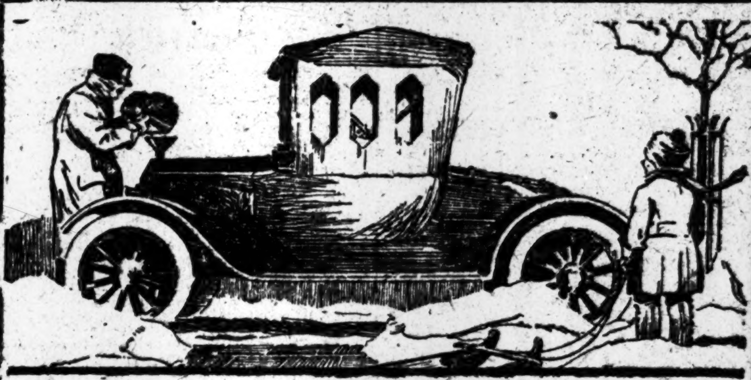

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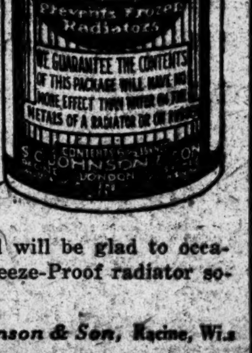
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CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; D. M. Atkinson, children's clothing; G. A. Dawson, linens; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie Scott & Co.; A. C. Dolberg, women's, misses', children's fancy knit goods; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; R. M. Chamberlain, men's, youths' clothing; J. L. Mayne, misses' coats, skirts; Mrs. K. Schafer, Miss Corseth, infants' wear; 1,107 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—B. C. Kahn & Co.; Mr. Lauterbach, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
CLEVELAND—Schulman-Bietzer Co.; P. Schulman, overalls; Broadway Central.
DALLAS—Ogus, Rabinowitz & Ogus; T. Stein, millinery; 35 West 39th.
DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss C. Rowland, notions; 225 5th Av.
HONOLULU, T. H.—American Factors; Miss K. Scott, ladies' ready-to-wear; Park Av.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Pettis D. G. Co.; Miss S. Brandenberg, jewelry, leather goods; 230 5th Av.
JACKSONVILLE, Ill.—The Emporium; M. Cohen, jobs silk camisoles; 17 W. 28th.
JOPLIN, Mo.—Potlitzer Bros.; G. Potlitzer, women's, children's ready-to wear; 303 5th Av.; Marlborough.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; D. Burk, shoes; 432 4th Av.; Breslin.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bros.; W. C. Hager, representing; 404 4th Av.; Algonquin.
LANCASTER, Penn.—M. T. Garvin Co.; A. H. Smith, notions, gloves, hdkfs., hosiery; 37 West 26th; York.
MEMPHIS—J. Rosenfield & Co.; L. Rosenfield, genl. mdse.; 1,199 B'way.
MILWAUKEE—Miller, Genz & Co.; Miss Dahm, trimmed hats; Prince George.
MILWAUKEE—Peerless Knitting Co.; P. E. Yolles, knit goods; Albemarle.
MONTREAL—S. P. Myers & Co.; S. P. Myers, jewelry; Continental.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—H. J. Grimes & Co.; H. J. Grimes, hosiery, gloves, notions, furn. goods; Manhattan Square.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Mendel & Freedman; A Mendel, ribbons, neckwear, furn. goods, gloves, infants' wear; 44 East 23d.
OAKLAND—Marymount & Upright; S. Upright, general mdse; 100 East 32d.
OMAHA, Neb.—Pred's; B. Pred, ready-to-wear; 339 5th Av.
OMAHA, Neb.—Martin-Cott Hat Co.; W. C. Cott, hats, caps; Latham.
OMAHA, Neb.—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; Miss Scherer, E. J. Brandeis, ready-to-wear; Miss Day; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—H. Holmes & Sons; H. R. Holmes, carpets, rugs; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Silverman & Miller; B. Silverman, skirtings; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; Miss E. A. Bueck, Mrs. J. H. Connington, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; L. A. Hubach, rugs; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co.; E. C. McCabe, notions, neckwear, ladies' kid gloves; 43 Leonard.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—England Bros.; C. Kapner, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 404 4th Av.; Gregorian.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; Miss E. Ball, coats, suits, skirts; 212 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. Adler Bros. & Co.; J. J. Bakrow, piece goods; 200 5th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—Ogus, Rabinowitz & Ogus; Miss H. Vincent, millinery; 35 West 39th.
SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock-Lubin Co.; Miss M. P. Speck, millinery, general lines; 220 5th Av.
SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—Ogus, Rabinowitz & Ogus; R. L. Coker, millinery; 35 West 39th.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros.; O. B. Hill, ribbons, art goods; D. H. Young, bedding, domestics, wash goods; 50 Union Square, Prince George.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Whitehouse Co.; Mrs. G. Judges, waists; 23 East 26th.
ST. LOUIS.—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; G. Tracy, notions; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; E. S. Super, blankets; 395 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; W. H. Helmer, jewelry; 377 Broadway.
ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Bros.; Miss R. E. Womack, juniors' wear; 200 5th Av.
TOLEDO, Ohio—Neuhausel Bros.; M. J. Gilsdorf, silks, black goods, dress goods; Cumberland.
TRINIDAD, Col.—H. Moses & Son; Mr. Moses, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
WACO, Texas—Goldstein-Migel Co.; S. Hirschberg, ready-to-wear, dress goods, silks; 1,150 Broadway.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—C. Livingston & Sons; J. Josephson, ready-to-wear; Collingwood.

Dress Industries Organization.

An application is to be made within a few days for the incorporation of the Associated Dress Industries of America. The organization starts with a membership of over 225 manufacturers. By-laws have been adopted and a Directorate of thirty-one manufacturers has been elected. Temporary headquarters are at the Holland House. Later on a clubhouse will be provided for the accommodation of members and of buyers who come here. The purposes of the organization are to promote the selling of dresses in this country and to develop export trade in them. Officers elected for the ensuing year are: President—Otto B. Shulhof; First Vice President—Charles F. Lefcourt; Second Vice President—C. H. D. Robbins; Third Vice President—H. L. Kamber; Controller—I. Lahm; Executive Director—David N. Mosessohn. R. M. Hexter of Cleveland, Frank J. Mitchell of Chicago, and B. Sommer of Montreal were also elected Vice Presidents.

BUSINESS NOTES.

W. S. Kies, Vice President of the American International Corporation, sails today for South America on an extended trip, for the purpose of studying business, financial, and trade conditions in the principal countries of that continent. Mr. Kies will be gone three and one-half months.

Aron Linz is now acting as general salesman for James M. O'Reilly & Co., dresses; Matinee Waist Company, cotton tailored waists, and Stern & Co., silk and cotton waists, and is covering the South for Advance Waist Company, cotton and silk blouses.

HOSIERY
UNDERWEAR
Annual Sale Week January 13
WALD & GELLER
510 Broadway, N. Y. Spring 965-966

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British Manufacture
THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
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FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
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MANUFACTURERS, JOBBERS and COMMISSION MEN
will do well to see us. We have hundreds of stitching machines, cloth cutting apparatus, press and special machinery adapted for stitching any kind of work. This equipment used on Government business, now available for your purposes.
A. J. BATES CO., Webster, Mass.
Also makers of "the Bates Shoe."

Emergency Trucking
Auto service during the Harbor Strike in New York.
New 7½-ton Mack Trucks.
Long or Short Hauls.
INDIANA FLOORING CO.
9741 Melrose. 234 Rider Av., N. Y.

Auctions.

ADVANCE NOTICE
Peremptory Auction Sale of one of the largest, finest, and most staple stocks
CLOTHING
ever sold at public auction.
Formerly the stock of
KRIEGER-FRANKEL CO., INC.,
Valued at over $175,000.00,
consisting of
6,650 MEN'S & YOUNG MEN'S SUITS,
200 VERY HIGH COST OVERCOATS.
Will be sold on premises
62-64 WEST 14TH ST.,
Near 6th Av., N. Y. C., Seventh Floor,
TUESDAY, JAN. 14TH, 1919,
Commencing at 10:30 A. M. Sharp.
By D. HARTMANN, Auct'r.
This entire stock, of which 75% is bearing the Alfred Benjamin label, is made of the finest imported and domestic cloth, strictly custom-made, in the most up-to-date designs and latest shades for the Spring season, 1919. For further particulars you may telephone on premises, Chelsea 6503-6504 or auctioneer's office, 15-17 Mercer St.
TELEPHONE CANAL 2764.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Pekin and lt. Copen. Third floor, 244 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Am placing big orders on georgette, taffeta, and wool jerseys. 114-120 West 26th St., 11th floor.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Lorraine 3659, navies, tans, and rookies. Hecht & Pitofsky, 37 West 18th St.

HANDKERCHIEFS Wanted.—Khaki, in large quantity. Cohen & Samuels, 656 Broadway. Phone Spring 9625.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Can use any quantity of ladies' fibre hose, 13 inches up. Levinson & Shapiro, 98 Canal St.

KNIT GOODS Wanted.—P. E. Yolles, President Peerless Knitting Company, Milwaukee, to buy knit goods. Hotel Albemarle, Broadway at 54th St. Telephone Circle 2160.

LINING Wanted.—Flowered. Shapiro & Son, 54 West 21st St. Chel. 9709.

POM POM Wanted.—12075, American, brown; spot cash. Herzog Cloak and Suit Co., 1,237 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 5466.

POM POM Wanted.—American 12075; interested at 50c a yard. Chel 2536.

POPLINS Wanted.—Black and high shades; American. Chelsea 9955.

POPLIN Wanted.—American high shades for cash. Farragut 9498.

SERGES Wanted.—Fifty pieces navy and black, 87 Whitman, at a price. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity of 54289 navy, for cash. Gevertz Mfg Co., 31 West 31st St.

SUITS AND DRESSES Wanted.—Suitable Palm Beach. Lipkins & Kaufman, 1,133 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, quantity, spot cash; also silvertones. Gramercy 6174.

SERGE Wanted.—W F X, navy; must be reasonable price. Call Gramercy 5942.

SERGE Wanted.—All cotton, black and navy. Feynman Co., 19 West 21st.

SERGE Wanted.—0936 black, exchange for navy. Greeley 3233.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonard taupe, reindeer, Pekin, copen, terracotta, &c. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pekin, taupe, henna; will pay cash. Giant Cloak Co., 152 West 25th St. Chelsea 2775.

SUITS Wanted.—Fashionable stouts; large jobber placing orders on smart styles. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

TRICOTINES wanted for cash; Garfield or Andrews; navy only. Greeley 2263.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy preferred. Smink, Inc. Madison Square 7574.

TRICOTINES wanted. Farragut 8868.

VELOURS Wanted.—K 544 only, any color, large quantity. Franklin 1774.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Suitable boys' and men's stitched hats; one piece or more of a color to close, or regular goods. Kneale & Rohrs, 43 West 36th St.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS.—Various styles, close out lots from factory inventory. The W. H. Dean Co., 45 East 17th St.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. and Botany; also black, all shades tan, Pekin, reindeer, navy, brown, Burgundy velours. Farragut 5759.

COATEES.—Beaver, furmoss, sealart and surfura, and Baffin seal; also high-grade coats, velour du nord, silvertones, Bolivia, broadcloth, and velours, fur trimmed; exceptional values. Potter & Schaitman, 147 West 22d St. Chelsea 7233.

COATS.—Immediate delivery, shawl fur collars, far below cost; velour dresses, $10.75 to $13.75, wonders. Michael Senft, 29 West 35th St.

COATS.—300 snappy silvertones, kerseys, velours, American pom pom; slaughtering prices because of extensive alterations. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Salts plush coats, plain and fur-trimmed, for January sales. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Juniors' and girls'; balance of Fall stock to close at sacrifice. Room 503, 38 West 33d St.

COATS.—Plushes, silvertones, velours, broadcloth; January sales 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Velours, full lined, fur trimmed; $10. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

DRESSES for evening affairs; all sorts of georgette taffeta, wool jerseys, and special serges at $8.75. 118 West 29th, 9th floor. Farragut 3190.

DRESSES.—Serge, Georgette, taffeta foulard to close out at a price. M. Taub & Co., 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Evening and street, immediate delivery; jobs to close out. 115 West 29th St., 3d floor.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins, velvets, jerseys, taffetas; January sale, 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—2,000 velveteens and serges to close out. American Shirtwaist Co., 151 West 25th St.

FLANNELS, Velours, Serges, Poplins; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Sq. 292.

FLANNELETTE.—Bleached, napped on both sides, heavyweight, 7,800 yards; will sell below market price. Call Spring 891.

JAP.—1,500 yards 5 M to close at 60 cents yard; all colors. Madison Square 761.

PLUSH COATS.—Saltz. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

POPLIN.—All-American and other poplins, khaki shade; can be dyed. Rosen & Herman, 569 Broadway.

POPLINS.—8158 all wool heavy poplin, black and navy, for sale cheap. Farragut 9943.

SATINS.—2,000 yards R. & T.; all shades; close cheap. Madison Square 761.

SERGES, POPLINS.—1209, 1210, 87, 6301, 7301, 3, 7614, 4061, 780, 54289, 9056, 6122, 7120, 7512, 11433, 925, 528, 519, 809, 99, 113, 9, 0936, 838, 235, 6709½, 06077, 90610, 774. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311, 6312.

SERGES.—6234, $1.85; 99, $1.90; 7120, $1.52½; 54289, $1.47½; 0936, $2.32½; 3850, $1.75; 104, $1.77½; 11433, $1.77½. United States Textile. Gramercy 1337.

SILVERTONES.—F. A. Bochmann, all desirable shades; reasonable for cash. Madison Square 2698.

SILVERTONES.—Spring shades; also Garfield 4718; tricotines, Copen., black. Madison Square 1520.

SUITS.—High-grade velours, serges, Oxfords, to close out. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d St. Chelsea 7233.

TAFFETA, Crepe de Chine.—All colors; good quality; low prices. Sulkin & Gross, Gramercy 1283.

TRICOTINE.—Read's 5800, 7161; F. & H. 8057; Lorraine, Bahnsen; navies; cheap. Madison Square 8434.

TRICOTINE.—Wm. F. Reade 5800, Garfield 4718; also Poiret twills. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE.—Walworth, style 4010, Spring shades. 2196 Madison Square.

VELOURS.—0859, also heavyweight taupe, green, burgundy, brown; cheap. Greeley 6942.

WOOL JERSEYS, best qualities, all colors; 300 jobs navy tricolets, taffeta, plaid; reasonable prices. 118 West 29th, 9th floor. Farragut 3190.

WAISTS.—Closing out all kinds; 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

Allied Industries.

CHEVRONS.—We manufacture gold, silver, scarlet, blue division insignias to order on short notice; pillow tops and pennants to close out. Pennant Novelty, 832 Broadway.

CHEVRONS.—Best machine scarlet and blue embroidered, $2.25; silver and gold, $3.50 per gross in large quantities; good shipments. Jacoby, Farragut 9346.

CHEVRONS.—Look, we beat them all! Scarlet and blue felt chevrons, $3.25 per gross in quantities; immediate delivery. Nat Bloom, 193 6th Av. Farragut 9346.

COMPLETE PLANT.—32 Singer machines, 31-15 cutting tables. Top floor, 38 West 21st.

For Sale—Office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, plant, and other items used in cloak and suit factories. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

FIXTURES.—Will sell fixtures, cutting tables, and wardrobe trunks, cheap. S. Dorfman, 140 West 22d St.

COMPLETE equipment manufacturing plant; quick action necessary. 216 West 18th, 6th floor.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced young man, to sell coats and suits in city, N. Y. State, and Pennsylvania; commission, liberal drawing account. Apply Safran & Kreiger, 19 West 24th St.

Situations Wanted.

Young man, recently released from Naval Flying Corps, seeks position with woolen or worsted selling agency; thorough technical training and good experience. Z 248 Times Annex.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—5@5¼ per cent. for the best names.

Thursday—5¼@5½ per cent. for the best names.

The quotations are for six months' paper.

How Government Helps Trade.

The Council on Foreign Relations, 105 Broadway, will give a dinner next Tuesday evening at the Hotel Astor at which the principal speakers will be Secretary of Commerce William C. Redfield, who will preside, and Pierce C. Williams, Commercial Attaché at Paris; Dr. W. C. Huntington, Commercial Attaché at Petrograd; W. S. Montavon, Commercial Attaché at Lima, Peru; Dr. S. W. Stratton, Director of the Bureau of Standards; Nelson C. Brown, Trade Commissioner of Lumber, and J. W. Sanger, Trade Commissioner of Advertising. Each will speak on questions relating to his department. The chief object of the council is to show that the Government of the United States is in close contact with the business interests of the country.

A New Beaded Bag.

One of the manufacturers of ladies' handbags has just completed a new beaded one that is entirely different from any hitherto shown in the trade. It is almost an exact reproduction of a Japanese lantern both in shape and design, and is covered with steel beads which are carefully blended together in very effective color combinations. It is the intention of the manufacturer to sell this bag to stores handling a high grade of merchandise.

Favorable Business in Scarfs.

Reports received by local manufacturers from their salesmen who are now on the road with the new lines of men's neckwear are very favorable. From the orders that are now being received this year's business will be much larger than that of last year. Although the broad silk lines are selling well, there is more of a demand for knitted scarfs selling from $24 a dozen up. Fancy patterns both in plain and changeable colorings are very popular this year.

Conditions Still Unsettled.

Salesmen, who have returned to this city after showing the new lines of women's Spring coats, found conditions in some parts of the country still very unsettled. It was said yesterday that in some sections the influenza affected the retail trade to a great extent. In some instances the Fall stocks are still heavy, and buyers are holding off on the Spring lines. Local firms believe, however, that most of the buying will take place within the next week or so when a large number of the out-of-town retailers will be in the city.

Knit Silk Suits Sell Well.

There is a big demand for women's silk knitted suits among the local and out-of-town stores selling to the extreme fashionable trade. At Palm Beach and other Winter resorts these suits have met with much favor, especially those that retail from $100 to $175 each. The weave in these goods is practically the same as that in a high-grade silk sweater. They are shown in solid colors, plaids, and striped effects.

Placing Orders Earlier.

There has been a decided increase in the call for art novelties of late, including pincushions, jewel cases, and powder bags. In order to meet the demand some of the firms making these goods have discontinued their regular lines for the time being and are working entirely on these articles. In the city the sale of these goods is very large, and it is equally as good among the out-of-town stores. Advance orders are already being taken for the Easter trade, being placed much earlier than usual this season.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation increased	511,813,000
Treasury deposits increased	6,351,000
General deposits increased	34,344,000
Bills discounted increased	68,000
Advances decreased	23,001,000
Gold in hand increased	6,207,000
Silver in hand decreased	773,000

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

JOHN A. BENNET, a salesman of 2,323 Eighth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $13,600 and no assets. Among the creditors are the Kings County Trust Company of Brooklyn, $9,000; Harmon Haff, $2,200; estate of Philip J. Dwyer, $900, and S. W. Hildebrand, $500.

LOUIS LENKOWSKY, a fur manufacturer of 86 East Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,217 and assets of $1,200, consisting of property in the hands of the assignee, $1,100, and cash in bank, $100. Among the creditors are the Bank of the United States, $1,000, and Lynn & Cohen, $1,000.

RALPH LE ROY FORKUM, also known as ROY L. FORKUM, an artist of River View Manor, Hastings-on-the-Hudson, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,080 and no assets. Among the creditors are Mary Ellen Stewart, formerly Forkum, of Chicago, $1,080; E. T. Villareal, $500, and National Printing and Engraving Company, $450.

ROSENBAUM & YASSER, furs, at 18 West Thirty-sixth Street.—Judge Mayer has appointed Samuel H. Lummis receiver to serve without compensation. He was appointed at the request of creditors, the firm having made an assignment to him.

JULIUS I. KLEIN, fur peddler, of 1,562 Meanford Place.—Judge Mayer has appointed Benjamin Schwartz receiver.

ALSEN'S AMERICAN PORTLAND CEMENT WORKS.—Schedules of Alsen's American Portland Cement Works of Alsen, near Catskill, show liabilities of $1,280,585, of which $704,567 is secured, and assets of $1,823,761, consisting of real estate, plant, and twenty-eight buildings in Catskill, $1,662,316; stock, $52,282; supplies and coal, $76,072; accounts, $15,591; cash in bank, $15,591; unexpired insurance, $4,345; fixtures, $4,097; horses and wagons, $288; cash on hand, $148; shares of stock in the Concrete Association of America, $100. The real estate is subject to a mortgage of $500,000 in favor of the Alsen American Portland Cement Co. Among the secured creditors are the bondholders of the latter company, $500,000, and interest, $59,266; Yorkville Bank, $67,500, and New York County National Bank, $67,500. Among the unsecured creditors are Kuhn, Loeb & Co., $100,000; Alsenschen Portland Cement and Fabriken of Hamburg, Germany, $346,348, and interest of $24,722; Bethlehem Foundry and Machine Co., Bethlehem, Penn., $3,300; Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, $8,862, and New York Central Railroad Company, $5,822. All the deeds to the company's property are in the hands of A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, but the books relating to the business are not in his hands.

CREATIVE EMBROIDERY CO., INC., 120 West 17th St., has made an assignment to Percy A. Joseph. It was incorporated in 1918, and Irving I. Schoen is Treasurer.

LEONARD MARKELS, manufacturer of phonograph motors, at 165 William St., has made an assignment to Marcus Helfand.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 119 business failures in the United States against 105 for the previous week, and 324, 381, 427, and 600 for the corresponding weeks of 1918 to 1915. The Middle States had 21, New England 19, Southern 31, Western 25, Northwestern 12, and Far Western 11. Canada had 16, against 15 for the preceding week. About 82.3 per cent. of the failures had less than $5,000 capital, and 10.9 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Austin, James A.—F. O'Byrne	$110
A Stitch in Time, Inc.—L. Cahill	421.85
Brown, Harry and Joseph W.—People, &c.	500
Breglia, Benjamin—J. Perelman et al.	199.07
Burch, Geo. B.—"Princet"	339.50
Cordela Studio, Inc.—F. Smith	155.30
Delvia, Pasquale—J. Clochessy	144.15
Dodge, Warren A.—D. Macwatty	515.35
Ehrlich, Bernard—P. Goldberg	1,637.38
E Z Walk Mfg. Co.—Atlantic Wood Heel Co.	245.65
Flynn, Thomas, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.	1,500.00
Grimes, Anna—L. Denner, costs	108.95
Goodney, Jack, Samuel Lipkien, and David Blair—W. R. Beeckman	1,448.00
Hedges, Dayton—Burton & Davis Co.	203.96
Herman, H. Aiken—F. O'Byrne	110.00
Jazuinto, Michael—L. Kaminsky	167.41
Janssen, August—S. J. Florentine	275.40
Jackerson, Geo.—Epstein-Charles Douglis Co.	285.66
Jackman, Walter—H. Bray	115.70
Krutelwitz, Fannie—E. Roth, costs	108.95
Katz, Herman—Leon Birsch, Inc.	510.50
Karge, Eugene—M. J. Garcia	573.98
Katzenberg, Louis—H. Berkowitz	412.38
Klein, Aaron—Peterson Oven Co.	1,500.48
Levy, Jacob—Morris & Co.	842.64
Lanyon, John—C. Kenna	168.70
Lehman, Harry—Loewinger Brothers	151.70
Lambert, Louis—People, &c.	300.00
Liebovitz, Abraham, and Martin Siegel—People, &c.	500.00
Malcolm, W. H.—Campbell Advertising Agency	156.25
Martincich, Joseph, and Toni Charvatin—People, &c.	200.00
Miseran, Vincenzo—Gorham Co.	100.69
Mendes, Antonio—J. Fassler	3,000.00
Niezzli, Nicholas, and Sunday Raumincllo—People, &c.	200.00
Nadler, Max—M. Jacobs	453.65
N. Y. Railways Co.—S. Berman	700.00
Richmond Assets Collecting Co.—H. F. Kean et al., costs	111.80
Ressig, Lucian—Waldorf Astoria Hotel Co.	237.60
Small, Arthur E.—E. J. Conlon	115.70
Sonnenberg, Hyman, and Antonio Gerard—People, &c.	500.00
Small, Edward—D. & P. Auto Repair Co.	128.01
Scotford, Henry C., (Commercial Stamp Trade Journal)—N. Y. Master Printers' Association	104.14
Standard Liquid Recording Co.—C. S. Batdord	13,462.06
Shore Road Trucking Co.—Hilton Co.	112.56
Topakyan, Haigazenn H.—M. Mire	276.84
Taddei, Pasquale—L. Malavita	114.10
U. S. Toy Co.—Bachmeier & Co.	150.80
Wilk, Jacob—V. L. Giles	186.37
White, Philip—City Personal Loan Co.	165.22
Wechselman or Mitchell, Dora—S. Sperling	205.41
Western Gas Const. Co.—American Oil & Supply Co.	13,551.80
Zeliff, Jane H.—People, &c.	200.00

In Bronx County.

McDonald, James—R. Morrison	$33.58
Nowak, Max—Centadrink Filters Co.	30.52
Rabbe, Frederick and Dora—Columbia Bank	1,284.80
Same—Same	526.00
Sycken, Morris—Kesner et al., costs	108.56

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Greenfield, Frieda, and Louis Fried-man—People, &c., Aug. 23, 1918, vacated	$500.00
Krikawa, Charles—Swinehart Tire and Rubber Co., Oct. 16, 1913	146.09
Westerfield, Kate L.—A. M. Ross, Nov. 2, 1899	2,655.00
Vicinanso, Rosa, and Louise Talmann—A. Davidoff, Dec. 18, 1918	131.65
Slobody, Israel—P. Steinman, Oct. 11, 1918	123.70
Rosenblum, Sam or Samuel—G. Jackerson, June 27, 1914	293.51
Lambert, Richard—Vitagraph Co. of America, Nov. 20, 1918	108.85
Kendall, Nicholas D.—H. A. Koelsch, May 22, 1903	3,974.59
Ackerman, Louis—Cudahy Packing Co., April 3, 1917	141.86
G. H. Evans Lumber Co.—L. J. English et al., Dec. 16, 1918	578.08
Godet, Henry—A. E. Hasbrouck, Nov. 19, 1909	1,934.13
T. J. McLaughlin's Sons—Frank Morell Co., June 27, 1918	2,101.56
Uher, Frances—E. Uher, Dec. 5, 1918	109.22

In Bronx County.

Fersko, Morris S.—J. Krinski, Dec. 21, 1917	$57.50

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—Forty-three new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,331,500, were chartered today. They include:

Mohegan Wall Board and Roofing Corp., Manhattan, $60,000; O. M. Baxter, F. M. Peterson, A. J. Yosler, 17 Battery Place.

American Bosch Magneto Corp., Manhattan, 60,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $2,400,000; W. P. Shepard, S. F. Johnson, G. H. Hubner, 42 Broadway.

Hispano-American Trade Suppliers Corp., Manhattan, general commission merchants, $50,000; R. D. Alsop, F. H. Pease, H. V. Crawford, 120 Broadway.

J. Strauss, Manhattan, wearing apparel and merchandise generally, $10,000; A. Bangser, E. C. Kelly, J. Strauss, 109 West 102d St.

Service Ice Co., Elmira, coal, teaming and trucking, $30,000; J. P. Drake, G. F. Romer, S. A. Pulford, Elmira.

Estate of Hugh Kiernan, Bronx, moving and forwarding business, $5,000; M. and H. and J. Kiernan, 715 East 136th St.

Basner & Heller, Manhattan, handkerchiefs and kindred articles, $5,000; M. Heller, C. L. and E. Basner, 282 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn.

Schneider-Anderson Building Corp., Manhattan, $12,000; C. T. and A. Schneider, F. R. Anderson, 214 West 42d St.

Welbuilt Homes Corp., Jamaica, real estate, $10,000; I. Vinsky, W. H. Graff, E. Tilles, Jamaica, N. Y.

Robinson Service Corp., Manhattan, stock and bonds brokers, $25,000; S. L., J. M., and E. Robinson, 790 Riverside Drive.

Schekter & Kaplan, Inc., Manhattan, furs, $40,000; H. and M. G. Schekter, M. Kaplan, 811 East 178th St.

Oceanic Chemical Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. M. Schapiro, I. Perlstein, C. Goldman, 41 Park Row.

Supreme Garment Co., Manhattan, women's coats and other wearing apparel, $10,000; I. Liebling, H. Kupfergerg, H. Goldberg, 305 Glenmore Av., Brooklyn.

M. Lurie Woolen Co., Manhattan, $100,000; M. and M. Lurie, B. Iram, 115 West 114th St.

United States Transatlantic Commerce Corp., Manhattan, exporting and importing, $5,000; A. Antoine, W. R. Golden, W. A. Ellis, 1 Hudson St.

Watertown Tire and Rubber Co., Manhattan, $50,000; C. A. Weldon, S. Bernheim, A. Hirsch, 847 Hunts Point Av.

The Metro-Chocolate Co., Brooklyn, candies, $10,000; M. E. Efron, A. Madovoy, H. G. Altman, 419 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

The American International Publishers, Inc., Manhattan, $150,000; W. A. Johnson, M. C. Rieff, J. O. Viomquist, 2 West 45th St.

Paromac Corp., Manhattan, materials, goods, and wares, $10,000; A. Young, A. Dession, H. Brill, 550 West 158th St.

The United Undergarment Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Kohen, S. Golding, E. London, 1,471 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

Delphew Realty Co., New Rochelle, $20,000; C. L. Ensinger, V. L. Mills, G. D. Armstrong, 11 Bank St.

William Wanner, Inc., Manhattan, millinery supplies, $5,000; C. Engelhardt, C. M. and W. Wanner, 13 Gouverneur Place, Bronx.

Leonardsville Dairy Corp., Brookfield, Madison Co., $20,000; J. B. Rogers, C. M. Crumb, M. A. Gates, Leonardsville.

Hot Salt Water Medical Baths, a Corporation, Manhattan, $10,000; H. K. Arnoldi, B. Gassman, I. Feingold, 64 Clinton St.

E. F. Musgrove, Inc., Manhattan, sheet metal skylight and roofing business, $10,000; E. F. and L. I. and J. D. Musgrove, 3,137 Onerville Av.

Madison Avenue Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $6,000; A. Klug, L. Rodriguez, C. F. Kelley, 1,962 Clinton Av.

The Credegraphic Bureau, Inc., Manhattan, 1,500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $7,500; B. and B. P. Grunauer, J. Clemons, 104 West 70th St.

Abrams-Grunewald Co., Manhattan, paper box and novelty business, $5,000; I. V. Schavrien, E. Grunewald, S. H. Abrams, 9 East 100th St.

Peerless Mineral Products Co., Manhattan, minerals and chemicals, $100,000; F. A. Druggemann, H. M. Collins, F. H. Czieslik, 104 Broad St.

Simon & Mills, Inc., Manhattan, iron and steel products, $25,000; S. H. Wellman, H. D. Mills, J. D. Simon, 150 West 87th St.

Provident Lunch, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Bachman, G. Baron, W. Schaumberg, 150 Nassau St.

Worth Shoe Co., Manhattan, $10,000; W. I. Muskowitz, C. and W. Sacks, 84 Delancey St.

R. L. & P. Holding Co., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; J. Rosenberg, B. Leventhal, M. Popper, 549 Lenox Av.

Victory Export and Import Co., Manhattan, textiles, $5,000; A. and I. E. Kreeger, G. M. Homan, 258 Broadway.

Buffalo Cafeteria, Inc., Buffalo, $5,000; B. W. Millener, H. G. E. Smith, M. E. Kelsey, Buffalo.

Harrison Paper Box Co., Brooklyn, $25,000; C. and H. Bolnick, S. Blank, 142 Harrison Place, Brooklyn.

The Boyce, Inc., Manhattan, theatricals, $30,000; L. Shubert, W. C. Jordan, E. Morgan, Times Building.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Pennsylvania Piston Ring Co., Manhattan, $30,000 to $100,000.

Spencer Millinery Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $15,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

The Fibre Conduit Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $150,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

State Collateral Corp., Manhattan, to Empire State Collateral Corp.

AUTHORIZATION.

Fred T. Ley & Co., Mass., building and contracting, $100,000; representative, J. A. Mears, 19 West 44th St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

The Brooklyn Dentists, Brooklyn.

Greater New York Piano Moving Co., Manhattan.

Chemung Spring Water Co., Chemung County.

J. R. H. Realty Co., Manhattan.

J. J. Gagel Grocery Co., Brooklyn.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Jan. 10.—Charters filed:

Union Lighterage Co., operate boats, Trenton, $50,000; Rodney S. Rose, Newark; Richard Condon, Ferdinand W. Poser, New York.

Plainfield Realty Wall Paper Supply Co., real estate, Plainfield, $100,000; Sidney Nathanson, Solomon Nathanson, Jacob Pasin, Plainfield.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 10.—Charters filed:

International Cement Corp., $43,200,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Mercantile Stores Co., $5,400,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, George V. Reilly, all of New York.

Mt. Washington Pure Spring Water Co., $250,000; F. B. Knowlton, P. D. Benson, W. Milkeft, all of New York.

Kentucky Gas Co., $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Air Reduction Co. of Massachusetts, $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

New Berne Navigation Co., $50,000; Reese D. Alsop, I. W. Bemier, George C. Sprague, all of New York.

Graham Tire and Rubber Co., $50,000; Frederick Graham, H. L. Graham, L. D. Graham, all of Minneapolis, Minn.

Produce Delivery Co., $50,000; Henry Darlington, John S. Wagamon, Washington Hopkins, all of Philadelphia.

Cambria Machine and Tool Co., $50,000; A. O. Goodwin, J. F. Cleveland, E. G. Johnson, all of New York.

Petz Motor Co., $20,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

The Automatic Washboard Co., $10,000; M. M. Clancy, C. L. Rimlinger, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

C. W. Galvin Co., New York, from $5,000 to $100,000.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—154—Minneapolis, St. Paul & St. Ste Marie, Rd. Co., plain., v. The C. L. Merrick Co.—Motion to pass to be heard, with case No. 659 submitted for plain.

628—J. A. Keown, pet., v. M. E. Keown et al.—Motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis submitted for pet.

131—T. D. Bragg, plain., v. R. S. Weaver et al.—Passed on account of sickness of counsel.

134—The N. Y. Central Rd. Co., successor, &c., plain., v. A. C. Power, for herself, &c., et al.—Submitted for plain. and for defendant.

437—C. T. Schenck, plain., v. U. S., and 438—E. Baer, plain., v. Same.—Argument continued for defendant and concluded for plains.

715—The Columbus Ry., Power & Light Co., aplt., v. The City of Columbus, Ohio, et al., and 739—I. T. Burr et al., partners, &c., appellants, v. Same.—Argued.

598—Butte & Superior Copper Co., Lim., aplt., v. Clarke-Montana Realty Co. et al.—Two hours allowed each side in the argument of this case. Argument commenced for aplt.

Adjourned until Monday.

Call for Jan. 13: Nos. 598, 62, (and 63,) 119, 120, 123, (129,) 132, 136, 137, 138, and 139.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.—10:30 A. M.

For pleading:
US<Palmer.
Same<Kloepfer.
Same<Chambers.
For sentence:
US<Bernstein & Nomburg.

Bonds:
US<Gremen.
Same<Leudner.
For trial:
US<Cavanagh & Crotto.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Bklyn., at 10:30 A. M.—

For sentence:
US<The White Tar.

US<Ella Zarza.
Same<Franser.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department.

DECISIONS.

People ex rel. Elizabeth A. Briggs, respt., v. John J. Hanley, Warden, &c., deft., The People, &c., aplt.—Order affirmed. Opinions by Dowling and Shearn, JJ. (Shearn, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Allen H. Stem, indy. &c., respt., v. Whitney Warren et al., aplts., William J. Reed as exr., &c., respt.—Judgment modified in accordance with opinion and affirmed, with costs to respondents. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

George D. Mackay et al., respts., v. The Tide Water Oil Co., aplts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinions by Page and Smith, JJ. (Smith, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

The Onward Const. Co., respt., v. Tiffany Studios, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

Julius Boosman, respt., v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of the evidence. Order filed.

John Brady, respt., v. Claremont Iron Works, Inc., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinions by Page and Smith, JJ. (Clarke, P. J., and Smith, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Henri Pelanne et al., aplts., v. Herman Sechestower et al., respts.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt—Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

Re Charles W. Watson, deceased.—Order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Helen M. Rodgers, respt., v. John C. Rodgers, aplt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and demurrer sustained, with $10 costs, with leave to plaintiff to serve amended complaint on payment of said costs. Opinions by Shearn and Merrell, JJ. (Clarke, P. J., and Merrell, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Lilla M. Devine, respt., v. Edward B. Kurtz, aplt.—Judgment modified and affirmed, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Settle order on notice.

Marie Phelan, respt., v. David E. Kennedy, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

James W. Lane et al., aplts., v. Orin A. Barnard, respt.—Interlocutory judgment reversed, with costs, and final judgment directed to be entered in favor of plaintiff for specific performance of the contract as prayed for, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

David Fox, aplt., v. Arctic Placer Mining and Milling Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Merrell and Shearn, JJ. (Laughlin and Shearn, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Samuel Rosenthal et al., respts., v. Thomas Light, aplt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and demurrer sustained, with $10 costs, and complaint dismissed with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Jerome Sternstein, aplt., v. Joseph Heit et al., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and demurrer overruled, with $10 costs, with leave to defendants to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of said costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

National Surety Co., aplts., v. Manhattan Mortgage Co., respt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and judgment directed for plaintiff as demanded in complaint, with costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Settle order on notice.

Angelo Legniti, aplt., v. The Mechanics and Metals Nat. Bank of N. Y. et al., respts.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and judgment directed for plaintiff for the relief demanded, with costs. Opinions by Laughlin and Shearn, JJ., (Shearn, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Title Guarantee and Trust Co., aplt., v. City of N. Y., respt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and judgment directed for plaintiff for the sum of $26,540.40, with interest from June 20, 1905, and costs. Opinion by Merrell, J. Order filed.

Hyman Levin, respt., v. George Miller, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

People ex rel. J. Romaine Brown, respt., v. Lawson Purdy et al., as Commrs., &c., aplts. Order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Joseph R. McGuire, respt., v. New York Railways Co., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Shearn and Morrell, JJ. (Clarke, P. J., and Morrell, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Robert H. McNeill, as administrator, &c., aplt., v. John A. Shillito, respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Page, J. Settle order on notice.

Mary Sparer, respt., v. Travelers' Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

Lena Hesse, respt., v. The City of New York, aplt.—Judgment reversed, with costs and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Eudora S. Van Horn, respt., v. Frank M. Van Horn, impld., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Helen Woods, respt., v. Sovereign Camp of the Woodmen of the World, aplt—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Cora M. S. Ranlett as executrix, &c., aplt., v. Orvie Bros. & Co., impld., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles S. Wilson as Commissioner, aplt., v. Joseph Israel, impld, with Globe Indemnity Co., respt., and Cold Spring Co-operative Creamery Assn. of Roxbury, N. Y., aplt.—Judgment reversed, with separate bills of costs to aplts and judgment granted in favor of plaintiff, with costs against the principal and surety on the bond. Opinions by Laughlin and Page, JJ. (Page and Shearn, JJ., dissenting. Settle order on notice.

The people, &c., respt., v. Samuel Kirsh, aplt.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Bridget Walsh, respt., v. Louis Frankenthaler, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Lewis B. Preston, Inc., aplt., v. Hyland P. Rice et al., respts.—Judgment modified and affirmed, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Settle order on notice.

Anthony Alfonso, aplt., v. Fannie Kahn, respt.—Order modified, without costs, by providing that the verdict is set aside and a new trial ordered unless the plaintiff shall stipulate to reduce the recovery to $4,000, in which event the verdict shall be reduced accordingly and the motion denied. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Wilfred J. Childs, respt., v. Fannie Kahn, aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Bird S. Coler, Commr., &c., on compl. of Anna Voltolini, respt., v. Peter Ruccione, aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Jonathan Thompson et al., respts. v. Jefferson M. Levy, impld., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Alfred H. Townley, as receiver, &c., aplt., v. Esther Polansky et al., respts.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Grace Gordon, respt., v. Marie B. Murray, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Alfred de Bertin, formerly known, &c., aplt., v. Emilie F. Bertinasco, also known, &c., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Jennie McLaughlin, an infant, &c., respt., v C. N. Y., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

John J. Sheehan, an infant, &c., respt., v. C. N. Y., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Sarah C. Cockroft, as excx., &c., aplt., v. John Mitchell et al., composing the Ind. Com., &c., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on the opinion of Gavegan, J., at Special Term. Order filed.

The City of N. Y., aplt., v. Frederick W. Whitridge, as receiver, &c., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph F. Knight, aplt., v. Emmons Bros. co., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, respt., v. Joseph Lavitt, aplt.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Samuel Goldman, aplt., vs. N. Y. Railways Co., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

George E. Collins, respt., vs. Albert F. McWilliams, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Bird S. Coler, as Commr., &c., in complaint of Mary Gerhard, respt., vs. Francis Mackin, aplt.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed on the ground that the evidence is insufficient. Settle order on notice.

Clara H. Montgomery, respt., vs. Joseph P. Montgomery, aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Olaf J. Olsen, respt., vs. U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Shearn, J., dissenting and voting to modify the judgment by reducing same to $525.95, and as so modified to affirm.) Order filed.

Harry Jenkins, respt., vs. M. R. Williams & Co., aplts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Samuel Goldman, as admr., &c., respt., vs. Lanigan Bros., Inc., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Hasbrouck Flooring Co., aplt., vs. United Cork Companies, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Cornelia Dugas, as admx., &c., respt., v. Bashwitz Bros. & Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce judgment as entered to $13,175, with interest and costs; in which event the judgment as so modified and the order appealed from are affirmed, without costs. No opinion. (Dowling and Smith, JJ., dissenting and voting for reversal and new trial.) Settle order on notice.

Frederick Horn, an inft., respt., v. Frank Silinsky, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt on the ground that the verdict is against the weight of evidence. Order filed.

Julius Altkrug, aplt., v. William Whitman Co., respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Cora B. Rutherford, respt., v. Erie Basin Improvement Co., impld., &c., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Same, respt., v. same, aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

United Picture Theatres of America, respt., v. Chalmers Publishing Co., aplt.—Order modified by providing that defendant have leave to withdraw demurrer, and affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements to respondent, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer in ten days on payment of said costs and $10 costs awarded at Special Term. No opinion. Order filed.

Gussie Sloman, as admx., &c., respt., v. Israel Finkelstein, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt., unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce judgment by deducting $30.41 therefrom, in which event the judgment as so modified and the order appealed from are affimed, with costs to the respondent. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Wheat Export Co., aplts., v. The New Century Co., respt.—Order denying motion to confirm award reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Order granting motion to vacate award reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Orders filed.

Matter of Leonard A. Snitkin, an attorney.—Application granted. Settle order on notice.

Matter of William F. Randel.—Application denied. Settle order on notice.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—No day calender.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Herreshoff<Herreshoff—J. Sidney Bernstein. Lawyers Mortgage Co.<Bokelman et al.—John Mulholland.

SUPREME COURT — Finch, J. — Breese<Strouse—Frank T. Warburton.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Mary F. Bitzer<Robert J. Strout et al.—Patrick A. Gayor.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Citizens Sav Bank<Francis I. Miller et al.—Stoddard M. Stevens, Jr.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.

DECISIONS.

M. Beck, respt., vs. Wittemann Bros., aplt.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

M. Delfino, respt., vs. B. Starita, &c., and another, aplts.—Motion for stay denied, with $10 costs.

J. Farrell et al., aplts, vs. M. E. T. Dunn and another, as executors, &c., respts.—Motion denied, without costs.

I. Haber, respt., vs. S. A. Jacobson Co., Inc., aplt.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

E. J. Hutter, aplt., vs. R. M. Olcott, respt.—Motion granted, with $10 costs.

In re application of H. R. Halsey for payment of his share of the award to owners of damage Parcel No. 4, &c., Main Street School site, (Queens.)—Motion for payment of award granted, and order signed.

In re C. H. Kelsey, H. L. Thompson, and H. H. Hess, &c., Brooklyn Bar Assn., petitioner.—Application denied, without costs.

In re application of A. Pollack for writ of habeas corpus and certiorari.—Motion denied, without costs.

H. L. Kent, respt., vs. G. H. Fraser, aplt.—Motion for stay granted on condition, otherwise motion denied, with $10 costs.

G. Kenz, aplt., vs. Bernheimer-Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Co., respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

J. Kelman et al., aplts., vs. J. Bawer and another, respts.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

A. N. Maloof, as admr., &c., respt., v. A. W. Saydah, aplt.—Motion for reargument denied without costs.

B. McKinney, respt., v. N. Y. Consl. R. R., aplt.—Motion denied with $10 costs.

The Meritas Realty Co., aplt., v. E. J. Farley and ano., respts.—Motion to amend judgment of foreclosure and sale granted and order resettling judgment signed.

E. W. Minion and ano., aplts., v. C. F. Warner, respt.—Motion denied without costs.

G. Moskowitz, aplt., v. H. Davidson, respt.—Motion denied without costs.

T. O'Connor, aplt., v. J. O'Connor, respt.—Motion granted and case set for Jan. 17, 1919.

People, &c., respts., v. F. D. DeGorio, &c., aplt.—Motion granted.

A. E. Selig, respt.-aplt., v. L. J. Alexander, aplt.-respt.—Motion denied with $10 costs.

Star Co., aplt., v. E. F. Brush, as Mayor of City of Mt. Vernon, et al., respts.—Motion to resettle order granted.

S. A. Stephenson, as admr., &c., pltf., v. M. Mendelson et al., deft.—Motion for stay denied without costs.

P. Aprea, aplt., v. A. Cipolla, respt.—Order reversed and motion granted with $10 costs and disbursements.

A. C. Bochstein, respt., v. W. Baker Co., Ltd., aplt., (Actions 1 and 2.)—Judgment affirmed with costs.

S. C. Benedict, respt., v. R. Busch et al., defts., J. A. Busch, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

J. Boyle, aplt., v. F. M. Wallace, respt.—Order reversed and motion granted, with $10 costs and disbursements.

A. Doscher, respt., v. M. & C. Rosenzweig, aplts., and T. J. Egan, deft.—Judgment affirmed by default.

E. & P. Hughes, respts., v. L. V. R. R., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

In re last will of J. A. R. Chilson, &c.—Order of the Surrogate's Court of Queens County affirmed, with costs.

In re judicial settlement of the account of C. I. Swift, as admr., &c., of the estate of K. E. Horton, decd., B. Ryder, claimant-aplt.—Decree of the Surrogate's Court of Dutchess County affirmed, with costs.

J. J. Klein, respt., v. M. & C. Rosenzweig, aplts., and T. Egan, deft.—Judgment affirmed by default.

G. J. and N. A. Kunze, respts., v. same.—Judgment affirmed by default.

T. O'Connell, aplt., v. L. B. Mason, respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

L. S. Pani, respt., v. J. L. Pani, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

W. H. Powers, respt., v. C.N.Y. and others, aplts.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

People, &c., respts., v. S. Genovese, aplt.—Judgment of conviction reversed and defendant discharged.

People, &c., ex rel. G. Aquine, aplt., v. E. Riegelman, &c., and ano., respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

People, &c., ex rel. B. Silver, respt., v. Same.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

B. Silver, respt., v. Same.—Order denying defendant's motion for judgment on the pleadings is reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and defendant's motion granted, with $10 costs.

C. F. Stucker and T. F. Dalton, as executors, &c., of T. J. Dalton, deceased, respts., v. C. N. Y., aplt.—Order of the Appellate Term affirming a judgment of the Municipal Court affirmed, with costs.

E. W. Taylor, respt., v. The Holmes Silk Co., aplt.—Order granting plaintiff's motion for judgment on the pleadings affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Victory Contracting Corp., respt., v. P. Trotta, deft., and Maryland Casualty Co., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

J. W. Ward, an infant, by J. Hagendorn, his guardian ad litem, respt., v. C. O. Baumann, deft., (Action 1.)—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

F. O. Ward, respt., v. C. O. Baumann, aplt., (Action 2.)—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted.

M. Zeisler, aplt., v. Dandridge Co., Inc., respt., (Actions 1, 2, and 3.)—Judgment of the County Court of Kings County affirmed, with costs; order to amend the complaint affirmed; order of the County Court of Kings County reversed to the extent of permitting plaintiff to make his amended complaint upon payment of costs.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Matter of Mt. Vernon Builders' Supply Co<Salvatore Trombatore et al—Robert H. Bergman.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company to be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday the 25th day of January, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:

(a) To authorize the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company to negotiate and cause to be executed and delivered such contract with the President of the United States, the Director General of Railroads, or such other person as the President may direct, as said Board or said Executive Committee shall deem expedient, relating to the compensation to be paid for the possession, use and control of the railroad and system of transportation and appurtenances thereof of the Company, the operation, maintenance and return thereof, and to any other matter connected with or growing out of the taking over by the President of said properties; to alter, amend or add to such contract, by mutual consent to be signified on behalf of the Company by vote of its Board of Directors or Executive Committee; to collect the aggregate compensation to be paid under such contract; and generally to take such action as said Board or Committee shall deem necessary to secure, either by such contract or otherwise, adequate compensation for, and proper maintenance and a timely return of, the property so taken over;

(b) To consent to, approve and authorize the creation and issue of mortgage bonds of the Company to be limited to a principal amount, in United States Gold Coin, of not exceeding $50,000,000 at any one time outstanding; such bonds to mature at such date or dates, to bear interest from such date or dates and at such rate or rates, to be issuable for such purposes and in such denominations, and to be in such form and to contain such terms and provisions, including provision for conversion of any or all such bonds into stock of the Company, as the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company may determine;

(c) To consent to, approve and authorize the execution and delivery, to secure such bonds of a mortgage and deed of trust on and of all or any part of the railroads, equipment, franchises and property, including corporate stocks and obligations, owned by the Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust or at any time thereafter acquired by it;

(d) To approve, or to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion to determine, the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trust, and the property of the Company to be embraced therein;

(e) To ratify and confirm; and to authorize and consent to, any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee of the Company, which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purposes of, or in connection with, or in contemplation of, any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise;

(f) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for the meeting on Thursday, the 26th day of December, 1918, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Monday, the 27th day of January, 1919, at ten o'clock A. M.

Dated, Columbus, Ohio, December 16th, 1918.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. TREVVETT, Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK 130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

Southern Boulevard Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Southern Boulevard Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 2,396 Third Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts, and proceedings of the Board of Directors since the last annual meeting of the corporation, and the transacting of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, New York, December 24, 1918.

WALTER C. BURROWS,
Assistant Secretary.

THE YONKERS RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Yonkers Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 2,396 Third Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts, and proceedings of the Board of Directors since the last annual meeting of the Corporation, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, New York, December 24, 1918.

WALTER C. BURROWS,
Assistant Secretary.

THE LAKE TORPEDO BOAT CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of Andrews & Nelson on the sixth day of February, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and a clerk and receiving and acting upon the reports of the officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

In accordance with the by-laws of the corporation no stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within 20 days next preceding this election.

C. E. ADAMS, Secretary.
Bridgeport, Conn., January 7, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Palmer Lime & Cement Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 103 Park Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 13th day of January, 1919, at three o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

Dated: New York City, December 28th, 1918. M. BIGELOW, Secretary.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY.

New York, December 30, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Columbia Trust Company for the election of a Board of Directors and two Inspectors of Election, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 60 Broadway, City of New York, at 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 15th day of January, 1919. The polls will be open from 12 M. until 1 P. M.

L. W. WIGGIN,
Secretary.

THE MUTUAL BANK

New York, December 28th, 1918.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Mutual Bank for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the Bank, No. 49-51 West 33d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 14th day of January, 1919, at three o'clock P. M.

At this meeting it is proposed to consider and act upon a resolution decreasing the number of directors of the Bank from fourteen to eleven.

HUGH N. KIRKLAND, Cashier.

Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the election of nine Directors will be held at the office of the Company, 60 Wall Street, at twelve o'clock noon on the fifteenth day of January, 1919. The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M., January 3rd, and re-opened at 10 A. M., January 16th, 1919.

GEORGE N. HARTMANN, Secretary.
New York, January 4th, 1919.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK,

149 Broadway,
SINGER BUILDING.

The annual election for seven Directors and three Inspectors of Election for The Safe Deposit Company of New York for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, 149 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 21, 1919, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and one o'clock P. M.

Per Order,
WILLIAM J. RAMSEY, Secretary.

AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,

56 Beaver Street, New York.
January 2, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the American Merchant Marine Insurance Company for election of Directors and Inspectors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, 56 Beaver Street, City of New York, at 2:30 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 15th day of January, 1919.

R. H. LEE MARTIN, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, December 12, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 14, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

FARIS R. RUSSELL,
Vice President.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

COLORADO FUEL & IRON COMPANY OF DENVER, COLO.

General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bond

Notice is hereby given that fifty-three (53) General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company of Denver, Colo., were this day drawn for the Sinking Fund in accordance with the requirements of the Sinking Fund clause of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows:

20	1397	2275	3176	4179	5593
60	1416	2353	3180	4221	5617
190	1451	2400	3437	4275	5753
268	1482	2486	3578	4314	
418	1698	2540	3616	4351	
839	1814	2598	3617	4353	
1039	1850	2708	3777	4985	
1207	1916	2774	3837	4999	
1224	1998	2890	3868	5155	
1385	2023	3069	4027	5208	

All future interest on any of the bonds so designated ceases with the coupon due Feb. 1, 1919, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

The above mentioned bonds will be paid at this office on or after Feb. 1, 1919, at 105% and interest (say $1,075 per bond).

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company

First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

New York, January 10, 1919.

LOST—Forty (40) shares California Railway & Power Company Prior Preferred Stock, Certificate No. 2773, in the name of Pierce Lacy.

BONBRIGHT & COMPANY, Incorporated.
25 Nassau Street, New York.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

Preferred Stock Dividend

A semi-annual dividend of three per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable February 1st, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 15th, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.

To the Holders of Stock Trust Certificate for Preferred Stock of the INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

Notice is hereby given to holders of outstanding stock trust certificates for Preferred Stock of the International Mercantile Marine Company to present their certificates at the Agency of the Voting Trustees, 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, N. J., to be exchanged for definitive stock of the Company.

Pursuant to the foregoing notice the undersigned, as Agents for the Voting Trustees, will be prepared, on and after February 1st, 1919, to distribute the dividend of 3% to holders of Preferred Stock issued in exchange for Stock Trust Certificates.

THE NEW YORK TRUST CO.
For Voting Trustees.
New York, December 19, 1918.

The Midwest Refining Company

Denver, Colo., Jan. 9, 1919.

DIVIDEND NO. 17

A quarterly dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 15, 1919.

The stock transfer books do not close. All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to C. E. Titus, secretary The Midwest Refining Company, P. O. Box 240, Denver, Colorado, not later than January 15, 1919.

CLARENCE E. TITUS, Secretary.

COSDEN AND COMPANY

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 6.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Cosden and Company, held Monday, January 6, 1919, a dividend of 2½% was declared payable, February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at close of business January 10, 1919. Stock transfer books will be closed from January 11 to February 2, 1919, both days inclusive.

JAMES E. WHITNEY, Asst. Secretary.

ELK BASIN PETROLEUM COMPANY (OF MAINE)

New York, Jan. 10, 1919.

The board of directors of the Elk Basin Petroleum Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2½% on the capital stock of the company, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 15, 1919.

WILLIAM P. RILEY, Secretary.

SAPULPA REFINING COMPANY

New York, January 10, 1919.

A dividend of 2½% on the capital stock of this company has been declared, payable February 1st, 1919. Transfer books close January 20, 1919, and open on February 2nd, 1919. L. N. OPPENHEIMER, Secretary.

Office of the United Gas Improvement Co., N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, December 11, 1918.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share,) payable January 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1918. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

CROCKER-WHEELER COMPANY,

Ampere, New Jersey.

At a meeting on Jan. 9th, 1919, the Directors declared the regular quarterly dividends of 1¾% on the Preferred and 2% on the Common Stock for the quarter ending Dec. 31st, 1918, payable Jan. 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record on Jan. 5th, 1919.

E. LANG, Secretary.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.

A quarterly dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 18, 1919.

F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.
New York, January 7, 1919.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of $2.00 per share, payable March 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record January 30th, 1919.

FRANK J. FAHEY, Treasurer.
Boston, January 8, 1919.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25490. Notice is given that JULIUS KIPRAIS, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26351. Notice is given that GUSSIE BERMAN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. EMMA de CRINYS, Plaintiff, against JOSEPH VICTOR de CRINYS, Defendant. Action for an absolute divorce. Summons. To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney herein within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, November 20, 1918.

SIDONIA FRIED,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To JOSEPH VICTOR de CRINYS:

The foregoing summons is served upon you, by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, Judge of the Supreme Court, dated the 29th day of November, 1918, and filed with the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York.

SIDONIA FRIED,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF RUBBERIZED FABRICS.—MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, Chemical Warfare Service, Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or portions of large quantities of rubberized fabrics that were used in the manufacture of Gas Masks and are suitable for raincoats, ponchoes, rubber boots, specialties, &c. There is included two and a half million yards of seven-eighth inch black elastic tape. Samples and further information may be had on application. Bids made on form M. D. 1, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. February tenth, 1919.

AHB

Steady Business

A steady and growing business is shown in the earnings of the Middle West Utilities Company. On its entire funded debt the Company's earnings are *over 2¼ times interest charges.*

The Company operates in 438 communities in 15 states and serves a growing population now in excess of 1,200,000.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

AN ELECTION OF TWENTY MANAGERS of the New York Institute for the Education of the Blind, and of three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the Institute, Ninth Av. and 34th St., at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919.

LINZEE BLAGDEN, Sec.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Securities Drift in Absence of Impelling Forces—Steel Orders Decline.

Dealings in stocks and bonds yesterday continued the uncertain and irregular course which has displayed for some time the lack of a definite incentive in the market. This is not altogether surprising, inasmuch as industry under peace conditions has done little which could be considered a forecast of the next four to six months, and the railroad situation contains at the moment disjointed elements that need the application of some cohesive force before investors and speculators may form their opinion in regard to the future. The drifting tendency of stocks since Jan. 1 has apparently set forth a broad market belief that the time is still to come when the process of discounting expectations may get under way.

The waiting attitude of the Street was well displayed when the Steel Corporation's report on bookings appeared as of Dec. 31. The announcement of a falling off in orders to the extent of 745,500 tons in normal times would quite likely have had adverse effect on steel company shares, but yesterday it acted to bring about no substantial selling pressure. The reason was in part that the market following did not possess sufficient information about the relation between the shrinkage and the volume of inquiries in the steel market to determine the future course of the industry. The figure reflected a number of influences, including readjustments of war contracts. Considering that 90 per cent. or more of the corporation's business when the armistice was signed was with the Government, so large a decline of orders in December might not be thought exceptional. The report, also, denoted that private buyers were inactive before and after the new price basis was made public. The aggregate of contracts with which the corporation entered the new year was by no means discouraging from the producing point of view, however, for 7,300,000 tons of forward business means active work at most of the plants for the better part of six months, even with current facilities much greater than they were two years ago.

The money market gave indications of an easing tendency which was applied to time accommodation as well as demand funds. The commercial paper rate also softened, assisted by a continued expansion of the demand among banks for high-grade commercial bills. Call money was quoted at 3¾ per cent. as the minimum level of the day, and it is expected in investment quarters that new offerings of securities will appear shortly. The announcement from Washington that the recent offering of $700,000,000 Treasury certificates had been largely oversubscribed afforded something of a commentary on the current money market, and the feeling is growing in financial quarters that it will not be long before negotiations are opened between foreign Governments or municipalities and American bankers for the flotation of new loans in this country.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5½
Low	3¾	Low	4
Renewals	5	Renewals	5½
Last	3¾	Last	4

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4¼@4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5¼	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5½@5¾
Five months	5½	Five months	5½@5¾
Six months	5½	Six months	5½@5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4⅛@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months.....5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	—.00025
Cables	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.45½	5.45½	5.45½	+ .00⅛
Cables	5.44⅞	5.44⅞	5.44⅞	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75⅝	$4.76 7-16
5.1813	Paris	5.45½	5.44⅞
	China—		
	Hongkong	79.25	79.50
	Peking	130.75	131.00
	Shanghai	121.75	122.00
40.20	Holland	42.125	42.375
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	53.25	53.50
	Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30	Spain	20.05	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.75	29.00
	Copenhagen	26.60	26.90
	Christiania	27.75	28.00
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.85	45.00
34.42	Rio	26.60	26.75
5.1813	Switzerland	4.88½	4.84½
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	13.50	13.75
	500 rubles	13.40	13.65

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $606,534,871; balances, $54,788,145; United States Treasury debit balance, $633,964; Federal Reserve credit balance, $40,254,807.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48 7-16d; in New New York, $1.01⅛ official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$2,649,463	$79,101,045
Internal Revenue— Inc. and exc. profits taxes	9,974,024	695,447,676
Miscellaneous	24,454,984	613,874,241
Miscellaneous rev.	4,059,659	262,721,621
Total receipts	$42,038,121	$1,651,144,585
Ex. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	394,581,838	7,345,229,404
Ex. of total receipts over total disburse.	152,208,832	......
Ex. of total disburse. over total receipts	......	352,741,711
Expenditures	436,619,959	8,885,373,989

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Lead	...	6.00	...	6.00
Spelter	...	7.90	7.80	8.00
Antimony	7.50	7.75	7.50	7.75
Quicksilver	$110.00	...	$110.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2 X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	94	0	0	95	0	0
Copper, futures	84	0	0	87	10	0
Tin, spot	252	0	0	257	0	0
Tin, futures	243	10	0	247	10	0
Spelter	56	0	0	56	0	0
Lead	40	0	0	40	0	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	4	4½	Gold Lake	2	5
B S Gas	7	9	Houghton	50	60
Bos Ariz	..	1¼	Homa Oil	27	28
Bos Ely	95	99	Iron Blos	47	52
Bos Mon	..	50	Iron Cap	15½	16
Begole	..	50	Jerome V	48	50
Black H	25	50	La Rose	22	28
Bohemia	75	85	Majestic	24	25
Butte & L	14	15	Mex Met	27	30
Calaveras	1¼	1⅜	Mojave T	5	7
Champ, old	3¾	4¼	New Balt	1	1⅛
Chief Cons	3½	3¾	N Z & L	10	12
Cons Cop	6	6¾	Nixon Nev	41	43
Cons Ariz	1⅛	1¼	Nev Doug	35	41
Cortez	12	20	Oneco	20	40
Crown Res	27	35	Onondaga	15	25
Crystal	21	22	Seven Met	55	58
Denbigh	55	56	S W M 1 p	85	99
Earl Eagle	..	2	U V Exten	33½	35
Eagle B B	2¼	2¾	Victoria M	..	85
Fortuna	3	4	Yukon G'd	85	100

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 10, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	468,325	467,380	627,232
Year to date	3,706,562	6,664,170	8,430,851

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
47½	55	300	Adams Express	48⅝	50	48⅝	50	+⅝
59	59½	100	Advance Rumely pf	59	59	59	59	...
66	69	100	Ajax Rubber	68	68	68	68	−½
3⅞	4	800	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	+⅛
2	2⅛	1,400	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2⅛	2	2	...
34½	35	8,200	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	34½	35¼	34	34⅝	+¼
84½	85	600	Allis-Chalmers pf	85½	85½	84⅞	84⅞	−½
101	102	500	Am. Ag. Chemical	101	101	101	101	−2
71⅝	72	3,400	Am. Beet Sug., ex d	73	73	71	71⅝	−1⅛
48⅛	48⅝	9,400	Am. Can	49⅛	49⅛	48⅛	48⅛	−1
90¾	90⅞	2,900	Am. Car & Found	90⅞	91	90½	90⅞	−⅛
43⅞	44	1,500	Am. Cotton Oil	44½	44½	43⅞	43⅞	−⅛
90	95	400	Am. Express	95	95	95	95	+5
15⅝	15⅞	700	Am. Hide & Leath	15⅞	15⅞	15½	15½	−¼
77½	77¾	3,400	Am. Hide & L. pf	77	78	76⅞	77⅞	+⅞
44⅝	45¼	2,300	Am. Ice	44⅞	45⅝	43⅞	44⅞	+1⅛
57	58	200	Am. Ice pf	56⅞	56⅞	56½	56½	−1
55½	56	500	Am. International	56⅝	56½	55⅝	55½	+⅛
51⅞	51½	1,900	Am. Linseed	51	51¾	51	51⅛	−⅝
90½	91	100	Am. Linseed pf	91	91	91	91	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
73	75¼	500	Wells Fargo Exp	72	75	72	75	+4
11⅞	12⅛	1,600	Western Maryland	12	12⅛	12	12	...
19	20	100	Western Pacific	19½	19½	19½	19½	+½
87¾	88	100	Western Union Tel	88	88	88	88	+½
41⅞	42¼	1,000	Westingh. E. & M.	42	42¼	41¾	42	−⅛
18½	20	150	Wheel. & L. E. pf	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
45	45½	100	White Motors	45½	45½	45½	45½	...
71⅝	71⅞	810	Wilson & Co	70½	72	70½	72	+⅞
25½	25¾	4,700	Willys-Overland	25⅝	25⅞	25½	25½	−⅛
131	133	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	131½	131½	131½	131½	−1½
56	56¾	500	Worthington Pump	56½	57	56	56½	−½
89	90	300	Worth. Pump pf. A	89½	89¾	89½	89¾	+¾
65½	67	200	Worth. Pump pf. B	67	67	67	67	...

MAY FLOAT FOREIGN LOANS.

Glass Announces Consideration of a Proposal to Do So.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The modification of regulations preventing the sale of bonds of foreign countries in the United States is being considered by the Treasury Department. Secretary Glass announced this today, saying that a request had been made by one foreign Government to float a loan through banks in this country at an early date.

Mr. Glass said that Government loans to foreign countries were restricted now to necessary credits for the purchase of foodstuffs in this country.

The Secretary said that no consideration was being given to a proposal to float the Fifth Liberty Loan through the banks instead of by popular subscription. Plans are being made for floating the loan as in the other campaigns, but the exact date for starting the work has not been determined.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.76	62.46	62.50	—.21
25 industrials	85.06	84.14	84.52	—.34
50 stocks	73.91	73.29	73.51	—.27

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 9	74.53	73.66	73.78	—.08
Jan. 8	74.10	73.60	73.86	+.31
Jan. 7	73.89	73.30	73.55	—.03
Jan. 6	74.11	73.34	73.58	—.50
Jan. 4	74.65	73.93	74.08	—.28
Jan. 3	74.99	73.67	74.36	+.55

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	73.11	Jan. 2	73.51
1918	69.09	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.88	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.68	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	73.11	Jan. 2	73.51
†1918	68.37	Jan. 3	65.11	Jan. 7	66.19
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.97	—.01	—1.95	+2.81

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 9	78.98	..	Jan. 2	78.85	+.07
Jan. 8	78.98	+.04	Jan. 1	Holiday.	
Jan. 7	78.94	+.12	Dec. 31	78.78	+.22
Jan. 6	78.82	—.11	Dec. 30	78.56	—.42
Jan. 4	78.93	—.08	Dec. 29	78.98	—.01
Jan. 3	79.01	+.16	Dec. 27	78.99	+.04

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	78.82	Jan. 6	78.97
†1918	77.26	Jan. 3	76.80	Jan. 8	77.16
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Remington Notes to be Paid.

An issue of $15,000,000 of three-year 5 per cent. notes of the Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Company falls due next month. Bankers say that the company will not have to undertake any new financing to meet the obligation, the opinion being expressed that the notes will be paid off in cash on maturity. The quotation of the notes at 99½ reflects this confidence.

⁂

Standard of N. J. Prices.

In view of the soaring valuations placed upon oil stocks recently it is interesting to compare the high price for the old Standard of New Jersey before dissolution, with the price which the stock would command now under a theoretical merger of all the disassociated companies. The best price for the old stock before dissolution was 843. It is estimated, that with the subsidiaries included now, the stock would be worth about $2,300 a share.

⁂

Childs Company Earnings.

An explanation of the passing of the dividend on the common stock of the Childs Company and subsidiaries, recently, is found in the annual report for the year ended Nov. 30, 1918, which shows net earnings of $566,124, compared with $1,339,795 in the preceding year. The earnings of the year just past are less than the surplus in 1917 after the payment of dividends amounting to $567,395. Dividends during 1918 were $447,380, which leaves a surplus for the year of $118,744. Establishments, plants, and leaseholds are valued at $9,092,390, after depreciation charges of about 25 per cent. This compares with $9,148,789 as the 1917 valuation.

⁂

Quotes Export Steel Price.

The Consolidated Steel Corporation, which represents the independent steel producers in export trade, has quoted a price of $3.25 per hundred pounds on steel plate at Pittsburgh. This is 25 cents higher than the quotation of some producers with regard to domestic demand. The export company is said to be receiving many inquiries as to steel plate. Whether the same is true as to other steel products is not known. The price on plate is the first that has been fixed by the new steel concern.

⁂

Capital Increases Approved.

The Controller of the Currency has approved the application of the East River National Bank of this city for an increase in capital from $250,000 to $1,000,000.

⁂

Railroad Passes.

Railroad Presidents, Vice Presidents, Managers, Superintendents, and other employes who in the past have had free transportation through exchange of annual passes, are now paying fares on lines other than their own. In railroad circles there is considerable speculation as to how many passes the Railroad Administration will issue. It has been reported that only a few administration passes have been put out and that these carry Pullman privileges.

⁂

Passenger Ships Needed.

Passenger service to east and west coast South American ports is reported to be in bad shape. Exporters and importers who should be either on their way to or from South America are experiencing great difficulty in booking passage, and shipping men say that the recent release of 800,000 tons of merchant shipping by the Government has not improved the situation, except to ease the tieup of export freight in Atlantic ports.

⁂

A Parallel Advance.

Considerable interest has been aroused by the advance in the shares of the Metropolitan Petroleum Company on the outside market. In some quarters it has been suggested that holders of Island Oil and Transportation stock, which has also had a big rise on the Curb since the recent bringing in of a big well, have hedged on their commitments so that they may be in an advantageous position no matter what the outcome of the litigation between the two companies may be. Before the Island Oil gusher was brought in some weeks ago Metropolitan shares were selling on the Curb at 75 cents. The quotations yesterday were around $3.25, and the recent advance has paralleled that of the younger company's issue, which was quoted around $7.50 a share. In 1918 Island Oil sold as low as $1.75 a share.

TO DEVELOP EXPORT TRADE.

Fifteen American Bankers Named as Committee.

Robert F. Maddox of Atlanta, President of the American Bankers' Association, has appointed fifteen bankers to serve as a committee on Commerce and Marine to further the interests of the merchant marine of the United States. This action is in conformity with the pledge of the association at its convention in Chicago "to support by every means in its power the development of export trade, to encourage manufacturers to enter upon this field of distribution, and to provide as rapidly as possible adequate facilities for financing export operations sufficient to meet every demand that may arise."

In addition to President Maddox, the committee is composed of Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the Irving National Bank; Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company; John McHugh, Vice President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, and Fred I. Kent, Vice President of the Bankers' Trust Company, all of New York, and representative bankers of other cities.

The announcement says the problem of a merchant marine is one of the big ones confronting the nation and that the war has placed in our grasp a marine equal in tonnage to the merchant fleet of Great Britain before the conflict. Our industries have increased in productive capacity far beyond peace demands, it says, and a profitable use of the new facilities depends on the need of recognizing that foreign markets must be acquired and that there must be an intelligent adaptation of American interests to meet the demands of such markets.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 10, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$7,967,500	$5,279,500	$5,112,500
Year to date	79,273,000	38,934,000	55,494,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Company Issues.

REPUBLICANS PLAN UTILITIES FIGHT

Opposition to the Proposed Reorganization of Public Service Commission Is Strong.

GOVERNOR STANDS FIRM

May Go Before the People to Bring About the Changes Which, He Says, They Desire.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—Governor Smith declared today that he realized he was facing what will probably be the biggest fight of his administration when he attempts to get through a Republican Legislature his plan for the reorganization of the Public Service Commission in New York City. Republican leaders already are organizing against this measure. The Governor has received assurances from Senator Foley, minority leader, that it will be taken up for immediate consideration, and that there will be no delay in pressing for a vote, so that the fight may begin next week.

In opposing the bill the Republicans take the ground that it is inadvisable to create a number of Deputy Commissioners, who will have sweeping administrative, judicial, and legislative powers, and who will be responsible to no one. In this connection they say that the proposed plan is even worse than the present arrangement, for the Commissioners now in office may be removed on charges.

Senator Thompson of Niagara, an authority on Public Service Commission matters, is expected to lead the opposition. He declared today that, while holding no brief for the present commission as constituted, he regarded certain features of the proposed bill as being highly undesirable. He also predicted its defeat.

Governor Smith and the Democratic minority, on the other hand, are preparing to make a strenuous fight to get it through. The Governor declared that he would "go the limit" to have the law enacted. The Governor believes that his election was mainly due to the desire of the people of New York City to get relief from the present traction situation, and that his future popularity depends upon his ability to make good his campaign promises to give the people better transportation facilities.

If it should develop that the bill is in danger of being defeated, Governor Smith may emulate the example of Governor Hughes, who went among the people in his fight for a direct primary law, and personally forced a change in attitude on the part of the Senators and Assemblymen who opposed him. The Governor believes that the demand for transit reform will be so urgent in New York City that no Republican legislator will dare go against the wishes of his constituents.

The Governor made it plain today that he would not make any appointments to fill the two vacancies existing in the Public Service Commission of the First District, caused by the resignations of W. Buckley Hubbell and Samuel H. Ordway, until the fate of his proposed measure is settled.

"I will make no attempt to fill the positions so long as the question of the reorganization of the commission is pending," said Governor Smith. "The reason is obvious. It will be impossible to get men of the calibre needed to serve so long as there is a prospect of their being legislated out of office within a month.

"The type of men I have in mind for the Public Service Commission jobs are of large affairs and important business relations, and it would be unfair for them to give up their business while things are in their present state of transition. I look for a speedy solution of the situation, however, and will then be free to select the men I want."

COPPER MEN TO GO ABROAD.

Understood That Exporters' Committee Will Sail Jan. 20.

A committee representing the Copper Export Association, composed of Cornelius F. Kelley, President of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company; Joseph R. Clendenin, Vice President of the American Smelting and Refining Company; Murray Guggenheim, a Director in the same organization, and R. L. Agassiz, President of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company, it is understood, will sail for Europe on Jan. 20 for conferences with the leading copper men there. Discussions as to the advisability of sending such a committee abroad are said to have been held several times in the last ten days, with a final determination of the question at a meeting held yesterday.

Foreign concerns, it is understood, consider that 23 cents, the price for export copper, is too high, and that there must be a material reduction before they can be induced to place orders. One observer of the copper market said yesterday that the consumers apparently held the whip hand. There was said to be a surplus of copper on hand, evidence of which is shown by the fact that many of the mining companies had announced that they would curtail operations. It is believed that the sending of a committee of copper men to Europe could be for no other purpose than to smooth out the differences which are holding up sales of the metal. Mr. Kelley, when asked yesterday about the proposed trip, remarked that he had nothing to say now.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Hesitation and caution in business affairs are only natural at the present time, according to Dun's Review, but this is not taken to be either a symptom of weakness or one of dwindling confidence. A check after a period of unexampled expansion is looked upon as not an unwholesome tendency when viewed in its broadest aspects.

This publication says in part:

The inevitable economic transformation is proceeding the more smoothly, and will be the more quickly completed, because of the disposition in many quarters to act prudently while great fundamental changes are in motion, and to await a clearer determination of the various problems of reconstruction. Among these, the question of prices is one which compels thoughtful attention, and that about all markets are no longer under the domination of sellers shows in what direction the pendulum is swinging. But while prices in not a few instances have lately been yielding, and although many buyers seem convinced that the reaction will carry further and are shaping their policies accordingly, there has come no general and vital break, such as would cause disaster, and manifestations of increased strength even appear in certain commodities for which a keen foreign demand is developing.

Continuance of heavy bank clearings in the United States is reflected in this week's returns, the grand total being $6,884,728,653 at leading centres. This is an increase of 27.8 per cent., as compared with the same week last year, to which New York contributes a gain of 30.6 per cent. and the cities outside the metropolis 23.8 per cent.

Bradstreet's Review says:

Industry is even quieter than in preceding weeks, with a greater percentage of capacity idle, awaiting the readjusting process, which moves but slowly. Where readjustments have been completed, as in a few lines, activity is being resumed guardedly.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.90	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.90	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.65
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.60
Chi. & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.60	5.20
Chic., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.40
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.25	5.75
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.90	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.85	5.25
Louis. & Nash	1919-'23	5	5.75	5.25
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	6.00	5.50
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.50	6.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'22	5	6.75	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.15	5.85
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.90	5.50
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.60	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.20	5.75
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4@4½	5.75	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.25
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.40	6.00
Sinclair Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.50
Southern Pac.	1919-'26	4½	5.80	5.25
Southern R. R.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Union Tank Line	1919-'20	5	6.35	5.85

SHIPPERS SUGGEST NEW RAILROAD PLAN

Want Rate-Suspension Power Restored to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

AGAINST McADOO'S IDEAS

Commissioner Clark Denies Board Is Influenced by Fear of Losing Positions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Representing a large group of shippers, Clifford Thorne, former State Railroad Commissioner of Iowa, urged before the Interstate Commerce Committee today that the railroad control law be so amended as to strike out the clause allowing the President to supersede with his orders State, Federal, and other laws; that the Railroad Administration be forced to pay judgment rendered against the roads, and that the power of suspension of rates be restored to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

These propositions are part of an entirely new program for the railroads. Director General McAdoo advocates a five-year extension of Federal control. The railroad executives proposed to return the systems to private management under Government regulation, with the right to make rates, and create a Secretary of Transportation who would absorb the administrative and all other powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission except the judicial. The Interstate Commerce Commission insists on private control under more stringent regulations.

Two other plans are yet to be set forth, one being Senator Cummins's idea that the Government should own the roads but lease them to private operators; the other that of the State Railroad Commissions holding that their powers over interstate traffic be preserved.

Mr. Thorne, who was forced to leave the city to attend a meeting at Mobile, filed this statement:

"The permanent disposition of the railroads presents such far-reaching issues that Congress will not be able to act during this session. That seems to be a foregone conclusion. But there are certain matters that can be and should be cared for at the session. If the discussions of the committee become wholly devoted to the many reforms which have been recommended by Mr. Cuyler, representing the railroads, and Mr. Clark of the Interstate Commerce Commission, March will be here before anything can be accomplished.

"During the early days of your session I earnestly request that you shall give consideration to the immediate restoration of the full power of the commission and courts. The great war emergency has passed. Many sweeping, revolutionary changes in rates, rules and practices, are being proposed by the Railroad Administration. We are entitled, as a matter of justice, to have these passed upon by a disinterested tribunal before they shall become effective. And yet the railroad control law attempts to empower the Railroad Administration to repeal State and Federal laws and reverse the common law.

"We question the constitutionality of such provision. But it will take months, and perhaps a year or more, before the Supreme Court will finally pass upon this issue. In the meantime hundreds of orders will be issued creating great confusion and uncertainty among the shippers of the country.

"We earnestly petition you to amend at the earliest possible moment the railroad control law on three propositions: (1) Strike out the clause which states that the President's order shall supersede State and Federal laws and the common law; (2) insert a sentence requiring the Railroad Administration to pay final judgments rendered against common carriers, and (3) restore the suspension power of the Interstate Commerce Commission. If you hear from the shippers of the United States you will find the sentiment in favor of these three propositions is practically unanimous."

Clark Again Testifies.

Edgar E. Clark of the Interstate Commerce Commission appeared before the committee and continued his testimony.

There has been much talk, since the hearings began, of jealousy between the Railroad Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the State Railroad Commissions. Today Hamilton Lewis, a member of the committee, asked Commissioner Clark:

"To what extent has the opposition of a majority of the commission toward the Director General's proposal of five-year control extension been influenced by the probability that, under either permanent Government ownership or Government control, there would not be any more need for the commission?"

"Such a consideration never entered into our deliberations," Commissioner Clark replied.

"What I want to know is whether the opinion of the commission has been influenced by the prospect of losing its job?" continued the Senator.

"Not at all," answered the Commissioner.

Delays by the Interstate Commerce Commission have interfered with the review of rate questions by that body, Mr. Cuyler told the committee yesterday. Mr. Clark denied today that these delays had been undue, except in the instance of the "5 per cent." case, in which the commission perhaps spent more time than was necessary.

To questions by Senator Smith, Chairman of the committee, the witness said he did not think the creation of regional commissions to supplant State commissions would help matters. He told Senator Kellogg that the commission had been appointing subsidiary representatives in certain districts, so that they might make studies of the conditions and so that complaints might be made to them.

Mr. Clark also said that the commission did not hold that it should have exclusive jurisdiction in fixing intrastate rates, but that there should be closer co-operation between the States and the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"What objection have you to placing the administrative power under an individual, and leaving the Interstate Commerce Commission to review rates?" asked Senator Poindexter.

"There is great difficulty in separating the two; undue discrimination often rests more in practice than in the rate," answered Mr. Clark. "The supervision should rest with the body that makes the rates."

"The Director General says physical valuation of the roads should be completed before Congress determines on final disposition of the systems," put in Senator Townsend.

"I think that it is important, but I am not very sanguine as to when that valuation will be completed," replied the Commissioner.

The field valuation of the railroads begun in 1912 would be completed in perhaps two years, the Commissioner said, and it cost about $3,000,000 annually.

Per diem charge for cars should be continued, the Commissioner argued. Answering objections of the Railroad Administration that it had obtained heavier carloads, he said there had been co-operation on the part of the shippers for maximum loads and car shortage, and that regulations of the War Industries Board helped to bring about the result. He said he was not in favor of standardization of cars because certain railroads had certain needs.

Warfield to Urge Changes.

S. Davies Warfield, President of the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities, arrived tonight from Chicago, where the National Industrial Traffic League has just appointed a committee to appear before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee next week to urge return of the roads to their owners. Mr. Warfield, who has been conferring with the Traffic League Committee, said:

"Adequate railroad facilities and service are essential to business success; without them it halts. An adequate return cannot be had on railroad investment necessary to afford such service without the co-operation of the shippers. The interests of the shippers and the security owners are, therefore, largely identical. Unless the railroads are returned under methods which shall protect the various interests, the credit structure of the country will not stand the strain, and all business will accordingly suffer."

Mr. Warfield declined to discuss the plan which the railroad executives submitted yesterday. It was learned tonight that the plans of the owners do not include Federal incorporation, nor the appointment of a Secretary of Transportation. It was stated that the Traffic League was opposed to both Federal incorporation and a Secretary of Transportation.

Attitudes of Three Interests.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10. (Associated Press.)—Attitudes of shippers' interests, railroad securities owners, and State commissions toward railroad legislation became known in part here today, in advance of their presentation by representatives of the various interests to the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee next week.

The shippers oppose establishment of a Secretary of Transportation and Federal incorporation of railroad companies, as advocated by railway executives, and propose the following:

Rates sufficiently liberal to guarantee proper maintenance of railways and ample returns to security holders.

Government regulation by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Maintenance of the functions of the State Commissions.

Common use of terminals and other facilities.

Co-operation among railways to promote efficiency of service, but with pooling and unification agreements, subject strictly to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Restoration of the roads to private ownership as soon as remedial legislation has been enacted.

Railroad security owners oppose the five-year extension of Government control, and urge return of the roads to private management after enactment of legislation paving the way for partial unification. They are opposed also to the executives' plans for creating a Secretary of Transportation and for Federal incorporation of railroads.

Among the proposals of the State Railroad Commissions are that State Governments should retain their authority over intra-State rates and regulation; that regional rate commissions should be created to assist the Interstate Commerce Commission, and that the Federal commission and State commissions co-operate in all matters of railway regulation. They oppose the plan for a Secretary of Transportation and Federal incorporation, and insist that the so-called "twilight zone" of authority between Federal and State Governments does not truly exist.

The proposed legislative program of these interests will be presented to the Senate committee next week. Shippers will be represented by the National Industrial Traffic League, and by Clifford Thorne, a shippers' attorney; security holders by the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities, for which S. Davies Warfield, the President, probably will appear, and the State commissions by Charles E. Elmquist, President of the National Association of Railway and Utility Commissioners.

It was announced today that the Association of Owners of Railroad Securities and the National Industrial Traffic League had reached a partial agreement on recommendations for return of the railroads to private management.

A statement by Guy M. Freer, President of the Traffic League, said that shippers realized that unless the railroads get "reasonable return on the investment and on the money required to give the shippers additional facilities, the shippers suffer as much as the railroad owners." This was accompanied by a statement by Mr. Warfield, saying: "The interests of the shippers and the security owners are largely identical."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

S. C. and Ga.—Fair Sat., fair and colder Sun.

Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Sat., fair and colder Sun.

Ind.—Fair and colder Sat., cold Sun.

Ohio—Snow flurries and colder Sat., fair and cold Sun.

Mich.—Fair and colder Sat., fair and warmer Sun.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	98¼	99¼	3s, Panama, '61, reg	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	98¼	99¼	3s, Panama, '61, coup	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg	97¾	98¾	5s, Fed Land Bk, '38	103	104
2s, Panama, '38, coup	97¾	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	101
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100¾	101⅛	100¾	3½s Nov., 1955	81½	..	81½
4½s June, 1965	100¾	101¼	100¾	3½s Nov., 1954	81½	83½	81½
4½s Mar., 1963	100¾	101¼	100¾	3½s May, 1954	81½	83½	81½
4½s Nov., 1957	100¾	101¾	100¾	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	100¾	101¾	100¾				
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	96½	97½	96½	4¼s 1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1964	96½	97½	96½	4¼s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Apr., 1966	96	97½	96½	4¼s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1962	96½	97½	96½	4½s 1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sept., 1960	96½	97½	96½	4½s 1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
4s May, 1959	92	93	92	3½s 1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1958	92	93	92	3½s 1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May, 1957	92	93	92	3½s 1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1956	91	92½	91	3½s 1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1955	91	92	91	3s 1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1936	93	94½	93	3s 1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May, 1919	99¾	..	99½	3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
580 Cities Service	296	293	293	296
1,420 Cities Service pf	80½	79¾	79¾	80¼
$125,000 Cities Service deb. "B"	122	120	120	122

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	17	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Adiron Elec Power pf	68	72	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Electric	100	105	Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Am Gas & Electric pf	44	47	Northern Ohio Elec pf	55	58
Am Light & Tract	243	246	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Light & Trac pf	100	102	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light	50	55	Northern States Power	58	62
Am Power & Light pf	75	80	North States Power pf	89	91
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern Texas Elec	57	61
Am Public Utilities pf	36	39	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & Elec	5¼	6	Pacific Gas & Electric	46	47
Am W W & E 1st pf	62	70	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	86	88
Am W W & E partic	11	13	Puget S. Trac., L. & P.	15	19
Carolina Power	33	38	Puget S T, L & P pf	51	54
Colorado Power	27	30	Ry & Light Sec pf	78	84
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Republic Ry & Light	16	18
Columbus Electric pf	70	74	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	19	21	Southern Cal Edison	82	85
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	41	43	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Conn Power pf	72	76	Standard Gas & Elec	12	14
Consumers' Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec pf	32	34
Eastern Texas Elec	51	54	Tampa Electric	107	110
Eastern Texas Elec pf	71	76	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	15	17
Electric B & S pf	92	95	United Light & Rys	38	40
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys pf	71	72
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	Wash I W L & P pf	80½	84
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	44	Western Power	15	17
Galveston-Houston Elec	22	27	Western Power pf	64	67
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	63	West, Church & Kerr	64	67
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West, Church & K pf	80	86
Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85			

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Gt West Pow 6s, '25	90½	92
Am W W & E col. 5s	68	71	Int M Ry, L & P 6s	95	99½
Appalach Power 1st 5s	74	77	Int Elec 6s, 1933	80	87½
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '50	92	95	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	77	78
Cities Fuel & P 7s, '19	98	100	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	90½	91½
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	94	100	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	80	85
Conn Power 5s, 1963	80	86	Puget S T, L & P 7s	98	99½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96½	98
East Tex Elec col. 5s	84	89	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	92
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97½	99	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	87	89
Empire G & F 6s, '26	97	100	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Empire ref 6s, '27	93	97	Un Util cv 6s, '43	90	95
Gt West Pow 5s, '46	83½	87	Utah Securities 6s	89	..
			Wash I W L & P 6s	95	98

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
30 Con Coal	83	83	83	60 Hous Oil pf	77¼	77	77¼
100 Cosden	7¼	7¼	7¼	50 Mer Trust	190	190	190
10 Con Power	105¾	105¾	105¾	55 Un Rys	20	20	20
304 Davison	35	34½	35	100 Wayland	3½	3½	3½
*12 Fidelity & D	133¾	133¾	133¾				

Bonds.

$4,000 Con Coal 5s	92¼	92¼	92¼	$1,000 Nor & P tr5s	78	78	78
1,000 Con Gas 4½s	89	89	89	6,000 Un Ry inc	53½	53½	53½
2,000 Elkhorn 6s	99¼	99¼	99¼	1,000 W B A 5s	83½	83½	83½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Am Zinc	12	12	12	5 New Idria	8¾	8¾	8¾
10 Ahmeek	72	72	72	5 North Butte	10½	10½	10½
30 Alaska	4	4	4	100 Osceola	51	51	51
35 Allouez	44	43¾	44	75 Pond Creek	13¼	13¼	13¼
95 Anaconda	60¾	60	60¾	95 Quincy	60	60	60
530 Ariz Com'l	12½	12¼	12½	200 Seneca	15	14½	15
200 Butte & Bal	21c	21c	21c	75 Shannon	3¼	3¼	3¼
103 Cal & Ariz	62	61¼	62	200 Sup & Bost	2¾	2¾	2¾
2 Cal & Hecla	431	431	431	220 Trinity	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Centennial	13½	13¼	13¼	25 U S Smelt	45	44	44
52 Cop Range	42	41	42	10 Do pf	46	46	46
28 Davis-Daly	5¼	5¼	5¼	500 Utah Apex	3¼	3	3¼
100 East Butte	9¾	9¾	9¾	20 Utah Cop	71¾	71¾	71¾
300 Hancock	5½	5¼	5¼	50 Utah Metal	1½	1½	1½
20 Kerr Lake	5½	5½	5½	5 Winona	90c	90c	90c
300 Mass Cons	4½	4½	4½				

Railroads.

100 Bost & Alb	131¾	131½	131¾	2,820 Mass Elec	2¾	2½	2¾
31 Bos & Low	93	93	93	3,045 Do pf	14¾	12¾	14¾
15 Bost & Me	31½	31½	31½	50 NY, NH & H	32	32	32
35 Chi Jct pf	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	25 Prov & Wor	130	130	130
22 Conn River	113	113	113	5 Rutland pf	20	20	20

Miscellaneous.

113 Am Ag Ch	102	101	101	51 N E Tel	93	92¾	93
131 Do pf	98½	97½	98½	2 Pac Mills	152½	152½	152½
5 Am Pn S pf	6	6	6	1,150 Punta Sugar	54	51½	53½
120 Am Sugar	116	114¾	115	10 Pullman	122	122	122
33 Do pf	115½	115	115½	235 Stewart	35	34¾	35
13 Am Wool pf	96¼	96	96¼	250 Swift	124¼	123¼	124
100 Amoskeag	82	82	82	85 Reece Button	15	14⅞	15
10 Do pf	80	80	80	10 United Drug	95½	95	95¼
260 Art Metal	18½	17¾	18	105 Do 1st pf	52	51½	52
85 Booth	21⅝	21½	21⅝	195 United Fruit	163	162½	162½
2,350 Century	13⅞	13⅜	13⅞	320 United Shoe	45	44½	45
320 East Boston	6	5½	6	206 Do pf	27	26¾	27
20 Edison	170	166	166	1,485 U S Steel	92¼	91¾	91¾
165 Fairbanks	57½	57½	57½	25 Do pf	115¼	115¼	115¼
1,557 Gorton	32½	30¾	31⅞	100 Ventura	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
160 Island Oil	8	7⅞	8	7 Warren Bros 1st pf	37	37	37
335 Mass Gas	85½	85	85	35 Walworth	17½	17½	17½
1 Do pf	69½	69½	69½				

Bonds.

$7,000 A G & W I 5s	83½	83¼	83½	$4,000 Punta Su 6s	93½	93	93½
1,000 Chi Jct 4s	74¾	74¾	74¾	2,000 Ventura 7s	95	95	95
2,000 N E Tel 5s	91½	91½	91½				

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
30 AmShipb'g pf	87	87	87	12 M Ward pf	108¼	108¼	108¼
145 Armour pf	101⅝	101½	101⅝	10 Public Serv	92½	92½	92½
45 Booth Fish	21½	21¼	21½	40 People's Gas	48	48	48
20 Bucyrus	13	13	13	22 QuakOats pf	102¼	102¼	102¼
875 Chi C & C pf	8½	8¼	8¼	1,180 Sears-Roe	181¼	179¾	180
10 Chi ElRys pf	12	12	12	1,335 Stewart-W	86¾	85	86
15 Chi Ry,Ser 1	38	38	38	3,727 *Swift Int	46½	45	46¼
220 Cudahy	103	102½	103	1,440 Swift & Co	124	123	124
500 Do rights	¾	¼	¾	1,420 Union Carb	56	55½	56
10 Com Edison	117	117	117	23,503 Do rights	3¼	3	3¼
11 Deere&Co pf	96	96	96	170 U Paperb'd	19½	19¼	19½
10 Hartman	54½	54¼	54½	65 Wilson	71¾	71	71¾
750 Libby	23	22¾	22¾	10 Do pf	98¼	98¼	98¼

*Ex dividend.

Bonds.

$1,000 BoothFish 6s	90¾	90¾	90¾	$2,000 PeoGas ref5s	78½	78½	78½
5,000 Chi C & C 5s	46	46	46	2,000 Public Serv (Nor Ill) 5s	87¼	87¼	87¼
4,000 Chi Ry 1st 5s	80¼	80¼	80¼				
8,000 ComEd 1st 5s	94⅞	94¼	94¼				

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Am Ry pf	65	65	65	430 Lake Sup	17⅜	17¼	17¼
50 Buff & Susq	70	70	70	255 Leh Nav	72½	72½	72½
100 Buff & S pf	51	51	51	211 Penn	45⅝	45½	45½
75 Cramp	82	81	81	130 Penn Salt	84½	84	84½
35 Elec S Bat	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	327 Phila Elec	25½	25¼	25½
117 Ins Co, N A	27½	27½	27½	15 Phila Trac	71	71	71
8,345 Gen Asph	48⅝	43½	48	25 U G I	72½	72½	72½
2,485 Gen Asph pf	81½	78¾	81½				

Bonds.

$2,000 Am G El 5s	88	88	88	$1,000 Phila El 1 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼
5,000 Leh Val 6s	102⅝	102½	102⅝	1,000 Read gen 4s	86	86	86

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am Brass	213	217	212	Du Pont debs	92	93	92
Atlas Powder	148	153	148	Hercules	197	204	197
Do pf	99	101	99	Do pf	105	110	105
Babcock & Wilcox	108	109½	108	Niles-Bem't-Pond	103	110	103
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	96
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg	345	375	345
Colt's Arms	37	42	37	Standard Screw	240	275	240
Du Pont	252	257	252				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Fractional net declines were recorded in values in the market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Trading, after midday, was restricted in volume, limited to professional operations, and, in the afternoon session, price changes were unimportant. Recessions represented chiefly profit taking. The closing tone was steady in tendency, and final quotations were substantially better than the low for the day. Speculative interest centred in the industrials.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
300 Allis-Chal	35¾	34½	34½	3,370 Mexican Pet	185	180¼	182¾
300 Am B Sugar	72¾	70¾	71⅞	90 Midv'l Steel	44⅝	43⅞	44⅝
560 Am Can	49¾	48⅝	48⅝	50 Nat Conduit	16	16	16
80 Am C & F	90¾	90½	90¾	50 N Y Cent	74⅞	74¼	74⅞
10 Am Cot Oil	44½	44½	44½	30 N Y, N H & H	32½	31⅝	32½
50 Am H & L	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	90 Ohio C Gas	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝
70 Do pf	77½	76⅞	77⅛	1,620 Okla P & R	10½	10	10⅛
110 Am Ice	45½	45½	45½	30 P A P & T	71¼	70½	70½
30 Am Linseed	51½	51	51½	230 Pierce-Ar	42½	42⅜	42⅜
30 Am Loco	61	60¾	60¾	250 Pierce Oil	18⅜	18	18⅜
1,250 Am S & R	74¾	73¼	73¾	30 Pitts Coal	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝
50 Am Sugar	115⅜	114¾	114¾	40 Ry Steel S	74⅛	74	74
80 Am S Tob	98½	96⅞	97½	150 Reading	81⅝	81	81½
10 Am T & T	101	101	101	30 Rep I & S	74	73½	73⅝
385 Ana Copper	60¼	59⅝	60⅛	160 Sinclair Oil	35	34⅝	34⅞
360 Bald Loco	74⅝	73½	74	410 South Pac	101⅜	100⅛	101
70 Balt & Ohio	49⅝	49¼	49⅝	30 Southern Ry	29	28½	28⅝
360 Beth S'l B	61	60¼	60⅝	1,020 Studebaker	53⅛	52½	52¼
675 Brook R T	25⅝	23⅝	25	20 Texas Co	188	188	188
60 Cal Pet	22⅝	22¼	22¼	40 Texas & Pac	34	33⅜	34
90 Cent Leath	60½	59⅛	60	70 Tob Prod	78	78	78
10 Ches & Ohio	56¼	56¼	56¼	130 Union Pac	129	128⅛	128⅜
340 C, M & St P	41¼	40¼	40⅞	50 Un Cigar S	114½	112½	114½
30 Chino Cop	33½	33½	33½	110 U S Ind A	104½	102⅝	104¼
30 Col F & I	38¼	38¼	38¼	150 U S Rubber	78⅛	76⅞	77½
160 Corn Prod	50⅛	49⅝	49⅝	22,970 U S Steel	92⅛	91⅛	91⅞
170 Cru Steel	57⅛	56⅝	56⅝	60 Utah Copper	71⅝	71½	71½
1,150 Cuba C S	28⅛	27¼	27⅞	50 Wilson & Co	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝
370 Dist Sec	55½	53⅝	54⅛	40 West Elec	42½	42½	42½
10 G W & W	29½	29½	29½	90 Willys-O	25⅝	25½	25½
730 Gt. North O	35⅝	35⅛	35⅛	*LIBERTY BONDS.			
20 Goodrich Co	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	$1,350 Lib 3½s	99.82	99.76	99.82
210 Insp Copper	44¼	43⅞	44	1,300 1st 4½s	96.66	96.64	96.66
790 Int M M pf	108¼	107	107⅛	5,450 2d 4¼s	95.90	95.78	95.80
70 Int Nickel	32	31½	31½	8,400 3d 4¼s	97.66	97.46	97.52
10 Int Paper	31	31	31	7,600 4th 4¼s	96.56	96.42	96.56
90 Interboro pf	20⅛	19⅞	20⅛				
15 Ken Copper	32½	32½	32½				

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000 ‡Aetna Exp	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	4,000 Perf T Rub	⅝	11/16	11/16
800 Br-Am T Co coupon	24⅝	24	24⅝	1,600 P T & M Cp	19½	19	19½
2,250 ‡Dict Prod	8⅝	8½	8⅝	*500 Sub Boat v t ctfs	12½	12	12¼
5,000 ‡Gen Asp't	49½	43½	49½	2,900 ‡Swift I, w i	46½	45¼	46¼
700 ‡Gen Mot 6s deb, w i	79½	78¾	79	500 ‡Un Motors	35¼	35¼	35¼
465 ‡Gille'e S R	113¼	112	113	2,000 ‡Do rights	¼	¼	¼
1,800 Hupp M Car	5¼	4⅞	5¼	3,000 Un Profit S	¾	11/16	¾
7,400 Int Rubber	17½	13½	17	5,200 U S S'p Co	5⅝	5½	5⅝
23,300 Key T & R	57¼	54	55¼	1,000 Wayne Coal	4⅝	4½	4⅝
1,300 ‡L, McN & L	23¼	22¾	23	800 ‡W-M A Cp	4	3⅞	4
1,500 Mar of Am	4½	4	4	2,000 World F Cp v t ctfs	¼	¼	¼
1,000 ‡Nat C & I	54½	53	54				

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,100 ‡Anglo-AmO	18	17⅝	17⅝	150 ‡S O (N Y)	325	320	323
5 ‡PrairieO&G	640	640	640	290 ‡Un Tank L	123	114	123
145 ‡S O (N J)	724	712	724	140 ‡Vacuum O	425	418	421

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

1,000 ‡Bar O & G	1/16	¼	1/16	20,000 †‡MidwestO	120	116	118
2,000 †‡Bos-WyoO	20	19	20	1,060 ‡MidwestRef	129	125	126
2,500 ‡Cos & Co	7¼	7⅛	7¼	1,300 †‡N W Oil	53	51	53
20 ‡Crystal Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	12,000 †Omar O & G	29	27	29
500 ‡Elk B Pet	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	14,000 ‡Pennock Oil	14	12½	13¾
8,200 †‡Esm Oil	5	5	5	1,400 ‡Pitts O & G	8½	8	8¼
5,000 ‡Fed Oil	2⅝	2⅛	2¼	25,000 †‡Queen Oil	26	18	25
6,500 ‡Glenrock O	4½	4	4¼	1,500 ‡Royal D, n	74	72½	72¾
1,200 ‡Houston Oil	83	80	82	500 ‡Sap O & R	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
4,750 †‡Hudson Oil	66	63	66	1,300 Sec P & R	½	⅝	½
100 ‡Int Pet	18	18	18	500 Seq O & R	7/16	½	7/16
10,000 ‡Isl O & T	8	7½	8	500 †S W Oil	39	39	39
4,400 †‡Kenova O	14	13	13	900 ‡Stanton Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
300 ‡Merritt Oil	22½	22½	22½	25,000 ‡Un W Oil, n	1¼	1⅛	1¼
15,000 Met Pet	3⅝	3	3¼	500 Way Oil & G	3⅝	3½	3⅝

MINING STOCKS.

3,250 †Al-Brit Col Metals	45	42	44	2,000 †‡Moth Lode	35	34	35
200 †‡Am Mines	91	91	91	200 N Y & Hon Ros M Co	12	11½	12
1,100 Big L Cop	11/16	11/16	11/16	1,500 †Nixon Nev	42	42	42
5,000 †Bos & Mon	51	50	51	1,100 ‡Ohio Cop	⅜	¼	¼
2,800 †‡Caledonia	30	29	30	400 ‡Onon Mines	3½	3¼	3¼
6,500 ‡Cal & Jer	½	½	½	2,000 ‡Ray H M	3	2½	2¾
500 Canada Cop	2 1/16	2 1/16	2 1/16	2,500 †Roch Mines	26	25	26
3,600 †‡Candel Sil	55	53	55	200 Seneca C Cp	15	15	15
3,500 †Cashboy	8	7½	7½	200 Stand S-L	¼	¼	¼
2,100 ‡Cer S M & M	1⅛	1	1⅛	3,000 †Stewart	16	16	16
1,500 Con Ariz Sm	1½	1¼	1½	5,000 Ton Ext	2¼	1⅞	2 1/16
1,200 Con Cop M	6⅛	6	6⅛	200 ‡Trinity Cop	3	3	3
1,500 Cress Con G	5⅛	5	5⅛	2,000 †‡W M & M	25	24	25
800 ‡Eureka C M	1½	1½	1½	500 †West E C	1¼	1¼	1¼
750 Hecla Min	4½	4⅜	4 7/16	2,000 †‡W U Ext, (a pros)	16	16	16
1,200 †‡Jim Butler	35	33	34	5,200 †White C M	16	13	16
350 †Jumbo Ext	15	15	15	2,000 †‡W C Ext, (a pros)	2	2	2
2,300 †‡Lib Selver, (a pros.)	58	56	58				
35,000 †Lone Star	8	7	7				

BONDS.

$15,000 ‡Am T & T 6s, w i	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	$25,000 ‡Lig. & M'r 6s, 1921	99¾	99½	99¾
50,000 Ana 6s, w i	98¼	98½	98¼	100,000 ‡N Y Tel Co d 6s, w i	101	101	101
5,000 ‡Beth S 7%, 1922	101	101	101	25,000 ‡P R R gen m 5s, w i	98¼	98¼	98¼
15,000 ‡C & N W g mtg 5s	100½	100⅜	100½	25,000 ‡Russ Gov't 6½s	53½	51	51
6,000 ‡Cudahy 7s, 1923, w i	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	4,000 ‡St Paul U Dep't 5½s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
20,000 ‡Int R T 7s	91½	91½	91¼	18,000 ‡Wil & Co conv 6%	93⅝	93⅝	93½
25,000 ‡Kan C Ry T 6s, '23	100¼	100¼	100¼				

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

⁂

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.	Ask.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.	Ask.
Am-Br Mfg	2	5	2	5	StL, R M & P	40	..	40	..
AmWritPaper	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½
Brit-Am Tob, reg	23½	24	23½	24	Todd Shipyds	106½	108	106½	108
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20	U S Lt & H	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Carbon Steel	90	96	90	96	U S Lt&H pf	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
Car L & P	2	2¼	2	2¼	Wright-M pf	60	64	60	64
Charcoal Iron	..	7⅝	7	7⅝	OIL STOCKS.				
Do pf	6⅛	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	Allen Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Chev Motor	145	155	145	155	Atlantic Pet	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Chevrolet rts	⅞	1⅛	⅞	1⅛	Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	Crown Oil	14	16	14	16
Curtiss Aero	11½	12	11½	12	Elk Basin P	6⅜	6½	6⅜	6½
CurtissAero pf	45	55	45	55	Globe Oil	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Edmund & J	20	22	20	22	Midw Oil pf	1 1/16	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛
Em'son Phono	2	2¼	2	2¼	Savoy Oil	6½	7	6½	7
Free Texas	34	35½	34	35½	Sinclair Gulf	23½	24½	23½	24½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Gen Mot rts	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	Un W Oil, n	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	Victoria Oil	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40	MINING STOCKS.				
Lukens Steel	46	50	46	50	Ariz-Bing	5⅛	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝
Man Transit	½	⅝	½	⅝	Atlanta	5	6	5	6
N Y Shipbldg	33	36	33	36	Austin Ama'n	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
N Y Transp	14¼	17	14¼	17	Bradshaw	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
N Am P & P	2⅝	2½	2⅝	2½	Booth	13	15	13	15
Pearson Coal	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	Butte-Detroit	2	4	2	4
Penn C & C	22	24	22	24	Butte-N Y	⅜	½	⅜	½
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	40	40½	Cerro Gordo	½	1	½	1
PennSeaboard Steel rts	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛	Con Homes'd	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
P'lsenWireless	5	6	5	6	El Salvador	1⅜	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝
Relc Equip	10½	11½	10½	11½	First Nat C	1¾	2	1¾	2
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Smith M T	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛	Great Bend	4	5	4	5
Stand Motors	7½	8½	7½	8½	Howe Sound	3⅞	4½	3⅞	4½
Steel Alloys	7½	8½	7½	8½	Kerr Lake	5¼	5½	5¼	5½
St Joe Lead	13	14	13	14	Magma Cop	25	28	25	28
					Success Min	5	6	5	6
					United East	4⅜	4½	4⅜	4½
					White Knob	1¼	1½	1¼	1½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid
Anglo-Am Oil	17¾	18¼	17¾	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	59	61	59
Atlantic Refining	1045	1065	1045	Prairie Oil & Gas	640	650	640
Borne-Scrymser	465	485	465	Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	270
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	94	Solar Refining	360	375	360
Chesebrough Mfg	300	320	300	Southern Pipe L	177	182	177
Continental Oil	500	520	510	South Penn Oil	300	304	300
Crescent Pipe Line	37	39	37	S W Penn	100	104	100
Cumberland P L	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Cal	260	265	260
Eureka Pipe Line	190	200	190	Stand Oil of Ind	750	760	750
Galena Signal Oil	88	92	88	Stand Oil of Kan	525	550	525
Do pf, new	103	106	103	Stand Oil of Ky	350	360	350
Do pf, old	115	130	115	Stand Oil of Neb	475	495	475
Illinois Pipe Line	165	170	165	Stand Oil of N J	720	725	716
Indiana Pipe Line	102	105	100	Stand Oil of N Y	322	325	323
Int Petrol Co, Ltd	18	19	17¾	Stand Oil of Ohio	475	490	475
National Transit	17	18	16¾	Swan & Finch	100	105	100
N Y Transit	190	200	190	Union Tank	118	122	111
Northern P L	105	110	105	Vacuum Oil	418	423	420
Ohio Oil	325	329	324	Washington Oil	30	35	30

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am Cigar	113	116	113	P R-Am Tobacco	132	138	132
Do pf	85	90	85	R J Reynolds, A	365	390	365
Conley Foil	180	200	180	Do B	295	320	295
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	107	109	107
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton	160	175	160
MacA & Forbes	195	210	195	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85				

COTTON SELLS DOWN.

Decline Marks Day's Trading Here and in Liverpool.

A heavy selling movement which featured the trading in the cotton market from the opening to the closing yesterday caused declines in all active contracts ranging from 90 to 116 points. These losses were the maximum for the day, comparing the low of yesterday with the closing on Thursday. The liquidation came from all quarters, the principal impetus in the decline being directed by local and Wall Street bulls of the last fortnight. Selling for the account of Liverpool and French interests was also interspersed with the local liquidation. At the low prices of the day, which were made around 2 o'clock, January was selling at 27.70c; March, 26.14c; May, 25.01c; July, 24.28c; September, 22.25c, and October, 22.10c. After this hour a covering by the shorts to secure profits turned the market up, but the rallies were too slight in comparison with the recessions of the last few days to induce much new buying. What buying appeared came principally from spots, and was largely in the way of taking cotton on the scale-down as the options were pressed for offering.

The Liverpool market was weak yesterday, futures closing barely steady, and at recessions of 22 to 33 points from Thursday's final prices. The early trading in Liverpool displayed fair steadiness, futures opening 1 to 14 points decline, but a liquidating movement there soon caused prices to slip back from these levels to a dull closing at declines from the previous day's final prices.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Jan.	28.80	28.80	27.70	27.70@27.72	28.80
Feb.	..	..	..	26.30 bid	27.40
March	27.75	27.30	26.14	26.14@26.20	27.20
April	..	..	..	25.25 bid	26.40
May	26.14	26.23	25.01	25.01@25.08	26.17
July	25.45	25.52	24.28	24.28@24.30	25.48
Sept.	23.70	23.08	22.25	22.45 bid	23.45
Oct.	23.10	23.15	22.10	22.10@22.11	23.08

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 30.90c for middling upland, 95 points decline; sales nil. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30¼c; New Orleans, 30c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 29.13c; Memphis, 30c; Houston, 30c; Little Rock, 29¾c. Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	17,589	27,000	34,062
Exports	8,107	7,595	20,537
Exports, season	2,005,534	1,894,481	2,214,007
N. Y. stocks	82,100	115,932	141,301
Port stocks	1,404,216	1,410,692	1,342,349
N. Y. arrivals	6,483	6,374	......

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, more demand at 19.36d for middling and 20.90d for good middling. Sales, 2,000 bales; American, 1,000. Imports, 6,000 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet at 1 to 14 points decline and closed barely steady at 22 to 33 points decline. January, 19.10d; February, 18.10d; March, 17.06d; April, 16.03d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths, more inquiry; not much doing.

Fewer Orders for Steel.

The United States Steel Corporation reported yesterday that unfilled orders on its books on Dec. 30 amounted to 7,379,152 tons. This is a decrease of 745,511 tons from the November figures, which were 8,124,663. The unfilled orders at the end of October aggregated 8,353,293 tons and on Sept. 30, 8,297,905. On Dec. 31, 1917, uncompleted contracts were equivalent to 9,381,718 tons. The December figures of last year are the lowest announced by the company since November of 1915, when the unfilled tonnage was 7,189,489. This figure was made just at the start of the increased business due to war work. The monthly reports showed a steady increase up to April of 1917, when the unfilled orders amounted to 12,183,083 tons.

Cancellation of war orders, the disposition of steel manufacturers to make contracts which bind the buyer more strictly than heretofore, and the introduction of the new price schedule near the close of the year were pointed to as having a bearing on the situation. The 7,379,152 tons of orders standing on the books represent six months' mill capacity of the corporation.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.45¼	$1.41½	$1.44¼	$1.44½	$1.27⅜
February	1.40¼	1.34	1.34½	1.38½	..
March	1.38¼	1.33¼	1.37⅛	1.36½	..
May	1.36½	1.30⅞	1.34¼	1.36¼	1.25⅛
July	1.35¼	1.30⅛	1.34¼	1.35⅛	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	69⅞	66½	68	68⅞	79⅞
February	70⅝	68	70½	70⅛	..
March	71⅛	69	70	70	78⅝
May	71⅛	69	70⅛	70	76⅞
July	68	66½	67¼	67	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 80c; No. 2 white, 80c; No. 3 white, 79½c; No. 4 white, 79c; ordinary clipped, 79@80c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard— January	$23.45	$23.10	$23.45	$22.90	$24.30
May	23.95	23.10	23.82	23.50	24.77
Ribs— May	23.45	22.90	23.30	23.37	24.42
Pork— May	42.45	41.37	42.35	42.39	45.75

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	14.15	14.00	14.05	14.30
July	14.15	13.85	13.85	14.15
September	14.00	13.70	13.75	14.00
December	13.80	13.60	13.63	13.85

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	$1.61¾	$1.61	$1.61¾
May	1.65	1.64½	1.64¾

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,845 packages. Feeling firm on most grades of creamery, with supplies only moderate and demand fair. Renovated favors the seller and ladles and packing stock are strong. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 70@70½c; extras, 92 score, 69½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 65@69c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 61@64c; lower grades, 54@60c; unsalted, higher than extras, 72@72½c; extras, 71@71½c; firsts, 66@70c; seconds, 61@65c; State dairy tubs, finest, 67½@68½c; good to prime, 63@66c; common to fair, 52@62c; renovated, extras, 53@54c; firsts, 50@52c; lower grades, 44@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 48@49c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46½@47½c; seconds, 44½@45c; lower grades, 42@44c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 44c; No. 2, 43c; lower grades, 37@42c.

EGGS.—7,702 cases. The harbor strike is interfering with delivery of eggs both by freight and express, with a momentary scarcity of desirable fresh stock prices are showing further advance. The market closes firm for the moment at the improvement quoted, but the outlook is uncertain and unsettled. Some receivers are looking for a decrease of receipts which may justify the present advance in prices with normal deliveries. Others are expecting a reaction when stock arriving can be more readily obtained. Storage eggs are wanted beyond the supply available and rule firm. Nearby white eggs are in lighter receipt owing to the interference with deliveries, but there is a large supply of California white on the market and dealers are generally able to supply their requirements at unchanged prices. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 71c; extra firsts, 69@70c; firsts, 67@68c; seconds, 62@66c; dirties, No. 1, 58@59c; No. 2 and poorer, 53@57c; checks, good to choice dry, 50@51c; under grades, 48@49c; refrigerator, 48@55c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 75@76c; ordinary to prime, 68@74c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 68@74c; pullet whites, 65@69c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 75c; lower grades, 68@74c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 66@73c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 70@78c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 66@71c.

An American Bank for Foreign Trade

The Mercantile Bank of the Americas offers the services of a banking organization with branches and affiliated banks in important trade centers throughout Central and South America, France and Spain.

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ADOLFO STAHL	NEW YORK
JASON A. NEILSON	VICE-PRESIDENT
ALFRED MEYER	GENERAL MANAGER

We shall be glad to consult with those having banking business in Central and South America, France and Spain.

MERCANTILE BANK of the AMERICAS

Paris NEW YORK Barcelona
44 Pine Street

Review & Outlook

An Annual Summary and Market History embracing Sixty Issues.

Our Financial Review gives the market histories of sixty prominent stocks, containing changes in capitalization, earnings, development of properties, surpluses accumulated, etc.

These analyses will be a valuable reference during the year and a study of them will permit a more ready forecast of the results of various new situations that may arise.

Among the issues treated are:

International Pet.
Midwest Oil
Midwest Ref.
Oklahoma P. & R.
Penn. Mex. Fuel
Sapulpa Ref.
Sinclair Gulf
Magma Copper
United Verde Ext.
United Eastern
Aetna Explos.
Burns Ice
Brit.-Amer. Tob.
Curtiss Aero.
General Asphalt
Keystone Tire
Marconi Wireless
No. Amer. P. & P.
Amer. Writ. Pap.
Peerless Truck
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THE POSSESSOR of a good education, some business experience and sound principles, who seeks to fit himself to serve the best interests of discriminating investors with a New York banking house should communicate with W. T. T., care L 672 Times Downtown.

A Conservative Investment for January Income

WE offer First Mortgages on improved City real estate, in amounts of $1,000 and upwards, averaging less than 40% of our appraisal, yielding purchasers 5½%.

List of offerings, together with illustrate booklet M-1 showing character of loans, w be sent upon request.

No loss to investors over a period of 48 years

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

Capital and Surplus $6,000,000

Main Office: 55 Cedar Street

BRANCHES

73rd St. at Broadway 125th St. at 8th Ave.
Madison Ave. at 75th St.

Garfield National Bank

23rd Street where
Fifth Avenue
crosses Broadway

Statement December 31, 1918

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$9,507,080.27	Capital	$1,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds to Secure Circulation	400,000.00	Surplus	1,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	1,503,585.00	Undivided Profits	355,472.48
Other Securities	1,412,340.44	Circulating Notes	397,000.00
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	1,600.00	Bills Payable	900,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasury	66,500.00	Letters of Credit	1,600.00
Due from Banks and Bankers	95,012.49	Deposits	13,309,036.66
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	2,181,398.63		
Cash	1,795,642.31		
Total	$16,963,109.14	Total	$16,963,109.14

RUEL W. POOR, President.
HORACE F. POOR, Vice-President
RALPH T. THORN, Asst. Cashier
ARTHUR W. SNOW, 2nd Vice-President and Cashier
JOHN W. PEDDIE, Asst. Cashier

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York

London Paris

Foreign Exchange

Administrator Guardian

Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF 5% FIRST MORTGAGE 20 YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE CANADIAN NORTHERN COAL & ORE DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED, DUE JANUARY 1, 1936:

Notice is hereby given that (in accordance with the terms of the Mortgage from said Company to Columbia Trust Company, and National Trust Company, Limited, Trustees) sealed tenders of bonds of the above described issue for account of the Sinking Fund, to an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of Thirty-Nine Thousand Four Hundred Twenty-five Dollars and fifty-six cents ($39,425.56) are hereby called for, and will be received at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, not later than January 23rd 1919, at twelve o'clock noon.

The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all tenders.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice-President.

Dated, January 2nd, 1919.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the WALSER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 28th day of December, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City [Seal.] of Albany, this twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

(Signed) A. B. BARKER,
Deputy Secretary of State.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having claims against the above named corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of Coudert Brothers, attorneys, at No. 2 Rector Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

BERTH TRANSPORT WITH NAVY TUG

1,003 Officers and Men, Some Wounded, Landed Yesterday During Harbor Tieup.

SISTER VESSEL DUE TODAY

Private Owen, New Yorker, Decorated at Mount Kemmel, and Capt. Murray at Chateau-Thierry.

The British transport Uloa arrived yesterday morning from Brest with 1,003 officers and men, and was berthed at Pier 54, foot of West 13th Street, with the aid of one naval tug. She is a sister ship to the Toloa, which left Brest three hours ahead of her and is due today. These vessels, with the Tela, which was torpedoed a year ago, were constructed for the United Fruit Company and were taken over by the British Government from the shipyards at the commencement of the war. The Uloa and Toloa are considered to be the two best fitted transports in the service and have their holds insulated, being originally intended for the New York and West Indies banana trade. The Uloa will start loading 3,500 tons of meat today for England. She is about 8,500 gross tonnage.

Among the troops on the Uloa were fifteen officers and 421 men of the 6th Anti-Aircraft Sector, including the Headquarters Company, and the 46th to 50th supply companies inclusive. There were also the 109th Trench Mortar Battery of 5 officers and 118 men, and 2 officers and 332 men of the 32d Casual Company, who had all been wounded or gassed, as well as 9 casual officers. The well troops had not been in action.

One of the casuals was Captain Charles L. Murray of the 6th Regiment of Marines, wearing the D. S. C., awarded him for attacking a German machine-gun nest at Château-Thierry. He had twenty-four men with him there and only nine returned unwounded after capturing the guns. The Captain was shot in both arms. His home is in Pittsburgh.

Private Frank C. Owen of the 108th Machine Gun Battalion, who lives at 220 West 98th Street, won the French War Cross on Aug. 4 in the Mount Kemmel sector, in a night attack when he refused to go back after being severely wounded.

Private Robert Larkin, Co. C, 26th Infantry, whose home is at 1,599 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, was gassed and stabbed with a trench knife on May 24 at Cantigny, where, he asserted, 75 per cent. of his company was lost.

There were two women passengers on the Uloa, Mrs. Marcelle Kirke of San Francisco, wife of Captain Kirke of the American Aviation Forces, and Miss Bertha G. Boles of Greenwich, Conn., an expert in physical culture, who had been working in the hospital at Château-Roux, teaching crippled American soldiers how to manipulate their crutches. Mrs. Kirke was a nurse in a French military hospital nearly a year ago when the Captain was brought in wounded and placed under her care. The romance ended in a wedding on March 2. He expects to be home shortly, she said.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

R. S. Hecht, President of the Hibernia Bank and Trust Company of New Orleans, has been elected a Director of the Mercantile Bank of the Americas.

W. S. Kies, Vice President of the American International Corporation, has left New York for an extended trip through South America, where he will study financial and trade conditions.

Russel Brittingham, Vice President of the Equitable Safe Deposit Company, has been elected President of the New York State Safe Deposit Association.

H. F. McConnell & Co. have issued a review dealing with many of the important public utility corporation securities.

T. L. MacDonald, formerly with Gilman & Clucas, has opened an office at 11 Wall Street for the transaction of a brokerage business.

Lieutenant Carroll H. Dawson has resumed his connection with the firm of C. C. Kerr & Co.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	P.	Pay.	Hold. of Record.
Ala., G. & South..	4	—	Jan. 31	Jan. 20
Do. pf..........	4	—	Feb. 21	Jan. 21
Consumers Co. pf..	3½	SA	Feb. 20	Feb. 10
Crocker-Wheeler ..	2	Q	Jan. 15	Jan. 5
Do. pf..........	1¾	Q	Jan. 15	Jan. 5
Hercules Pow. pf..	1¾	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Iron Cap Copper...	25c	—	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Midwest Refining..	$1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
W. H. McElwain, com., 1st & 2d pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
W. M. Cramp & S. S. Bldg........	3	SA	Feb. 1	Jan. 15

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Julia	.05
Alta	.02	Mexican	.09
Andes	.04	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.01
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.01	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con	.03	Savage	.02
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.06
Con. Virginia	.05	Union Con	.01
Hale & Norcross	.01	Mexican Dollars	.77½
Jacket	.03		

TONOPAH.		Booth	.12
Belmont	2.65	Florence	.12
Brougher Divide	.19	Goldfield Cons	.22
Cash Boy	.06	Goldfield Merger	.05
Gold Zone	.17	Great Bend	.03
Halifax	.15	Jumbo Ext	.14
Jim Butler	.84	Kewanas	.05
MacNamara	.28	Lone Star	.07
Midway	.21	Silver Pick	.05
Mispah	.05	Spearhead	.17
Monarch Pitts	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Montana	.13	Manhattan Con	.05
North Star	.06	Nevada Hills	.03
Rescue	.06	Packard	.36
Tonopah Divide	2.92½	Rochester	.24
Tonopah Ext	2.00	Round Mountain	.24
West End	1.22½	United Eastern	4.25
West Tonopah	.15	White Caps	.15
GOLDFIELD.			
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5⅛	Isabella	6	6½
Dr. J'kpot.	4	5	McKinney	8	9
Elkton	5	7	Portland	100	105
El Paso	14	20	Rose Nicol.	13⅛	18⅛
Golden Cy.	178	182	U. Gold M.	15¾	16
Granite	20	30	Vindicator	40	50

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

5½%

ON SAVINGS

In amounts of $100 and up, if left not less than 3 years.

4½%

on the ordinary savings plan with all the safety, facilities, and conveniences of any savings bank.

One dollar will start you and any amount (not over $5,000) put in by Jan. 11th earns from January 1st; thereafter from the first of month following date put in. This Association, now in its 29th year, is organized and operated under the Banking Laws; it is subject to State Supervision and to the most rigid legal restrictions as to its investments, yet security far in excess of legal requirements is provided. Please call, or send for circular.

Bankers Loan and Investment Co.

A Savings and Loan Association.

63-65 Wall Street New York City

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, December 7, 1918.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its Banking House, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

NOTICE.

Globe Rubber Tire Manufacturing Co.

Annual Stockholders' Meeting and election will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1,851 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, February 4th, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M.

F. H. CRAIG, Secretary.

A meeting of the New York Dispensary for the purpose of electing five Trustees will be held at the Dispensary Building, 34 Spring St., on January 13, 1919. Polls will be open from four to five P. M.

DAVID A. CLARKSON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ORPHANS HOME AND ASYLUM IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK will be held at the Home, 135th Street and Convent Avenue, on Monday, January 13th, 1919, at 11 A. M.

OUT-OF-TOWN BANK STATEMENTS

Continental and Commercial National Bank

of Chicago

Statement of condition at close of business Tuesday, December 31, 1918.

RESOURCES

Time Loans	$145,964,463.16	
Demand Loans	62,907,057.99	
Acceptances	1,151,525.96	
Bonds, Securities, etc	17,362,914.15	
		$227,385,961.26
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness		7,983,900.00
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness pledged to secure Foreign Bills of Exchange		1,045,500.00
Bank Premises (Equity)		6,000,000.00
Other Real Estate		62,953.77
Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit		2,900,444.65
Customers' Liability on Acceptances (as per Contra)		10,405,780.43
Overdrafts		4,717.29
Cash and Due From Banks		104,037,903.61
		$359,827,161.01

LIABILITIES

Capital		$21,500,000.00
Surplus		12,500,000.00
Undivided Profits		2,683,048.66
Reserved for Taxes		2,091,349.78
Circulation	$50,000.00	
Less Amount on Hand	0.00	
		50,000.00
Bills Payable With Federal Reserve Bank		6,000,000.00
Rediscounts With Federal Reserve Bank		3,000,000.00
Liability on Letters of Credit		3,045,962.81
Liability on Acceptances		10,405,780.43
Foreign Bills of Exchange		1,045,500.00
Deposits—Individual	$167,903,303.05	
Bank	129,602,216.28	
		297,505,519.33
		$359,827,161.01

OFFICERS

GEORGE M. REYNOLDS.....President

ARTHUR REYNOLDS.....Vice President
RALPH VAN VECHTEN.....Vice President
ALEX. ROBERTSON.....Vice President
HERMAN WALDECK.....Vice President
JOHN C. CRAFT.....Vice President
WILLIAM T. BRUCKNER.....Vice President

JOHN R. WASHBURN.....Vice President
WILSON W. LAMPERT.....Cashier
HARVEY C. VERNON.....Asst. Cashier
GEORGE B. SMITH.....Asst. Cashier
WILBER HATTERY.....Asst. Cashier

H. ERSKINE SMITH.....Asst. Cashier
DAN NORMAN.....Asst. Cashier
GEORGE A. JACKSON.....Asst. Cashier
REUBEN G. DANIELSON.....Asst. Cashier
JOHN F. CRADDOCK.....Mgr. Credit Dept.
JOSEPH McCURRACH.....Mgr. Foreign Dept.

The First National Bank

CLEVELAND, O.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 1918.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments		$50,414,757.32
United States bonds		14,161,475.84
Cash and due from banks		15,598,227.04
Due from Federal Reserve Bank		14,442,488.55
Bank building		730,000.00
Commercial and Travelers' letters of credit issued		20,241.50
Overdrafts		10,753.53
Interest earned but not collected		20,254.42
Customers' liability on acceptances		4,119,181.12
		$99,517,379.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,500,000.00
Surplus and profits		3,141,981.24
Interest and discount unearned		291,942.36
Reserve for taxes		510,000.00
Circulation		471,000.00
Deposits		76,559,680.60
Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank		6,000,000.00
United States bond account		5,902,350.00
Unused letters of credit		21,244.00
Acceptances executed for customers	$4,467,667.59	
Less our acceptances in portfolio	348,486.47	4,119,181.12
		$99,517,379.32

The First Trust & Savings Co.

CLEVELAND, O.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 1918.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$9,179,776.55
United States bonds		1,908,660.40
Municipal and other bonds		5,977,475.88
Building account		100,000.00
Overdrafts		129.95
Secured advances to trust estates		90,772.34
Cash and due from banks		5,264,503.11
Other resources		1,029.05
Customers' liability on acceptances		2,596,276.47
		$25,118,623.75

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,250,000.00
Surplus and profits		883,870.59
Deposits		19,911,726.69
Reserve for taxes		190,000.00
U. S. bond account		286,750.00
Acceptances executed for customers	$2,612,820.47	
Less acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted	16,544.00	2,596,276.47
		$25,118,623.75

THE MARINE NATIONAL BANK

of BUFFALO, N. Y.

Two Hundred and Fifty-Fifth Statement (Condensed),
December 31st, 1918

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$25,449,501.13
U. S. Bonds	13,101,409.00
Bonds and Securities	17,063,950.00
Real Estate	1,500,001.00
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances	2,200,000.00
Cash and with Banks	11,067,618.83
	$70,382,479.96

LIABILITIES

Capital	$5,000,000.00
Surplus & Profits ($250,000 Quarterly Dividend paid December 31)	4,577,815.58
Reserve for Depreciation	145,000.00
Reserve for Taxes	52,076.54
Circulation	3,543,880.00
Acceptances Executed for Customers	2,200,000.00
Deposits	54,863,707.84
	$70,382,479.96

On January 6, 1919, this bank was converted into The Marine Trust Company of Buffalo with the following:

OFFICERS

GEORGE F. RAND, Chairman of the Board
EDWARD H. LETCHWORTH, Vice-President and General Counsel
RUSSELL J. H. HUTTON, Vice-President
RAYMOND E. WINFIELD, Vice-President
ALVA L. DUTTON, Treasurer
WILLIAM HARDLEBEN, Jr., Asst. Sec'y
EDWIN J. VOLTZ, Asst. Secretary
ABBOTT H. SEELY, Asst. Treasurer

JOHN H. LASCELLES, President
HENRY J. AUER, Vice-President
EMIL DIFFINE, Vice-President
PERCY W. DARBY, Secretary
EUGENE L. REED, Asst. Secretary
GEORGE E. BECKER, Asst. Secretary
HENRY J. BEITZ, Asst. Secretary
HENRY H. WORK, Asst. Treasurer

The Northwestern National Bank

Minneapolis, Minnesota.

At Close of Business December 31, 1918.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$35,352,157.35
U. S. and Other Bonds	4,415,798.79
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis	180,000.00
Banking House	555,500.00
Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit and Acceptances	590,192.93
Overdrafts	21,053.70
Cash and Due from Banks	20,889,988.97
	$62,004,691.74

LIABILITIES

Capital	$4,000,000.00
Surplus	2,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	921,035.99
Reserved for Unearned Interest	282,000.00
Reserved for Taxes	260,000.00
Circulation	290,000.00
Letters of Credit and Acceptances	590,192.93
Deposits	53,661,462.82
	$62,004,691.74

OFFICERS

EDWARD W. DECKER, President.
JOSEPH CHAPMAN, Vice President.
JAMES A. LATTA, Vice President.
ALEXANDER A. McRAE, Vice President.
WILLIAM E. BRIGGS, Vice President.
ROBERT E. MACGREGOR, Vice President.
SCOTT H. PLUMMER, Cashier.

CONDENSED REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

National Newark and Essex Banking Company

Newark, New Jersey

December 31st, 1918

ASSETS

Loans and Discounts		$26,440,031.00
Bonds and Investments		3,988,266.87
United States Bonds		1,682,000.00
U. S. Bonds for Customers		12,164,850.00
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit		609,026.41
Cash and Due from Banks		13,165,854.02
		$57,999,028.30

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus (Undivided Profits)		2,098,589.90
Deposits:		
Liberty Loan	7,316,938.50	
Individual	$27,467,189.12	
Bank	4,028,394.67	
United States	1,186,317.58	39,998,839.87
Due Federal Reserve Banks		13,292,622.12
Banks Liabilities under Customers' Letter Credit		609,026.41
		$57,999,028.30

Incorporated 1855

Branches Throughout Canada

THE MOLSONS BANK

HEAD OFFICE:

MONTREAL, CANADA

Capital Paid Up - $4,000,000.00
Reserve Fund - - $4,800,000.00

WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President.
S. H. EWING, Vice-President
EDWARD G. PRATT, General Manager.

THE MOLSONS BANK HAS 97 Branches Throughout Canada

Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and returns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchange.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK

"Strength and Service"
Established 1846.

Where You Receive Every Banking Service

Report of Condition at the Close of Business December 31, 1918.

RESOURCES

Loans and Investments	$15,340,273.43
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	2,559,832.22
Due from Banks	2,327,259.44
Exchanges for Clearing House	545,341.05
Accrued Interest	58,158.74
Cash and Reserve	1,261,706.50
	$22,092,571.38

LIABILITIES

Capital	$500,000.00
Surplus (Earned)	1,000,000.00
Undivided Profits (Earned)	233,849.74
Unearned Discount	54,433.27
Circulation	485,950.00
Letters of Credit	1,111,368.45
Acceptances	1,448,463.77
Acceptances of Other Banks Sold	422,830.61
Bills Payable to Federal Reserve Bank Account U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness and Liberty Bonds	4,300,000.00
Deposits	12,535,675.54
	$22,092,571.38

EDMUND WILLIAMS, Cashier

Tradesmens National Bank

431 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia

Prepresentative in New York City, Wm. M. Ballin, 1123 Broadway.

The Market Street National Bank

OF

Philadelphia

December 31st, 1918

RESOURCES

Loans and Investments	$15,562,924.60
Customers' Liability under Commercial Letters of Credit and Acceptances	1,345,901.49
Due from Banks	3,304,703.23
Exchanges for Clearing House	762,524.63
Cash and Reserve	1,551,082.92
	$22,527,136.87

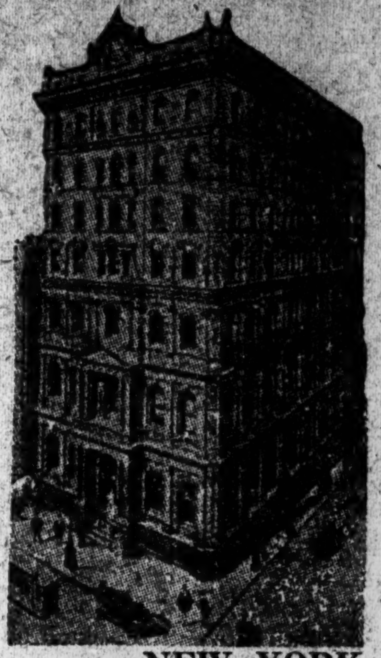
LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits	1,663,985.23
Circulation	597,500.00
Commercial Letters of Credit and Acceptances	1,345,901.49
Liabilities for Rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank	598,993.91
Bills Payable, Federal Reserve Bank	3,510,000.00
Deposits	13,810,756.24
	$22,527,136.87

FRED F. SPELLISSY, Cashier

The Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864.



Capital	$7,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	7,437,973
Total Deposits (Nov., 1918)	141,000,000
Total Assets (Nov., 1918)	173,000,000

To American Manufacturers and Exporters.

The war being virtually over, we look for an active interest, on the part of American Manufacturers and Exporters, in Canada, both on account of the purchasing power of the Canadian home market and as a country from which the Export Business can advantageously be carried on.

We shall be pleased to receive and carefully answer inquiries relative to any phase of Canadian business and conditions.

NEW YORK AGENCY: 63-65 Wall Street.
Telephone—Hanover 8057, 8058.
W. M. RAMSAY and C. J. CROOKALL, Agents.

ESTABLISHED 1832

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Capital Authorized $10,000,000.

Capital Paid Up, $6,500,000. Reserve Fund & Undivided Profits, $13,345,537.10

Head Office, Halifax, N. S. General Manager's Office, Toronto, Ont.

CHAS. ARCHIBALD, President; H. A. RICHARDSON, Gen'l Manager; J. A. McLEOD, Asst. Gen'l Manager

CONDENSED STATEMENT TO THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT
as at December 31st, 1918.

LIABILITIES

Deposits by the Public	$122,362,116.96
Deposits from Other Banks	2,133,819.69
Notes in Circulation	17,844,915.17
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	321,008.73
Other Liabilities	227,163.10
Total Liabilities to Public	$142,889,023.65
Capital	6,500,000.00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	13,345,537.10
	$162,734,560.75

ASSETS

Cash and Checks on Other Banks	$24,449,300.93
Deposit in Central Gold Reserve	11,500,000.00
Due from Other Banks	4,417,292.12
Government and Other Bonds	34,862,490.38
Call and Demand Loans	20,261,778.36
Total Quick Assets	$95,490,861.79
Commercial Loans	63,539,164.70
Deposit with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	328,177.28
Bank Premises	2,844,324.86
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit as Per Contra	321,008.73
Other Assets	211,023.39
	$162,734,560.75

187 Branches throughout Canada, Newfoundland, Cuba, Jamaica, Porto Rico, and in Boston, Chicago and New York. Commercial and Travelers' Credits issued available in all parts of the world. Bills on Canadian, Newfoundland, and West Indian points favorably negotiated or collected by our Branches in the United States.

BOSTON
W. Caldwell, Mgr., Sears Bldg.

CHICAGO
W. H. Davies, 105 W. Monroe St.

NEW YORK
H. F. Patterson, Agt., 52 Wall St.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established Over 100 Years.
Capital Paid up, $16,000,000.

Head Office: MONTREAL
Rest and Undivided Profits, $17,901,613

Total Assets - - - - - - $558,413,546

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SIR VINCENT MEREDITH, Bart., President
Sir Charles Gordon, G.B.E., Vice-President

R. B. Angus, Esq.
H. R. Drummond, Esq.
Major Herbert Molson, M.C.
G. B. Fraser, Esq.

Lord Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O.
D. Forbes Angus, Esq.
Harold Kennedy, Esq.
Col. Henry Cockshutt

C. R. Hosmer, Esq.
Wm. McMaster, Esq.
H. W. Beauclerk, Esq.
J. H. Ashdown, Esq.

General Manager—Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor

STATEMENT OF 31ST OCTOBER, 1918

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock (all paid up)	$16,000,000	
Rest	16,000,000	
Balance of Profits carried forward	1,901,613	$33,901,613
Unclaimed dividends	6,670	
Quarterly dividend payable 1st Dec., 1918	400,000	
Bonus of 1% payable 1st Dec., 1918	160,000	566,670
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	42,082,209	
Deposits	474,043,161	
Balances due to other Banks in Canada and foreign countries	3,086,741	519,212,111
Bills Payable	311,895	
Acceptances under Letters of Credit (per contra)	3,674,865	3,986,760
Liabilities not included in the foregoing		746,292
		$558,413,546

ASSETS

Specie and Government Demand Notes	$94,024,097	
Deposit with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	1,038,167	
Deposit in Central Gold Reserves	27,700,000	
Notes of and Cheques on other Banks	24,191,536	$146,953,800
Due by Bankers elsewhere than in Canada	14,703,461	
Call and Short Loans	99,400,937	114,104,398
		261,058,198
Bonds, Debentures and Stocks		110,331,620
Current Loans and Discounts and other Assets	176,493,418	
Overdue Debts (loss provided for)	855,445	177,348,863
Bank Premises		6,000,000
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit (per contra)		3,674,865
		$558,413,546

NEW YORK AGENCY, 64 Wall St. R. Y. HEBDEN, W. A. BOG, A. T. SMITH, Agents.
SAN FRANCISCO AUXILIARY—British American Bank, A. G. FRY, President.
MEXICO, Mexico City.
LONDON OFFICES, 47 Threadneedle St., E. C., 9 Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S. W. and Trafalgar Square, S. W. (G. C. CASSELS, Manager)

NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANK, ALBANY, N. Y.

Condition at close of business Dec. 31, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$14,528,656.37
Customers' liability account acceptances		50,000.00
U. S. and other bonds		7,741,154.28
Banking house		250,000.00
Other real estate owned		33,279.94
Cash and in Federal Reserve Bank		1,936,525.10
Due from banks		4,518,316.49
Interest earned not collected		170,735.58
		$29,228,667.71

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$1,000,000.00
Surplus		1,500,000.00
Undivided profits		642,687.86
Reserved for taxes		40,000.00
Dividends unpaid		592.00
Reserved for interest accrued		13,259.55
Circulation		988,200.00
Bills payable		1,500,000.00
Acceptances executed for customers		50,000.00
Interest and discount collected not earned		47,900.90
Deposits:		
Individual	$12,475,991.92	
Banks	10,970,035.48	23,446,027.40
		$29,228,667.71

OFFICERS.

ROBERT C. PRUYN, Chairman of the Board.
GERRIT Y. LANSING, Vice-Pres.
WALTER W. BATCHELDER, Vice-Pres.
JACOB H. HERZOG, Vice-Pres.
GARDNER B. PERRY, Vice-Pres.
WILLIAM L. GILLESPIE, Cashier.
R. C. B. ADAMS, Asst. Cashier.
HERBERT J. KNEIP, Asst. Cashier.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

ROBERT C. PRUYN
JAMES H. MANNING
GERRIT Y. LANSING
LOUIS I. WALDMAN
FRANK C. HERRICK
ALBERT HESSBERG
RUSSELL E. SARD
EDMUND N. HUYCK
FREDERICK W. KELLEY
JAMES C. BRADY
JAMES C. FARRELL

STATEMENT OF NEW YORK STATE NATIONAL BANK,

ALBANY, N. Y.

December 31st, 1918.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$10,202,372.52
Bonds and investments		7,448,972.17
Real estate		343,540.69
Cash and due from banks		7,229,102.80
		$25,223,988.18

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$500,000.00
Surplus and profits		635,402.90
Circulation		247,500.00
Deposits—		
Individuals	$14,669,807.62	
Banks	9,171,277.66	
		23,841,085.28
		$25,223,988.18

OFFICERS.

LEDYARD COGSWELL, President.
J. TOWNSEND LANSING, Vice President.
LEDYARD COGSWELL, Jr., 2nd Vice Pres.
GEORGE A. WHITE, Cashier.
WILLIAM BRUCE, Asst. Cashier.
J. M. RUSSUM, Asst. Cashier.
EDWARD R. THORNE, Asst. Cashier.
WILLIAM T. VAN ATTEN, Asst. Cashier.

MELLON NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH.

Statement of condition at the close of business Dec. 31, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$50,089,205.53
United States obligations		25,901,080.50
Other bonds and investm'ts		26,236,991.23
Overdrafts		38.52
Cash and due from banks		24,649,149.65
Total		$126,876,465.43

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$6,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		4,441,415.27
Reserves		2,383,553.20
Borrowed from Federal Reserve Bank		4,500,000.00
Circulating notes		4,820,000.00
Deposits—		
Individuals	$67,460,807.43	
Banks	34,022,634.09	
Government	3,246,055.44	
		104,729,496.96
Total		$126,876,465.43

December 31st, 1918.

RESOURCES

Loans and Investments	$49,277,359.75
Due from Banks	9,364,099.34
Clearing House Exchanges	2,709,189.20
Cash and Reserve	4,051,308.27
Customers' Liability on Foreign Credits and Acceptances	3,855,840.98
	$69,257,797.54

LIABILITIES

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits	2,864,569.85
New Capital and Surplus paid in	2,000,000.00
Unearned Discount	187,970.62
Reserve for Taxes payable 1919	250,000.00
Circulation	192,500.00
Deposits	46,124,478.09
Foreign Credits and Acceptances	3,855,840.98
Loans from Federal Reserve Bank	12,782,438.00
	$69,257,797.54

NEWTON W. CORSON, Cashier.

CORN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
Philadelphia, Chestnut at Second

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the North Beach Land and Improvement Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any other business that may properly come before such meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 54 Wall Street, New York, at 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, January 16, 1919.

W. V. GRIFFIN, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK.

New York, December 14, 1918.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held at its banking house, No. 680 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, at 2 P. M. Polls open from 2 to 3 o'clock P. M.

GEORGE E. HOYER, Cashier.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.

Dated December 31, 1918.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated December 16, 1918.

CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Garfield National Bank

New York, December 31, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business which may be brought before the said meeting will be held at the banking house, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, on Tuesday, January 14, 1919, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 12 M.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, December 30th, 1918.

The Annual Election of Directors and Inspectors of Election of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nos. 44 & 46 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919. The polls will be opened at 1 o'clock P. M., and will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from January 11th to January 15th.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK

New York, December 14, 1918.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held in the banking rooms, No. 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon January 11th, 1919, until 10 o'clock A. M. January 15, 1919.

J. F. BOUKER, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of OSTRANDER & CO., INC., will be held at the office of the Company, 15-17 THOMAS STREET, NEW YORK CITY, January 14th, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such business as may come before said meeting.

H. H. ROCKWELL, Secretary.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
West 57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.
Dr. WILLIAM B. RILEY
of Minneapolis, Minn., is assisting
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.,
IN REVIVAL SERVICES
every night at 8 o'clock and every afternoon at 3 o'clock until Jan. 16.
Dr. PAUL RADER,
Pastor of the Moody Church, Chicago, will also speak every afternoon at 4 o'clock.
Dr. Riley's sermon subjects tomorrow:
10:30—"THE MEANING OF CHURCH MEMBERSHIP."
8—"MUTUAL CONFESSION."
Dr. Riley's sermon subjects on Monday, Jan. 13, will be:
3—"THE BIBLICAL ORDER OF MILLENNIAL EVENTS."
8—"THE ONE ASTRAY."
Dr. Riley will speak this (Saturday) afternoon and evening. Subjects:
3—"THE RETURN OF THE JEW TO PALESTINE."
7:30—"THE RECOVERY OF THE BACKSLIDER."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"THE OMNIPOTENCE OF FAITH."
8—"MUST THE OLD CHURCH GO DOWN AND A NEW CHURCH BE FORMED?"

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, Pastor.
Dr. L. M. ZWEMER of Cairo, Ill.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.
J. Howard Ardrey, Leader, Men's Class, 9:40.
Mrs. Merrett, Leader, Women's Class, 10.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Will the World, the Flesh and the Devil Hold Their Own Till Christ Comes Back?"

First in parables of Matthew Thirteenth. He who understands Matthew Thirteenth can understand his Bible. If you wish to enjoy your Bible more than any other book, come hear this series.

8 P. M.—"Where are the Dead? Are They Still Human? Do They Remember Us? Can They Be Happy Without Us? Is Our Lord Jesus Christ Coming Soon to Bring Them Back to Us?"

In the loss of his only son, Dr. Haldeman has passed through an experience that makes him interpreter of the sorrows of others. He will take up these questions. If you desire comfort, come hear the sermon.

Friday night, Jan. 17, 8 o'clock, "Wonderful Things God Has said about the Jews."

JUDSON MEMORIAL.
Washington Square.
11 A. M., A. RAY PETTY, Pastor, "FOUR-SQUARE CHRISTIANS."
8 P. M., ARTHUR GLEASON, "LESSONS FROM BRITISH LABOR FOR AMERICAN RECONSTRUCTION."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST ST.
CHARLES A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR,
Will Preach at Both Services.
11 A. M.—"OUR DEBT TO THE DEAD"—A TRIBUTE TO THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
8 P. M.—"THE MAKING OF A MAN"
10 A. M.—Eaton Class for Men, 30 E. 31st St.
Women's Bible Class, 10 A. M.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"The Prophetic Hour."
8 P. M.—"The League of Nations."

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST CHURCH,
179th-180th Sts., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY.
11—"Real Power and Whence It Comes."
8—"The Dead Statesman and the Living Christ."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, Convent Av. and 145th St.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Missing the Mark."
8 P. M.—"Y. M. C. A. Work in France."
Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D.

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES.
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,985 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—260 W. 83d St. 11 A. M. only.
Eighth Church—Subway Bldg., 86th & Lex. Av.
Bedford Park Society—2,562 Briggs Av., on Sunday, 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
Dr. JEFFERSON will preach at 11 and 8.

MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St.
Dr. McELVEEN at 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH.
142 West 81st St.
Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.
6-8 P. M., Soldiers' Supper and Social.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE,
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Service Sunday, 11 A. M.;
Speaker: Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Subject: "Real Things."
ADULT BIBLE CLASS, 10 A. M.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 64TH ST.
Sunday Morning, Jan. 12, at 11 o'clock.
Speaker, Dr. FELIX ADLER.
Subject, "THE ETHICAL MOTIVE IN BUSINESS."
Sunday Evening, Jan. 12, at 8 o'clock,
Speaker, Mr. ALFRED W. MARTIN.
Subject, "MOSES AND THE TEN COMMANDMENTS."

Interdenominational

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.......................8 A. M.
Service and Sermon, (The Rector)..11 A. M.
Evensong, (Bishop Sage)..............8 P. M.
Daily Noon-day Service at 12:30.

FULL GOSPEL CRUSADE,
Paul Rader and Party,
Held at the Manhattan Opera House,
34th St. and 8th Av.,
at 10 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
PAUL RADER, PASTOR
of Moody Church, Chicago,
will preach both morning and evening.
PROF. A. W. McKEE
will have charge of the Singing.
Special Afternoon Service
for
Young People,
held at the
GOSPEL TABERNACLE,
44th St. and 8th Av.,
at 3 P. M.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Corner Broadway and 104th St.
11 and 8, Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP.
3 P. M., Children's Church.
THURS., 8 P. M., MID-WEEK BIBLE STUDY, THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
214 West 35th St.,
ALWYN BALL, Jr.,
day, 4:15 P. M., "The Revelation of Jesus Christ." The Evening Department of the Institute's School for Christian Workers offers six courses in the English Bible and methods of Christian work. Interdenominational. Classes Tues. and Thurs. nights, 7 to 9 o'clock. Winter term opens with public rally Tues., Jan. 14, 8 P. M. Address by Dr. C. Ottman on "Lessons from the Life of Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman." The public welcome.

UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
vice in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. cher, the Rev. Professor ALBERT PARKER FITCH, D. D., of Amherst College. attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

Jewish

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
Carnegie Hall: Sunday, at 10:45 A. M.
DR. ALFRED W. MARTIN
WILL SPEAK ON
"THE COMING INTERNATIONALISM."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

FREE SYNAGOGUE FORUM,
36 West 68th St., Sunday, at 8:15 P. M.
PROFESSOR STEPHEN P. DUGGAN
WILL SPEAK ON
"THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS."

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M., Dr. Silverman on "The Inspiration of Theodore Roosevelt's Life."
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., Dr. Silverman on "Theodore Roosevelt and Americanism."
DAILY NOON SERVICE, 12:30.
All are welcome.

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
FIFTH AV., AT 76TH STREET.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN,
SATURDAY MORNING (SERMON,) 10:15.
SUNDAY MORNING AT ELEVEN.
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Av. and 55th St.—Dr. KRASS lectures today, 10 A. M. Sunday, 11 promptly. Subject, "AS OTHERS SEE THE JEW."

INSTITUTIONAL SYNAGOGUE, Mount Morris Theatre, (116th St., Corner 5th Av.) Sunday, 10:45 A. M., Rabbi Goldstein on "Theodore Roosevelt, the American Prophet."

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway at 93d St.
Rev. A. STEIMLE, D. D., Pastor.
Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
11.—Rev. Charles J. Smith, D. D., preaches.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 73d St.—Dr. Remensnyder at 11.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, West 104th, near Columbus Av.
11:00—Dr. F. B. Harris.
7:30—Dr. C. M. Boswell of Philadelphia.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH,
(Mother Church of American Methodism.)
Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11—Dr. Sockman, "Love Homeward Bound."
8—BARON EUGENE FERSEN of Russia, "Russia's Fight for Freedom."
6-8—Social Tea. Soldiers and Sailors.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av.
(The Big Church Around the Corner.)
Rev. J. W. CHASEY, B. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Deity of Our Lord."
8 P. M.—"The Nations at the Cross Roads."

ST. ANDREW'S,
76th St., near Columbus Av.
11 A. M.—Rev. Allan MacRossie, D. D.
8 P. M.—Lt. Dalton Schagel of Canada.

ST. JAMES, Madison Av. and 126th St.
8 P. M.—Roosevelt as His Attorney Knew Him, by W. H. Van Benschoten; also Dr. McCrea, Sec. with 1st Div. in France.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street.
Rev. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Sons of God Revealed."
4:30 P. M.—"Out of Egypt."
10:15 A. M.—Men's Bible Class. *Strangers Welcome.*

UNION M. E. CHURCH,
48TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY.
Sunday School, 10 A. M.
Preaching by Rev. HALFORD E. LUCCOCK.
11 A. M.—"Reborn Convictions."
8 P. M.—"The Grip of Dead Hands."

Memorial Service to
COLONEL THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
(Methodist Preachers Meeting.)
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, will speak.
Monday, 11 A. M., 150 Fifth Ave.

New Church
(Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10:15 A. M. Service, 11.
The Pastor will preach. Subject:
LOOSE THOUGHTS.

New Thought

To-morrow at 4 P. M.
HOW TO HEAL.
An explanation of the mental attitude necessary to heal
By MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND
(Only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward)
AT COHAN THEATRE,
Broadway and 43d Street.
Doors open at 3:30 P. M.

SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.
FREE DAILY LECTURES
Bretton Hall, 86th Street and Broadway,
every morning at 11 o'clock
(except Saturdays and Sundays).
Friday Evenings at 8:30 o'clock
at Bretton Hall.
Subject Free Friday Evening Lecture,
A TALK ON TROWARD, HIS CHARACTERISTICS, METHOD OF STUDY AND TEACHING.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 WEST 72D STREET.
Sunday—11:15 A. M., EDITH A. MARTIN; 3:30 P. M., "How to Succeed in Business," testimony meeting, ANNA C. NOLLE; 8:15 P. M., HARRY GAZE.
Monday—8:15 P. M., EDITH A. MARTIN.
Tues.—3 P. M., Miss JULIE M. COOKE.
Wednesday—8:15 P. M., MARY ALLEN; 8:15 P. M., Mrs. A. VANCE CHENEY.
Thurs.—3 P. M., healing, Dr. GREEN; 6:30 P. M., reception and dinner at Aldine Club, Fifth Avenue Building.
ELIZABETH TOWNE, HARRY GAZE,
Dr. JOSEPH PERRY GREEN,
Dr. J. HERMAN RANDALL, and others.
Fri.—8:15 P. M., Dr. O. S. MARDEN.
Sat.—8:15 P. M., SUCCESS FORUM.
Dr. JOSEPH PERRY GREEN, daily 3 P. M.; also Monday and Tuesday, 8:15 P. M.

SOCIETY OF THE INNER LIFE AND UNITY CENTER,
28 West 72d St.—Sunday, 9:30 A. M., Sabbath School. 11:15 A. M., WALTER NEWELL WESTON, Subject: "Spirituality vs. Spiritualism." 3:30 P. M., PAULA VERDU. 8:15 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Mondays and Fridays, 8:15 P. M., ADA RAINEY, "Law of Prosperity." Tuesday, 8:15 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Wednesday, 3 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Meetings at 3 and 8:15 P. M. daily, except Saturday. WALTER NEWELL WESTON, Advanced Lectures, Thursday, 3 and 8:15 P. M.

BUSINESS CHURCH OF NEW YORK,
Hotel McAlpin, (Green Room,) 11:15.
"SELF DENIAL," (Special Request).
Sunday evening at same hotel, 8 o'clock,
GRAND RALLY.
Speakers:
Oscar F. Smith, Adelaide Cutler,
Mrs. Geo. F. Hadley, Amy R. Sewards,
Willis T. Mead. Anna C. Nolle.
Madeline Giller at the piano. Recitation by Mrs. A. Robyne.
Solos by Miss Florence B. Watkins.
Admission Free. All Welcome.

MRS. MARY CHAPIN,
Sunday, 11 o'clock: Subject:
"HOW WE LOVE."
"Love is the great human divine motive power for all good. In what does it manifest itself?"
Mehlin Piano Hall, 4 E. 43d St., cor. 5th Av. All welcome. Interviews, Biltmore, R. 641.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M.
Brooklyn Masonic Temple, cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Subject, Jan. 12, "The University of Hard Knocks." Music. All welcome.

"The Law of Instantaneous Healing," at CHALIF'S HALL, 163 WEST 57TH ST., at 8:15 P. M., by
DR. JOSEPH PERRY GREEN,
Psychologist and Metaphysician.

UNITY SOCIETY, 163 West 57th St.
Sunday morning, 11:15 o'clock.
Monday afternoon, 3 o'clock.

Presbyterian

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. / Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
SIGNOR ERNESTO GIAMPICCOLI will preach at 11. Mr. GREENE will preach at 4. Bible School at 9:40.
7:30 P. M.—Army and Navy Evening Service. Speaker: Mr. FRANK A. PEARSOLL, just returned from work with the Red Triangle overseas; subject, "With the 'Yanks,' 'Tommies,' and Poilus in France."
DEDICATORY RECITAL on the new organ Thursday evening at 8:15 by Clarence Dickinson. The full Choir will sing. Soloists, Inez Barbour, Rose Bryant, Lambert Murphy, Frank Croxton.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th Street.
Rev. W. Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D.D., Pastor
10:00 A. M.—Men's Bible Class.
11:00 A. M.—Rev. Wilton Merle-Smith, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. Hugh Black, D. D.

Presbyterian

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. ARTHUR J. BROWN, D. D., will preach in the morning, and Dr. PALMER in the afternoon.
Offering for Assembly's Board of Foreign Missions.
Bible School at 9:30. Men's Class at 10.
Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. in the Chapel,
Rev. HUGH BLACK, D. D.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Founded 1716.
Old First, University Place, Madison Square Foundation,
FIFTH AVENUE, 11TH TO 12TH STREET.
11 A. M.,
REV. DR. HUGH BLACK.
8 P. M.,
REV. DR. CHARLES P. FAGNANI.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway, at 174th St.
Rev. Daniel Hoffman Martin, D. D., Pastor.
11.—"Home Ties Broken and Restored."
7:45—"What Do You Know About Bolshevism?"
Address by Hon. H. T. BAKER.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Dr. Work Preaches, "Home Day."
8 P. M.—Pageant, "Armenia's Call."

HARLEM-NEW YORK. 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
Rev. WILLIAM K. NEWTON will preach at both services.

LABOR TEMPLE,
Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue.
OPEN FORUM—8 P. M.
"Making Democracy Safe for Humanity."
2.—"The Worker and His Work."
Speaker—RICHARD ROBERTS of London.
LECTURE—5 P. M.,
"Shakespeare: An Estimate,"
DR. WILL DURANT.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D.,
Rev. CHARLES R. BROWN, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. J. GORDON GILKEY.
ALL SEATS FREE.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Dr. Mackay.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 85th St.
REV. TERTIUS VAN DYKE, PASTOR, will preach at 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
The Pastor, REV. DANIEL RUSSELL, D.D., will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV. PRESBYTERIAN, Corner 141st St.—Services 11 and 8,
Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D., Pastor.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam Av., corner 105th.
Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin preaches 11 and 8.
11—"Roosevelt and the Home." 8—"Roosevelt—the Great American." Solos, Hans Kronold, cellist.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. EVANS will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
8 P. M., Special Music, quartet choir.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE.
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
8 & 10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—The Holy Communion, (Japanese.)
11 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. A. R. Gray.
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M.; 5 P. M.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion ....8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector).11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas)..4 P. M.
Strangers Welcome.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.—Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector. 11—"Theodore Roosevelt," (Rector.) 4—Music, Handel's "Messiah." 8—Forum: "THE TRUTH ABOUT THE MILK SITUATION," E. R. Eastman and H. J. Kershaw of the DAIRYMEN'S LEAGUE.

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
89th St., near Madison Avenue.
Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.
CONFIRMATION and Sermon by BISHOP BURCH at 11.
Shortened EVENSONG, with special VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC at 4. Contralto Solo, "O Love Divine," Scott; Anthem, "Arise, Shine," Elvey.
VIOLIN, 'CELLO, HARP AND ORGAN.
Address by Rector on the Character of THEODORE ROOSEVELT. All welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services—
8, 10:15, and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., (Rector.)

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. HERBERT SHIPMAN, B. D., Rector.
11, Rt. Rev. WILSON R. STEARLY, D. D., Bishop Coadjutor of Newark.
8, Lieut. Col. G. G. WOODWARK of the British Army, awarded the Legion of Honor by the French Government. SPECIAL PATRIOTIC MUSIC, violin and organ.

Thirty-seventh Annual
MASS MEETING
of the
CHURCH TEMPERANCE SOCIETY,
To be held in the
CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
Fifth Av. and 45th St.,
Monday Evening Next, Jan. 13, 1919,
At 8:15 P. M.
SPEAKERS.
The Rt. Rev. Jas. R. Darlington, D. D., Bishop of Harrisburg.
The Rt. Rev. Charles S. Burch, D. D., LL. D.
The Rev. Jas. Empringham, D. D., S. T. D.
Following the meeting an exhibition of moving pictures will be given demonstrating a new idea in photo-plays.
NO ADMISSION FEE.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
[illegible]—Holy Communion.
[illegible]—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
[illegible]—Holy Communion.
[illegible]—Children's Service.
[illegible]—Speaker, Sidney L. Gulick.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
Rev. HORACE PERCY SILVER, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Choral Evensong.
ADDRESS BY RECTOR.
SPECIAL MUSIC—VIOLIN AND ORGAN.
Prayer and intercession, with address, daily except Saturday, 12:20 to 12:40.
Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
8, 11 and 8 (E. M. Parrott); 8 (Rev. F. Burgess).

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway at 71st St.
Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, B.D., Rector.
Services 8:30 and 11 A. M.
11—"Human Greatness: A Tribute to the Memory of Theodore Roosevelt."
8—Address by Hon. Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
240 East 31st St.
Rev. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
Holy Communion every Sunday at 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon at 11 A. M.
Service and address, (in Italian,) 4 P. M.
Evening Sermon at 8 P. M.
Sunday School every Sunday, 9:30 A. M.
Intercessions Friday evenings, 8 o'clock.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, (Trinity Parish,) Broadway, 155th St.—Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar, 8, 8:45, 9:45, 11 A. M., 4, 8 P. M. Popular Vespers, (4 P. M.) Hans Kronold, 'Cellist; Leo Riggs, Recital.

ST. ANDREW'S,
Fifth Av. and 127th St.
Rev. GEO. R. VAN DE WATER, RECTOR.
Services, 8, 11, Rector on "HE WAS A BURNING AND A SHINING LIGHT;" 4, Rev. [illegible] (curate). Organ Recital by Wm. A. Goldsworthy.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Park Av. and 51st St.
Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D.D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. Dr. Leighton Parks will preach.
[illegible] Sunday School.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Address, (Rector.)

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
on 16th St., East of 3d Av.
ALL SEATS ARE FREE.
Rev. KARL REILAND, D. D., Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES.
8, 11 (Rector) and 8.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH,
West End Av. and 87th St.
Rev. WILLIAM PITT McCUNE, Rector.
Masses 7, 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction, 4.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 71st Street,
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER.
8, 11 A. M., (Rev. WILLIAM AUSTIN SMITH.) 4 P. M., (Rector.)

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WILLIAM T. WALSH, Rector.
11 A. M.—"Renewing Your Mind."
8 P. M.—Cantata, "First Christmas."

Protestant Episcopal

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Rev. WILLIAM T. WALSH, Rector.
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
SUNDAY EVENING, JAN 12, 8 O'CLOCK.
A FEAST OF LIGHTS.
ANNUAL RENDITION OF CANTATA,
"THE FIRST CHRISTMAS,"
By C. WHITNEY COOMBS.
VESTED CHOIR OF 60 VOICES.
SOLOISTS:
ADELAIDE FISHER, Soprano.
MARGARET CRAWFORD, Contralto.
ALBERT LINDQUIST, Tenor.
KENNETH ROGERS, Baritone.
THE COMPOSER AT THE ORGAN.
NO CARDS REQUIRED.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth Street, west of Second Avenue.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon by the Rector. Subject, "The Progress of the Racial Type."
4 P.M.—Pyscho-Analysis and Social Progress, Everett Dean Martin, B. A.; Mary Keyt Isham, M. D.; Thomas J. Libbin.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Low Masses 7:30, 8:15 and 9; Solemn Mass, Procession and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delaney, D. D.,) 10:45; Vespers and Sermon, (Rev. H. S. Whitehead,) 4.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St., (126th and Amsterdam.)—Rev. FREDERIC W. GOODMAN, Rector, 8 and 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 26 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11, and 8.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL
Broadway and Fulton Street
Services 8, 10:30 and 5; also
A Preaching Service, 8 P. M.
During Jan., Feb. Society of St. John Evangelist (Cowley Fathers)
FATHER POWELL, SUPERIOR

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th, near Broadway.
Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES, 8, 11, and 4 o'clock.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, Rector.
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address, (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St.—DR HOUGHTON, Rector.
Services.—7, 8, 9, 10:30 A. M.; 4 and 8 P. M.
SERMON and FARMER'S MASS, 10:30 A. M.

TRINITY CHURCH,
Broadway and Wall St.
7, 8, 9—Holy Communion.
10:30—Litany.
11—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon.
Preacher, Rev. Dr. MANNING.
3:30—Choral Evensong and Sermon.
8—ANNUAL GUILD FESTIVAL SERVICE.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer.
4:45 P. M.—Instruction on Christian Doctrine.

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.
THE MIDDLE CHURCH.
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH.
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister.
Rev. GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D.D., of the Baptist Temple, Brooklyn, will preach at 11 A. M.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D.D., at 8 P. M.

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M.—"Songs in the Night."
8 P. M.—"The Coming Peace Conference."

THE WEST END CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. At 4:30 P. M., Rev. ERNESTO GIAMPICCOLI will speak. Subject: "The War and the Waldenses in Italy."

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.
At 8 P. M. Rev. OLIVER PAUL BARNHILL will preach.
Subject: "The Kingdom of God."
Sunday School at 9:55 A. M.
All Seats Free.

HAMILTON GRANGE,
Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.
Rev. John A. Dykstra, Minister. 11 and 8.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan; Lafayette & Washington Avs. Brooklyn.

Spiritualist

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH,
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th St. and 8th Av.
Sundays at Eight P. M. Sharp.
LEARN THAT SPIRIT COMMUNION IS TRUE.
Mrs. M. E. Williams, Inspiration Speaker, Will Lecture. Messages Given.

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION,
Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St.
Services, Friday, at 2:30. Sundays at 8.
Speaker next Sunday, Mrs. E. Girvin. Message bearer, Mrs. Holmes.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th.—Helen Temple Brigham, morning and evening. Evening theme: "What Spiritualists Believe."

Theosophy

AT HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE,
Broadway, 67th St.
Central Lodge Theosophical Society.
International President, Mrs. Annie Besant.
SUNDAY, JAN. 12TH, 8:15 P. M.
Mrs. MAUDE LAMBERT TAYLOR,
"THE GHOSTS IN SHAKESPEARE'S DRAMAS."
Class in The Secret Doctrine every Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.
Class in Elementary Theosophy every Friday, 8:15 P. M.
Public Cordially Invited.

AT 2,228 BROADWAY.
N. Y. LODGE, THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, FOUNDED 1897.
Internat'l President, Mrs. ANNIE BESANT.
Sunday, 8:15 P. M. Speaker:
DR. F. MILTON WILLIS.
"THE MYSTERY OF THE SELF."
FREE PUBLIC CLASSES.
Tuesday, 3 P. M. Thurs. and Fri., 8:30 P. M.
Lending Library. ALL ARE WELCOME.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, (Independent,) 25 West 45th St.—Public lecture Sun. Eve., 8:15, "Karma, the Illuminator." B. B. Gattell.

Unitarian

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st St. Services at 11.
"MAN AS MECHANISM."
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.
Forum: 8 P. M., GEO. E. VINCENT, President, Rockefeller Foundation.
"INTERNATIONALISM AND PUBLIC HEALTH."

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, Park Av. and 34th St.—11 A. M., JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, "THE REDISCOVERY OF GOD (1) COMRADESHIP, THE PRESENCE OF GOD." 7:15 P. M., COUNT ILYA TOLSTOY, "RUSSIA AND TOLSTOY."

ALL SOULS—4th Av., at 20th St.
Dr. WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister.
11 A. M., "To What Does the Unitarian Church Ask the Loyalty of Free Men?"
A CORDIAL WELCOME TO ALL.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn.
11 A. M., Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP.

Universalist

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor,
will preach at 11 A. M.
"LIBERTY AND LAW."

Y. M. C. A.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS Y. M. C. A.,
531 West 155th St., Near Broadway.
Dr. J. W. VAN KIRK,
World Traveler and Lecturer.
"THE NEW INTERNATIONALISM."
4:30 P. M. Ladies Invited.

C. WALLACE PETTY,
"The Philosophy of a Subway Guard."
Music.—The Junior Cornet Trio.
EAST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 153 East 86th St.
Lexington Av. Subway Express Stop.

"WORLD PROBLEMS AND MINE."
Dr. FRANK CRANE.
West Side Y.M.C.A., 4 P. M., 318 W. 57th St.
MEN ONLY.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Sun., Jan. 12, 3:30 P. M., Bronx Union Y. M. C. A., 470 East 161st St., "Manhood and the Public Health."

DR. KARL REILAND,
"AMERICAN RECONSTRUCTION."
23d St. Y.M.C.A., 215 W. 23d St., Sun., 4 P.M.

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL BRANCH, Lexington Av., (53d St.)
4:30, "THE UNCONSCIOUSNESS OF VIRTUE."
DR. TERTIUS VAN DYKE, Speaker.
7:30, "AFTER THE WAR PROBLEMS."
Lieut. Hugh Lofting, Royal Irish Guards.

HARLEM BRANCH, 13 Mt. Morris Park, W.
Vespers 4 P. M.
MISS LAURA RINEHART, Speaker.

WEST SIDE BRANCH, 501 West 50th St.
VESPERS and SOCIAL HOUR, 4 P. M.
MISS ISABEL ESTEN, Leader.

BRONX BRANCH, 329 East 176th St.
VESPERS and SOCIAL HOUR, 4:30 P. M.
MISS CHARLOTTE E. HUDNUT, Speaker.

Other Services

"DID THE WORLD WAR GIVE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE A SERIOUS SETBACK?"
Casino Theatre, 39th and Broadway, Sun., 8 P. M.
Prof. C. T. Everson, Lecturer.
Good Music. Free.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY
makes life livable here and hereafter.
Nothing like it anywhere.
Not better—Not worse—*But Different.*
CRITERION THEATRE, B'way at 44th St.
Sunday, 11 a. m., F. W. Sears, M. P., Orator.
Subject: "MAKING THE NEXT WORLD SAFE FOR DEMOCRACY."
A wonderful lecture by a still more wonderful man.

WHAT CONSTITUTES A CHRISTIAN?
What say the Scriptures?
Lecturer: Dr. S. N. Wiley of Philadelphia.
Sunday, 3 P. M., Berean Bible Class.
Carnegie Hall, Studio 61,
154 West 57th St., New York City.
All welcome. Seats free. No collection.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
On Saturday, Jan. 18, our Superintendent, T. J. Noonan, will complete 15 years of active service with The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St. We anticipate a remarkable gathering. You are invited. Gospel service nightly, 10 P. M. Nothing like it in the world.

ORDER OF CHRISTIAN MYSTICS.
DR. and MRS. F. HOMER CURTISS.
Sun., 11 A. M., "After the War, What?"
Wed., 8 P. M., "The Superconscious Mind."
Public Healing Service Daily at Noon.
298 West End Ave., cor. 74th St.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 50 W. 67th St.
Swami Bodhananda, "Power of Silence." 3 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Hancock Street, between Bedford and Franklin Avenues. (Take Fulton Street "L" or surface car to Franklin Avenue.) Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS.—Remsen and Henry Sts., (near Borough Hall subway.) REV. RICHARD ROBERTS will preach at 11 A. M., 7:45 P. M.—"Home Time." Miss MADELEINE F. JAFFRAY will tell of her experience as a Red Cross Nurse in France.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street. Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor. 11 A. M.—"THEODORE ROOSEVELT." 7:45 P. M.—Memorial Meeting for Theodore Roosevelt. Addressed by Dr. Hillis, Hon. Frederick M. Davenport, and possibly Congressman Fess.

Ethical Culture

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE, B'klyn Academy of Music.—11 A. M., Prof. Chas. ZUEBLIN: "FAITH UNDER FIRE."

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner South Oxford St.
Dr. CHARLES C. ALBERTSON
Will Preach at 10:30 and 7:45.

Protestant Episcopal

FATHER POWELL,
PROVINCIAL SUPERIOR OF COWLEY FATHERS, BOSTON,
will preach in Saint Paul's Church, Clinton and Carroll Streets, Brooklyn, at 11 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
Montague St., near Borough Hall.
Morning Prayer (Mr. Melish)..............11
Syria-Armenia (Mr. Nicolo-Mr. Melish). 8

Y. M. C. A.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."
Address by Dr. S. PARKES CADMAN.
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av.
Sunday, 3:30 P. M.—Men Only—Free.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of GREYSTONE SILICA PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.—No. 24942.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that Anthony P. Savarese, the Trustee herein, will sell at public auction under the rules and practice of this court, at the office of John J. Townsend, referee, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on the 21st day of January, 1919, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, 38 acres of land, together with the improvements thereon, located at Greystone, in the Town of Plymouth, County of Litchfield, State of Connecticut, all as set forth in the Trustee's petition filed in the office of the referee herein.
New York, January 8, 1919.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
31 Nassau Street, N. Y. City.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26252.
Notice is given that ANTON VERLEGH, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26130.
Notice is given that ABRAHAM BEHRMAN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26037.
Notice is given that HENRY CHRISTIE, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JAN. 10.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 25.11 ft n of 101st St, 25x100; Isaac Brandon and Bros. et al. to Louise Kissling, 38 North 10th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg $21,000, all liens, Jan. 8; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

ARDEN ST, 20, s w s, 209.6 ft n w of Nagle Av, 40.6x130; Arrow Holding Corporation to Kingdala Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, mtg $34,000; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway.....$100

HILLSIDE AV, centre line, 375 ft s e from centre line of Nagle Av, runs n e 365.10x s e 180.3 to centre line of Hillside Av x s w, as same curves, 436.1 to beginning, except part taken by city for Hillside Av, the property intended to be conveyed is as follows: Hillside Av, 409.11 ft s e from corner of said avenue and Nagel Av, runs n e 334.9x s e 154.10 to Hillside Av x s w, as same curves, 11.11x s w and w, 332.11 and 49.5 to beginning; Charles W. Hill to George T. Schersinger, 1,018 East 233d St, Bronx; attorney, Alvin B. Champlin, 66 Liberty St.....$1

7TH AV, 2,195, e s, 24.11 ft s of 130th St, 18.9x75; Right Realty and Security Co. to Willis W. Brown, 133 West 133d St, mtg $10,500, Jan. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

9TH AV, s e s, at n e s of 207th St, 89.11x100; Charles W. Hill to George T. Schersinger, 1,018 East 233d St, Bronx, all liens; attorney, A. B. Champlin, 66 Liberty St.....$1

9TH AV, 736, e s, 44 ft s of 50th St, 22.4x82 x40.6x80; Kenton Realty Co. to William Prager, 129 East 74th St, et al., exrs., ¼ part, b. and s.; attorneys, Eisman, L., C. & L., 135 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lewine & Kempner to same, ¼ part, confirmation of deed, Jan 2; attorneys, same.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; William Prager et al., exrs., to Kenton Realty Co., 135 Broadway, ¾ part, b. and s., Jan. 3.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Bernard Kempner and Fisher Lewine to same, 2 deeds, each ¼ part, b. and s.; attorneys, same.....$1

11TH ST, 152 West, s s, 151 ft e of Greenwich Av, 18.9x43.3x19.9x37.1; John Z. Lowe to Elizabeth W. Coxe, 152 West 11th St, mtg $6,500, also P. M. mtg $6,000, Dec. 30; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,500

12TH ST, 722-8 East, s w c Dry Dock St, (19,) 84x75; Elinor F. Bennett to Arthur McGlone, 19 W 65th St; mtg, $26,000, Oct. 30, 1917; attorneys, Bennett, W. & N., 2 Rector St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Arthur McGlone to Max Petersdorf, 618 W 187th St; mtg, $26,000, all liens, Jan. 8; attorneys, same.....$1

18TH ST, n s, 275 ft w of 7th St, 25x½ block; Bessie C. H. Goodman to Isaac Hutkoff et al., executors, 148 East 118th St, b. and s., Dec. 27; attorneys, Lind & P., 46 Cedar St.....$1

20TH ST, 335-7 East, n s, 222.7 ft w of 1st Av, 35.8x92; Wellworth Property Co to Wolf Morgenrath, 335 E 20th St; mtg, $3,800, Jan. 9; attorney, I. I. Steinberg, 41 Park Row.....$100

22D ST, 421 West, n s, 166.8 ft w of 9th Av, 16.8x98.9; Alfred Birchett to Altana F. Garni, 421 West 22d St, 1-5 part, all title, all liens, Aug. 29, 1918; attorney, L. E. Ziegener, 7 Hanover Square.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Margrete Birchett to same, quitclaim, all title, Dec. 31; attorney, same.....$1

22D ST, 421 West, n s, 166.8 ft w of 9th Av, 16.8x98.9; James I. Birchett et al. to Altana F. Garni, 421 West 22d St, 1-5 part, all title, all liens, Aug. 29, 1918; attorney, L. E. Ziegener, 7 Hanover Square.....$1

37TH ST, n s, 255 ft e of 6th Av, 20x½ block; Patrick V. Ryne to Edna W. Hulbert, 140 West 55th St, mtg $22,000, Jan. 7; attorney, E. W. Kingsland, 605 5th Av.....$100

45TH ST, n s, 141 ft w of 1st Av, 159x100.5; The Fred Oppermann, Jr., Brewing Co. to Frankmer Corp., 73 William St, all liens, Nov. 1; attorneys, Fitch & Grant, 32 Nassau St.....$1

71ST ST, 120 West, s s, 194 ft w of Columbus Av, 21x100.5; 210 West 56th Street Co. to Eleanor A. Sisson, 263 Washington Park, Brooklyn, mtg $16,500, Jan. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

93D ST, n s, 370 ft w of 3d Av, 14x61; Mabel Goldstein to Josephine Zimmermann, at Savoy Hotel; mtg, $4,800, March 30, 1917; attorneys, M. B. & D. W. Blumenthal, 35 Nassau St.....$100

97TH ST, n s, 90 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Giuseppe di Francisca to Giuseppe di Francisca and Rosario Lovanes, 168 East 31st St, mtg $8,000, Dec. 24; attorney, Francis M. Testa, 230 Grand St.....$1,760

105TH ST, 72-4 East, s s, 80 ft w of Park Av, 50x100.11; Rose Urbach to Rose Hershkovitz, 2,448 Washington Av, Bronx, mtg $42,000, Jan. 10; attorney, H. M. Cohen, 132 Nassau St.....$1

114TH ST, 20 West, s s, 200 ft w of 5th Av, 17.8x100.11, (foreclosure Dec. 20, 1918;) John E. Sheehy, referee, to Clergymen's Retiring Fund Society of the P. E. Church in U. S., 281 4th Av, Jan. 10, 1919; attorney, John P. Everett, 32 Liberty St.....$10,000

115TH ST, 26 West, s s, 529 ft e of Lenox Av, 21x100.11; Philip Wolcoff to Anna W., his wife, 345 W 88th St, mtg, $8,000; attorneys, Underhill & R., 160 Broadway..$1

125TH ST, 332 East, s s, 375 ft e of 2d Av, 25.6x150x irreg; Broadway Savings Bank to Millie Rosenberg, 894 Riverside Drive; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row.....$100

128TH ST, 236 East, s s, 205 ft w of 2d Av, 18.9x99.11; Hudwill Corporation to Harry Whelan, 155 West 103d St, all liens, Dec. 21; address, 7 West 45th St.....$1

129TH ST, 117 East, n s, 240 ft e of Park Av, 24.10x99.11; Christian W. Schildwachter to Hy. H. Cording, 45 West 127th St, Jan. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

147TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Jerome Birns to 147th Street and Amsterdam Avenue Realty Co., 31 Nassau St, all liens, Jan. 10; attorney, Hy. A. Friedman, 31 Nassau St.....$100

Bronx.

BECK ST, 862, s e s, 40x60; Rosa Greenblatt et al to Joseph Shapiro, 440 East 139th St, Nov. 23, 1918; attorney, H. W. Fried, 290 Broadway.....$100

BRONXDALE AV, 1,849, w s, 25x99.9; Frank J. Coyle, referee, to Henry Suhrig and ano., 25 Manhattan Av, Jan. 7; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St.....$4,000

MORRIS AV, 1,258, e s, 39.6x100; Alotto Realties, Inc., to John C. Michael, 405 East 159th St, and ano., mtg $21,500, Jan. 8; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St..$100

McLEAN AV, s s, being Lots 201 and 202, map part of Hyatt farm; Annie Cobban to George W. Cobban, mtg $2,250, May 6, 1898; attorney, J. C. McEachern, 271 Broadway.....$1

ST. LAWRENCE AV, 1,210, e s, 25x100; Elvey K. Johnston to Richard W. Harner, 701 West 148th St, mtg $4,000, Jan. 9; attorney, Richard W. Harner, 16 Exchange Place.$100

ST. ANN'S AV, 128-130, e s, 40x100; Felix Levy to Johanna Levy, March 21, 1910; attorney, M. Auerbach, 25 Broad St.....$100

TEASDALE PLACE, s s, 525 ft w of Trinity Av, 25x100; Felix Levy to Johanna Levy, May 9, 1910; attorney, M. Auerbach, 25 Broad St.....$100

145TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of Clifton Av, 25x100; Margaret Schoepps to August Meyer, 428 East 145th St, Jan. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,600

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Front St, 361 and 363, for a one-story garage, 50x140; J. Coakley, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $12,000.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

64th St, 121 East, to a four-story dwelling; T. J. Munds, 470 Park Av, owner; J. E. Casale, 569 5th Av., architect; cost, $20,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

Church St, 212, n w corner of Thomas St, 25x75x irregular, five-story loft; voluntary sale; to George F. Cromwell for $45,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

38th St, 237-241 West, n s, 377 ft e of 8th Av, 51.4x98.9, three four-story dwellings; Central Savings Bank against L. A. Cregan et al.; A. H. Mosle, attorney; due, $42,505.05; taxes, &c., $557.50; to Daniel S. and Leon Dryer for $46,600.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

84th St, 45 West, n s, 194 ft e of Columbus Av, 18x102.2, four-story and basement dwelling; M. L. Peters against R. S. Streep et al.; F. M. Tichenor, attorney; due, $4,408.59; taxes, &c., $482.60; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Henry Brady.

127th St, 110 West, s s, 125 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story and basement dwelling; J. E. C. Leavitt et al. against Harry Bierhoff et al.; R. A. B. Dayton, attorney; due, $10,346.94; taxes, &c., $145.80; to the plaintiff for $9,000.

East End Av, 48, w s, 76.8 ft s of 82d St, 25.6x98, five-story tenement and stores; Vincent Greubel, exr., against Gottlieb Keuerleber et al.; Frees & McE., attorneys; due, $13,968.77; taxes, &c., $390; to the plaintiff for $12,500.

MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Bronx.

WILCOX AV, w s, 200 ft s of Barkley Av, 84.6x100.10x irregular; William C. Seyenberg against Ferdinand Drda or Fred Brada, owner and contractor.....$367

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Bronx.

ALBANY CRESCENT, 3,160; Thomas McBride against Martin Passannanti et al., Jan. 16, 1911.....$235

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

5TH AV, 1,489; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp. et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

29TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of 9th Av, 16.8x98.9; Society of St. Johnland against Alysee Realty Co., Inc., et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

Bronx.

JEFFERSON AV, s s, 50 ft w of Bracken Av, 25x100, and Jefferson Av, s s, 75 ft w of Bracken Av, 25x100; Heinrich Schwartz against Harry Rubin et al., action to declare deed a mortgage, &c.; attorney, J. L. Holtzmann.

135TH ST, s s, 466.6 ft e of Willis Av, 16x100; Charles J. Richter, trustee, &c., against Henry Firleke et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. B. Hopping.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

Private house for sale, five stories, 15 rooms, 4 baths; excellent condition; refined location; valuable leasehold. Owner, 62 W. 51st St.

Brooklyn.

CALIFORNIA TYPE comfort homes; garage, sleeping porch, &c.; $45 month carries; pamphlet. JOHN F. CHURLO, 1,778 West 11th St., Brooklyn, 3 blocks west Kings Highway station, Sea Beach subway.

Bronx.

Furnished cottage for rent in Bedford Park section, Bronx; convenient to Grand Central Station, "L," subway, and trolley lines; ten rooms; all improvements and fuel; cozy, attractive, practical; quiet neighborhood; near park; $150 monthly. Address C. B. F., 240 East 136th St.

Long Island.

Forest Hills Gardens.—Detached house, 7 rooms and bath, on plot 50x100; room for garage; easy terms. Apply at sales office on property.

New Jersey.

Maplewood.—Seven rooms, bath; all modern improvements; garage for two cars; convenient to D., L. & W. W 174 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

LESSEES!—Chance to make $30,000 yearly; marvelous opportunity; magnificent modern building; elegant location; heart and centre city; showing wonderful profits for lessees; chance of lifetime. Edward Browning, 110 West 40th St.

$1,000 cash will buy a 4-family, 4-story house, 6 rooms and bath; hot water supply. Apply to J. Cash, 299 Broadway.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, northern Westchester County, estate of 178 acres, modern house, sanitary barns, good orchard; land high and fertile. Apply owner, Granite Springs, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

For sale at a big bargain.—6-story new law apt.; all improvements; 50 by 100; rent over $10,000; price $54,000; mortgage $43,000, just placed. J. Loeb, 296 W. 142d St.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

GREENWICH, CONN.

A GENTLEMAN'S estate, known as Fairholme, at Belle Haven, Town of Greenwich, Connecticut.

STONE, stucco, heavy timber, and tile roof residence of 22 rooms, 6 bathrooms, garage, greenhouses, gardener's cottage and chauffeur's cottage.

GROUNDS attractively laid out, of 5.8 acres, in lawn and shrubbery, garden, drives and walks, large vegetable garden and tennis court.

TO BE sold at public auction on Saturday, January the 18th, 1919, at 2:00 o'clock, on the premises.

TERMS of sale, 10% cash, to be paid the date of sale, balance within 30 days.

SATISFACTORY mortgage may be arranged.

FOR other information concerning this sale

Apply to Smith Building,
THOMAS N. COOKE, Greenwich, Conn.
Committee Appointed.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island
16 Minutes from Heart of Manhattan

With all its wonderful country charm, affords every convenience and safe-guard of the city; the best investment possible, in these days of rising prices—for the man who buys or builds with an eye to absolute value.

Edgeworth Smith
Sales Manager
One West 34th St., N.Y.
Phone Greeley 5250

Office at Kew Gardens Station
Phone Richmond Hill 1713

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
$50,000 First Mortgage

On very fine country estate in best section of North Shore of Long Island. An excellent opportunity for an investor to place this amount in a very conservative, safe first guaranteed mortgage. Full information will be furnished to prospective investors. Principals only. B. B., 88 Times.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY HOMES
$500 CASH,

Balance monthly payments less than rent, buys beautiful new suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 8c commutation; on plot 40x120; six rooms and bath, finished with hardwood trim, mahogany doors, white enameled woodwork; beautifully decorated; up-to-date fixtures; large porch; streets paved, sewers, gas, and electricity; plenty of space for a garage and a garden; 70 trains daily.

PRICE $4,500
AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS,
26 Cortlandt St. Phone Cortlandt 984.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x95; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

LOFT 100x60
at 10-14 East 12th St.
THREE ELEVATORS, FIREPROOF BUILDING, SPRINKLER SYSTEM. RENT REASONABLE. POSSESSION FEB. 1ST.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. FACTORY TO LEASE.
Modern two story fireproof building, just completed, 20,000 square feet; good central location; convenient to best transit. For particulars apply to LOUIS GOLD, Builder, 44 Court St., Brooklyn. Telephone Main—7050.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED
Fireproof Factory, situated in *Greater New York*, its suburbs, or within the vicinity of *Newark or Jersey City*. Require about 50,000 square feet. Write, with full details, to A.S., 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

WANTED—FACTORY
one to two story, containing 10,000 to 30,000 square feet, 2 to 10 acres of ground, suitable for light and medium manufacturing; 50 miles radius of New York City, preferably along Connecticut Coast. Address S. H., 105 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Seven-story building containing over 10,000 feet of space for rent; has electric elevator; fine building for storage purposes, in a most desirable location, Pearl Street near Brooklyn Bridge; rent $4,000 per annum. For full information see Mr. Weeks, Room A7, Produce Exchange Annex, N. Y. C. Telephone Broad 3611.

57th St., 29 West (Near 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished decorated parlor floor, suitable for studios, high class dressmaker or doctor's office; rent as whole or in part. Phone Circle 1871.

GARAGE FOR RENT; 52x100; SIX STORIES; NEARLY NEW; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE; 15-YEAR LEASE; CAPACITY 150 CARS. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Corner store about 25 feet on Broadway (upper west side district) good depth; suitable for ready-to-wear or similar line; answering, state for what business required. S 194 Times.

Will renovate 25-foot building, West 33d St., Pennsylvania section; suitable garage, light manufacturing; reasonable rental. Call Wollins & Hall, or Schwab Realty Co.

STORE, FIFTH AV., 3 WEST 16TH, $100. MR. FLEMING, CHELSEA 3100.
BROKERS.

Doctor's very desirable office, ground floor street entrance, in hotel. Apply Hotel Cecil, 210 West 118th St.

LARGE STORE, NEW BUILDING, 32d St., near Broadway; $1,200. Miller, 162 West 50th St., Circle 3067.

50TH, 5 WEST.—Stores for high-class business.

Tearoom or high-class shop; 29 West 57th, near 5th Av. Phone Circle 1871.

Large store; any business; new, attractive building; large window. 67 West 90th St.

Offices, $20 to $100; 20-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1208.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, anywhere on Manhattan Island, for about 8 months, loft, about 7,000 square feet, with small office attached and freight elevator service; state rent. A 584 Times Annex.

Structural engineer, just starting in New York, would share office of architect already established. G 99 Times.

Will purchase plant of two-cord embroidery machines or will buy separate. W. J. Rosenberg & Co., 42 East 28th.

Attorney desires office and facilities for services or moderate rental. H 618 Times Downtown.

Office wanted, about 350 square feet, south of Wall St. Telephone 3575 Broad.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH, furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

5TH AV., 615.—Buckingham Hotel Service. Front two rooms, newly, exquisitely furnished.

44TH, 141 EAST, (2-F.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; linen, china; until Oct. 1, $100 monthly. Murray Hill 8595.

49 EAST 51ST ST.
43 EAST 50TH ST.
40 WEST 58TH ST.
Attractively furnished one, two and three apartments, by month or year; meals served if desired.

77TH, 60 EAST.—Two attractively furnished rooms with bath, comprising second floor of private dwelling; will divide; breakfast optional. Plaza 5433.

30TH, 53 EAST.—Attractively furnished studio apartment; sunny rooms; exceptionally large living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; fireplaces, steam heat, electricity; seen today; second floor.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

PARK AV., 515.—Completely furnished seven-room apartment; all furnishings new and high class; never rented before; china, silver and linen furnished; rent $500 monthly to Sept. 15; immediate possession; phone Rhinelander 3852.

PARK AV., below 59th St.—Six rooms; nonelevator building. Plaza 2713.

SUBLET sunny, corner suite; exclusive; Fifth Av. Hotel. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth Av.

Furnished—West Side.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

43D ST., 26 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-4 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

48TH ST., 49 WEST.—BEDROOM, SITTING ROOM, KITCHENETTE, BATH; SEEN 1-5:30. WAHL.

56TH, 216 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished seven-room apartment. Circle 4281.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, (APT. 14-B.)—DE LUXE FURNISHED APARTMENT. Three rooms and bath, 14th floor; overlooking Hudson; south and west exposure; electric kitchenette; handsome collection of paintings by best modern artists; $300 per month; new building.

67TH, 1 WEST, (Apt. 607.)—Duplex studio, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; $200. Manager Hotel des Artistes.

65TH ST., 25 WEST.—7 rooms, bath, elegantly, completely furnished, piano, pianola, art works, private telephone, $125 month. Seen Tuesday and Thursday evenings after 7 o'clock, Sunday after 1 o'clock. Office telephone Gramercy [illegible].

70S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; piano; $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

71ST, 55 WEST.—I have acquired the mansion and furnishings of old wealthy family; wish to lease 2 elegant suites; walls done in brocaded silk; furniture, pictures, fireplaces imported by the family for their pleasure, comfort, and the 2 suites, superior to any in the city; $400-$300 month. Telephone Columbia 8055.

72D, 305 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 4-room apartment, including maid's room, for 2 months, $250 monthly. Columbus 5701.

77TH ST., 66 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; elevator apartment, newly furnished; everything fresh and clean. Apartment 6AB.

77TH, 50 WEST.—Four-room and bath apartment, furnished, to sublet for nine months; ready for immediate possession. Apply Manhattan Square Hotel, Apartment 96.

83D, 28 WEST.—Sitting room, two bedrooms; light, pleasant, warm, well furnished; china, linen, silver; large bathroom, kitchen, cooking stove, utensils; worth seeing; Central Park. Phone Schuyler 8250.

89TH, 308 WEST.—Private house; sunny third floor suite; baths, kitchenette; $70; lease.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Two beautiful large rooms, with dressing room and bath.

92D, 214 WEST.—Well furnished apartment fronting Broadway, suitable doctor or living; 4 rooms, bath, all light; subway one block. Telephone Riverside 2709, Apt. 1B.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, [illegible] one block west; leases are not necessary; references, are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included; in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

99TH, 309 WEST.—Attractively furnished 4 rooms; $110 month to October. Supt.

107TH, 203 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished apartment, 6 rooms and bath; $150 month; comfort, [illegible] Call, from 3 to 5, Apt. 2A.

111TH.—6-room apartment, attractively furnished, $135 month to April. Vanderbilt 1450.

114TH, WEST.—5 rooms, beautifully furnished, $200 month. Phone Morningside 8280, appointment.

119TH, 435 WEST, (opposite Columbia.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; southern exposure; top floor; fully furnished; adults only. Wallace.

122D, near Columbia.—Nice room for college woman, $8. Telephone Morningside 6497.

189TH ST., 561 WEST.—5 rooms and bath, basement; exceptionally fine apartment; rent $28; near 191st St. subway station.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 2974.

BUTLER PL., 20.—Four rooms, nicely furnished, up-to-date apartment; [illegible] Inquire Superintendent.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished, 9 rooms, 3 baths, near West End Av.; possession at once; short lease. Miller, 162 West 50th. Circle 3067.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (in 90s.)—To let by month, attractively furnished, 7 rooms and bath. Phone Apartment 5A, Riverside 9097.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—7 large, beautifully furnished rooms, $150. Phone Morningside 9740.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

Fourteen rooms, modern private house, facing park, west side; luxuriously furnished complete, $250 monthly. J. P., 1,418 5th Av.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE DALHOUSIE
40 to 48 Central Park South.
Only two suites now for rent, consisting of 9 rooms and bath. Excellent service day and night. Apply Superintendent on premises, or FRED'K FOX & CO., Inc., Agents, 14 W. 40th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 330.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 107, (83d.)—An exquisitely furnished, absolutely unique apartment, 3 rooms, bath, every room overlooking Hudson; immediate possession; rent $200; lease until October, shorter.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Attractive, completely furnished home, seven-room apartment; Steinway grand piano. Particulars Mrs. Orr, Bryant 7730.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420, (Hamilton,) Apt. 1-H.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished 7-room and 2-bath apartment; rent or long lease; reference required.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Attractively furnished 6-room apartment; linen; silver. Apartment 14.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420, (corner 114th St.)—Sublet rental until October, 1920, 6 rooms, foyer, 2 baths. Apt. 12E.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Desirable 6-room apt., overlooking Grant's Tomb; immediate possession.

THE REGAL APARTMENTS,
55th St. & 7th Ave. New fireproof apartment house; elaborately furnished suites of 1 room and bath, $75 to $80; 2 rooms, bath, $100 to $130. Every modern improvement, including maid and valet service. Reduction on unfurnished apartments. Ownership management.

TWO rooms, kitchenette; front southern exposure; piano; lease to Sept. 15, $80. Telephone 1600 Academy before 1 o'clock.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 574, (corner 139th St.)—5-room apartment, $75.

Unfurnished—West Side.

2 ROOMS and bath, $50; suitable for physician or couple. Apply on premises, 616 West 113th St. or Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway, at 106th St.

50TH ST., 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building. Apply premises.

56TH, 327 WEST.—Two, four, seven large, light rooms; elevator; $720 up.

57TH ST., 29 WEST.—Beautifully decorated parlor floor and basement, suitable for studios, high-class business, or doctor's office; will rent as whole or in part. Phone Circle 1651.

67TH, 2 WEST.—Exceptionally large, beautiful studio apartment; kitchenette; new building. Apartment 4G.

FOR RENT.—Desirable 6-room unfurnished apartment, 2 baths; immediate occupancy; below 90th St. Phone Schuyler 4620, Apt. 7B.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

PRESIDENT ST., 230.—Five rooms, bath, steam, hot water, $37.50. Manning.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted, for three months, nicely furnished apartment; one or two bedrooms, living room, bath, and kitchenette; desirable quarter, preferably on west side, between 80th and 100th Sts.; rent from $100 to $150 per month. W 165 Times.

Responsible party desires furnished apartment Jan. 15 or before, not above 116th St, west side, with 3 bedrooms; rent per month not to exceed $100. Write full particulars 346 Broadway, Room 910.

Gentleman wants 1 or 2 room and bath apartment, near Broadway, between 70th and 96th Sts.; electricity, steam heat; private entrance essential; communicate immediately. Serrano, 275 West End Av.

Wanted, by Jan. 1, small new apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, and bath, furnished or unfurnished, between 72d and 116th, West, near Drive; state price, giving full details; references. Z 289 Times Annex.

Young couple desire small furnished housekeeping or light housekeeping apartment, Washington Square or section below forties. L 684 Times Downtown.

8 or 9 light rooms, sunny, wanted now, between 100th and 150th, West; no children; give particulars by letter. Bonta Hotel, Apartment 7-F.

Furnished apartment of two or three rooms, bath and kitchenette wanted, between 72d and 99th, west of Broadway; remodeled houses not considered. W 111 Times.

RESPONSIBLE CLIENTS wanting furnished apartments east, west side, 3 to 9 months rentals, $150 to $500 monthly. CLARK REALTY, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Two business women desire two-room furnished housekeeping apartment, between 34th and 72d Sts.; immediate possession. G. B., 2 West 37th.

Two-room housekeeping suite; Gramercy or Stuyvesant Square district; state price. B 800 Times.

Two or three rooms, bath, from 45th to 57th, furnished or unfurnished; kitchenette preferred. H., Box 200 Times.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Two or three rooms, kitchenette; sunny; elevator; Heights; state terms. A 1006 Times Harlem.

Five to seven rooms; responsible party; best references. Phone Columbus 1278.

Five or six rooms; not over $85; state size, location. S 203 Times.

Unfurnished.

Wanted 5 rooms and bath, elevator apt., in refined neighborhood; $600 to $720 a year. K 238 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

77TH, 60 EAST.—Room with private bath in strictly private dwelling; breakfast optional. 5433 Plaza.

89TH ST, EAST, near 5th Av.—Parlor, bedroom, bath; $60 per month. B 845 Times.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

23D, 258 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen, $3, $4.50; steam heat.

70TH, 40 WEST.—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR AND BEDROOM; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

71ST, 62 WEST.—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE BATH; LAVATORY; SHOWER; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY, MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

71ST, 57 WEST.—Large, small room; private bath; strictly first-class.

72D, 22 WEST.—Delightful, fine, large, front room; private bath; quiet; refinement; electricity.

73D, 118 WEST. — Large, front room, 1 flight; bath. Telephone Columbus 8927.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large front room; references; telephone. Columbus 9635.

73D, 257 WEST.—Nicely furnished, well-kept room; business people preferred.

74TH, 3 WEST.—Delightful room, with private bath, electricity, references.

75TH, 327 WEST, (at Drive.)River view; newly furnished rooms; select residential.

76TH ST., 171 WEST.—Sunny parlor; hot and cold water; phone; electricity; continuous hot water; four baths.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room; private bath, electricity, telephone; references.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic home, medium rooms, $8-$10; electricity; parquetry; very exclusive.

76TH ST., 54 WEST.—Nice room in private house; modern conveniences; $14 week.

77TH, 314 WEST.—Handsome parlor, also single room; exclusive house; near subway; reference.

77TH ST., 128 WEST.—Apartment, 2 large rooms and bath, newly furnished; other rooms. Tel. Schuyler 8850.

77TH, 160 WEST. — Attractive, large front room; twin beds; gentlemen; references.

77TH, 128 WEST.—Large room; twin beds; private bath; also skylight room.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, $8 and $10; bath; private house; reference.

80TH ST., (WEST END AV.)—BEAUTIFUL ROOM; BEST LOCATION; BUSINESS WOMAN; $15; EXCLUSIVE OPPORTUNITY. SCHUYLER 1547.

83D, 325 WEST.—Two rooms; southern exposure. Telephone Schuyler 4770, Apt. 5 West.

85TH. — Large, beautifully furnished front rooms in apartment; gentlemen; references. Schuyler 6483.

88TH, 335 WEST.—Beautiful hall room; electricity; gentleman only; reference.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Select house, double, single room; running water, steam, electricity.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, adjoining bath; also private bath, steam, electricity.

91ST, 56 WEST.—Highly appointed private house, front room, one flight; references. $16.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, dressing room; bath adjacent; $12.

93D, 253 WEST.—Highly desirable rooms; refined; central location.

94TH, 35 WEST.—To let, large room, private bath; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

110TH ST., 509 WEST, (APT. 2D.)—WARM, OUTSIDE ROOM, ADJOINING SHOWER BATH; HOMELIKE SURROUNDINGS; GENTLEMEN.

114TH, 609 WEST.—Room suitable for business woman or student; apartment 47.

115TH, 620 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suite or single; bath adjoining; overlooking Riverside, Hudson; comforts. Morningside 3800, Apt. 22.

124TH, 541 WEST.—American family; elevator apartment; Broadway subway; gentlemen; $3.50. Apartment 21.

138TH, 536 WEST.—Attractive large room, $8 single, $10 double; American home; gentleman. Apt. 43, Hanlon.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

137TH, 610 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; private; elevator; references exchanged. Apartment 20.

140TH, 469 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity for gentlemen in private home; very exclusive and well furnished. Audubon 6585.

LARGE, warm room in beautifully furnished apartment, next to bath; in Eighties, near Broadway; convenient to surface cars, subway, or busses; suitable bachelors or quiet couple; two adults in family. J. C., 65 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230, (95th St.) Apt. 57.—Exceptional sitting room and bedroom, beautifully furnished, four outside windows.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Small front room for lady or gentleman; private house.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Gentleman desires room, vicinity Broadway, between 90th and 100th Sts. S 136 Times.

Piano student desires elegant rooms with musical family. W 185 Times.

Two gentlemen desire two furnished rooms and bath; state terms. S 211 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; southern exposure; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—One attractive double front room; home cooking; near subway.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large, double rooms, with bath, by Holland family; gives superior accommodations; European style; home cooking.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Desirable rooms, southern exposure, private bath, steam, electricity, private telephone.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Medium-sized room, all accommodations; good home cooking; table guests.

85TH, 132 WEST. — Beautiful, large front room; French cuisine; homelike; reference.

95TH, 65 WEST.—Front room, private bath; smaller room, conveniences; table board.

95TH, 4 WEST.—Large room, with board, for two; homelike; near park.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; 3 spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; moderate.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, (Cor. 104th St.)—Every room, bath and telephone; elevator; southern exposure; hotel service; refined Hebrew social surroundings; table the very best.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 237, (71st St.)—Master suite, with bath; single room; American home.

BOARD WANTED.

Young man, Catholic, (28,) employed downtown, desires room and board. H 657 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, understands office work, desires position. B 675 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST. — BRIGHT BEGINNER; $10. W 638 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPING, knowledge of steno-typewriting; 8 years' experience; $22 start. D. Spinner, 551 Cauldwell Av., Bronx, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, A1, experienced; controlling accounts, trial balance; $25. Kent, 177 West 79th.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 109th St., Apt. 208.

REFINED GENTLEWOMAN, recently returned from Europe, desires suitable position; speaks English, Swedish, Russian, French, German. G 95 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly reliable, mature woman of education and refinement, stenographer and typist, having held secretarial positions in Chicago and New York, similar position in quiet office; best of references. Mrs. S., 472 62d St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Sunset 3554.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Christian; good education; four years' advertising experience; desires position with reputable concern. Address F. M. Wendling, 2,261 Hughes Av., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, desires to locate with reliable firm; thoroughly competent and familiar with office routine; best references; salary $22. S 138 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. F. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly reliable and competent; refined; several years' experience; $25 to start. Z 295 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; neat; $10. Esther Newman, 202 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

WOMAN of culture, excellent Danish cook, housekeeper, and hostess, wishes position with small family in refined home. W 167 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HELP.—City, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Ave., Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports. Bookkeeping done, $1 week, (Saves $25 bookkeeper;) new method. Beekman 998. 1,701 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER seeks connection as auditor and office manager; thoroughly experienced; competent, reliable; married; $2,500. W 157 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high-grade executive, with record of achievement, seeks position, controller or executive of large corporation. W 628 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, closed, systematized; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements; $2.50 weekly. Alpert-Barst, 21 Park Row. Barclay 8448.

ARCHITECT, (landscape,) experienced, will design and lay out Japanese gardens on roof or any space. A 367 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 27, also shipping and selling experience, very best references, desires position as assistant bookkeeper or assistant shipping clerk for hardware concern; honorably discharged U. S. Army; salary secondary to opportunity for advancement. L 592 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT to anybody at anything; young man; honorably discharged; 3 years' college training; willing to work. H 600 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, correspondent; 3 years' experience; competent, alert, and accurate; single and double entry; would like to connect with reliable concern. K 320 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, with many years' practical experience, desires position; collection, credit man; high testimonial; salary $30. L 642 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22;) 4 years' experience; knowledge of cost accounting; balances, controlling accounts; university accounting student. H 635 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, office assistant, $12. Louis Richman, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

BUTLER.—Japanese, has good reference and strictly temperate, wishes position butler or useful butler. Seizo, 94 Lexington Av., city.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, careful driver, sober and industrious; good wages; references; Westchester Co. preferred. Booth, Box 78, Scarboro, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR, Valet.—Japanese; long experience; careful driver; neat, sober, trustworthy; city references. Chauffeur, Murray Hill 2058.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic wants position; city or suburbs. Phone Morningside 7770.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 36, Austrian, fifteen years' experience, references, wishes steady position; wages $30-$35. Likar, 212 West 84th.

CHAUFFEUR, French; married; middle aged, experienced; last position 2 years; can do own repairs; best references. O 157 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 8 years' experience, wishes private position; references. Chauffeur, Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, English-American, long experience; any car; good references. Box 129, 852 Columbus Av.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, college trained, one year laboratory, three years superintendent chemical plant, desires connection with future. L 608 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Japanese, experienced, wants position private family; reference. R. F., 148 East 55th.

EDITOR. — Released army officer wants promising opening; will begin at bottom; either magazine or book publishing; have "M. A." degree from Harvard and some experience prior to war; energetic, willing to work, and have good references. K 298 Times.

EDITOR wants connection with technical, trade, or literary publication. K 258 Times.

ENGINEER or EXECUTIVE.
Mechanical engineer, 30, energetic, university graduate, good personality, 9 years' experience power plant work, testing, sales, research, combustion problems, and general office experience, at present employed, desires new position not necessarily purely engineering work. O 145 Times.

EXECUTIVE.

Young British Consular officer, with over ten years' commercial and official experience on service of the Foreign Office abroad, would consider offers from large business houses who are anticipating postwar extension of trade on international lines; would take up representation in London or Paris or act as manager of foreign department at headquarters in New York; has traveled extensively and formed valuable connections abroad; thorough knowledge of foreign trade; fluent correspondent and conversationalist in five languages. Box K 280 Times.

EXPORT. — Army officer, 22, recently discharged, desires connection with export house; university graduate, with knowledge of Spanish. K 409 Times Downtown.

LAWYER,
Columbia graduate, (36,) experienced, competent, executive ability, desires position in executive offices of large corporation where thorough legal knowledge and training are desired, or as head legal department. G 433 Times Downtown.

LAWYER, (26,) Christian, clean cut, seeks position as active assistant in high-class office; general practice. H 608 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST.—Young man, (20,) experienced draftsman, some experience as machinist, wants position which will enable him to become better acquainted with machinery. W 164 Times.

MANAGER, restaurant, competent, experience in hotels, clubs, institutions, at present manager of restaurant in large industrial plant, best references, desires position. A 1090 Times Harlem.

MANAGER, (35,) restaurant, hotel, many years' experience. Address O 154 Times.

MAN wishes position at anything; office work preferred; good penman. H 638 Times Downtown.

MAN with knowledge of several languages desires position in reliable concern at anything. G. Saguerian, 324 East 19th.

MAN of good appearance, speaking 6 languages, including Spanish, wants position. A. W., 316 W. 56th.

MAN, 26, ambitious, reliable, willing worker, seeks position. Warsinger, 159 2d St.

MAINTENANCE ENGINEER, construction installation, good organizer and executive, with push. S 738 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.—Has considerable experience developing new inventions and contemplated production, management of factory; interview desired. G 419 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Exceptional business ability; competent executive; able correspondent; good organizer; desires position live manufacturing concern; excellent reference. W 147 Times.

OFFICER discharged; position of trust; knowledge French, Spanish; splendid references. S 188 Times.

PAYROLL AND COST CLERK, (23;) 3 years' experience manufacturing concern; university accounting student. H 636 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN, formerly Major Army Medical Corps, desires salaried position. Z 219 Times Annex.

PRODUCTION CORPS.—A few trained executives, men who organized, installed, and are operating a production recording system for a corporation employing several thousand men on war work, are open for engagement. B., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

SALES MANAGER.—My experience over many years as sales manager in a large merchandise business is what I have to offer. Recent experience, managing a large factory doing 60% capacity on war contracts. Realizing my ability in the sales side, desire to relinquish my present connections and get back into the selling field. Prefer New York or Chicago. W 145 Times.

SALESMAN.—YOUNG MAN, THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR GENT'S FURNISHING TRADE, WANTS LINE OF SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY. W 143 TIMES.

SALESMAN desires position; experienced, energetic, up to date; ribbons, silks, dry goods; either on road or city. Address Success H 235 Times.

SALESMAN desires position wholesale groceries, canned goods, specialties, cereals; bright, experienced. Rice, care H 234 Times.

SALESMAN.—High grade, tailoring; executive ability; road experience; permanent work only; reference best. K 277 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, (22,) 5 years' experience large corporation, Government; honorably discharged; desires position secretary-steno, or correspondent. Reply Margulies, 66 Johnson Av., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY, correspondent, and sales manager; experienced and thoroughly reliable; age 26; $30 per week. L 713 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; secretarial, selling experience; bookkeeper; exceptionally qualified; excellent references. H 647 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPEWRITER, experienced, rapid, accurate operator, desires position; $25-$30. O 86 Times.

STEWARD, first class, 20 years' experience, open for engagement. K 311 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, Estimator, Draftsman, (22;) 3 years' practical experience with builder and carpenter; reliable, capable; initiative. K 306 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT and engineer of office building; all around mechanic; 6 years in last place. B. C., 48 Times.

TWO ENGINEERS, familiar with manufacturing methods in this country, with English and Colonial connections, desire to represent first-class American manufacturing company; proposed headquarters in London; highest references given; only substantial concerns considered. Address Personal, P. O. Box 1112, Pittsburgh, Penn.

UPHOLSTERER.—Good worker; inside, outside; moderate. Klein, 300 East 88th St. Lenox 5777.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) high school graduate; long experience; splendid business education; expert stenographer and typist; can write strong, convincing letters; secretarial experience; prefers position as assistant to department head or executive, though not essential. G 405 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28; honorably discharged; executive ability; experienced correspondent, cashier; knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, credits; desires employment with reliable concern; first-class references. L 694 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, recently released from Naval Flying Corps, seeks position with woolen or worsted selling agency; thorough technical training and good experience. Z 248 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) high school graduate, capable and energetic, 4 years' business experience, thorough knowledge of office details, desires position with advancement. H 644 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Returned discharged soldier wishes to connect with manufacturing concern; any clerical capacity where ability will bring advancement. S 190 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) honorably discharged; hustler; executive ability; formerly conducted successful business; knowledge typewriting; highest credentials. W 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) educated, ambitious, wishes position in bank. L 698 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, typist, high school education, position anything; clerical preferred. B 628 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (29,) experienced, wants position, here or foreign country. A 1098 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 27, desires position outdoor experienced clerical worker. J. S., 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) seeks position with reliable concern. L 603 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in cloak, suit or dress house; must understand controlling accounts and trial balance; also stenography; state salary; submit references. G 92 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED. TRIANGLE DRESS CO., 132 Bleecker St.

CASHIER.
Good reference; neat appearance. I. Berger, 2 Clinton St. Inquire 120 West 125th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

CASHIER; must be accurate and experienced with automatic ticket machine; good pay; 6 days a week. Apply Manager Rialto Theatre, Flatbush Av. and Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

CHAMBERMAID from 10 until 7; competent, neat woman. Call Saturday and Sunday mornings, 124 East 39th St.

CLERICAL WORK.—Young ladies for clerical work in the subscription department of The Christian Herald; salary to begin $8; hours 9-5:30, Saturday half day. Apply Room 92, 5th floor, Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St., N. Y. C.

CLERKS, between the ages of 16 and 18 years, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day, with Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary to start $8 per week; rapid advancement to higher paid positions. Write, stating age, education, experience, if any. H 573 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.—$65 monthly; hours 9-4; Saturdays 12; big company; quick advancement; college girls preferred; write stating age, experience, &c.; rating. P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Branch.

COTTAGE MOTHER in children's home. Address P. O. Box 361, Dobbs Ferry.

FRENCH GOVERNESS, one thoroughly conversant with English language, to care for girl of 10 years. Kindly telephone qualifications to Mrs. L. M. Wourgaft, Columbus 2181, between 9 and 11 A. M. and 1 to 4 P. M.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Two in family; city references required. Call Sunday afternoon, 4 to 6, Apt. 3A, 650 West End Av. carfare paid.

GIRL wanted, general house work, afternoons; good wages. Call Audubon 1910. Apt. 28.

HOUSEWORKER.—Plain cooking; 3 adults; excellent pay; no laundry; bring references. 120 North 20th St., Flushing, L. I. Telephone 2072 Flushing.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, married. Apply between 4 and 6 o'clock, 253 West 93d.

LADY'S MAID.—Must be neat and experienced, with references to date. Call 9 to 12, Apt. 823, Hotel Majestic, 72d St. and Central Park West.

LAUNDRESS, white, for Tuesdays; steady position; references required. 468 Riverside Drive, corner 119th St., Apt. 83. Telephone Morningside 6326.

MILLINERY DESIGNER
WANTED.

A high-class 5th Av. milliner has an opening for a designer; must have 5th Av. experience; yearly position; state experience, last two positions, length of time employed in each and salary wanted. B 224 Times.

MILLINERY TRIMMER, first class; permanent position; good wages. Apply Adrienne, 378 Central Av., Jersey City. Tel. Webster 5067.

MODELS.
C. H. D. ROBBINS CO.,
150 MADISON AV.,
DRESSES AND CUSTOMS,
have permanent situation for a number of experienced showroom models; size 16.

MODEL.—TALL STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE, 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH ST.

MODELS,
Size 16,
FOR MISSES' DRESSES.
Rosenmeyer & Schwartz, 31 East 32d.

MODELS.—Stylish young ladies, size 16, as models in cloak and suit house; long season; good pay. Al Goldston & Co., 136 Madison Av.

NURSE wanted in private family living in East 82d St., intelligent girl, of irreproachable character, as part-time nurse for a baby; hours 12:45 to 5:30; pay $1 a day and carfare. Address Z 249 Times Annex.

NURSE, (office,) with experience in stenography, in physician's office for afternoons. 16 West 85th St.

NURSE for child in Christian Science family; must have experience and references; family going South; live in Detroit. Z 259 Times Annex.

NURSE to care for 18-months-old baby; reference required. Apply Mrs. E. S. Miller, 41 West 82d St., Apartment 8A.

OFFICE ASSISTANT for small publication; must understand typewriting; highest references required as to character. W 175 Times.

SALESLADIES.
Corsets, underwear and infants' departments; experienced only need apply; salary $18 and up. I. Berger, 120 West 125th.

SALESWOMEN, KNOWLEDGE OF HAIR GOODS PREFERRED; GOOD SALARY; PERMANENT POSITION. S. GLEMBY, 12 EAST 22D ST.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT, WITH SOME SECRETARIAL ABILITY, COLLEGE GRADUATE PREFERRED; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $125 PER MONTH; CHRISTIAN OFFICE; REPLY, STATING AGE, EDUCATION, AND EXPERIENCE. S 149 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in general office work, and capable of taking dictation accurately; to act as secretary to patent attorney of a large manufacturing concern; position permanent; apply personally. Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th & Garden Streets, Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with at least 3 or 4 years' experience, capable of taking dictation rapidly; prefer young lady with knowledge of general office work; permanent position at good salary. Call Saturday up to 3 P. M., Room 68, 81 Fulton St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Attractive opening for capable stenographer, familiar with shoe and leather business; export experience in this line desirable; good salary and prospects of advancement. K 404 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Lawyer in the financial district wants a young lady stenographer of two years' experience, with excellent English education; $18 to begin with. Address A 608 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted, young lady, experienced, quick and competent; good at figures; replying state age, experience, and salary desired. K 413 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; clever girl for advertising department; excellent chance for advancement; salary $15 per week. J. A. Nugel, 422 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Export and import corporation has a position open for a first-class stenographer; applicant give full particulars. B 674 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

The New York Telephone Company requires several young women to operate switchboards; age 17 to 24; with central office experience preferred; salary to start $10; rapid advancement. Apply by letter only. H. F., Room 202, 24 Walker St., New York City.

TYPISTS, experienced listing names, transcribing from records; permanent positions; advancement; state age, experience, salary. P. O. Box 395, City Hall Station, New York City.

TYPIST.—General officer worker, accustomed to filing; steady position with advancement; state age, nationality, experience, and salary. Box 224 Times, 2 Rector St.

TYPISTS.—$60 monthly; hours 9-4; Saturdays 12; big company; good opportunity; rapid advancement. Address Typo, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Branch.

TYPIST.—Permanent position; no objection to beginner; $10; Christian firm. Westcott Motor Co., 1,838 Broadway.

WOMEN
for
CLEANING.
MUST BE HEALTHY, NEAT, WILLING TO WORK.
BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 8:30 TO 10 A. M.

WOMAN.—Middle aged; to assist with children; easy position; one hour from New York; call Friday, Saturday, 5 to 7. Page, 135 West 56th St.

YOUNG LADY, quick and accurate at figures, for cost figuring and statistics; must understand discounts and percentages; state salary wanted and experience; give phone number. H 615 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY wanted, for light clerical work in large insurance office. A 611 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, pleasant outside work for school. Call school, 202 West 116th.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary	$20 to $25
STENOGRAPHER, legal, com'l	$18 to $22
TYPIST	$12 to $18

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

MOVIE STAR will accept limited number of pupils anxious for screen appearance. For appointment write Movie Star, Room 611 World Building, N. Y. C.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes now forming. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St, Near Broadway.

CAN YOU JUDGE PEOPLE?

Can you "size up" the people you meet daily? A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to know the people you meet as well as yourself. Write, or phone Chelsea 4054, for details of classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counselling now forming.

MERTON INSTITUTE,
96 5th Av., at 15th St.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine; write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.—PROMINENT FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS REQUIRES IMMEDIATELY FOR PERMANENT STAFF SEVERAL SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS OF BROAD EXPERIENCE IN PUBLIC ACCOUNTING WORK; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY AND GOOD SALARY IS OFFERED. REPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY DESIRED; INFORMATION TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY PENDING INTERVIEW. A 576 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT.—A Newark (N. J.) manufacturing concern requires experienced head accountant; a knowledge of manufacturing costs is essential; reply, giving particulars and references, also salary expected. A. L., 248 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.
Opportunity for man with general office and accounting experience; to obtain consideration applicant must state fully nature of employment past 5 years, qualifications, age, and salary expected. Z 263 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted, high grade, for one of the largest daily newspapers in Massachusetts on a strictly salary basis; must be experienced, industrious, and a good salesman; also able to write copy which sells space. Address, giving age, experience, references, and salary expected in first letter. Z 250 Times Annex.

ARTISTS, designers, and decorators wanted for high-class work; those who understand water color, distemper colors preferred. Apply in person with drawings. Law Studios, 502 West 38th St.

ARTIST. — Commercial, young man, agency experience preferred; call only after 1 P. M., with samples. Peck Advt. Co., 347 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance, financial statement, correspondence, &c.; competent take entire charge office; live wire, efficient, systematic; furniture experience preferred but not essential; excellent opportunity. Write, stating salary, reference, 75, 1619 St. James Bldg.

BOY.—Splendid opportunity for a bright, energetic boy to secure a position in an office where there are chances of advancement; salary to start $10 per week. Address Box B 354 Times.

BOYS.—$36 monthly; hours 9-4; Saturdays 12; big company; quick advancement; Boy Scouts fife and drum corps. Address Reztip, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Branch.

BOY wanted for errands and light office work; apply in own handwriting, giving reference; $7 to start. Box 222 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOY.—Large surety company; excellent chance of advancement for bright, well-educated boy; state age and schooling. A 610 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16-17, wanted by large manufacturing corporation; must be neat, ambitious, and willing; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary $40 monthly. B 365 Times.

BOY, office assistant, neat, ambitious, intelligent; $40 monthly to start. Executive offices, Seaboard Air Line, 24 Broad St.

BOYS over 15, run errands; also helpers, house departments. H 607 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in office of weekly trade newspaper; $8 a week to start. Apply by letter to F. G., 148 Lafayette St.

BOY.—To run errands and make himself generally useful in the New York office of an out of town factory. B 353 Times.

BOY wanted in stock broker's office; salary $8 to start. Answer in own handwriting, H 652 Times Downtown.

BOY in broker's office; good opportunity. R. J. McGowan, 63 Wall St.

BOY wanted in broker's office. A 587 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Energetic office boy for large electrical house. Maintenance Co., 417 Canal St.

CATALOG COMPILERS.—Large publisher requires several compilers; one chief; knowledge one or more following lines essential: Mill, mine, foundry supplies, hardware, machinery motors; state experience, age, education, salary. S 205 Times.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.
Certified public accountants, two, for Pittsburgh accounting firm; only high-class, experienced men need apply; good salary and opportunity to connect with rapidly growing concern. Phone, between hours of 2 and 4 P. M. Saturday, Jan. 11, and Sunday 11 to 1 and 3 to 5, to H. B. Scott, care of Hotel Knickerbocker, for interview.

CHAUFFEUR and Mechanic wanted for twin six Packard closed car; must have long experience and be highly recommended; Brooklyn man preferred. Z 286 Times Annex.

CLERK and window dresser for high-grade men's furnishings. Address B 341 Times.

CLOCK REPAIRER.
Abraham & Straus, Fulton Street, Brooklyn, require a thoroughly experienced and competent clock repairer. Apply to Superintendent. U. S. E. S. Permit No. 219.

COMMERCIAL

ARTIST

By old established Central New York Engraving House. A pen and ink man who is an A1 designer and can make lay-outs for catalogues, booklets and advertisements. A steady position at good salary is offered.

PHONE MR. DISQUE,

HOTEL McALPIN,

SATURDAY OR SUNDAY,

BETWEEN 1 AND 4 P. M.,

FOR PERSONAL INTERVIEW.

COST ACCOUNTANT.

Apply in person. 130 E. 15th St., Room 206.

CORRESPONDENT. — Lithuanian, knowing Lithuanian perfectly; good penman; steady position. Diskant, 320 Broadway.

CUTTER. — Experienced jersey silk underwear. B 303 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, first-class only; at least 10 years' experience in designing and detailing of automatic machinery, &c.; permanent position for right man. H 552 Times Downtown.

ERRAND BOY, BRIGHT; GOOD PAY. CALL MAX LITTWITZ, 7 EAST 47TH.

FILE CLERK and office assistant; must be experienced; $12 to $15. W 171 Times.

FOREMAN FOR CUTTING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE NEW YORK SHIRT HOUSE; MUST UNDERSTAND DRAFTING. WRITE, STATING EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED, L 682 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ICE SKATING INSTRUCTORS
wanted at Brooklyn Ice Palace, Bedford and Atlantic Avs.; liberal salary paid. Apply at once.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS H 596 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

JANITOR wanted, experienced with steam, 848 E. 167th St., near Intervale Av., Bronx.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS; opportunity for night and day operators; steady work; good pay. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th.

MACHINIST.—The Fulton Textile Co., 9 Cayadutta St., Gloversville, N. Y., want an expert machinist, capable of taking care of machines in cloth glove plant; state experience and price wanted.

MANAGER
for exclusive specialty blouse and underwear store out of town; splendid opening for a progressive and efficient man who can demonstrate his ability; knowledge of window display absolutely essential. Reply, stating full particulars, B 333 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MANAGERS for speciality shirtwaist and undergarment shops; must have executive ability and experience in this line; must know window trimming. P 614, 1,265 B'way.

MEN WANTED

FOR

STATEN ISLAND MUNICIPAL

FERRYBOATS.

Captains, Quartermasters, Mates, Chief Marine Engineers, and Marine Engineers, holding appropriate licenses qualifying for operation of two thousand gross tons Staten Island ferryboats, also deckhands.

Report for immediate assignment at the office of the Department of Plant and Structures, Room 1800, Municipal Building, Manhattan, or to the Superintendent of the Municipal Ferries of the City of New York at the St. George Terminal of the Staten Island Ferry.

JOHN H. DELANEY,

Commissioner of Plant and Structures.

OFFICE BOYS, bright, energetic; rapid advancement. Vitagraph Co., 1,600 B'way.

OFFICE BOY, expert house; salary $9 Room 2032, 50 Broad St.

PORTERS.

SOBER MEN, GOOD WORKERS, FOR BOTH DAY AND NIGHT SHIFTS; GOOD WAGES.
BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 8:30 TO 10 A. M.

PRINTING SALESMAN wanted by efficiently conducted plant that knows how to compete on quality and price; commission. A 553 Times Downtown.

RECEIVING CLERK, experienced man, wanted by large machine shop near Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn; one familiar with handling of patterns, castings, &c., preferred; permanent position; excellent opportunity for right man; address, stating age, experience, and salary expected. P. O. Box 40, Station T, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN WANTED. — Two men by hosiery, underwear, and shirt house; one for New Jersey and Pennsylvania and one for Connecticut and New York State; only those having handled these lines and having a following considered; excellent opportunity to right men; salary or commission; answer giving full particulars; all correspondence strictly confidential. B 245 Times.

SALESMEN
wanted for all territories for
HANDKERCHIEFS, LACES, CURTAINS, DRAPERIES, AND WHITE GOODS.
Liberal arrangements on commission basis or drawing account against commission will be made with men familiar with the line and good following with retail trade. Address with full particulars as to territory covered and references. G. H., 217 Times.

SALESMEN wanted by high-class lace, embroidery, and white goods importing house, to call on jobbing trade; must have experience and established connections out of town; on straight commission basis; splendid opening and permanent position for right party; apply by letter. P. O. Box 151, Madison Square, New York.

SALESMAN, experienced; opportunity to connect with large concern; one who has been in the corrugated box line preferred; give qualifications; all correspondence kept strictly confidential; salary or commission. Z300 Times Annex.

SALESMEN acquainted with commercial florist trade throughout all Southeastern States to sell flower pots to our long-established trade; salary or commission. Address A. H. Hews & Co., Cambridge, Mass.

SALESMAN, experienced, for New England States to sell high-grade line of silk shirts; only those who have high-class following need apply; commission basis. Z 231 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced young man, to sell coats and suits in city, N. Y. State, and Pennsylvania; commission, liberal drawing account. Apply Safran & Kreiger, 19 West 24th St.

SALESMAN, experienced, for Middle West to sell high-grade line of silk shirts; only those who have high-class following need apply; commission basis. Z 230 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, dependable, high grade, understanding overgaiters, for St. Louis and surrounding territory, to sell jobbing and retail shoe and notion trade; commission basis. Z 257 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Experienced shirt salesman wanted by established firm with strong line; pick your own territory outside of New York City; commission and salary. A 603 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our high-grade teas and coffees to our old customers on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. B3, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMAN, paint and varnish, with experience selling factory trade; excellent opening on a straight commission basis; correspondence confidential. The Lino Paint Co., Collinwood, Ohio.

SALESMAN.—A large manufacturer of sewing thread desires a salesman with a following; very good position for a good salesman; salary and commission; confidential; apply by letter. B 368 Times.

SALESMAN.—New York publisher of juvenile books and novelties wants traveler to cover trade in Southern States; salary and commission. Box Z H, 104 East 14th St.

SALESMAN.—Cloak salesman with following among resident buyers and city trade; reference; commission. Write K. M., 324 3d Av.

SALESMAN, WITH GOOD FOLLOWING PRINTING; SALARY-COMMISSION, OR STRAIGHT COMMISSION. Z 268 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN, familiar with supply store or garage trade, to sell established oil specialty as side line, on commission. H 634 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—First-class sweater and knit goods salesmen for established Western territory; commission basis; none but experienced need apply. B 355 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in oil soaps; salary and commission; good opportunity. Harral Soap Co., 132 Havemeyer St., Bklyn.

SECURITIES SALESMEN.—A splendid opportunity is offered to men of ability to become associated with a Philadelphia banking house in the capacity of salesmen in offering a dividend paying preferred stock with a bonus of common; strictly commission basis; no advances; references required. Address Securities, 248 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK—Large machinery house in Brooklyn requires the services of an experienced shipping clerk; one with experience in machinery line preferred; excellent opportunity; position permanent; state age, experience, and salary expected. Y 878 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER having 4 years' experience, with knowledge of hardware and mill supplies; good position for right party; apply by letter, stating particulars. N. D., 213 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with collecting and selling ability. Address, stating salary, P. O. Box 434, Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; capacity for details; engineer's office; $16 to start. Room 5,747, Grand Central Terminal.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Exceptional and timely selling proposition open to experienced stock salesman; real newspaper leads furnished; liberal commission; big income assured hustler; no advances. Room 501, 74 B'way.

STOCK CLERK for private restaurant, familiar with stock records; state experience, age and salary expected. A 862 Times Annex.

THE

ROSENBAUM

COMPANY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

DESIRES TO ENGAGE AN AGGRESSIVE, SUCCESSFUL AND

EXPERIENCED

BUYER

FOR THEIR

JEWELRY,

NOTION,

LEATHER

AND

STATIONERY

DEPARTMENTS.

FOR THE MAN WHO CAN PROVE PREVIOUS SUCCESS AND EXPERIENCE, AND WHO HAS THE ABILITY TO INCREASE THESE ALREADY VERY SUCCESSFUL DEPARTMENTS, THIS IS A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; QUICK ACTION IS WANTED.

TRAFFIC CLERK wanted; one with considerable steamship experience in connection with export business will be given preference; state age and salary expected. Z 307 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

THE

ROSENBAUM COMPANY,

PITTSBURGH, PENN.,

DESIRES TO ENGAGE AN AGGRESSIVE, SUCCESSFUL, AND

EXPERIENCED BUYER

FOR THEIR COMPLETE

TOILET GOODS

AND

CANDY DEPARTMENTS.

FOR THE MAN WHO CAN PROVE PREVIOUS SUCCESS AND EXPERIENCE, AND WHO HAS THE ABILITY TO INCREASE THESE ALREADY VERY SUCCESSFUL DEPARTMENTS, THIS IS A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.

QUICK ACTION IS WANTED.

TRUCKMAN for steel warehouse. Call 460 Washington St.

TYPISTS, experienced listing names, transcribing from records; $12 to start; early advancement if capable; state age, experience, &c. P. O. Box 395, C. H. Station, New York City.

TYPEWRITER REPAIR MAN.—Qualified in repairing all makes of machines; engineering concern offers good position; state salary desired. A 614 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN,
TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
Age 18 to 21; excellent chance of advancement; hours from 5 P. M. to midnight; salary to start $11; permanent. H 461 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, efficient, energetic, who is really ambitious for his future; must have had experience in keeping stock records, willing to act under instructions until qualified for executive position; prefer man willing to live in New Jersey; write, stating experience, salary desired. C. Boyle, 29 Central Av., Orange, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, bright, with some experience in the following lines: Hospital ware, rubber goods, druggists' sundries, or glassware lines; capable of doing efficient work in any department, with opportunity for advancement; give all particulars and state salary expected. A 596 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN IN PHOTO DEPT. OF LARGE PROTESTANT PUBLISHING HOUSE; KNOWLEDGE OF FILING DESIRABLE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES; HOURS 9 TO 5, SATURDAY 9 TO 12. ADDRESS B 364 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN for light office work and telephone; experience export shipping, preparing documents, &c., necessary; must have good references; $15 per week to start. Apply in forenoon, 606 West 49th St.

YOUNG MAN play handball and give calisthenics. Apply J. W. Samuel, 42 Broadway.

YOUTHS over 16 to learn wholesale export business; advancement assured. H 606 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

MEN, YOUR FUTURE IS ASSURED IF YOU KNOW ACCOUNTANCY.
Advancement, income, prestige, are yours. The opportunity of a life time. Investigate. No obligation whatever. Ask for Bulletin 40. Pace Courses—approved by prominent business men everywhere and given (evenings) at the Y. M. C. A. Write F. P. Lampheer, 215 West 23d St., N. Y., or A. I. Hardy, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Men wanted to learn a paying professional trade. Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeing, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English" will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS. — Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

MEN, over 21, plenty of positions now open, moving picture operating; large field; pays $50 weekly upward; we teach you day and evening. Call at once, 644 8th Av., 42d St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
BUY NOW.
1919 Cunningham 4-pass. touring.
1918 Pierce Arrow Imperial suburban landaulet.
1917 Pierce Arrow landaulet limousine.
1918 Stutz 4-pass. sport.
1917 Stutzes 4 and 6 passengers.
1918 Hudson 4-passenger sport.
1917 Hudson 4-passenger sport.
1918 Cadillac runabout with disappearing seats.
1918 Cadillac 7-passenger touring.
1917 Cadillac 7-passenger touring.
1918 Buick 7-passenger touring.
1917 Packard 7-passenger touring.
1917 Marmon 7-passenger touring.
1917 Franklin 5-passenger touring.
1916 Lancia runabout with disappearing seats.
1915 Lancia runabout with disappearing seats.
1915 Lancia 4-passenger sport.
Latest importation Fiat Fleetwood landaulet
HERMAN N. KARP, INC.,
1676 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 65.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 TOWN CAR.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 38 TOWN CAR.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

A PROFITABLE OPPORTUNITY.
Spring prices will be much higher.
All Standard 8 cars rebuilt and guaranteed.
1918 Standard tourings, some with new tires.
1918 Standard tourings, with Victoria top.
1917 Standard 8 limousine, like new.
1917 Standard 8 tourings, in different colors.
Also Stutz 1916 roadster, wire wheels, very sporty.
Maxwell, 1917, 5-passenger, touring; real bargain.
Premier, 1917, chummy roadster, very snappy.
We need room for our new models.
No reasonable offer refused.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORP.,
1,920 Broadway. Phone Col. 4648.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.
1917 Franklin Sedan.
1917 Hudson Sedan.
1917 Hudson T'n Car.
1917 Buick Sedan.
1916 Cadillac Sedan.
1918 & '17 Dodge Sed's
1917 Hudson Limous.
1917 Hupmobile Sedan
1917 Oldsmobile Sedan
1917 Maxwell Sedan
1,778 Broadway, (57th.) one flight. Circle 1417.

AN EXCELLENT BARGAIN.
1917 Marmon Landaulet Brom.; perfect mechanical condition; newly painted; equipped with wire wheels and new cord tires; ready for immediate delivery.
Exchange Car Department,
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
61st St., west of Broadway.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN,
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
BUICK 1918 ROADSTER.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BUICK, sedan, late 1918, 7 passenger, 6 cylinder; practically brand new in every detail; must be sold at once. Nathanson, 266 West 135th.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1916-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC, 1917, 8-cyl., 7-pass., model 55, with Dunham sedan body; repainted beige color; inside and outside in beautiful condition; Lee puncture-proof tires all around, brand new extra; price right. Schlobohm, 35 Halsey St., Newark, N. J. Tel. 2137 Market.

CADILLAC 1918 5-passenger brougham; in very fine shape. Telephone 1084 Pelham, between the hours of 7 and 9 P. M. week days, all day Sunday. No dealers.

CADILLAC Limousine and Touring, 1915 model, factory limousine body; perfect condition, fully equipped. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th.

CADILLAC, 1917, touring; mechanically perfect; by appointment; no dealers. Bayley, 105 W. 77th St.

CADILLAC (1917;) town lim.; almost new. PACKARD (1918) limousine, 3-35. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 50TH ST.

COLE sedans, refinished and overhauled in our shops. Russell L. Engs, Inc., Cole Distributors, 12 Central Park West. Tel. Columbus 510.

DETROIT electric coupe; batteries first-class condition; $350. 33 East 20th. Gramercy 1842.

DODGE Sedan, latest model, almost new; all equipments; condition guaranteed; should be seen. Mulligan, 1,264 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

EMPIRE MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,700 B'WAY, ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR.
CADILLAC SUBURBAN SEDAN.
HUDSON SPECIAL SEDAN.
1917 BUICK CABRIOLET.
1917 ROAMER ROADSTER.
1917 STUTZ TOURING.

FORD Sedan, 1918, new. See Mr. Russell, Corvan's Garage, 124 West 54th.

FRANKLIN sedan, 1917. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 'phone 6156 Schuyler; open evenings.

HUDSON Coupe, three-passenger, little six; Continental motor; all-year car; windows drop. Mulligan, 1,264 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 West 50th St.

HUDSON sedan, 1917, almost new; bargain. Behrman Motor Exchange, 2,178 B'way; 'phone 6156 Schuyler; open evenings.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan. Apt. 8-G, 780 Riverside Drive, 7100 Audubon, after 6 P. M.

HUDSON, 1918 Sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 5692.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918; beautiful town car; perfect condition. Phone Schuyler 5200, Apt. 24.

MARMON Springfield sedan, in excellent condition; 2 extra wire wheels, shoes, &c.; big bargain. $900. 352 East 149th St.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1918 PACKARD Tr., used 2,800 miles.
1917 CADILLAC Limousine.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1916 STUTZ, 4-passenger.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES.
Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 50th.

MERCER 1918 Touring; 1917 Sport; 1916 Runabout. Bargains. Cook MacConnell, 1,790 Broadway.

NATIONAL.—A late 1917 twin six coupe; seats 4; 2 spare shoes mounted on rear carrier; very comfortable riding; will demonstrate; $1,750. Bonavista Garage, 254 West 100th.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.
Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable.
WILLYS OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND 1918 5-passenger light touring, $425; any demonstration. King, 5412 Fordham.

PACKARD.—Have a 4-passenger, coupe body, new, never mounted; cost $1,500; will sacrifice, $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

PACKARD 1918 touring, used 2,800 miles; almost new. Lobell Aborn, 230 West 56th.

PAIGE 1918 sedan; wire wheels and many extras; seats 7 passengers; must be sold at once; half price. Levey, 266 West 135th.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1917 COUPE.
C 4-PASSENGER; PERFECT CONDITION; PRIVATE OWNER; $4,300.
ROBERT ROSENTHAL. Phone 1980 Columbus. Business phone 6264 Gramercy.

PIERCE-ARROW, Series B-4, 48-H. P. 1917 convertible coupe; almost new car; must be seen to be appreciated. 2 Columbus Circle, Room 45.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE ARROW, 1918 "38" Sedan, slightly used; bargain. Cook MacConnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1916 38 brougham-landaulet; excellent condition; price $3,000. Can be seen at Broadway Garage, third floor.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7660.

STUTZ 1916, 4-passenger Bull Dog Special, painted red; wire wheels; mechanical condition guaranteed to be perfect; a real bargain. Kinney, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 1484 Decatur.

USED BUICK Roadster, D-45, in first-class condition, fully equipped, slip covers, spare shoe; only run 5,000 miles; will trade any light car. Lowa, 205 So. B'way, Yonkers, N. Y.

USED BUICK Touring, D-45, in first-class condition, fully equipped, slip covers, spare shoe; only run 5,200 miles; will trade any light car. Lowa, 205 So. B'way, Yonkers, N. Y.

Motor Trucks.

FORD, 1½ ton, worm drive; Ford with small van body, perfect condition; splendid chance for any one engaged in light trucking; $500. William H. Strang, 900 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

TRUCK FOR SALE.
Peerless three-ton rebuilt truck with new stake body, complete; excellent condition. Apply at Russell Playing Card Co., 200 5th Av.

FORD 1½-ton, express body, good condition, just overhauled; cost $1,300 six months ago; will sell to satisfy creditor. Ford Agents, White Bros., Inc., 2,402 Grand Concourse. Fordham 11.

FORD 1½-ton, express body, good condition, just overhauled; cost $1,300 six months ago. Ford Agents, White Bros., Inc., 2,402 Grand Concourse. Fordham 11.

THREE WHITE ONE-TON TRUCKS with Brill twelve-passenger inclosed pay-enter bodies. T. C. Smith & Co., 1,531 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Penn.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD limousine, late model, newly painted; full liveried chauffeur; demonstrations gladly given; guaranteed service. M. Simons, Columbus 6482.

CADILLAC.—Beautiful limousine for hire, hour, day, week, or month; monthly preferred. 338 West 70th St. Phone Col. 7884.

For Rent.—A beautiful Renault, late model. D. B., 205 East 47th.

PACKARDS.—Sixes and Twin Sixes, hour or season. Muldoon, Col. 2151.

Automobiles Wanted.

PACKARD roadster body wanted, for 2 or 3-25 chassis; state price and condition. Address A 858 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE wanted; 7-passenger; Berlin or sedan body preferred; $500 to $600. Stuyvesant 3027.

DODGE or Olds landaulet or limousine wanted; good condition. Write G 103 Times.

ALL types wanted; spot cash ready. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2476.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Automobile Bodies.

LIMOUSINE BODIES for Packard and other chassis. 244 W. 49th St., 4th floor.

Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.
Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.
Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St.
Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $30.00
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Two large deals by important banking interests in the downtown financial zone contributed more than ordinary interest to the realty market yesterday, especially as they follow so closely the recent big investments by financial interests on and adjacent to Wall Street. They involved the acquisition of a twelve-story building on Liberty Street, running through to Maiden Lane by the Federal Reserve Bank, increasing by a substantial amount the Federal Reserve holdings in that block and the purchase by the banking firm of Brown Brothers & Co. of two old structures on Beaver Street adjoining its recently completed structure on the corner of that thoroughfare and Hanover Street.

The Federal Reserve Bank purchased the twelve-story Fahys Building at 29 and 31 Liberty Street, extending through to 52 and 54 Maiden Lane, fronting about 50 feet on both thoroughfares and about 105 feet in depth. It was purchased from the Fahys Watch Case Company and adds over 5,000 square feet to the holdings of the Federal Reserve Bank, which now owns a plot fronting 286.5 on Liberty Street, 164.9 on Nassau Street, and 319 feet on Maiden Lane, including all of the block bounded by William Street on the east except five structures. Twenty buildings of various heights are on the property all except two being old structures, the exceptions being the Fahys Building, just purchased, and the eleven-story structure formerly occupied by the Lawyers' Title & Trust Company. The area is 38,500 square feet.

The other property was acquired last year, the investments made by the Federal Reserve Bank being estimated at over $3,000,000, the assessed valuation of the property being about $3,300,000. It is one of the largest downtown properties in a single ownership and the site will ultimately be improved with a magnificent banking edifice, although the detailed plans have not been completed.

Horace S. Ely & Co. and the Charles F. Noyes Company were the brokers in the transaction. Osborn, Fleming & Whittlesey acted as attorneys for the sellers and the Reserve Bank was represented by White & Case.

Beaver Street Purchase by Brown Brothers & Company.

The purchase by Brown Brothers & Co. included the two old five-story buildings at 81 and 83 Beaver Street, a plot fronting 44 feet by 60 feet in depth. They were bought from the Emigrant Industrial Savings Institution, which took them over in foreclosure proceedings in September, 1917. The property has been held at $150,000. It adjoins the new three-story bank building on the Hanover Street corner recently completed by the banking firm, being immediately in the rear of the main banking house on Wall Street. The acquisition of the Beaver Street parcel gives the bank a frontage of 57.8 feet on Wall Street, 213.2 feet on Hanover Street and 84.5 feet on Beaver Street.

The new property will be improved in the near future with an addition similar in the style to the structure on the Hanover Street corner, the purchase being necessary to acquire additional space for the enlarged business.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company were the brokers in the transaction representing Brown Brothers and Thomas J. O'Reilly acted as broker for the Emigrant Savings Bank.

Bank Purchase in Brooklyn.

An important banking deal in Brooklyn was made by the People's Trust Company, which purchased the two buildings at 230 and 232 Flatbush Avenue, between Bergen Street and Sixth Avenue, from the Chauncey Real Estate Company. The structures will be remodeled for a branch office of the buyers, whose main offices are in the Pioneer Warehouse Building, on Flatbush Avenue, between Lafayette Avenue and Fulton Street.

Adolph Lewisohn Adds to His 57th Street Holdings.

Adolph Lewisohn has increased his holdings on West Fifty-seventh Street by the purchase of the four-story residence No. 31 from William R. Rose. The structure, which occupies a plot 27 by 100, was held at about $200,000.

On Tuesday last Mr. Lewisohn purchased 27 and 29 West Fifty-seventh Street, similar structures, and now controls a plot with a frontage of 75 feet and a depth of 100. It is the buyer's intention to remodel the structures and lease them for business. L. J. Phillips & Co. negotiated all three transactions.

Buying Private Dwellings.

An investor has purchased from the J. W. Tucker estate 138 East Fifty-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 16 by 100.8.

Fisher and Irving I. Lewine, operators, have resold to an investing client of Brooks & Momand 120 West Seventy-first Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 21 by 100. This is the fifth sale of the property within the last two months.

Site for New East Side Hospital Assembled.

The work of assembling the site for the new hospital to be erected by the Beth Israel Hospital Association has been completed by acquiring title from the estate of Hugh Doherty to 10 and 11 Livington Place and 321 East Sixteenth Street, northeast corner, three four-story dwellings, on a plot 35 by 120.

Accumulation of the site began in 1914, when the association purchased 12 to 16. In 1917 it acquired the Seventeenth Street corner. The plot to be improved contains eight dwellings and the seven-story Stuyvesant aaprtments, having a combined frontage of 189.11 feet and a depth of 120 feet, opposite Stuyvesant Square. The consideration in the deed filed was $68,000.

Tenement Deals.

A. W. Miller & Co. sold for Vivian Brandon of Panama to an investor 843 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story double flat with stores on a lot 25 by 100.

Cohen Brothers purchased from the Christopher-Pitkin Company, representing the State Bank, 433 East Sixty-fifth Street, a six-story tenement on a plot 37.5 by 100, held at $45,000.

The Lincoln Trust Company sold to David Pasinsky 11 East 113th Street, a ten-family tenement on a lot 25 by 100. The buyer will alter the apartments into small suites.

The Bronx Market.

In the West Bronx William M. Moore sold to Frederick Brown, operator, 111 and 115 West 190th Street, two six-story apartments occupying a plot 106 by 100. The structures, which were completed about six months ago, show an annual rent roll of $21,000 and were held at $160,000.

Georgia Court, a six-story elevator apartment at 970 Prospect Avenue, has been purchased for investment by the Emco Improvement Company from the 970 Prospect Avenue Corporation, J. Wainsman President. The structure occupies a plot 75 by 182 and was held at $175,000. Alexander Selkin negotiated the sale.

The 2½-story house at 2,482 Devoe Terrace, on a plot 30 by 100, has been sold by William R. Lowe for Cahn & Lenzer to C. W. Mullenberg, and also sold the two-story dwelling at 2,338 Aqueduct Avenue, on plot 30 by 100, to J. Golumbier.

Brooklyn.

I. Saltzberg sold for Clarence Bennett to A. Leblang the two two-family brick houses 1010 and 1012 Fifty-third street, on a plot of 43.8 by 100.

The Meister Builders, Inc., purchased two six-story apartment houses 64-70 McKibben Street, on a plot 105 by 100, from Mrs. Mary D. Patton, wife of the late Senator Patton of Pennsylvania. The property was held at $90,000.

Queens Borough Sale.

The Thomas Smith Realty Company sold to J. Bosch a plot 40 by 100 on the east side of Ninth Street south of Avenue A, College Point.

The United Boros Realty Company sold to F. Frankel a plot 40 by 94 on the west side of Hamilton Avenue north of Metropolis Avenue, Richmond Hill.

J. Paul purchased from E. Hill a plot 75 by 100 on the northwest side of Center Street northeast of Wyckoff Avenue, Evergreen.

Buys Larchmont Home.

E. C. Griffin & P. H. Collins have sold at Larchmont for Mrs. Annie H. Bolton her cottage on the corner of Larchmont and Walnut Avenues to a client for occupancy.

Recent Buyers.

Leopold Weiss is the buyer of the five-story apartment at 914 East 167th Street, sold last week. Mr. Weiss also purchased recently for investment the Alexander Walker residence at 414 Riverside Drive, which is to be altered into small suites, and the apartment house at 31 to 35 West 115th Street.

Title to 21, 31, and 41 Bennett Avenue, three six-story elevator apartments, was passed yesterday by the Bennett Avenue Realty Company to the West 136th Street Company. The houses, which are about four years old, have a frontage on Bennett Avenue of 288 feet. They produce a gross yearly rental of $69,000, and were held at $415,000. Stewart Hemingway was the broker in the transaction.

State Realty Board Meets.

The Executive Committee of the Real Estate Association of the State of New York met yesterday at the Hotel McAlpin, when various matters pertaining to real estate, including the question of raising more money by taxation to meet the growing State budget, were discussed.

Legislation affecting companies selling land on installment contracts will be discussed today, and a banquet will be tendered to delegates of the local real estate boards this evening, when it is expected that the representatives of the Mayor's Committee on Taxation will be present.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 25.11 ft n of 101st St, 25x100, June 6, 1911; Anita Piza to A. M. Elkus, 755 West End Av, due June 6, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$2,500

ARDEN ST, 20, s w s, 200.6 ft n w of Nagle Av, 40.6x130; Kindale Holding Corporation to Arrow Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, due Jan. 6, 1922, 6 p. c., prior mtg $34,000; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway..............$5,500

BENNETT AV, e s, at centre line of 182d St, 88.6x100x102.3x100.11; Bennett Av, e s, 88.6 ft n of centre line of 182d St, 93.4x100, Jan. 5; West 136th Street Realty Co. to Jacob Rosenthal, 530 West End Av, due March 15, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $352,000; attorneys, Marks & M., 63 Park Row..............$7,500

HORATIO ST, 78, s s, 163.5 ft w of Greenwich St, 25x87.5, 1-3 part, Dec. 26, 1918; Antoinette C. Simonson to Rev. J. F. Cooper, Providence, R. I., due and int. as per bond; address A. C. Simonson, 197 Park Av..............$2,812

MADISON AV, 1,004, w s, 46 ft s of 78th St, 15.2x74, Jan. 9; Mary F. Doran to Clarence K. Vliet, 109 West 129th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $10,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$2,700

7TH AV, 2,195, e s, 24.11 ft s of 130th St, 18.9x75, P. M. Jan. 9; Willis W. Brown to Right Realty and Security Co., 206 Broadway, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $10,500..............$1,500

11TH ST, 152 West, s s, 15.1 ft e of Greenwich Av, 18.9x43.3x19.9x37.1, Jan. 6; Eliz. W. Coxe to Jno. Z. Lowe, 120 Broadway, due April 1, 1925, 6 p. c., prior mtg $6,500; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$6,000

11TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 100x95, P. M., Jan. 9; Anna Weller to Lucius H. Beers, at West Hampton Beach, and another, trustees, 3 years; attorneys, Lord, D. & L., 49 Wall St..............$30,000

12TH ST, 722-8 East, s w corner of Dry Dock St, 84x75, P. M.; Max Peterdorf to Arthur McGlone, 19 West 65th St, due Nov. 10, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg $——; attorneys, Bennett, W. & N., 2 Rector St..............$4,000

20TH ST, 335-7 East, n s, 222.7 ft w of 1st Av, 35.8x92, Jan. 9; Wellworth Property Co. to H. Fischel, 118 East 93d St, installments, $500 quarterly, 6 p. c..............$6,000

22D ST, 331 West, n s, 389.8 ft w of 8th Av, 22.4x98.9, Dec. 30; Emily I. Kearr to Alice Wall, 650 Park Pl, Brooklyn, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. W. Redmond, 44 Court St, Brooklyn..............$1,000

45TH ST, n s, 141 ft w of 1st Av, 159x100.5, P. M., Nov. 1, 1918; Frankmer Corp. to Fred Oppermann, Jr., Brewing Co., 73 William St, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Fitch & Grant, 32 Nassau St..............$45,000

71ST ST, 120 West, s s, 194 ft w of Columbus Av, 21x100.5, P. M., Jan. 8; Eleanor A. Sisson to 210 West 56th St. Co., 135 Broadway, 1 year, 6 p. c., prior mtg $16,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$14,500

76TH ST, 432 East, s s, 175 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2, Jan. 6; Max Katz and another to Mary Peroutka, 359 East 68th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., mtg $14,000; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway..............$4,000

77TH ST, 325 East, n s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2, Dec. 10; Clara Bereano to Philip M. Dancis, 1,316 Fulton Av, Bronx, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $12,000; attorney, S. C. David, 140 Nassau St..............$3,000

86TH ST, 124 West, s s, 245 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x106.10, Jan. 6; Adelaide K. Easton to Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, due Dec. 1, 1920, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway..............Gold $14,000

95TH ST, 65 East, n s, 150 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.8, P. M., Jan. 9; Jacob F. Liebler to Josephine H. Cuffe, 65 East 95th St, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$6,000

125TH ST, 332 East, s s, 375 ft e of 2d Av, 25.6 x 150 x irregular, P. M. Jan. 8; Millie Rosenberg to Broadway Savings Institution, 5 Park Place, 5 years; attorney, Richard B. Kelly, 233 Broadway..............$25,800

148TH ST, n s, 119 ft e of Convent Av, 18x99.11, Jan. 10; Mary and Sarah Carstang to Charles G. Koss, 628 West End Av, due Nov. 22, 1920, prior mtg $2,200; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & W., 256 Broadway..............$1,800

Bronx.

GRANT AV, e s, 50 ft n of John St, 50x100; Catherine H. Goldhammer to Edw. T. Strassle, 1,710 East Chester Road, Jan. 9, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Mapes & R., 370 East 149th St..............$1,000

ST. LAWRENCE AV, 1,210, e s, 25x100; Richard W. Horner to Elvey K. Johnson, 542 West 112th St, Jan. 9, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, R. W. Horner, 16 Exchange Place..............$4,000

WEBSTER AV, 1,139 to 1,145, (leasehold;) Fannie London et al. to Nathan Levitch, 1,273 Webster Av, Nov. 30, 1918, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. Schwartz, 1 Madison Av..............$1,500

145TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of Clifton Av, 25x100; August Meyer to Elizabeth Schoepp, Ridgefield Park, N. J., and another, Jan. 7, 2 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$2,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 843; William Menke to Barton Chapin, executor and trustee, 317 West 81st St; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway..............$25,000

EAST END AV, 154; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Lena Wallach; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway..............$3,500

FORT WASHINGTON AV, 91; Daniel and Max Kops, individually and trustees, to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway..............$165,000

MADISON ST, 93; Joseph Kohnstamm, executor, to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$23,000

MADISON AV, n e corner 49th St, mtg $150,000; Alfred M. Heinsheimer to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., and Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; attorney E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St; two assignments....$350,100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,620 to 1,628, mtg $40,000; Abel King and another to Pauline Price, 1,630 Bathgate Av, Bronx; attorney, Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway..............$100

1ST AV, 1,448, mtg $5,000; Bertha Levy to Daisy L. Modry, 140 East 74th St; attorneys, L. & I. J. Joseph, 135 Broadway; two assignments, each..............$1

2D AV, 1,119; Mildred S. Tompkins to Alfred H. Bull, 1,224 83d St, Brooklyn, and another, executors; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St..............$6,000

7TH AV, 198; Lillie Freeman to Charles Freeman, 1,378 35th St, Brooklyn; attorney, D. I. Shapiro, 99 Nassau St..............$8,000

13TH ST, 733 and 735 East, mtg $25,000; Edwin C. Kent and another, executors, to Richard Kent, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.; attorney, John M. Knox, 19 Liberty St......$1

20TH ST, 220 West, mtg $22,000; Samuel Goldsticker to Katie K. Inkulsen, 1,140 Garden St, Hoboken, N. J., et al.; attorneys, Rade & K., 258 Broadway.....$15,000

24TH ST, 335 East; Marie Schnable to Alex. P. Schreiber, 279 East 169th St; address, H. J. Schreiber, 383 2d Av..............$2,000

28TH ST, 127 West; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to New York Investors Corp., 176 Broadway..............$10,000

66TH ST, 328-30 East, a. t. in int. of $16,000, mtg $83,000; Gibraltar Mort. Co. to Sam'l Willets, Old Westbury, L. I., and Sam'l Willets to Columbia Trust Co., 60 Broadway; attorneys, Davis, A. & C., 34 Nassau St; two assignments, each..............$100

80TH ST, 168 East, mtg $40,000; William N. Harte and Central Union Trust Co. of New York, trustees, to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row..............$10,000

86TH ST, 11 West, mtg now $16,000; Alice O'Brien to Ella J. Harrington, 665 Samuel St, Far Rockaway; B. of two..............$1

90TH ST, 59 East, mtg $2,000, ½ part, a. t.; Clara Engelke to Arthur G. Quinn, 5 West 162d St; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway..............$1

111TH ST, 209 West, mtg $8,000; Aug. F. Nanz to Clara Nanz, 2,185 84th St, Brooklyn; address, 9 Church St..............Gift

112TH ST, 111 and 113 East, mtg $38,000; Mattie B. James, individually and as executrix, to Gibraltar Mortgage Co., 52 William St; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St..............$25,000

SAME PROPERTY; Gibraltar Mortgage Co. to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St; attorneys, same..............$100

115TH ST, 9 East, collateral for note of $5,000, mtg $13,000; Corporation for Relief of Widows and Children of Clergymen of the P. E. Church in State of New York, to New York Title and Mort. Co., 135 Broadway..............$100

125TH ST, 257 East, mtg $15,000; Emanuel David to Herzig Holding, 139 West 29th St; attorney, Frank F. Kirkpatrick, 115 Broadway..............$1

129TH ST, 117 East; American Mort. Co. to Chas. A. Collord; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$8,000

Bronx.

DAWSON ST, 751; William J. Henchey to Thomas F. Burke, 458 West 37th St; attorney, H. C. Merrill, 751 Dawson St..............$1

LOT 30, map of Clasons Point; Bankers Trust Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$40,000

LOTS 96A and 97A, map of Godwin estate; Joseph M. Callahan, referee, to Joseph P. Day, 34 Gramercy Place; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph P. Day to Newark Ports Terminal Co., 31 Nassau St; attorney, same..............$1

TIFFANY ST, s e corner of 167th St, 79.8x100x irregular; Paul M. Gomberg to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$100

VALENTINE AV, s e s, 405.9 ft n e of 198th St, 25x98x25x98.2; Rose Beckingham, individually and as executrix, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$7,000

VYSE AV, w s, 142.6 ft s of 178th St, 51.6x150.7; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Aaron Ratner, 1,804 Arthur Av; attorney, Mackelton & G., 43 Cedar St; on mtg of..............$40,000

VYSE AV, 1,973; N. Y. Produce Exchange Bank to same; attorney, same..............$100

SAME PROPERTY; Aaron Ratner and another to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av; attorney, same..............41,500

150TH ST, s s, 225.3 ft e of Morris Av, 25x80; Charles P. Faber to Julius Lehrenkrauss, 195 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, and another; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$3,200

172D ST, 457; Bertha Lewy to Daisy L. Modry, 140 East 74th St; attorney, L. & I. J. Joseph, 135 Broadway..............$1

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

HOUSTON ST, 11 East, first floor, basement, and sub-basement; John Hardwicke et al to. St. Regis Syndicate, Inc., 5 years from June 15, 1918; attorneys, Bick, G. & F., 215 Montague St., Brooklyn......$1,000

SAME PROPERTY, first floor, cellar, and basement; St. Regis Syndicate to Joseph Rothstein et al., 560 Beck St, from Jan. 8, 1919, to June 15, 1923, subject to chattel mtg of $10,000; attorneys same......$1,000

5TH AV, 313, all; El-El Co. to Mason & Hamlin Co., 492 Boylston St, Boston, Mass., 2 years from Jan. 15, 1919; attorney, A. A. Wheat, 135 Broadway..............$12,500

41ST ST, 142 East, all; Edward S. Boylston et al. to Kips Bay Garage, on premises, 15 years from April 1, 1918, 10 years' renewal; attorney, F. C. Haven, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn..............$4,500

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for attendance officer, male and female, is announced. It contains 439 names. The commission certified to the Bureau of Attendance of the Board of Education the following male names for appointment in Manhattan, the first name being that of a soldier in the present war, who, under the law, has precedence over the others: Donald R. Brien, 70; Nathaniel Milbauer, 93.20; Raymond Becker, 87.70; John Leahy, 86.50; James Fallon, 84.80; Samuel Wiley, 84.30; Herold Miller, 84.10; Maurice Dubin, 83.90; Isidore Simon, 83.80; Nicholas Flavin, 83.60; George Matschke, 8310; Charles Lewis, 83; Francis Brady, 83; Philip Weinstein, 82.80; Lawrence Murray, 82.80; John J. Callahan, 82.80; Timothy Ahearne, 82.60; Hay Taschman, 82.50; Robert McCurrin, 82.30; William Brennan, 82.20; Herman Rossbach, 82.20; Emanuel Schwartz, 82.20; Gus Soderberg, 82.10; Joseph Reagan, 81.90; Armen Kuenstler, 81.80; Irving White, 81.80; William Gordon, 81.70; Charles Monaghan, 81.50; Louis Ciaccia, 81.30; Nilon Rabinowitz, 81.20; Harry Wagner, 81.10; Alexander Caro, 81.10; Sylvester Lynch, 81; Thomas Cullen, 80.80; Milton Schwartz, 80.70; Stephen Murphy, 80.70; Albert Pfost, 80.30; William Leonhart, 80.10; Anthony Devoti, 80.10; William Hanley, 80; Frank Green, 80; Moses Moller, 80; Henry Greenfield, 79.60; Patrick Spollen, 79.50; William Smith, 79.40; John O'Brien, 79.20; Hyman Silverman, 79.20; William Shea, 79; Walter Mooney, 79; Seymour Rabinowitz, 78.90; Hugo Pollak, 78.90; Patrick Delaney, 78.70; Maurice Bass, 78.70; John Hart, 78.60; Clarence Joyce, 78.50; Milton Breakstone, 78.40; Joseph Michaelovitz, 78.40; Robert Scott, 78.30; Frank Rudden, 78.10; William Williams, 78.10; Thomas Murray, 78.10; Harry Coller, 78.10; Eugene Connelly, 77.80; James Walsh, 77.80; Otto Weiss, 77.70; Thomas Fletcher, 77.60; William Moran, 77.40.

United States.

The commission announces for April 1 an examination for assistant in agricultural technology, qualified as instrument maker, for men. Vacancies in the Bureau of Markets, Department of Agriculture, and other branches of the departmental service in Washington, D. C., at entrance salaries ranging from $1,200 to $1,800 a year, will be filled from this examination. Certification to fill the higher salaried positions will be made from those attaining the highest average percentages in the examination. As insufficient eligibles were obtained from the last examination for this position, qualified persons are urged to apply. Persons appointed to the Bureau of Markets as a result of this examination will be employed in the mechanical laboratory of the bureau, where high-grade scientific apparatus and instruments are produced. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 40; education, training, and experience, 60. Applicants must have had at least two years' experience as instrument maker in a first-class scientific instrument shop or in a high-grade physical laboratory shop. They will be admitted to this examination regardless of their age, but at the request of the department making appointments certification will be made of eligibles who are within reasonable age limits. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Education Notes.

The Board of Education yesterday decided to call the new high school in the Bronx the Theodore Roosevelt High School.

Fritz Leuchs, a teacher in the Morris High School, will be tried by the Board of Education on charges of conduct unbecoming a teacher.

The Brooklyn Heads of Departments Association will hold its fifth meeting for the season at Grant Hall, 480 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, Jan. 14, at 4 P. M. Miss Madeline Jaffrey, a Red Cross nurse, wounded in the service, and a wearer of the Croix de Guerre, will speak of her overseas work.

Harry Rieders, President of the Efficient Audit Company, will conduct a course in elementary and advanced bookkeeping at the Washington Heights branch of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, St. Nicholas Avenue and 159th Street, preparing students for the regents examinations as well as for bookkeeping positions.

The Board of Education yesterday appropriated money for sites for ten additions to public schools and for new buildings. Included in the items was $325,000 for the site for the Julia Richman High School.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended an amendment to the by-laws providing for the payment of the Supervisor of Continuation Classes an annual salary; minimum $1,800, maximum $2,400, the annual increase, until the maximum is reached, to be $200 a year.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that the boundary lines for high school districts 15 and 16 be changed.

Wills for Probate.

FLAGLER, ALICE M., (Dec. 24.)—Value of estate not stated. She gave all her cash to her mother, Mrs. E. Mandelick and the residuary estate to her husband, John H. Flagler.

HAAS, KALMAN, (Jan. 4.)—Value of estate more than $1,000,000. Mount Sinai Hospital and Mount Sinai Training School for Nurses, $10,000 each; Harriet F., wife, residence at 7 East 69th St. and country place at Mount Kisco, $750,000 in cash, and all the testator's stock in Haas Brothers, a California corporation; residuary estate to children, George G., Robert K., and Edith Haas.

SIMONS, MARTIN, (Dec. 23.)—Estate worth more than $500,000. Mary Simons, wife, gets the sum given to her under an antenuptial agreement and a trust fund of $50,000; Max, son, trust fund of $80,000; Melvin C., son, fund of $125,000; Celia P. Rosenfeld, daughter, $75,000, and Annie C. Taylor, daughter, fund of $50,000.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 11: Patrol.—From 109th to precincts indicated, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued: Charles Blaes, 29; E. J. Cassidy, 31; D. R. Breen, from 26th to 109th, assigned to bicycle duty.

Leave of absence, (without pay): Patrol.—E. M. Sutting, 23, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Jan. 14.

Application for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol.—Francis McCormack, 104, from 11 A. M., Jan. 1, during disability.

Fire Department.

Fined: Fireman 1st grade John McDermott, H. & L. 106, $5, for loss of coat badge 5220.

Revocation of detail, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 11: Fireman 1st grade G. J. Scanlan, Eng. 44, to the Deputy Chief of the 7th Div., as chauffeur.

Detail, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 11: Fireman 1st grade J. P. Rudden, H. & L. 48, to the Deputy Chief of the 7th Div., as chauffeur.

Special leave of absence: Engineer of Steamer Arthur Reside, Eng. 42, for 96 hours, from 8 A. M., Jan. 14.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The War Departments published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following to Army Medical School:

Paterson, Capt. D. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Clarke, W. E.
Dougherty, L. E.
Gilchrist, J. M.
Gillespie, N. W.
Goldman, C.
Klein, A.
L'Episcopo, J. B.
Powers, H. E.
Smith, J. W.

Following to Hosp. 16 at New Haven:

Moore, Capt. A. H.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Davis, H. E.
Jenkins, N. H.
Kemp, E. D.
McDermott, B. A.
Moore, T. F.
Palmer, R. M.
Rosen, L.
Rosnagle, F. E.
Schroeder, L. P.
Sheehy, R. W.
Silverman, J. G.
Weller, C. W.

Carr, Capt. B. W.; Hosey, Capt. J. T.; Proctor, 1st Lt. G. C., and Agnelly, 1st Lt. E. J., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Strong, Maj. R. A.; Pruett, Capt. H. J., and Christman, 1st Lt. P. W., will report to attending surg. at Washington.

Owensby, Maj. N. M.; Dean, Capt. J. McH.; Donahue, 1st Lt. J. C., and O'Meara, 1st Lt. J. J., to Camp Meade.

Young, Capt. W. B., and Wheeler, Capt. A. W., to Hosp. 1 at Williamsbridge, N. Y.

McGuire, Capt. T. J., and McCurdy, Capt. T. C., to Hosp. 14 at Ft. Oglethorpe.

Baer, Lt. Col. W. S., will report to Surg. Gen.

Snyder, Lt. Col. H. McC., to Camp Kearney.

Grant, Maj. D. N. W., to Hosp. 31 at Carlisle, Penn.

Osborne, Maj. H. M., to Camp Upton.

Cotter, Capt. J. J., to Hoboken.

DeBarrio, Capt. P., to Rockwell Field.

Fisher, Capt. S. E., and Johnston, Capt. D. D., to Post Field.

Steele, Capt. T. A., and McPherson, 1st Lt. C. G., to Camp Dodge.

France, Capt. J. J., to Camp Jackson.

Nervig, Capt. I. E., to Hosp. No. 27 at Ft. Douglas.

Dunning, Capt. M. B., to Hosp. No. 2 at Ft. McHenry.

Ingerber, 1st Lt. I. S., to Hosp. No. 36 at Detroit.

Johnson, 1st Lt. J. B., to Hosp. No. 11 at Cape May.

McVay, 1st Lt. J. R., to Hosp. No. 26 at Ft. Des Moines.

Barber, 1st Lt. J. J., to Hosp. No. 3 at Colonia, N. J.

Kunce, 1st Lt. C. E., and Traub, 1st Lt. H. W., to Hosp. No. 38 at East View, N. Y.

Baker, 1st Lt. C., to Hosp. No. 24 at Pittsburgh.

Hanna, 1st Lt. L., hon. discharged.

ReMine, 1st Lt. W. H., to West Point Academy.

Clinton, 1st Lt. L. B., to Nitrate Plant No. 3 at Toledo.

Devitt, 1st Lt. E. K., to Camp Benning.

Eleder, 1st Lt. F. C., and McIver, 1st Lt. M. A., to Camp Sevier.

Koch, 1st Lt. A. G., to Camp Bowie, with 17th Ammunition Train.

Infantry.

Following promoted to be Colonels:

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Beck, R. McC., Jr.
Hunt, C. A.
Houghton, E. H.
James, L. R.
Phillipson, I. J.
Roberts, O. W.
Gerlach, F. C.

Following promoted to be Lieut. Cols.:

MAJORS.

MacDonald, G.
Moynahan, T. J.
Rieger, J. E.
Morrissey, W. J.
Siebe, H. B.
Mullican, C. M.
Olmsted, E. W.
Berry, C. W.
Rowe, G. I.
Scott, D. E.
Clemens, P. B.
Fowler, F. H.

Following promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Haines, F. E.
Cheney, F. W.
Almond, E. M.
Payne, A. N.
Troster, O. J.
Fleming, S. W., Jr.
Pierson, W. W.
Burns, R. T.
Eversberg, E.
Cardwell, W. W.
Burgess, R. F.
Nelson, D. R.
Johnson, C. H.
Muller, A. B.
Galbraith, H. B.
Blackshear, W. R.
Henderson, H. M.
Horton, H. C.
Brownell, W. H.
Bryan, L. R., Jr.
Barton, T. D.
MacKenzie, G. T.
Haywood, S.
Dooley, J. C.
Haller, F. P., Jr.
Ellis, F. E.
Hulings, C. M.
Smith, W. C.
Gullette, C. B.
Miller, N. A.
Caldwell, E. N.
Dager, H. E.
Howard, H. F.
Murphy, G. P.
Steves, F. W.
Portmann, M. C.
Curtiss, W. H.
Estabrook, F.
Scott, T.
Kimberling, H. R.
Schoonmaker, F. P.
Collins, E. H.
Nichols, R. O.
Patten, L. H.

Following promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Whitley, E. P.
Wakefield, M. C.
Perdue, N.
Eden, J. R.
Bradley, D. H.
Albright, P. H.
Brown, C. C.
Carle, R. L.
Loomis, J. S.
Hudson, A. S.
Toy, H. S.
Nicholson, A. J.
Allen, R. J.
MacDermut, C. K.
Way, W. N.
Meany, S. L.
Webb, E. L.
Paton, J. A.
Kemp, F. A., Jr.
Freeman, J. H.
Bresnahan, T. F.
Rogers, E. H.
Ives, E. B.
Randolph, R. S. F.
Brown, R. R.
Fournier, L.
Stokley, R. G.
Griffin, M. G.
Anderson, S. I.
Hildreth, R. P.
Loring, D., Jr.
McCord, J. H., Jr.
Crum, J. H.
Robinson, C. W.
Borrowe, H. A.
Swett, G. I.
Holly, W. P.
Wilson, C. R.
Christie, R. D.
Culbreath, H. C.
Hennessey, J. F., Jr.
Erb, W. L.
Humphrey, T. C.
Whitman, F. D.
Miller, R. T.
Kiplinger, E. W.
Johnson, J. O.
Watters, D. S.
Geer, C. W.
Cooke, J.
Bradish, G. B.
Drake, M. E.
Davis, E. T.
Schultz, O. C.
Langford, A. M.
Daum, M. F.
Lee, R. E.
Greene, J. A.
Pride, H.
Rattleman, W. A.
Gill, P. L.
Wainwright, E. Z.
Folsom, L. H.
Record, P. C.
Burke, A. A.
Scheiberling, E. N.
Bigler, V. L.
Candler, S. C.
Hinkson, J. H. W.
Cassel, L. S.
Bevan, A. H.
Morley, J. R.
Stone, H. E.
Green, J. L.
Montgomery, W. S.
Loftus, F. A.
McManus, E. H.
Slagel, H. P.
Schraeder, S.
Reid, E. L.
Washam, O. F.
Fleming, C. H.
Johnson, R.
Owens, S. H.
Fried, R. E.
Royce, H. K.
Owsley, C.
Seran, W. L.
Chastaine, B. H.
Ferrine, N. S.
Sayles, E. B.
Horner, E. W.
Banks, R. B.
Gray, F. L.
Lounsberry, V.
Sauter, L. C.
Creighton, M. J.
Berry, L. H.
McGowan, G. C.
Hughes, M. H.

Campbell, 1st Lt. C. C., Jr., and Slaton, 1st Lt. W. F., Jr., promoted to be Captains in the Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept.

Tayman, Col. C. E., ret., after more than 30 years' service.

Eby, Lt. Col. C. McH., to Wash. as asst. to motor transport off.

Bourne, Capt. T. P., and Tiedemann, Capt. T. S. A., promoted to be Majors in Adjt. Gen.'s Dept.

Rice, Capt. A. T., promoted to be a Major in Insp. Gen.'s Dept.

Hunt, Capt. G. A., to Camp Custer.

Thompson, Capt. C. H., assigned to Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Div. on General Staff, fire and accident prevention section.

Smithson, 1st Lt. C. E., and McDonald, 1st Lt. R. J., to Camp Dix for disposition.

Dickerson, 1st Lt. J. M., promoted to be a Capt. in Army Service Corps.

Branth, 1st Lt. J. C., promoted to be Capt. in Cav.

Ale, 1st Lt. J. H., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Benj. Harrison, sick.

Caldwell, 1st Lt. V. E., relieved from assignment to 33d.

Signal Corps.

Following promoted to be Lt. Cols.:

MAJORS.

Hinemon, J. H., Jr.
Forbes, C. R.
Andrews, E. R.
Bender, L. B.
Gerow, L. T.
Sanger, D. B.
Sawyer, C. N.
Simpson, C. V.
Corlett, C. H.
Milliken, C. M.
Montrose, F. A.
Chase, H. G.
Repp, W. F.

Following promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Stannard, E. N.
Hickerson, J. B. L.
Schenk, G. E.
Butler, E. E.
Carson, L. G.
McLay, A. D.
Hayes, D. W.
Brown, E. F.
McNamara, J. W.
Kilbury, I. M.
Crafts, A. F.
Powers, L. M.
Hubbard, S. T., Jr.
Blanck, C. T.
Burke, D. A.
Curran, W. H.
Dickerson, G. W.

Following promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Whitaker, L. S.
Briscoe, C. S.
Cuny, C. D.
Hammond, C. McC.
Pongry, V. W.
Jones, R. A.
Burch, W. C.
Welch, E. H.
Beall, J. C.
Weitzenburg, W. F.
Wightman, H. E.
Zooman, A. B.
Johnson, R. E.
Dorsey, J. W.
Shriver, C. C.
Thompson, W. B.
Flannelly, J. R.
Fischle, C. R.
Dudley, T. P.
Droste, G. T.
Donhauser, J.
Dellenbaugh, F. S.
De Baun, L. H.
Crandall, B. F.
Close, G.
Caldwell, C. A.
Boush, S.
Bland, H.
Wright, W. E.
Hart, A. L.
White, W. C.
Jones, M. F.
Knowles, W. J.
McComas, R. T.
Meigs, F. P.
Pagan, G. E.
Riddle, T. H.
Riser, J. W.
Rundquist, J. E.
Saylor, W. E.
Shaw, G. F.
Taylor, B. L., Jr.
Truax, A. F.

Cousins, Maj. R. P., to Payne Field and assume command.

Goodman, Capt. W. E., Jr., promoted to be Major in Mil. Police Corps.

McCall, 1st Lt. J. J., promoted to be Capt. in Mil. Police Corps.

Lynch, Capt. J. H.; Keys, Capt. W., and Richter, 1st Lt. G. L., to Camp Meade.

Maloney, Capt. A. B., to 219th Field Sig. Bat. at Camp Dodge.

Suddath, 1st Lt. L. N., to Charleston, S. C.

De Berri, 1st Lt. E. M., hon. discharged.

Engineers.

Following promoted to be Lieut. Colonels.:

MAJORS.

Jones, N. H.
Scheidenhelm, F. W.
Knight, G. W.
Powell, O. N.

Following promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Richers, G. J.
Whipple, C. E.
Kenney, C. S.
Hoff, M. J.
Simpson, W. J. P.
Rader, R. D.
Robbe, W. H.

Following promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Krigbaum, L. G.
Deery, J. A.
Cole, R. F.
Yerance, A. W.
Packard, C. L.
Ulrich, M. J.
Howe, H. R.
Murphy, G. P.
Berkeley, L. R.

Reinicke, Col. P. S., assigned to 211th, at Camp Meade.

Ladue, Col. W. B., from 211th, at Camp Meade, to Philadelphia.

Kears, Capt. W. J., to Wash. as asst. to Chief of Const., Div.

Field Artillery.

Hervy, Maj. H., promoted to be a Lt. Col.

Whitridge, Capt. A., and Howe, Capt. H. A., promoted to be Majors.

Following promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Andrews, De L.
Johnson, C.
George, J. E.
Swarthout, W. N.
Shutts, F. N.
Spotts, R. H.
Brown, H. M.
Forbes, W. A.
Kimball, D.
Carey, W. G., Jr.
Mackay, L. L.

Patterson, Capt. J. M., to Camp Grant for discharge.

Walker, Capt. J., to Camp Meade, for discharge.

Corcoran, 1st Lt. J. L., to Wash. with Purchase, Storage and Traffic Div. of Gen. Staff.

Quartermaster Corps.

Berger, Maj. F. V. A., promoted to be Lt. Col.

Following promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Fuchs, L. H.
Thompson, F. W.
Austin, A. B.
Wicks, P. L.
Perry, C. A.
Graves, E. V.

Following promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

McClellan, S., 3d.
Schrode, J. P.
Olson, B. A.
Freeborn, C. J.
Warlick, G. A.
Robinson, R. E.
Kuper, G. A.
Soles, R. S.

Cole, Col. H. S., (1st Lt. U. S. A. ret.,) hon. discharged as Col. only.

Moore, Lt. Col. H. B., hon. discharged.

Harper, Maj. W.; Watson, Capt. G. H.; Purvis, 1st Lt. W. M.; Parker, Capt. H. B.; Burchard, Capt. S. H., and Crane, 1st Lt. C. O., to Wash. in office of Dir. of Finance.

MacCubbin, Maj. C., to Camp Taylor as asst. to Supply Off.

Corby, Capt. J. W.; Ross, 1st Lt. W. N., and Barr, 1st Lt. H., will report to Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic in Domestic Operations.

Ordnance.

Goodman, Maj. P. W., to Rock Island Arsenal.

Kirby, Capt. C. R., to Brownsville, Texas.

Sullivan, Capt. F. A., to Charleston, S. C.

Oberdorfer, Capt. H. O., to Benicia, Cal.

McEnany, Capt. E. P., and Griffin, 1st Lt. H. J., to Philadelphia, Penn.

Schwarzenburg, Capt. L. H.; Stoecklein, 1st Lt. W. E., and Kuhn, 1st Lt. S. G., to Cleveland.

Air Service.

Lake, Maj. H. W., to McCook Field.

Twining, Maj. K., is hon. discharged.

Lassiter, Capt. R. E., to Little Rock, Ark.

Hendry, Capt. F. C., to Love Field.

Burge, Capt. U. L., and Cummings, 1st Lt. B., to Rockwell Field.

Young, Capt. G., Jr., and Pierrepont, Capt. R. S., to Army Balloon School at Arcadia, Cal.

Straw, 1st Lt. T. A., and Schiff, 1st Lt. L. D., to Army Balloon School at Lee Hall, Va.

McCulloch, 1st Lt. J. H., to Ellington Field.

Greenwood, 1st Lt. J. H., will report to Dir. of Mil. Aeronautics.

Coast Artillery.

Chase, Col. A. W., retired from active ser.

Tracy, Col. J. P., will report to Adjt.Gen.'s Dept.

Edwards, Lt.Col. A. R., to Columbia Univ. as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics.

Lyon, Lt.Col. J. W.; Beardslee, Maj. N. M., and Pillans, Maj. H. T., detailed to M.T.C. at Camp Holabird.

Wildrick, Maj. G. A., promoted to be Lt.Col.

Williford, Lt.Col. F. E., promoted to be a Col.

Nygaard, Capt. J. R., and Patton, 1st Lt. E., to San Diego, Cal.

McGarraugh, Capt. R. E.; Ahern, Capt. T. P., and Murphy, Capt. E. E., to Ft. Winfield Scott.

Callahan, Capt. J. W., to Ft. Worden.

Hart, 1st Lt. E. P., to Ft. Stevens.

De Russy, 1st Lt. R. E., to Ft. Howard.

Draper, 1st Lt. E. S., promoted to be a Capt.

Adjutant General's Department.

Williams, Maj. R. H., promoted to be a Lt.Col.

Ullrich, Capt. W., promoted to be a Major.

Woofter, 1st Lt. T. J., Jr., promoted to be a Capt.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Zanetti, Maj. J. E., and Stickney, Maj. H. H., promoted to be Lt.Cols.

McGlone, Capt. R. G., promoted to be a Major.

Miscellaneous.

Kimbel, 1st Lt. W. A.; Fernbach, 1st Lt. O. H., and Sigaud, 1st Lt. L. A., Corps of Interpreters, promoted to be Capts.

Herr, Lt.Col. J. K., U.S.A., promoted to be a Col. in Cav.

Hall, 1st Lt. J. W., Cav., promoted to be a Capt. in Army Service Corps.

Anthony, 1st Lt. A. E., and Caldwell, 1st Lt. W. B., Dent. C., to Army Hosp. 12 at Biltmore, N. C.

Lynch, 1st Lt. F. B., Vet. Corps, to Ft. Oglethorpe.

Brown, Capt. L. P., San. Corps, to conduct nutritional survey at Post Field, Love Field, and Ellington Field.

Lowry, 1st Lt. D. E., Jr., San. Corps, to Washington.

Baker, 1st Lt. C. L., U. S. A., relieved from active duty

Damon, Capt. T. J., U. S. A., will report to Chief of Staff for duty in Mill Intelligence Div.

Bell, Maj. S., hon. discharged.

Kline, Capt. D. W., Inf., to Camp Sherman.

Kramer, Lt. Col. H. C., J. A., to Porto Rico.

Smith, 1st Lt. A. S., M. T. C., to Indianapolis, Ind

Griffith, Col. T. W., U. S. A., to Boston, Mass.

Birmingham, Col. H. P., U. S. A., retired, to U. S. Soldiers' Home at Wash.

Herrmann, Capt. M. C., U. S. A., to Purchase Branch at Wash.

Paxson, Capt. C., M. T. C., to Wash., D. C.

Marcy, Capt. G. D., U. S. A., is hon. discharged.

Following promoted to be lt. cols. in Judge Adv. Gen. Dept.:

Majors.

Cosgrave, P. J.
Hurley, P. J.
Bauer, F. G.
Chiperfield, B. M.
Sutphin, D. V.
Hill, J. P.
Porter, C. V., Jr.
Kincaid, J. L.
Dorsey, R.
Teare, C. C.

Resignations.

Campbell, 1st Lt. A. G., C. A., (temporary capt.)

Carter, 1st Lt. J. M., Jr., Cav.

Jones, 1st Lt. C. L., C. A., (temporary capt.)

Billsborrow, 1st Lt. R. E., C. A., (capt. C. A. C., U. S. A.)

Taylor, 1st Lt. C. C., C. A., (temporary capt.)

Horr, 1st Lt E. N., C. A., (capt. C. A. C., U. S. A.)

Collett, 1st Lt. W. J., C. A.

Barbour, 1st Lt. D. L., C. A., (temporary capt.)

Currin, 1st Lt. J. M., Cav.

Franciscus, 1st Lt. J. L., Cav., (temporary capt.)

Leaves.

Cox, Lt. Col. E. M., F. A., extended 20 days.

Gardner, Capt. A., Tank Corps, 14 days.

Wetherill, Maj. S. P., Jr, M. T. C., 10 days.

Da, 1st Lt. R. E., Inf., extended 10 days.

Outler, Capt J. E., U. S. A., 12 days.

Perkins, Maj. G B., U S A., 15 days.

Stout, Capt. W. M., M C., 10 days.

Ipock, Capt. B. T., C. A., 14 days.

Grand, 1st Lt, R J., M. C., extended 15 days.

Sprague, 1st Lt. F. E., Ord., 14 days.

String, Maj. J. S., Ord., 14 days.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

TO ALL PERSONS DEALING WITH LIZZIE SCHILLER, also known as LIZZIE BROWN:

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, Abraham Schiller, the husband of Lizzie Schiller, am not, and will not be held responsible for any debts or obligations contracted or incurred, or which may hereafter be contracted or incurred by my wife, the said Lizzie Schiller, formerly Lizzie Brown, for the reason that my said wife is amply supplied and sufficiently provided by me with all means of livelihood and necessaries, and I hereby notify all persons who may deal or do business with her that I will not be held answerable or liable for any obligations that she may incur, and that all persons dealing with her are doing so on their own responsibility.

ABRAHAM SCHILLER,
255 West 112th Street.
Dated, New York City, January 10, 1919.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I WILL SELL at public auction on Wednesday, January 15th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, the Barge Belle Reynolds, her tackle, &c., said barge to be sold at the foot of 18th Street and East River, New York City, N. Y., where she can now be seen and inspected.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.
Dated New York, January 3, 1919.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The extraordinarily rapid movement of disturbances along the northern border continues. A storm passed eastward off the New England coast Thursday and another has advanced along the northern border and Friday night was over the St. Lawrence Valley. Another has appeared to the north of Montana, and yet another is off the North Pacific Coast.

The storm that passed into the Atlantic was followed by decidedly colder weather during Thursday night in the lower lake region, the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

The change to colder weather was brief, and during Friday much warmer weather overspread the Ohio Valley, the region of the Great Lakes, and the interior of the Middle Atlantic States. This warmer weather will also soon pass, as a cold wave has already appeared north of the Lakes and will advance southward and eastward over the Lakes, the upper Ohio Valley, and Middle Atlantic States and New England within the next thirty-six hours.

Cold wave warnings have been issued for the Lake region, the upper Ohio Valley, and the Atlantic Coast States north of Virginia.

Storm warnings continue set along the Atlantic Coast northward from Delaware Breakwater.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast Saturday and Sunday will be west gales, with fair weather; Middle Atlantic Coast, southwest and west gales, fair; South Atlantic Coast, moderate variable and generally fair.

FORECAST—TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York.—Fair in the south, and snow flurries in the north Saturday; much colder, with cold wave, by Saturday night. Sunday fair and cold.

Southern New England.—Partly cloudy and much colder Saturday, cold wave by Saturday night; Sunday, fair and cold.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania.—Fair Saturday, much colder Saturday afternoon and night, with cold wave; Sunday, fair and cold.

Western New York.—Fair Saturday, except for snow flurries near the Lakes, much colder, with a cold wave; Sunday, fair and continued cold.

Northern New England.—Fair and colder Saturday, cold wave in Vermont, New Hampshire, and Southwestern Maine; Sunday, fair and cold.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	24	15	4 P. M.	30	20
6 A. M.	25	10	6 P. M.	31	29
9 A. M.	27	12	9 P. M.	31	30
12 M.	35	20	11 P. M.	30	30

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 20; for the corresponding date last year it was 28; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 12; at 8 P. M. it was 29. Maximum temperature, 30 degrees at 4:30 P. M.; minimum, 9 degrees at 6:50 A. M. Humidity, 50 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 42 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.20 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
12:20—56 E. 8 St.; Chas. Downey..Not given
1:30—45 St. & N. R., (scow;) Dept. of Street Cleaning..............None
2:45—76 Pine St.; branch P. O......Slight
4:00—Park Av. & 42 St., (shuttle car;) Interborough..............Slight
5:20—9 James St.; G. Telzer......Not given
7:10—46 W. 54 St..............Not given
7:20—1,004 Tiffany St., (wagon;) Dept. Street Cleaning..............Not given
7:45—709 5 St.; Abraham Atlas......Slight
10:55—395 Hudson St.; May Kerns......Slight
11:00—44 Oak St.; Angelo Suscato..Not given
P. M.
12:01—579 9 Av.; Interb. Lunch Co..Not given
12:25—523 W. 21 St.; C. B. Rouss..Not given
12:45—1,093 3 Av.; Cath. Moran....Not given
1:40—228 W. 63 St.; J. Thomas......Not given
2:25—360 W. 37 St., (wagon;) Frank Sullivan..............Slight
3:00—64 E. 97 St.; Sophie Chaps..Not given
4:10—170 E. 141 St.; city property....Slight
6:00—690 Union Av.; H. Archer......Slight
7:00—106 W. 25 St.; G. Nothrop..Not given
7:55—9 W. 8 St.; Albert Strumsky......Slight
8:00—11 Av. & 59 St.; (coal bunker), Interb. R. R..............Slight
8:00—6 Washington Sq. North; Joseph Watson..............None
9:00—103 Boston Rd; Amelia Cousins..Slight
9:10—3,132 B'way; Snowber & Smith..Slight
9:35—1,821 Clay Av.; Joseph Listardt.Slight

Estates Appraised.

HEYDT, HELENE, (June 5, 1918;) total estate, $55,914. Assets: Cash, $1,000; personalty, $48,914. The estate is divided equally between her sons, Herman A. and Charles E. Heydt of 2 Rector St.

KAUFMANN, ROSALIE, (Feb. 8, 1918;) total estate, $115,956. Assets: Real estate, $6,000; cash, $21,118; personalty, $34,620; stocks and bonds, $53,708; pew in Temple Emanu-El, $500. The principal beneficiaries are her sons and daughter, Max L. Kaufmann, Otto Kaufmann, Arthur Kaufmann, and Flora Weiller, $19,624 each; grandchildren, Emil Steinfield, $2,000; Lucille Heinemann and Henry Seigbert, $9,685 each. Six institutions received from $500 to $1,000 each.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

A modern, well-equipped plant wishes to contract with one or more responsible parties for manufacturing or assembling tools or machinery in any form. The Bond Machine & Tool Works, Inc., 42 Bond St., New York City.

Capital to Invest.

Can you use a clean-cut Jewish American salesman of high calibre as a partner or associate? Want to get into a staple line; can invest a little. Opportunity, Box 105, Freeport, N. Y.

Wanted to invest $1,000 or more in legitimate, profitable business; with or without services of a practical business man. Address K 283 Times.

Am ready to negotiate entering a partnership with an established concern; ready to invest $30,000-$40,000; jobbing trade preferable. L 541 Times Downtown.

Young man, with capital, as partner in woolen business; will join party having mill connection preferred. A 861 Times Annex.

Capital Wanted.

Manufacturer of staple novelties, large demand, annual sales $150,000, net profits have been exceptional, wants an active partner with $20,000 cash to take care of expansion; principals only. Call or address Koehler, 51 Chambers St., Room 723.

Established nog raising business offers opportunity for profitable investment without services; money required to purchase brood stock, to which investor retains ownership. A 485 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Partner with about $5,000 to further a novelty business; good future; communicate or call to see J. Lighter, 65 East 11th St., City, 2-4 P. M.

DOCTOR WANTED to become associated with long-established, successful business; $10,000 necessary to secure an interest in company. B 300 Times.

TEXTILE MAN, as partner, wanted; one with mill connections preferred. K 243 Times.

For Sale.

President of metal corporation wants to sell out his interest on account of ill health, good paying business having its own foundry machinery, &c.; no attention paid to brokers, will take real estate as part payment. R. H. T., 163 Times.

Upholstery, cabinet and refinishing business, well established and good income; splendid opportunity to immediate purchaser. K 313 Times.

For Sale—Photo gallery, everything complete; a big bargain; selling on account of sickness. Phone Madison Square 5356. Address Clone, 455 4th Av., N. Y.

Shoe business, up-to-date family store, near Newark; price $5,800; no sacrifice; cash required, $3,500. H 649 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SALE OF SEWING MACHINES.

MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, 19 WEST 44TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of the following list of Singer sewing machines:

448 machines Type 107-W-3
1152 machines Type 96-10
9 machines Type 68-7
2 machines Type 61-8
1 machine Type 79-4
1 machine Type 68-20
1 machine Type 47-W-11

These machines are all in the very best condition and are crated for immediate delivery. Bids made on form M. D. 2, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 10, 1919.

For Auto and Cash—one or two lathes.

1 10 ft. 19 inch Engine Lathe, (Silk Anderson Co.)

1 8 ft. 19 inch Lathe, (Rahn-Mayer Carpenter Co.)

Both Lathes in A1 condition, with face plates, line chucks, grinding attachment, compound rests, friction countershafts. Apply at The Rotary Scraper Company, 94 High St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Trailers.—Two 3½-ton Troy trailers, new and complete; no reasonable offer refused. Call Bradshaw, Bryant 6537.

Furniture.

Filing cabinets, oak, mahogany, $5 and $8; desks, $6-$10; tables. 60 Cortlandt St.

Purchase and Exchange.

Furniture Wanted.—Responsible party buys or hires complete equipment for his 7-room apartment; must be high-class and real bargain. Phone Broad 4479.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..........7:20 | Sun sets..........4:48

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:49	3:14	9:23	9:31
Governors Island	3:17	3:43	10:02	10:07
Hell Gate	4:47	5:30	....	12:08

Friday, Jan. 10.

SS Uloa, Brest, Dec. 30.
SS Roman Prince, Brest, Dec. 26.
SS C. Lopez y Lopez, Barcelona, Dec. 19.
SS Kandahar, Hull, Dec. 24.
SS Nantic, Hull, Dec. 18.
SS Belita, Pt. Antonio, Jan. 4.
SS Canoga, Bordeaux, Dec. 29.
SS Lake Beacon, Havana, Jan. 3.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Minnesota	Marseilles	Dec. 18
Tulos	Brest	Dec. 22
Osterland	Rotterdam	Dec. 20
Western Cross	Gibraltar	Dec. 22
Catalonia	Gothenburg	Dec. 20
Ocean	Rotterdam	Dec. 21
Curvello	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 20
Royal Prince	Bordeaux	Dec. 27
David Lloyd George	Havre	Dec. 23
Themisto	Cette	Dec. 19
West Alsek	Nantes	Dec. 30
W. A. McKinney	La Pallice	Dec. 25
Masconomo	Cardiff	Dec. 30
Santa Paula	Gibraltar	Jan. 1
Politician	Gibraltar	Dec. 29
Quinault	Colon	Jan. 4
Abangarez	Bordeaux	Dec. 29
DUE TOMORROW.		
Oscar II	Copenhagen	Dec. 29
Cruiser St. Louis	Brest	Jan. 2
Santa Marta	Brest	Dec. 27
Cruiser Huntington	Brest	Jan. 2
DUE MONDAY.		
Sagua	St. Nazaire	Jan 1
Tasmanic	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
DUE TUESDAY.		
Clan Macintyre	Azores	Dec. 29
Benmore	Avonmouth	Dec. 31
Malancha	Avonmouth	Jan. 2
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Belgic	Liverpool	Jan. 5
New York	Rotterdam	Jan. 2
Tapajoz	Bahia	Jan. 17
Hollandia	Grimsby	Jan. 5

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Santa Louisa, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hilarius, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rondo, Buenos Aires	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Manhattan, London	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Louisville, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Kroonland, St. Nazaire	——	12:00 M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
North Carolina, Brest	——	12:00 M.
Santa Theresa, Brest	——	12:00 M.
San Jose, Costa Rica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Rosalia, Buenos Aires	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Walton Hall, Shanghai	——	12:00 M.
John Blumer, Bergen	——	12:00 M.
San Giorgio, Gibraltar	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Alban, Pernambuco	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Baymond, at Brest, Jan. 7.
SS City of Birmingham, at Madras, Jan. 7.
SS Westbrook, at St. Nazaire, Jan. 7.
SS Colombier, at Rotterdam, Jan. 8.
SS Dicte, at Rotterdam, Jan. 8.
SS West Madaket, at Rotterdam, Jan. 8.
SS Atalia, at London, Jan. 9.
SS San Meuse, at Genoa, Jan. 5.
SS Cedric, at Liverpool, Jan. 9.

Sailed.

SS Sonawa, from Rotterdam, Jan. 8.
SS Hamel, from Bordeaux, Jan. 8.
SS Belgic, from Brest, Jan. 8.
SS San Gennaro, from Genoa, Jan. 5.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M., Jan. 11, SS San Giorgio.

Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Goa.

Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.

Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura..........Jan. 16

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD ANCHOR
Passenger and Cargo Services
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Caronia..........Jan. 29
Prinses Juliana..........Feb. 5
Royal George..........Feb. 6
Saxonia..........Feb. 12
Carmania..........Feb. 17
Orduna..........Feb. 26
Caronia..........March 3
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW
Oriana..........Feb. 6
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia..........Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York
Phone Bowling Green 7300.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland...Jan. 22 | Megantic..Jan. 31
Adriatic...Jan. 25 | Baltic....Feb. 1
Lapland.....Feb. 19
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

Commercial South American Line
To West Indies and South American Ports.
Sailing January 23.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents.
398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts.
29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 696.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South, Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANNA ANCHORSTAR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 634 Fifth Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of very fine ladies' dresses, coats and suits, piece goods, brocades, satins, silks, linings, buttons, trimmings, machinery, safe, carpets, fixtures, etc. BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver.
JOSEPH DANNENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOSES ORENSTEIN, doing business as LENOX SNAPPY CLOTHES SHOP, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 120 Lenox Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's clothing, fixtures, etc.
JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 51 Chambers St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26356. Notice is given that JACOB BLOCK, individually and as a member of the firm of SOGOLOWITZ & BLOCK, and the firm of SOGOLOWITZ & BLOCK, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

LAUREL HOUSE
Lakewood, N. J.
The Laurel House is justly famous for its homelike atmosphere, hospitality and charming social life. Complete Hydro-Therapeutic Baths in Hotel. Booklet and information on request. Tel. 430 Lakewood.
A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. V. Murphy, Asst. Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales, with complimentary Tea Service. Garage.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

St. CHARLES HOTEL
ON THE OCEAN FRONT
Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment of distinct refinement without extravagance.
AMERICAN PLAN. ALWAYS OPEN.
LITERATURE AND RATES MAILED.
Wm. A. Leech, Mgr.

Marlborough-Blenheim
The Leading Resort House of the World
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
Ownership Management. Josiah White & Sons Co.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
on the Beach ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Cap. 600. Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen
Open All Year. S. Hoerstein, Prop.

ARLINGTON
Michigan Ave., near Beach.—Attractive in location, equipment, service and comforts. Winter rates.
R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
The leading houses are: Chelsea, Dennis, Galen Hall, Holmhurst, Marlborough-Blenheim, Seaside, Shelburne, St. Charles, Strand and Wiltshire.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

Laurel in the Pines
Overlooking Lake Carasaljo—in the midst of the pines.
Lakewood, New Jersey
OFFERS A WEEK-END OR SEASON SOJOURNER ALL THE COMFORTS, CONVENIENCES, AND ENTERTAINMENTS OF A PRESENT DAY HOTEL.
Palm Room Dances.
Daily Orchestral Concerts.
Branch office of G. A. Huhn & Sons, Brokers.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.

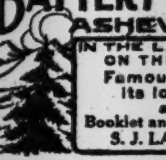
PENNSYLVANIA.

WALTERS PARK Inn
Wernersville, Pa.
"Just the Place"
for rest, recreation and health. Fine all-year-round climate. Splendid mountain roads. Free Garage. Electric and movement treatment when desired. Resident physician and nurses. 4 hours from New York. Express service. Always open. Ownership management. Est. 46 years.

SOUTHERN STATES.

Find out *difference* in fares to the far South resorts and Old Point Comfort
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.
HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
Swimming Pool, Golf, Seafood Cuisine. Every European Bath and Treatment. Write GEO. F. ADAMS, Manager, Fortress Monroe, Va., or
Booklets and information at Bertha Ruffner Hotel Bureau, Hotel McAlpin; Cook's, 245 B'way, 561 Fifth Ave.; Marsters, 285 Fifth Ave.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 255 Fifth Ave.; "Ask Mr. Foster" at Lord & Taylor's; Frank Tourist Co., 489 Fifth Ave.; Brooklyn Eagle Resort Bureau.

Hotel Bon Air
AUGUSTA, GA.
A convenient and delightful place to spend your holidays. Good driving and motoring, excellent saddle horses, 2 golf courses and all outdoor sports.
Address C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager

BATTERY PARK HOTEL
ASHEVILLE, N.C.

IN THE LAND OF THE SKY
ON THE DIXIE HIGHWAY
Famous everywhere for its location, service and cuisine.
Booklet and rates upon application
S. J. LAWRENCE, Manager

Highland Park Hotel
AIKEN, S. C.
OPENS JANUARY 10. AMERICAN PLAN.
New hotel all modern conveniences. Golf, tennis, polo, driving and horseback riding; ideal climate. J. J. SWEENEY, Mgr.
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT.

Hotel Clarendon SEABREEZE, FLORIDA
and cottages. Directly on ocean. 18 hole golf coure. Booklet. 1,180 Broadway, New York.

THE WEST COAST OF FLORIDA
is the ideal winter resort. Its wonderful climate enables the tourist to enjoy outdoor sport throughout season. Address Boards of Trade, Hotels, etc.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. ANTON ALADAR DEUTSCH de SIO, Plaintiff, against MARIA DEUTSCH de SIO, Defendant. Action for an absolute divorce. To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney herein within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, December 2, 1918.
SIDONIA FRIED,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To MARIA DEUTSCH de SIO:

The foregoing summons is served upon you, by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Eugene A. Philbin, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 3rd day of December, 1918, and filed with the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York.

SIDONIA FRIED,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

MILK SUPPLY HERE INCREASING DAILY

Receipts Yesterday the Largest Since Jan. 1—Not Affected by Harbor Tieup.

SMITH'S COMMISSION MEETS

Chairman Dowling Rebukes Dairymen's League Head for Talking of "Ultimatum."

While the milk strike enters its eleventh day this morning, with the producers and distributers apparently no nearer together than they were when the strike was declared on Jan. 1, the official figures of the Health Department show that there is a steadily increasing supply of milk being received in the city.

Shipments yesterday amounted to 1,446,973 quarts, the heaviest receipts for any day since a portion of the normal supply of about 1,800,000 quarts was shut off, and 50,835 quarts more than were received on Thursday. A further increase in the supply is promised for today by the distributers. The harbor strike has not interfered with milk shipments to any appreciable extent.

The first formal meeting of the milk commission appointed by Governor Smith was held yesterday at noon in the office of the chairman, Robert E. Dowling, President of the City Investing Co., 165 Broadway, with four other members present. These were Isaac A. Van Bomel and Charles A. Weiant, representing the distributers, and R. D. Cooper and John D. Miller, President and Vice President respectively, of the Dairymen's League, representing the producers. Health Commissioner Copeland, the sixth member, was not present.

Told To Leave "Ultimatum" Out.

At the close of the conference Mr. Dowling said the members of the commission were still trying to effect an amicable settlement, but that the dairymen and distributers seem to be about as far apart as ever. The dealers, he said, say they cannot increase their offer of $3.60 a hundred pounds for milk, unless at the same time some figures are fixed for February and March. Mr. Dowling said Mr. Cooper told the commission yesterday that the price of $4.01 was the farmers' ultimatum.

"Just strike that word out of your vocabulary," Mr. Dowling responded. "We want no ultimatums here, or other means will be found to put an end to this situation."

Mr. Dowling said he had telephoned Governor Smith telling him they were trying to make progress and that the Governor told him to "keep at it." He exhibited many letters from persons all over the country offering practical suggestions.

"I made a proposition," said Mr. Dowling, "that the dairymen let their milk come to the city as usual, with the understanding that the commission would fix the price. If that were done the matter could be thrashed out and a price fixed in time, so that the farmers would be paid for their January milk in February, as usual. My proposition, however, met with no approval from any other source."

The milk dealers and league officials held conferences in the afternoon with other members of their organizations and the Milk Commission is scheduled to meet again today at noon in Mr. Dowling's office.

Dr. Copeland said that Staten Island received its proportionate supply of the milk shipments yesterday, the milk being taken over on the municipal ferryboat Manhattan.

Farmers to Have Own Plants.

Albert Manning, Secretary of the Dairymen's League, said that the consuming public is at last beginning to get some of the facts about the milk business. "Consumers are learning," he said, "that it costs money to produce milk, and that if farmers cannot obtain costs of production, they must go into other lines of business. Stock buyers report that dairymen are selling thousands of dairy cattle for beef as a result of not being able to sell their milk at cost."

Officials of the Dairymen's League expressed themselves as being more firmly intrenched than ever in their position as the result of the meeting in Utica, N. Y., on Thursday, when 3,000 dairymen from all parts of the New York territory voted to take nothing less than $4.01 a hundred pounds for their milk, as against the $3.60 offered by the distributers. "In light of the sentiment at the meeting, the league members of the Milk Commission will either have to obtain cost of production for their milk or resign," said E. R. Eastman of the league, who attended the meeting.

President Cooper of the Dairymen's League, who presided at the meeting at Utica, gave out the following statement:

"Perhaps the most important development in the present milk situation is the resolution adopted at a mass meeting of 3,000 dairymen at Utica, Thursday, Jan. 9, calling on the Dairymens' League to take immediate steps looking toward the acquiring of milk plants in the country to manufacture surplus milk and to protect both the producer and consumer of milk to the end that the producer may receive his cost of production plus a reasonable profit to induce him to stay in business, and that the consumer may receive this milk at the lowest possible cost.

"This movement has already begun in many different places in league territory. For instance, farmers at Oxford, N. Y., one of the largest shipping stations of the Borden's Farm Products Company, have raised $14,000 to run their own business. They report that they are getting their country plant fully equipped, much more rapidly than they supposed possible, and that they hope to soon get in shape to notify the league not to sell their milk to the Borden's Farm Products Company, but they will handle the country end themselves.

"This movement of farmers to control their own country plants and equipment means that there never again can be a milk shortage in New York City, for they will be able to get their own product to the city in their own cans now owned by the dealers, and then it will be possible for the consumers to meet the farmers half way."

Says Supply Is Growing.

The distributers appear confident that whatever the Dairymen's League may do, it cannot have any effect on the New York milk supply much longer. I. Elkin Nathans, Secretary of the New York Milk Conference Board, said there was a constant increase in the supply of milk and that new sources are being tapped every day. He said the distributers can be relied upon to give New York an adequate supply as soon as arrangements can be completed.

So far the milk supply coming into New York has not been affected by the harbor strike, he said, and added that the city should be thankful at present that it is coming from the present sources.

"Milk that was shipped over the West Shore is being diverted to the New York Central," he said. "Much of it is coming in over the Pennsylvania Railroad. What is coming in over the Erie and Lehigh Valley roads is being taken care of by the Lackawanna, and, of course, milk coming in over the Lackawanna Railroad is reaching us all right.

"It may be that a small part of the milk which comes down on the Jersey side is not reaching us, but if so, it is being used to help the situation in Jersey City, Hoboken, and other cities on that side. But the amount is so insignificant that it has no real effect on the supply being received here."

District Attorney Swann said yesterday that the John Doe inquiry before Chief Magistrate McAdoo, which has been postponed until next Thursday, would be continued until "violators of the law" are brought to justice. He denied rumors that Governor Smith had asked him to call off the investigation. He said he approved the action of the Governor in appointing a Milk Commission and pointed out that the purpose of this Milk Commisson was merely to agree upon milk prices.

"Members of the Milk Trust who have been responsible for spilling milk on the ground and boosting prices, while New York has been suffering from a milk shortage, will not escape prosecution. We have barely started our investigation and only a direct request from the Governor will stop it," he said.

Letters are being sent out by Assistant District Attorney Dooling to various towns where the Dairymen's League has organizations asking for reports on conditions.

MASSES DEFENDANTS FREE.

Indictment Dismissed After Juries in Two Trials Disagreed.

The indictment against the Masses Publishing Company, its editor, Max Eastman, and four other attachés and contributors of the publication, alleging violation of the Espionage act, was dismissed yesterday by Federal Judge Knox on motion of Federal Prosecutor Earl B. Barnes. The defendants had been tried twice and each time the jury disagreed, standing 10 to 2 for conviction in the first trial and 8 to 4 in the second.

Besides Eastman, the other defendants who were freed from further prosecution are Floyd Dell, C. Merrill Rogers, Jr., John Reed, and Arthur Young. Another defendant, Henry J. Glintenkamp, is still under indictment because he fled the jurisdiction of the court.

In directing the entering of a nolle prosequi Attorney Caffey indorsed an opinion prepared by Mr. Barnes to the effect that The Masses published in August, September, and October, 1917, articles seeking to obstruct recruiting and enlistment in the United States. The opinion then says:

"It must be recognized that the war is now over in all except the formalities of conclusion of peace; that demobilization of our army is now under way; that two juries have failed to reach a verdict in the case, and that no additional evidence has come into the Government's possession to warrant a belief that a third trial would produce a result different from that reached in the two trials."

Mr. Barnes said that the case differed from that of Berger and Germer, who were born in enemy countries, because all The Masses defendants were born here. Attention was also called by Mr. Barnes to The Liberator, published by the former publishers of the defunct Masses, which he said was as violent in the same way as was The Masses and that a current number contained an article from Lenine.

$3,250,000 More for Belgium.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—A credit of $3,250,000 in favor of Belgium was established today by Secretary Glass. This makes a total of $258,165,000 in loans for Belgium, and a total for all the Allies of $[illegible].

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Will party who found 3 lady's rings as follows, one diamond solitaire ring, one diamond and pearl ring, and one pearl ring, in ladies' washroom of Pullman car on N. Y., N. H. & H. train arriving Grand Central Station about 3 P. M., Jan. 7, communicate with and receive liberal reward? B 356 Times.

LOST—Silver fox scarf, New Year's Eve or early New Year's morning, Delmonico's or 87th St., between Central Park West and Columbus Av.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to A. Jaeckel & Co., 36th and 37th Sts., 5th Av.

LOST—$500 REWARD,
no questions asked, return pearl necklace containing 75 pearls with a diamond clasp; lost Jan. 7, between E. 56th and 43d Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

LOST—Ladies' beaded bag, purse inside, containing over $50, Currency Bank Draft over $400, check $10. Notify Mrs. Frank J. Evans, 540 West 136th St. Phone Morningside 8332. Reward.

LOST—A gold vanity case, with pearl chain and tassel, Thursday evening, Jan. 9, at or in vicinity of Fulton Theatre, Manhattan. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to William McInnes, 92 Liberty St., New York.

LOST—Thursday evening, pearl beads, 27 inches long, with gold clasp, between 5th Av. and 37th St. and West End Av. and 72d St. via 6th Av. "L;" reward. C. Eibsen, 69 West 130th St. Phone Harlem 2172.

LOST—Japanese brocade bag in the 77th Street Theatre, Wednesday night, containing $18 and gold watch; $25 reward for return of watch and no questions asked. 336 West 77th.

LOST—Pin, blue enamel forget-me-nots, with pearl star centre, lost between 79 Washington Place and the bus at Washington Sq. Reward. The Colborne, 79 Washington Pl.

LOST—A gold bar pin with two diamonds, between Brooklyn and Valley Stream. Liberal reward at 104 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn. Phone 594 South.

LOST—Gentleman's fur coat, Hudson seal collar, nutria lining, dark grey outside, Dec. 28; $25 reward, no questions asked. 142 East 27th St.

LOST—Jan. 10, between market at 59th St. and 1st Av. and Bloomingdale's Store, gold mesh bag, gold vanity case, gold lorgnette; $50 reward. I. S. Wolf, 130 East 25th St.

LOST—BLACK SATIN WORK BAG CONTAINING BABY CLOTHES, VICINITY 102D ST. AND BROADWAY, LAST NIGHT; REWARD. 601 WEST 139TH, APT. 41.

LOST—Broadtail muff, left in Black and White taxicab, Wednesday evening; reward. Kaufman & Oberleder, Inc., 29 West 30th.

LOST—Skunk muff, between Pennsylvania subway station and Chambers St., to or in Municipal Building; reward. Barrett, 306 Amsterdam Av.

LOST—Pocketbook, Wednesday morning, subway on 14th to Wall; money, keys, receipt; reward. Schavier, 80 Wall St., Room 515.

LOST—On Friday, 1 o'clock, subway train, Times Square, package letters and documents. Return 565 Broadway; liberal reward.

LOST—Small green gold wrist watch, monogram diamond shape, "S. P. S.," with white gold face; reward. 12 East 63d.

LOST—String topaz rosary beads, Tuesday, Jan. 7, between 17th St. and Wall. Reward return Tobin, 20 Broad St.

LOST—Black silk bag containing valuables and cards. Reward for return to Harding, 226 West 86th St.

LOST—Reward for return, beaver muff, left in taxicab Wednesday evening. Potasnik, 150 Madison Av. Madison Square 3656.

LOST—Tuesday night, in taxi, or McAlpin Hotel, diamond and ruby ring; reward. M. K. Smith, Chelsea 6600.

LOST—Kolinsky muff, on 5th Av. bus. Finder please return to 165 Broadway, Room 1435. Reward.

LOST—Bank book of Bowery Savings, No. 1285786. Finder return to A. Bloch, 67 Forsyth St., city.

LOST—Wedding ring, "C. J. C. C. to M. A. R.," Friday evening, 34th St., 7th Av.; working girl; reward. Clarke, 510 W. 113th.

LOST—At Wanamaker's, gold wrist watch, monogram E. I. H.; suitable reward. G 432 Times Downtown.

LOST—Tan wallet containing money. Return to Cogert, Room 814, 42 Broadway.

LOST—Man's diamond ring; reward $100. Dr. Lewson, 55 West 9th St.

$1,000 REWARD
for return of stiff platinum bracelet, 44 diamonds, initials E. M. C., lost in or near Plaza Hotel, New Year's afternoon. Return to S. H. Draisin, 21 Maiden Lane. Phone Cort. 6595. No questions asked.

$100 REWARD.
Lost, Thursday evening about 11:30 o'clock, traveling in taxi between 565 Park Av. and Netherland Hotel, heart-shaped diamond hairpin. Please return to Miss E. Wehlen, Apartment 1412, Hotel Netherland.

$150 REWARD—No questions asked; return square emerald ring surrounded by small diamonds; lost vicinity of 5th Av and 59th St., Dec. 26. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$75 REWARD,
no questions asked, return platinum ring containing 1 large and 8 small diamonds, lost between Dec. 28 and Jan. 2. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$75 REWARD,
no questions asked, for return of diamond and onyx bar pin lost Jan. 1, between West 97th and 71st Sts. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$25 REWARD for information or return of grip left in taxicab Wednesday, Jan. 8, Knickerbocker Hotel to Holland House to Bal Taveran. Room 816, 149 Broadway.

Found.

FOUND—Nassau Electric R. R. bond coupons. Gettler, 34 New Chambers St.

DISBARS SNITKIN, CONVICTED JUSTICE

Appellate Division Acts on Record of Trial in U. S. Court in Indianapolis.

WAS IN DRAFT CONSPIRACY

Sentenced to Five Years in Atlanta, Is Now Out on Bail Pending Appeal.

Leonard A. Snitkin, former Municipal Court Justice, who was convicted by a Federal jury in Indianapolis on June 21 last of conspiring to obstruct the draft law by having a New York registrant go to Indianapolis, where a friendly Government appeal agent had agreed to use his influence in having the registrant exempted, was disbarred by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday.

The case was presented by Einar Chrystie, counsel for the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association, on the record of Snitkin's conviction and sentence to serve five years in the Federal Prison in Atlanta by Judge Anderson. Snitkin is now at liberty on $10,000 bail pending his appeal.

He contended that the disbarment proceedings should await the final ruling by the higher court on his case. In fact, he continued to draw his pay as a Municipal Court Justice, on the ground that he was appealing the case, although not assigned to duty, until Governor Whitman heard of the case and suggested to Mayor Hylan that the Controller refrain from approving further payments of city money to the convicted Justice.

Snitkin's disbarment followed automatically as a result of his conviction and his disbarment makes him ineligible to act as a Municipal Court Justice. His brother, Maurice, an Indianapolis lawyer, and A. Joseph Schur, the Appeal Board member who was to aid in the exemption of one Max Swartz of New York, were convicted with Snitkin, and were sentenced to six years each.

General Sessions Judge McIntyre was one of several character witnesses who went from New York to testify for Snitkin, but in sentencing him Judge Anderson said that Snitkin had gone into the case solely to make money, and that in addition to the crime charged he had committed perjury on the witness stand.

Snitkin, who has been active in east side politics for some years, had been on the Second Municipal Court bench since 1910. Because of the number of dispossess cases called before him his court became known as "the poor man's court." His action in certain cases in which he berated complaining landlords caused charges to be made against him by the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association. The court held that while his language was intemperate, Justice Snitkin's conduct did not warrant his removal.

Memorial Chimes for Smith College.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Jan. 10.—The presentation of a set of chimes to Smith College was announced today by President William A. Neilson. The chimes will be installed in the tower of College Hall as a memorial to Miss Dorothea Carlile of Columbus, a freshman, who died of influenza last October. In accordance with the wish of her parents the chimes will be used to summon the students on occasions of relaxation and enjoyment.

Church Notices on Page 19.

CITES NEWBERRY CONTEMPT

O'Leary Case Prisoner Asks Court to Set Him Free.

John Gill and Stephen W. Johnson were brought before Federal Judge A. N. Hand yesterday to answer for contempt in refusing to answer questions before the Federal Grand Jury, which is seeking to find additional evidence as to Jeremiah A. O'Leary and others already under indictment for treason and conspiracy to commit treason. Gill is a labor man and has been in jail since last June.

Gill asked the Court to admit him to bail, but it was explained that contempt was not a bailable offense. He expostulated against what he termed "unfair treatment," and referred to Grand Jury proceedings against United States Senator-elect Truman H. Newberry, where witnesses who refused to testify had been released in the custody of their counsel.

"You let those politicians go free," complained Gill, "and you are keeping me in prison."

"Those men appealed," explained Judge Hand, adding that in the Michigan case there was a question of jurisdiction here.

"They were rich men and I am a workingman," retorted Gill. "If I had the means to appeal, I suppose I would not be in jail."

The Court replied that whether or not Gill was in prison was within his own control. He could take an appeal, answer the questions asked him, or go back to jail.

Judge Hand offered to assign counsel for Gill, so that an appeal might be taken, but Gill was disinclined to accept the offer. He asked for time to think the matter over and was returned to the Tombs.

The proceedings in the Gill case were in open court because the Judge was familiar with the questions which the prisoner had refused to answer.

Johnson's case was heard in closed session for the reason that the questions previously asked him had to be stated. He was directed to answer the questions, and if he still refuses will be brought before the court on a contempt charge.

Delay Ford Contest Hearing.

DETROIT, Jan. 10.—Hearing on the petition of Henry Ford for the preservation of all ballots cast in the Eastern District of Michigan at the Senatorial election last November was adjourned in United States District Court this forenoon until Feb. 3. The temporary order against destroying ballots was continued. Hearing on a similar petition in the Western Michigan District is to be reopened in Grand Rapids Jan. 27.

SEE "DRY" VICTORY IN WEEK

Anti-Saloon Leaguers Count on 36 States Next Week.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 10.—The prediction that thirty-six States will have ratified the national prohibition amendment by the end of next week was made here today by Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the National Anti-Saloon League. Ratification by thirty-six States is sufficient to make the amendment effective throughout the nation. Mr. Wheeler also predicted that a minimum of forty-five States, and possibly forty-seven, will have ratified the amendment before the legislative sessions close this year.

Mr. Wheeler said that enough States would have ratified the amendment this week to represent 40,000,000 people, and added:

"We are at work now on the law enforcement code to make the national prohibition amendment effective."

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 10.—The Senate ratified the national prohibition amendment today by a vote of 25 to 14. The Assembly has not yet acted.

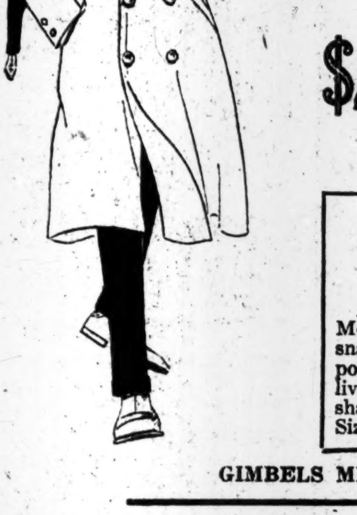
RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 10.—The Senate, by a vive voce vote, today ratified the Federal prohibition amendment. It was made a special order in the House for Jan. 16.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Men's Overcoats

Specially Priced

This event, perhaps the biggest single purchase of overcoats we've ever made, is the kind of opportunity a business man likes. It suits his sense of a good trade and delights his ideas of broad selection and desirable style.



$22.50 — This group consists mainly of those much liked, dressy, double breasted skirted models, with velvet collars. Then there are regulation ulsters and a number of ulsterettes.

$27.50 — Another group of double breasted skirted models, with either velvet or ulster collars. Also double breasted regulation models and the popular ulsterettes. A very exceptional group.

Gimbels Own Overcoats

$42.50 — We have taken from our own coats a group of odds and ends, sample coats used for show purposes and others. Each is a high class coat or ulster, and the man who wants something ultra at a price would do well to look in on these.

MEN'S SUITS — An Added Feature

A choice group of suits added as a side issue. Men's and young men's business suits, some snappy models; 1, 2 and 3 button models. Flap pockets or conservatives. Slash pockets for live wires. Skirted models, etc. Mostly dark shades of gray, brown, green and fancy mixtures. Sizes 34 to 46. $25.00

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor

Today—Last Day of Sale

Stock of the Discontinued INNOVATION INGENUITIES INCORPORATED *Philadelphia Retail Store*

Trunks, Luggage, Leather Goods

⅕ to ½ Below Regular Price

Their low prices are fast selling these goods out. Thus the small leather goods are practically gone. The luggage and trunks are going fast. This is merchandise of exceptional quality.

INNOVATION Wardrobe Trunks

The Best Trunk money can buy—Expressman cannot stand it on its head and upset contents—the bulge top prevents that. The clothes-hanger arrangement is the best ever devised for convenience in handling and for keeping the clothes in perfect condition. And other fine points. In fact, the Innovation is an ideal trunk, commodious yet compact, sturdy, yet easily handled.

Reg. $38.00	Now $29.50	Reg. $65.00	Now $50.00
Reg. $50.00	Now $38.50	Reg. $80.00	Now $65.00
Reg. $60.00	Now $45.00	Reg. $95.00	Now $75.00

GIMBELS—Trunks—Fifth Floor

Traveling Bags
Suit Cases
Fitted Bags
⅓ Off
$10 to $50

Small Leather Wares
½ Price—25c to $10.00
Very few left.

GIMBELS—Leather Goods—Main Floor

Cold Weather Helps

From Gimbels New Kind of Housefurnishing Store.

With freezing weather here and transportation conditions tying up all coal movements, the following items are of particular interest. Bearing last winter's coal shortage in mind, prudent people are advised to buy heaters now while Gimbel prices are so advantageous.

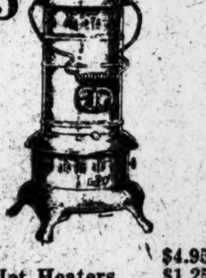
Hotspot Gas Heaters

$4.50

Hotspot Gas Heaters are equipped with copper reflectors. Excellent heat producers.

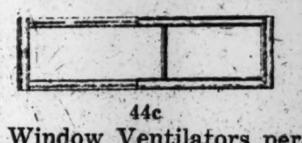
13⅝ in. high, 15 in. wide. Reg. $5.45. Special, $4.50
14 in. high, 18 in. wide. Reg. $6.45. Special, $5.25
25 in. high, 18 in. wide. Reg. $9.00. Special, $7.95
None C. O. D. Not Returnable.

Big O-Key Oil Heaters
$4.95



$4.95
Suvio Gas Jet Heaters, $1.25
Asbestos Gas Heaters, $5.25
Kost Gas Jet Heaters, $1.60
Florence Oil Heaters — Blue enamelled, slightly marred. Reg. $9.45. Special, $6.95
Majestic Electric Heaters, Special, $9.85
None C. O. D. Not Returnable.

Window Ventilators



44c

Window Ventilators permit you to ventilate your room without drafts—ventilation means health.

Height	*Extension*
9 in.	23 to 37 in., 44c
9 in.	31 to 49 in., 58c
9 in.	34 to 59 in., 69c
15 in.	23 to 37 in., 68c
15 in.	31 to 49 in., 73c

None C. O. D. Not Returnable.

That very interesting January sale of Housefurnishings is now in progress. Many special features.

GIMBELS—New Kind of Housefurnishing Store—Fifth Floor

Brooklyn, New Jersey and Long Island Custumers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subway

A Sale of every Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Overcoat and Fancy Winter Suit

Wonderful values at $27.50, $32.50, $37.50, $43.50 and $49.50. A great chance for Soldiers and Sailors to save money on the new civilian clothes they need.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
240-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

THE ONLY Original Worcestershire Sauce is manufactured solely by Lea & Perrins. Refuse imitations. They are inferior in quality to the famous

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE
THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

to which has been given a world wide reputation.

We Will Loan You MORE MONEY on Your Diamonds and Jewelry than any other loan concern.
ONLY 1% PER MONTH.
MAX BERNSTEIN
273 West 125th Street

THIS IS A LIVE WIRE

A saving to you of five to fifteen dollars on a suit made to your measure.

READJUSTMENT OF STOCK

Pick your patterns.

Select your styles.

Hundreds of suitings to choose from.

Soldiers who admired the fit of our Officers' Uniforms can get the same desirable military touch in their civilian suits here.

Evening dress suits, silk lined, made to your measure $65. Tuxedos $60.

Samples and portfolio of fashions mailed on request.

Army and Navy Uniforms made to order or ready to wear away at reasonable prices.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*We take every measure to insure a full measure of fit, style and satisfaction.* Arnheim Axiom.

INFORMATION

For Friends and Relatives of Wounded or Sick

SOLDIERS AND MARINES

New York County Chapter of the American Red Cross has opened, at 20 East Thirty-eighth Street (fourth floor), New York City, a CASUALTY BUREAU, where inquiries as to the whereabouts of wounded or sick soldiers or marines in local hospitals will be received between 9 A. M. and 9 P. M.

Phone Number—Murray Hill 10450.

Twenty-four hours must elapse after a man is disembarked at this port before information is available.

No hospital will answer any questions by phone.

The Casualty Bureau cannot give out information as to the physical condition of patients. Such information must be secured direct from the military authorities through a personal visit to the hospital.

VISITING HOURS AT MILITARY HOSPITALS

Debarkation No. 1, Ellis Island: 2 to 5 P. M. Boats from Battery at 1:30, 2:30 and 3:30 daily.
Debarkation No 2, Fox Hills, Staten Island: 10 to 11 A. M.; 2 to 4 and 6 to 7 P. M. daily.
Debarkation No. 3, Greenhut Building, Sixth Avenue and Eighteenth Street; 2 to 4 P. M. daily.
Debarkation No. 5, Grand Central Palace, Lexington Avenue and Forty-fifth Street; 1 to 4:30 P. M. daily.
Embarkation No. 1, St. Mary's, Hoboken; 11 A. M. to 4:30 P. M. daily.
Embarkation No. 2, Secaucus, N. J. (No visitors.)
Embarkation No. 4, Polyclinic, 345 W. Fiftieth Street; 1 to 8 P. M. daily.
General Hospital No. 1, Gun Hill Road; Wednesdays and Sundays only, 2 to 4 P. M.
Camp Upton Base Hospital: 2 to 4 P. M. daily.
Camp Merritt, at Hostess House: 2 to 4 P. M. daily.
Camp Mills, Mineola; 2 to 4 P. M. daily.

CASUALTY BUREAU
20 E. 38TH STREET
NEW YORK COUNTY CHAPTER, AMERICAN RED CROSS.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

Property of

GEORGE BENDA

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale, at public sale, to the highest bidder, on the premises, at the front door of the plant of George Benda, Boonton, New Jersey, at three o'clock P. M., on the 18th day of January, 1919, all the property and assets of every kind and description belonging to George Benda, a partnership, as a going concern, including the leaseholds, trade names, good will, plant, machinery, and other property, for the manufacture of bronze powders.

Full description of and information concerning the above property, and the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, may be obtained by application to

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES,
110 West 42nd Street, New York City.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.

BUY IT TODAY, IF YOU HAVE NOT YET READ

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

IT IS ONE NOVEL YOU MUST NOT LEAVE UNREAD

Cloth, $1.90 (postage extra). At all bookstores or may be ordered direct from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York